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THE  
NAUTICAL ALMANAC  
AND  
ASTRONOMICAL EPHEMERIS,  
FOR THE YEAR 1767.

Published by ORDER of the  
COMMISSIONERS OF LONGITUDE.



L O N D O N :

Printed by W. RICHARDSON and S. CLARK,   
PRINTERS;

AND SOLD BY

J. NOURSE, in the Strand, and Mess. MOUNT and PARK,  
on Tower-Hill,

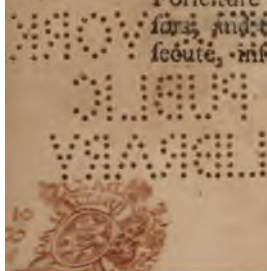
Bookfellers to the said COMMISSIONERS.

M DCC LXVI.

EXTRACT from the late Act of Parliament  
concerning the Longitude, made in the  
Fifth Year of the Reign of his present  
Majesty.

**W**HEREAS the Publication of Nautical Almanacks constructed by proper Persons, under the Direction of the said Commissioners, would greatly contribute to make the said Lunar Tables more generally useful; Be it further Enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to cause such Nautical Almanacks, or other useful Tables, to be constructed, and to print, publish, and vend, or cause to be printed, published, and vended, any Nautical Almanack or Almanacks, or other useful Table or Tables, which they, or the major Part of them, shall, from time to time, judge necessary and useful, in order to facilitate the Method of discovering the Longitude at Sea; any Law, Statute, exclusive Privilege, private Charter, or other Custom, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons shall print, publish, or vend, or cause to be printed, published, or vended, any Nautical Almanack or Almanacks, or other Table or Tables constructed under the Direction of the said Commissioners, without being first licensed by the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them: And if any Person or Persons not so licensed, or not being authorized by the Person or Persons so licensed by the said Commissioners, shall print, publish, or vend, or cause to be printed, published, or vended, any such Nautical Almanack or Almanacks, or other Table or Tables, every such Person or Persons shall, for every Copy of such Nautical Almanack or Table so printed, published, or vended, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*; and that One Moiety of such Penalty and Forfeiture shall be to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall prosecute, inform, or sue for the same.



By the COMMISSIONERS appointed by Acts of Parliament for the Discovery of the Longitude at Sea, and for examining, trying, and judging of all Proposals, Experiments, and Improvements relating to the same.

WHEREAS we have employed proper Persons to compute a Nautical Almanac and Astronomical Ephemeris for the Year 1767, which will greatly contribute to make the Lunar Tables constructed by the late Professor MAYER of *Goettingen* (which you have already printed with our Authority) more generally useful; and whereas we think fit to employ you to print the said Nautical Almanac and Astronomical Ephemeris: We do therefore, in pursuance of the Power vested in us by Act of Parliament, hereby license, authorize, and empower you to cause the same to be printed, together with such other useful Tables for facilitating the Method of discovering the Longitude at Sea, as shall have been constructed under our Direction, and will be delivered to you by the Reverend Mr. NEVIL MASKELYNE, his Majesty's Astronomer Royal at *Greenwich*; and for so doing this shall be your sufficient Warrant. Given under our Hands and Seals this 26th of *April* 1766.

EGMONT (L.S.)  
 JOHN CUST (L.S.)  
 HOWE (L.S.)  
 HEN. OSBORN (L.S.)  
 ED. HAWKE (L.S.)  
 CH. KNOWLES (L.S.)  
 JOHN FORBES (L.S.)  
 MORTON (L.S.)  
 N. MASKELYNE (L.S.)  
 T. HORNSBY (L.S.)  
 A. SHEPHERD (L.S.)  
 E. WARING (L.S.)  
 G. B. RODNEY (L.S.)  
 T. SALUSBURY (L.S.)  
 P. STEPHENS (L.S.)  
 G. COKBURNE (L.S.)  
 R. LONG (L.S.)

To Mess. WILLIAM  
 RICHARDSON and  
 SAMUEL CLARK,  
 Printers in *Salisbury-*  
*court, Fleet-street.*

By Command of the Commissioners,

JOHN IBBETSON, Secretary.



By the COMMISSIONERS appointed by Acts of Parliament for the Discovery of the Longitude at Sea, and for examining, trying, and judging of all Proposals, Experiments, and Improvements relating to the same.

**W**HEREAS we think fit to employ you to publish and vend, and to cause to be published and vended, the Nautical Almanac and Astronomical Ephemeris for the Year 1767, together with other useful Tables (constructed under our Direction) for facilitating the Method of discovering the Longitude at Sea, which will be printed by Messieurs RICHARDSON and CLARK of *Salisbury-court, Fleet-street*: We do therefore, in pursuance of the Power vested in us by Act of Parliament, hereby license, authorize, and empower you to publish and vend, and to cause to be published and vended, the said Nautical Almanac and Astronomical Ephemeris, together with the other useful Tables above-mentioned. For which this shall be your sufficient Warrant. Given under our Hands and Seals this 26th of *April* 1766.

EGMONT (L.S.)  
 JOHN CUST (L.S.)  
 HOWE (L.S.)  
 HEN. OSBORN (L.S.)  
 ED. HAWKE (L.S.)  
 CH. KNOWLES (L.S.)  
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 A. SHEPHERD (L.S.)  
 E. WARING (L.S.)  
 G. B. RODNEY (L.S.)  
 T. SALUSBURY (L.S.)  
 PH. STEPHENS (L.S.)  
 G. COKBURNE (L.S.)  
 R. LONG (L.S.)

To Mr. JOHN NOURSE,  
 Bookseller in the *Strand*.

By Command of the Commissioners,

JOHN IBBETSON, Secretary,

**A** Licence was also granted to the like Effect to Mess.  
 JOHN MOUNT and THOMAS PAGE, Stationers on *Tower-hill*.

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## P R E F A C E.

THE Commissioners of Longitude, in pursuance of the Powers vested in them by a late Act of Parliament, present the Publick with the NAUTICAL ALMANAC and ASTRONOMICAL EPHEMERIS for the Year 1767, to be continued annually; a Work which must greatly contribute to the Improvement of Astronomy, Geography, and Navigation. This EPHEMERIS contains every Thing essential to general Use that is to be found in any Ephemeris hitherto published, with many other useful and interesting Particulars never yet offered to the Publick in any Work of this Kind. The Tables of the Moon had been brought by the late Professor MAYER of Gottingen to a sufficient Exactness to determine the Longitude at Sea, within a Degree, as appeared by the Trials of several Persons who made Use of them. The Difficulty and Length of the necessary Calculations seemed the only Obstacles to hinder them from becoming of general Use: To remove which this EPHEMERIS was made; the Mariner being hereby relieved from the Necessity of calculating the Moon's Place from the Tables, and afterwards computing the Distance to Seconds by Logarithms, which are the principal and only very delicate Part of the Calculus; so that the finding the Longitude by  
the



## P R E F A C E.

the Help of the EPHEMERIS is now in a Manner reduced to the Computation of the Time, an Operation equal to that of an Azimuth, and the Correction of the Distance on account of Refraction and Parallax, which is also rendered very easy by either of the Two Methods invented by Mr. LYONS and Mr. DUNTHORNE, and published among the Tables requisite to be used with the EPHEMERIS.

By Desire of the Commissioners of Longitude I drew up the Explanation and Use of the Articles contained in the EPHEMERIS, and the Instructions, with Examples, for finding the Longitude at Sea by the Help of the same. I also collected and calculated the Sixteen First Pages of Tables requisite to be used with the EPHEMERIS, and computed the Table of proportional Logarithms, which seemed to me absolutely necessary to clear this Method of any remaining Difficulty; and added Explanations of all the Tables, and a Correction, p. 49 and 50, which may be applied by the Curious to the Effect of Refraction on the Moon's Distance from a Star, found by Mr. LYONS, or any other Method, on account of the Barometer and Thermometer.

All the Calculations of the EPHEMERIS relating to the Sun and Moon were made from Mr. MAYER's last manuscript Tables, received by the Board of Longitude after his Decease, which have been printed under my Inspection, and will be published shortly. The Calculations of the Planets were made from Dr. HALLEY's Tables; and those of the Eclipses of Jupiter's Satellites from the Tables of Mr. WARGENTIN, published by M. DE LA LANDE in 1759, except those of the Fourth Satellite,

## P R E F A C E.

lite, which were calculated from the Tables of the same further improved by Mr. WARGENTIN, and published also by M. DE LA LANDE in the CONNOISSANCE DES MOUVEMENTS CELESTES of 1766.

All the Articles of the EPHEMERIS were computed by Two separate Persons, and examined by a Third, except the Moon's Longitude, Latitude, Right Ascension, Declination, Semidiameter, and Parallax, which, for Noon, were computed by One Person, and for Midnight by another, and the Truth of these Calculations ascertained by means of Differences, which, for the Moon's Longitude, were carried as far as the Fourth Order.

NEVIL MASKELYNE,  
ASTRONOMER ROYAL.

# EXPLANATION of the Characters used in the EPHEMERIS.

## The P L A N E T S, &c.

- ☉ The Sun.                      ♂ Mars.  
 ☾ The Moon.                  ♃ Jupiter.  
 ☿ Mercury.                  ♄ Saturn.  
 ♀ Venus.  
 ♀ The Moon's, or any other Planet's Ascending Node.  
 ☾ The Descending Node.  
 ☿ Conjunction, or Planets situated in the same Longitude.  
 ☿ Opposition, or Planets situated in opposite Longitudes, or  
 differing 6 Signs from each other.

## Signs of the Zodiac.

- ♈ Aries.                      ♎ Libra.  
 ♉ Taurus.                  ♏ Scorpio.  
 ♊ Gemini.                  ♐ Sagittarius.  
 ♋ Cancer.                  ♑ Capricornus.  
 ♌ Leo.                        ♒ Aquarius.  
 ♍ Virgo.                    ♓ Pisces.

## ECLIPSES of the YEAR 1767.

Jan. 29. ☉ eclipsed, invifible in Europe. ☿ at 15<sup>h</sup>. 43'. in  
10°. 10'. 8'. with 1'. North Latitude.

July 25. ☉ eclipsed, begins at Sun-rifing in Lat. S. 19°. 16'.  
Long. 141°. 45'. W. Ends at Sun-fetting in Lat.  
3°. 23'. S. Long. 60°. 5'. West. Centrally eclipsed  
on the Merid. in Lat. 1°. 15'. South.

	Obliquity of Ecliptic.	Equat. of Equinoct. Points.	
	°	"	"
Jan. 1. —————	23. 28. 17,2	—————	+13,5
Apr. 1. —————	23. 28. 16,7	—————	+14,5
July 1. —————	23. 28. 16,0	—————	+15,3
Oct. 1. —————	23. 28. 15,2	—————	+16,0
Dec. 31. —————	23. 28. 14,4	—————	+16,6

# J A N U A R Y 1767.

[1]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. '
			First Quarter — 6. 20. 23
			Full Moon — 14. 12. 40
			Last Quarter — 22. 17. 39
			New Moon — 29. 15. 43
			Other Phenomena.
			D.
			1. ☿ ♀ diff. Lat. 50'.
			3. ☾ ☿ 13 <sup>h</sup> . 12'.
			5. ☾ ♀ 3 <sup>h</sup> . 55'.
			7. ♄ Station. approaches to β ♄, but does not come to ☿ with it.
			9. ☾ » Pleiadum 20 <sup>h</sup> . 22'.
			10. ☾ ♀ ☿ 11 <sup>h</sup> . 33'.
			11. ☾ β ☿ 15 <sup>h</sup> . 7'.
			13. ☾ ☿ ♀ 0 <sup>h</sup> . 46'.
			14. ♄ ♀ ☿ diff. Lat. 18'.
			15. ☾ ♀ ☿ 10 <sup>h</sup> . 12'.
			16. ♄ ☿ ♀ diff. Lat. 50'.
			19. ☾ ♀ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> . 11'.
			☉ ente ☿ at 16 <sup>h</sup> . 30'.
			♄ ☿ ♀ diff. Lat. 30'.
			24. ☾ ☿ ♀, 18 <sup>h</sup> . 43'.
			25. ☾ ☿ ♀, 3 <sup>h</sup> . 22'.
			☾ ☿ ♀, 6 <sup>h</sup> . 48'.
			27. ☾ ♀ ♀ 4 <sup>h</sup> . 1'.
			☾ ☿ ♀ 10 <sup>h</sup> . 22'.
			☾ ☿ ♀ 14 <sup>h</sup> . 0'.
			29. ☉ eclipsed invifible in Europe.
			☿ 15 <sup>h</sup> . 43'. in 10 <sup>o</sup> . 10 <sup>o</sup> . 8'.
			☾ Lat. 1' North.
			B
1	Th.	Circumcifion.	
2	F.		
3	Sa.		
4	Su.	2d. Sun. after Chriftnas.	
5	M.		
6	Tu.	Epiphany.	
7	W.		
8	Th.	Lucian.	
9	F.		
10	Sa.		
11	Su.	1ft. Sun. after Epiphany.	
12	M.		
13	Tu.	Hil. Cam. Term begins.	
14	W.	Oxford Term begins.	
15	Th.		
16	F.		
17	Sa.	[Q.'s Birth-day kept.	
18	Su.	2d. Sun. after Epiphany.	
19	M.	[Hilary, 1 ret.	
20	Tu.	Fabian. In 8 days of St.	
21	W.	Agnes.	
22	Th.	Vincent.	
23	F.	Hilary Term begins.	
24	Sa.	[verf. of St. Paul.	
25	Su.	3d. Su. after Epiph. Con.	
26	M.		
27	Tu.	From St. Hilary in 15	
28	W.	[days, 2 ret.	
29	Th.		
30	F.	K. Charles I. Martyr.	
31	Sa.		



[2]

## JANUARY 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declin. South.	Equat. of Time Add.	Diff.
		° ' " "	h ' " "	° ' " "	' " "	" "
1	Th.	9. 10. 57. 44	18. 47. 42	23. 1. 6	4. 7	28
2	F.	9. 11. 58. 56	18. 52. 7	22. 55. 50	4. 35	28
3	Sa.	9. 13. 0. 8	18. 56. 31	22. 50. 6	5. 3	27
4	Su.	9. 14. 1. 20	19. 0. 55	22. 43. 56	5. 30	27
5	M.	9. 15. 2. 32	19. 5. 19	22. 37. 18	5. 57	26
6	Tu.	9. 16. 3. 43	19. 9. 42	22. 30. 13	6. 23	27
7	W.	9. 17. 4. 53	19. 14. 5	22. 22. 42	6. 50	25
8	Th.	9. 18. 6. 2	19. 18. 27	22. 14. 45	7. 15	26
9	F.	9. 19. 7. 11	19. 22. 49	22. 6. 21	7. 41	24
10	Sa.	9. 20. 8. 20	19. 27. 10	21. 57. 32	8. 5	24
11	Su.	9. 21. 9. 26	19. 31. 30	21. 48. 17	8. 29	24
12	M.	9. 22. 10. 34	19. 35. 50	21. 38. 36	8. 53	22
13	Tu.	9. 23. 11. 40	19. 40. 9	21. 28. 31	9. 15	22
14	W.	9. 24. 12. 45	19. 44. 27	21. 18. 1	9. 37	21
15	Th.	9. 25. 13. 49	19. 48. 46	21. 7. 6	9. 58	21
16	F.	9. 26. 14. 54	19. 53. 3	20. 55. 47	10. 19	20
17	Sa.	9. 27. 15. 57	19. 57. 19	20. 44. 4	10. 39	19
18	Su.	9. 28. 17. 0	20. 1. 35	20. 31. 58	10. 58	18
19	M.	9. 29. 18. 2	20. 5. 50	20. 19. 28	11. 16	18
20	Tu.	10. 0. 19. 4	20. 10. 4	20. 6. 35	11. 34	17
21	W.	10. 1. 20. 5	20. 14. 18	19. 53. 20	11. 51	16
22	Th.	10. 2. 21. 6	20. 18. 30	19. 39. 43	12. 7	16
23	F.	10. 3. 22. 6	20. 22. 43	19. 25. 43	12. 23	15
24	Sa.	10. 4. 23. 6	20. 26. 54	19. 11. 22	12. 38	14
25	Su.	10. 5. 24. 5	20. 31. 5	18. 56. 40	12. 52	13
26	M.	10. 6. 25. 4	20. 35. 14	18. 41. 37	13. 5	12
27	Tu.	10. 7. 26. 2	20. 39. 23	18. 25. 14	13. 17	12
28	W.	10. 8. 26. 58	20. 43. 31	18. 10. 31	13. 29	10
29	Th.	10. 9. 27. 54	20. 47. 39	17. 54. 28	13. 39	10
30	F.	10. 10. 28. 49	20. 51. 45	17. 38. 6	13. 49	9
31	Sa.	10. 11. 29. 43	20. 55. 51	17. 21. 25	13. 58	8

# J A N U A R Y 1767.

[3]

Days.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "
1	16. 19. 2	1. 10. 8	2. 32. 9	9.992665	10. 11. 28
7	16. 19. 1	1. 10. 6	2. 32. 8	9.992717	10. 11. 9
13	16. 18. 8	1. 10. 2	2. 32. 7	9.992847	10. 10. 50
19	16. 18. 2	1. 9. 6	2. 32. 6	9.993078	10. 10. 31
25	16. 17. 5	1. 9. 0	2. 32. 3	9.993401	10. 10. 12

## Eclipses of the SATELLITES of JUPITER.

I. Satellite. Immersion.				II. Satellite. Immersion.				III. Satellite.			
D.	h	'	"	D.	h	'	"	D.	h	'	"
1	20.	56.	15	1	0.	8.	34	4	15*	22.	47 I.
3	15*	23.	50	4	13*	23.	22	4	18*	40.	20 E.
5	9.	51.	27	8	2.	38.	13	11	19.	17.	36 I.
7	4.	19.	4	11	15*	53.	13	11	22.	34.	21 E.
8	22.	46.	44	15	5.	8.	23	18	23.	12.	56 I.
10	17*	14.	22	18	18*	23.	39	19	2.	28.	57 E.
12	11*	42.	8	22	7.	39.	9	26	3.	8.	53 I.
14	6.	9.	50	25	20.	54.	50	26	6.	24.	11 E.
16	0.	37.	38	29	10*	10.	41				
17	19*	5.	29					IV. Satellite.			
19	13*	33.	22					D.	H.	'	"
21	8.	1.	17					8	17*	15.	59 I.
23	2.	29.	13					8	21.	14.	19 E.
24	20.	57.	12					25	11*	7.	4 I.
26	15*	25.	15					25	15*	0.	48 E.
28	9*	53.	19								
30	4.	21.	28								
31	22.	49.	39								

[4]

## JANUARY 1767.

Days.	Heliocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Heliocen- tric Lati- tude.	Geocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Geocen- tric La- titude.	Decli- nation.	Passage over Merid.
	s o /	o /	s o /	o /	o /	h /
MERCURY.      greatest Elong. 19 <sup>d</sup> .						
1	4. 2. 53	6. 49 N	9. 0. 54	3. 12 N	20. 16 S	23. 10
7	5. 3. 58	6. 38	8. 27. 39	3. 2	20. 25	22. 32
13	5. 29. 42	5. 2	8. 29. 46	2. 11	21. 17	22. 18
19	6. 21. 14	2. 54	9. 4. 57	1. 12	22. 10	22. 15
25	7. 10. 4	0. 41	9. 11. 50	0. 17	22. 40	22. 22
VENUS.      sup. ♂ 9 <sup>d</sup> . 12 <sup>h</sup> .						
1	9. 6. 11	1. 15 S	9. 8. 55	0. 32 S	23. 42 S	23. 52
7	9. 15. 40	1. 45	9. 16. 28	0. 45	23. 12	23. 59
13	9. 25. 9	2. 12	9. 24. 1	0. 56	22. 15	0. 4
19	10. 4. 38	2. 36	10. 1. 34	1. 6	20. 55	0. 10
25	10. 14. 8	2. 55	10. 9. 7	1. 15	19. 12	0. 16
MARS.						
1	1. 16. 32	0. 3 S	0. 5. 0	0. 4 S	1. 56 N	5. 29
7	1. 19. 52	0. 3 N	0. 8. 49	0. 4 N	3. 34	5. 17
13	1. 23. 9	0. 10	0. 12. 40	0. 11	5. 11	5. 5
19	1. 26. 25	0. 16	0. 16. 33	0. 18	6. 47	4. 54
25	1. 29. 38	0. 22	0. 20. 26	0. 23	8. 21	4. 43
JUPITER.						
1	5. 13. 1	1. 11 N	5. 22. 57	1. 16 N	3. 59 N	16. 45
7	5. 13. 28	1. 12	5. 23. 1	1. 19	3. 59	16. 19
13	5. 13. 56	1. 12	5. 22. 57	1. 20	4. 2	15. 53
19	5. 14. 23	1. 12	5. 22. 47	1. 22	4. 8	15. 26
25	5. 14. 51	1. 13	5. 22. 30	1. 24	4. 16	15. 1
SATURN.						
1	2. 17. 0	1. 25 S	2. 14. 11	1. 34 S	20. 58 N	10. 3
7	2. 17. 13	1. 24	2. 13. 47	1. 33	20. 57	9. 38
13	2. 17. 27	1. 24	2. 13. 27	1. 32	20. 55	9. 11
19	2. 17. 40	1. 23	2. 13. 9	1. 31	20. 55	8. 43
25	2. 17. 54	1. 23	2. 12. 55	1. 29	20. 54	8. 17



JANUARY 1767.

[5]

Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 11 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1		2.	⊙ <sup>3</sup>	164	
2		<sup>2</sup> 1	⊙		<sup>3</sup> 4
3			⊙	1.	<sup>2</sup> 3. 4
4		<sup>1</sup>	⊙	2. 3.	4
5	1.	2. 3.	⊙		4.
6	2.0	3.	⊙ <sup>1</sup>		4.
7		<sup>3</sup>	1. ⊙	2.	4.
8	3.0		2. ⊙	<sup>1</sup> 4.	
9		<sup>2</sup> 1. 4.	⊙		<sup>3</sup>
10		4.	⊙	162	3.
11	4.		<sup>1</sup> ⊙	2. 3.	
12	4.	2. 3.	⊙	1.	
13	4.	3.	<sup>2</sup> ⊙		1.0
14	4.	<sup>3</sup>	1. ⊙	2.	
15		4.	<sup>3</sup> ⊙	<sup>1</sup>	
16		<sup>2</sup> 4. 1.	⊙	<sup>3</sup>	
17	4.0		⊙	<sup>2</sup> 1.	1.
18		<sup>1</sup>	⊙	2. 364	
19		2. 3.	⊙	1.	4
20		3.	<sup>2</sup> 1. ⊙		4
21	10	<sup>3</sup>	⊙	<sup>2</sup>	4
22	20		<sup>1</sup> ⊙	<sup>1</sup>	4.
23		<sup>2</sup> 1.	⊙	<sup>3</sup>	4
24			⊙	<sup>2</sup> 1. 4.	<sup>3</sup>
25		<sup>1</sup>	⊙	4. 2. 3.	
26		2. 4. 3.	⊙	1.	
27		<sup>2</sup> 1.	⊙		
28	10 4.	<sup>3</sup>	⊙	<sup>2</sup>	
29	4.	<sup>3</sup>	⊙ <sup>1</sup>	<sup>2</sup>	
30	<sup>4</sup>	2. 1.	⊙	<sup>3</sup>	
31	4		⊙ <sup>2</sup>	<sup>1</sup> 3	



[6]

## JANUARY 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		h m s	h m s	° ' "	° ' "
1	Th.	9. 22. 8. 44	9. 29. 35. 44	1. 36. 58 S	0. 57. 18 S
2	F.	10. 7. 2. 58	10. 14. 29. 23	0. 16. 39 S	0. 24. 14 N
3	Sa.	10. 21. 54. 2	10. 29. 16. 9	1. 4. 37 N	1. 43. 41
4	Su.	11. 6. 35. 2	11. 13. 50. 9	2. 20. 49	2. 55. 21
5	M.	11. 21. 1. 7	11. 28. 7. 40	3. 26. 49	3. 54. 36
6	Tu.	0. 5. 9. 39	0. 12. 6. 53	4. 18. 38	4. 38. 33
7	W.	0. 18. 59. 25	0. 25. 47. 19	4. 54. 19	5. 5. 40
8	Th.	1. 2. 30. 43	1. 9. 9. 42	5. 12. 44	5. 15. 25
9	F.	1. 15. 44. 30	1. 22. 15. 14	5. 13. 56	5. 8. 26
10	Sa.	1. 28. 42. 8	2. 5. 5. 25	4. 59. 6	4. 46. 3
11	Su.	2. 11. 25. 18	2. 17. 41. 57	4. 29. 37	4. 10. 2
12	M.	2. 23. 55. 34	3. 0. 6. 19	3. 47. 42	3. 22. 47
13	Tu.	3. 6. 14. 26	3. 12. 20. 6	2. 55. 44	2. 26. 48
14	W.	3. 18. 23. 30	3. 24. 24. 49	1. 56. 22	1. 24. 46
15	Th.	4. 0. 24. 15	4. 6. 22. 5	0. 52. 23 N	0. 19. 35 N
16	F.	4. 12. 18. 28	4. 18. 13. 43	0. 13. 26 S	0. 46. 10 S
17	Sa.	4. 24. 8. 4	5. 0. 1. 54	1. 18. 20	1. 49. 35
18	Su.	5. 5. 55. 36	5. 11. 49. 32	2. 19. 40	2. 48. 17
19	M.	5. 17. 44. 10	5. 23. 39. 57	3. 15. 10	3. 40. 2
20	Tu.	5. 29. 37. 21	6. 5. 36. 55	4. 2. 40	4. 22. 47
21	W.	6. 11. 39. 10	6. 17. 44. 37	4. 40. 10	4. 54. 33
22	Th.	6. 23. 53. 53	7. 0. 7. 34	5. 5. 43	5. 13. 25
23	F.	7. 6. 26. 9	7. 12. 50. 11	5. 17. 29	5. 17. 39
24	Sa.	7. 19. 19. 58	7. 25. 56. 5	5. 13. 50	5. 5. 52
25	Su.	8. 2. 38. 47	8. 9. 28. 18	4. 53. 38	4. 36. 58
26	M.	8. 16. 24. 38	8. 23. 27. 57	4. 16. 1	3. 50. 51
27	Tu.	9. 0. 37. 50	9. 7. 54. 0	3. 21. 48	2. 48. 58
28	W.	9. 15. 15. 47	9. 22. 42. 30	2. 13. 2	1. 34. 20
29	Th.	10. 0. 13. 15	10. 7. 46. 56	0. 53. 44 S	0. 11. 54 S
30	F.	10. 15. 22. 21	10. 22. 58. 19	0. 30. 16 N	1. 11. 57 N
31	Sa.	11. 0. 33. 36	11. 8. 6. 53	1. 52. 23	2. 30. 40

# JANUARY 1767.

[7]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declinat. at Noon.	D's Declin. at Midn.
			h /	o /	o /	o /	o /
1	Th.	2	0. 51	294. 12	301. 59	23. 14 S	21. 10 S
2	F.	3	1. 50	309. 33	316. 50	18. 48	16. 6
3	Sa.	4	2. 45	323. 55	330. 48	13. 13	10. 8
4	Su.	5	3. 36	337. 29	343. 59	6. 57	3. 40 S
5	M.	6	4. 25	350. 25	356. 44	0. 24 S	2. 52 N
6	Tu.	7	5. 12	3. 1	9. 18	6. 0 N	9. 4
7	W.	8	6. 0	15. 38	22. 0	11. 58	14. 42
8	Th.	9	6. 49	28. 25	34. 59	17. 14	19. 30
9	F.	10	7. 39	41. 38	48. 24	21. 32	23. 22
10	Sa.	11	8. 32	55. 15	62. 12	24. 44	25. 54
11	Su.	12	9. 25	69. 12	76. 13	26. 38	27. 0
12	M.	13	10. 18	83. 11	90. 7	27. 7	26. 51
13	Tu.	14	11. 10	96. 59	103. 40	26. 15	25. 20
14	W.	15	11. 59	110. 13	116. 37	24. 7	22. 39
15	Th.	16	12. 45	122. 48	128. 50	20. 56	19. 3
16	F.	17	13. 28	134. 42	140. 26	16. 55	14. 39
17	Sa.	18	14. 11	146. 0	151. 29	12. 16	9. 46
18	Su.	19	14. 49	156. 51	162. 10	7. 12	4. 32 N
19	M.	20	15. 28	167. 27	172. 44	1. 51 N	0. 52 S
20	Tu.	21	16. 8	178. 3	183. 25	3. 33 S	6. 15
21	W.	22	16. 49	188. 53	194. 27	8. 54	11. 30
22	Th.	23	17. 34	200. 11	206. 7	14. 0	16. 25
23	F.	24	18. 22	212. 16	218. 40	18. 40	20. 45
24	Sa.	25	19. 14	225. 20	232. 17	22. 37	24. 12
25	Su.	26	20. 14	239. 30	247. 1	25. 31	26. 27
26	M.	27	21. 16	254. 44	262. 40	27. 1	27. 8
27	Tu.	28	22. 18	270. 43	278. 48	26. 50	26. 1
28	W.	29	23. 20	286. 51	294. 49	24. 48	23. 5
29	Th.	1	♂	302. 38	310. 15	21. 0	18. 33
30	F.	2	0. 18	317. 41	324. 55	15. 46	12. 46
31	Sa.	3	1. 13	331. 58	338. 49	9. 32	6. 11

[8]

## J A N U A R Y 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semid <sup>r</sup> . D at Noon.	Semid <sup>r</sup> . D at Mid- night.	Hor. Par. D at Noon.	Hor. Par. D at Midnight.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Midn.
		1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11		
1	Th.	16. 34	16. 35	60. 47	60. 51	9944	9939
2	F.	16. 35	16. 34	60. 52	60. 49	9938	9941
3	Sa.	16. 32	16. 30	60. 42	60. 32	9950	9962
4	Su.	16. 26	16. 21	60. 18	60. 1	9979	9999
5	M.	16. 16	16. 11	59. 43	59. 25	0021	0042
6	Tu.	16. 6	16. 0	59. 5	58. 44	0067	0093
7	W.	15. 54	15. 48	58. 22	58. 1	0120	0146
8	Th.	15. 43	15. 37	57. 40	57. 20	0172	0197
9	F.	15. 32	15. 27	57. 1	56. 43	0221	0244
10	Sa.	15. 22	15. 18	56. 25	56. 9	0267	0288
11	Su.	15. 14	15. 9	55. 53	55. 38	0309	0328
12	M.	15. 6	15. 2	55. 24	55. 12	0346	0362
13	Tu.	15. 0	14. 57	55. 2	54. 51	0375	0390
14	W.	14. 54	14. 52	54. 41	54. 32	0403	0415
15	Th.	14. 50	14. 48	54. 25	54. 19	0424	0432
16	F.	14. 47	14. 46	54. 14	54. 10	0439	0444
17	Sa.	14. 45	14. 45	54. 8	54. 8	0447	0447
18	Su.	14. 45	14. 46	54. 9	54. 12	0446	0442
19	M.	14. 47	14. 49	54. 16	54. 22	0436	0428
20	Tu.	14. 51	14. 55	54. 31	54. 43	0416	0400
21	W.	14. 59	15. 3	54. 58	55. 14	0381	0359
22	Th.	15. 8	15. 13	55. 32	55. 52	0336	0310
23	F.	15. 19	15. 26	56. 14	56. 39	0282	0250
24	Sa.	15. 33	15. 41	57. 6	57. 35	0215	0179
25	Su.	15. 49	15. 57	58. 3	58. 33	0143	0106
26	M.	16. 4	16. 12	59. 2	59. 29	0071	0038
27	Tu.	16. 19	16. 26	59. 54	60. 18	0007	9979
28	W.	16. 32	16. 37	60. 40	60. 58	9952	9931
29	Th.	16. 41	16. 43	61. 12	61. 21	9914	9903
30	F.	16. 44	16. 44	61. 26	61. 25	9898	9899
31	Sa.	16. 43	16. 40	61. 20	61. 11	9905	9915



# J A N U A R Y 1767.

[9]

Distances of ☿'s Center from Stars, and from ☉ east of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1					
2	☿ Pegasi.	46. 41. 15	44. 57. 51	43. 14. 53	41. 32. 32
3		33. 15. 35	31. 40. 16	30. 6. 42	28. 35. 2
4	☿ Arietis.	57. 55. 16	56. 6. 21	54. 17. 44	52. 29. 25
5		43. 32. 47	41. 46. 31	40. 0. 36	38. 15. 1
6					
7	Aldeba-	62. 4. 49	60. 22. 21	58. 40. 17	56. 58. 37
8	ran.	48. 36. 32	46. 57. 27	45. 18. 47	43. 40. 35
9		35. 37. 28	34. 2. 38	32. 28. 29	30. 55. 5
		23. 22. 20	21. 55. 18	20. 30. 0	19. 7. 3
10	Pollux.	51. 3. 14	49. 27. 59	47. 52. 57	46. 18. 9
11		38. 27. 43	36. 54. 20	35. 21. 12	33. 48. 17
12					
13	Regulus.	62. 42. 22	61. 9. 30	59. 36. 47	58. 4. 13
14		50. 23. 35	48. 51. 53	47. 20. 18	45. 48. 52
15		38. 13. 40	36. 43. 0	35. 12. 28	33. 42. 3
		26. 11. 51	24. 42. 9	23. 12. 34	21. 43. 10
16					
17	Spica ♏	68. 17. 41	66. 48. 34	65. 19. 30	63. 50. 31
18		56. 26. 28	54. 57. 51	53. 29. 15	52. 0. 41
19		44. 38. 16	43. 9. 50	41. 41. 25	40. 13. 0
20		32. 50. 51	31. 22. 21	29. 53. 51	28. 25. 19
		21. 2. 16	19. 33. 33	18. 4. 47	16. 36. 0
21	Antares.	54. 40. 6	53. 9. 18	51. 38. 17	50. 7. 5
22		42. 27. 36	40. 54. 57	39. 22. 2	37. 48. 50
23					
24	The Sun.	120. 36. 39	119. 14. 38	117. 52. 30	116. 30. 15
25		109. 36. 50	108. 13. 39	106. 50. 14	105. 26. 38
26		98. 25. 11	97. 0. 7	95. 34. 48	94. 9. 12
		86. 56. 45	85. 29. 15	84. 1. 25	82. 33. 14
		75. 6. 56	73. 36. 29	72. 5. 38	70. 34. 23
		62. 51. 46	61. 17. 54	59. 43. 36	58. 8. 51
		50. 8. 25	48. 30. 56	46. 53. 0	45. 14. 36

[10] J A N U A R Y 1767.

Days.	Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.															
	Stars Names.	12 Hours.			15 Hours.			18 Hours.			21 Hours.					
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1																
2	$\gamma$ Pegasi.	39.	50.	58	38.	10.	19	36.	30.	46	34.	52.	28			
3		65.	13.	31	63.	23.	32	61.	33.	51	59.	44.	25			
4	$\gamma$ Arietis.	50.	41.	24	48.	53.	46	47.	6.	28	45.	19.	27			
5		36.	29.	47	34.	44.	53	33.	0.	20	31.	16.	7			
6		55.	17.	21	53.	36.	26	51.	55.	59	50.	16.	1			
7	Aldebaran.	42.	2.	53	40.	25.	41	38.	49.	2	37.	12.	57			
8		29.	22.	31	27.	50.	53	26.	20.	15	24.	50.	43			
9		57.	26.	37	55.	50.	25	54.	14.	28	52.	38.	44			
10	Pollux.	44.	43.	36	43.	9.	17	41.	35.	12	40.	1.	20			
11		32.	15.	38	30.	43.	12	29.	11.	1	27.	39.	3			
12		56.	31.	48	54.	59.	33	53.	27.	25	51.	55.	26			
13		44.	17.	33	42.	46.	23	41.	15.	21	39.	44.	26			
14	Regulus.	32.	11.	46	30.	41.	35	29.	11.	34	27.	41.	38			
15		20.	13.	55	18.	44.	51	17.	15.	54	15.	47.	8			
16		62.	21.	35	60.	52.	44	59.	23.	56	57.	55.	11			
17		50.	32.	8	49.	3.	39	47.	35.	11	46.	6.	43			
18	Spica $\gamma$	38.	44.	36	37.	15.	10	35.	47.	44	34.	19.	17			
19		26.	56.	47	25.	28.	11	23.	59.	35	22.	30.	56			
20		60.	41.	38	59.	11.	30	57.	41.	12	56.	10.	42			
21	Antares.	48.	35.	39	47.	4.	0	45.	32.	7	43.	59.	59			
22		36.	15.	22	34.	41.	36	33.	7.	32	31.	33.	5			
23		115.	7.	53	113.	45.	22	112.	22.	42	110.	59.	51			
24		104.	2.	48	102.	38.	43	101.	14.	25	99.	49.	55			
25		92.	43.	22	91.	17.	10	89.	50.	40	88.	23.	51			
26	The Sun.	81.	4.	44	79.	35.	52	78.	6.	36	76.	36.	58			
27		69.	2.	45	67.	30.	39	65.	58.	7	64.	25.	10			
28		56.	33.	42	54.	58.	3	53.	21.	58	51.	45.	25			
29		43.	35.	45	41.	56.	29	40.	16.	48						

# J A N U A R Y 1767. [11]

Distances of J's Center from ☉, and from Stars west of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	Noon	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
3	The Sun.	38. 54. 39	40. 38. 0	42. 21. 10	44. 4. 9
4		52. 35. 55	54. 17. 35	55. 58. 59	57. 40. 8
5		66. 1. 21	67. 40. 44	69. 19. 50	70. 58. 36
6		79. 7. 48	80. 44. 42	82. 21. 18	83. 57. 34
7		91. 54. 7	93. 28. 35	95. 2. 43	96. 36. 29
8		104. 21. 2	105. 53. 17	107. 24. 55	108. 56. 26
9		116. 30. 10	118. 0. 10	119. 29. 54	120. 59. 24
7	z Pegasi.				
8		43. 30. 41	45. 2. 19	46. 34. 9	48. 6. 9
9		55. 47. 3	57. 19. 14	58. 51. 23	60. 23. 29
10		68. 2. 48	69. 34. 21	71. 5. 47	72. 37. 7
11	z Arietis.	37. 5. 45	38. 39. 12	40. 12. 30	41. 45. 42
2		49. 29. 42	51. 2. 7	52. 34. 24	54. 6. 34
13	Aldebaran.	30. 50. 1	32. 16. 25	33. 43. 7	35. 19. 3
14		42. 27. 7	43. 54. 52	45. 22. 37	46. 50. 25
15		54. 9. 39	55. 37. 28	57. 5. 17	58. 33. 5
16		65. 51. 36	67. 19. 12	68. 46. 47	70. 14. 19
17	Pollux.	34. 58. 34	36. 26. 25	37. 54. 17	39. 22. 12
18		46. 42. 14	48. 10. 18	49. 38. 25	51. 6. 34
19	Regulus.	21. 26. 50	22. 55. 25	24. 24. 4	25. 52. 47
20		33. 18. 4	34. 47. 29	36. 17. 2	37. 46. 45
21		45. 17. 35	46. 48. 21	48. 19. 18	49. 50. 26
22		57. 29. 27	59. 2. 2	60. 34. 53	62. 8. 1
23	Spica ♏	16. 8. 6	17. 41. 45	19. 15. 54	20. 50. 31
24		28. 50. 52	30. 28. 22	32. 6. 20	33. 44. 45
25		42. 3. 40	43. 44. 49	45. 26. 25	47. 8. 28
26		55. 45. 41	57. 30. 33	59. 15. 53	61. 1. 41
27	Antares.	24. 5. 11	25. 53. 47	27. 42. 47	29. 32. 11
28		38. 44. 45	40. 36. 18	42. 28. 11	44. 20. 23



Distances of $\beta$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.							
Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.		
		$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$	$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$	$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$	$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$		
3	The Sun.	45. 46. 57	47. 29. 32	49. 11. 53	50. 54. 1		
4		59. 20. 59	61. 1. 30	62. 41. 45	64. 21. 41		
5		72. 37. 4	74. 15. 12	75. 53. 3	77. 30. 34		
6		85. 33. 32	87. 9. 8	88. 44. 25	90. 19. 24		
7		98. 9. 55	99. 43. 7	101. 16. 2	102. 48. 40		
8		110. 27. 41	111. 58. 41	113. 29. 26	114. 59. 54		
9							
7		$\alpha$ Pegasi.	37. 26. 54	38. 57. 20	40. 28. 9	41. 59. 17	
8			49. 38. 15	51. 10. 24	52. 42. 35	54. 14. 48	
9	61. 55. 32		63. 27. 29	64. 59. 20	66. 31. 6		
10	74. 8. 20		75. 39. 25	77. 10. 23	78. 41. 13		
11	$\alpha$ Arietis.	43. 18. 45	44. 51. 41	46. 24. 28	47. 57. 10		
12	Aldebaran.	25. 8. 56	26. 33. 22	27. 58. 25	29. 23. 58		
13		36. 37. 11	38. 4. 27	39. 31. 49	40. 59. 22		
14		48. 18. 16	49. 46. 6	51. 13. 55	52. 41. 47		
15		60. 0. 52	61. 28. 36	62. 56. 17	64. 23. 58		
16		71. 41. 50	73. 9. 19	74. 36. 45	76. 4. 9		
17	Pollux.	40. 50. 9	42. 18. 7	43. 46. 7	45. 14. 10		
18		52. 34. 46	54. 3. 1	55. 31. 19	56. 59. 40		
19	Regulus.	27. 21. 36	28. 50. 31	30. 19. 35	31. 48. 45		
20		39. 16. 36	40. 46. 38	42. 16. 47	43. 47. 7		
21		51. 21. 44	52. 53. 20	54. 25. 8	55. 57. 11		
22		63. 41. 24	65. 15. 8	66. 49. 10	68. 23. 31		
23	Spica $\mu$ .	22. 25. 37	24. 1. 13	25. 37. 17	27. 13. 50		
24		35. 23. 39	37. 2. 59	38. 42. 45	40. 23. 0		
25		48. 50. 58	50. 33. 58	52. 17. 24	54. 1. 20		
26		62. 47. 57	64. 34. 35	66. 21. 41	68. 9. 14		
27	Antares.	31. 21. 58	33. 12. 8	35. 2. 39	36. 53. 32		
28		46. 12. 54					

# F E B R U A R Y 1767. [13]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.	
			D. H. '	
			First Quarter —	5. 7. 59
			Full Moon —	13. 8. 1
			Last Quarter —	21. 8. 47
			New Moon —	28. 2. 4
			Other Phenomena.	
			D.	
			3. $\alpha$ $\kappa$ 14 <sup>h</sup> . 49'.	
			6. $\alpha$ $\eta$ Pleiadum 1 <sup>h</sup> . 58'.	
			7. $\alpha$ $\beta$ $\delta$ 20 <sup>h</sup> . 39'.	
			9. $\alpha$ $\epsilon$ $\pi$ 6 <sup>h</sup> . 38'.	
			11. $\eta$ Stationary.	
			$\alpha$ $\delta$ $\epsilon$ 16 <sup>h</sup> . 22'.	
			15. $\alpha$ $\nu$ $\Omega$ 14 <sup>h</sup> . 23'.	
			18. $\odot$ enters $\kappa$ at 7 <sup>h</sup> . 27'.	
			21. $\alpha$ $\pi$ $\mathcal{M}$ 2 <sup>h</sup> . 35'.	
			$\alpha$ $\sigma$ $\mathcal{M}$ 11 <sup>h</sup> . 30'.	
			$\alpha$ $\alpha$ $\mathcal{M}$ 15 <sup>h</sup> . 3'.	
			23. $\alpha$ $\lambda$ $\mathcal{F}$ 13 <sup>h</sup> . 52'.	
			$\alpha$ $\phi$ $\mathcal{F}$ 20 <sup>h</sup> . 25'.	
			24. $\alpha$ $\sigma$ $\mathcal{F}$ 0 <sup>h</sup> . 11'.	
			27. $\alpha$ $\theta$ $\equiv$ 10 <sup>h</sup> . 35'.	
1	Sa.	4th Sun. after Epiphany.		
2	M.	Purification of V. Mary.		
3	Tu.	Blas. On morrow of Pur.		
4	W.	[3 ret.		
5	Th.	Agatha.		
6	F.			
7	Sa.			
8	Su.	5th Sun. after Epiphany.		
9	M.	In 8 days of Pur. 4 ret.		
10	Tu.			
11	W.			
12	Th.	Term ends.		
13	F.			
14	Sa.	Valentine.		
15	Su.	Septuagesima-Sunday.		
16	M.			
17	Tu.			
18	W.			
19	Th.			
20	F.			
21	Sa.			
22	Su.	Sexagesima-Sunday.		
23	M.			
24	Tu.	St. Matthias,		
25	W.			
26	Th.			
27	F.			
28	Sa.			





# FEBRUARY 1767. [15]

Days of the Month.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of De- passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	" "	" "	" "		" " "
1	16. 16, 5	1. 8, 1	2. 32, 1	9, 99385	10. 9. 49
7	16. 15, 5	1. 7, 4	2. 31, 8	9, 99429	10. 9. 30
13	16. 14, 4	1. 6, 8	2. 31, 5	9, 99479	10. 9. 11
19	16. 13, 1	1. 6, 1	2. 31, 0	9, 99537	10. 8. 52
25	16. 11, 7	1. 5, 6	2. 30, 5	9, 99601	10. 8. 33

## Eclipses of the SATELLITES of J U P I T E R.

I. Satellite. Immersions.			II. Satellite. Immersions.			III. Satellite. Immersions.		
Days	h	' "	Days	h	' "	Days	h	' "
2	17*	17. 53	1	23.	26. 43	2	7.	5. 41
4	11*	46. 12	5	12*	43. 2	9	11*	3. 19
6	6.	14. 32	9	1.	59. 34	16	15*	1. 41
8	0.	42. 55	12	15*	16. 18	23	19.	0. 50
9	19.	11. 24	16	4.	33. 13	IV. Satellite.		
11	13*	39. 54	19	17*	50. 21	11	5.	2. 20 1
13	8*	8. 22	23	7.	7. 43	11	8*	51. 14 E
15	2.	36. 58	26	20.	25. 14	27	23.	1. 54 1
16	21.	5. 34						
18	15*	34. 14						
20	10*	2. 55						
22	4.	31. 41						
23	23.	0. 25						
25	17*	29. 16						
27	11*	58. 6						

[16] FEBRUARY 1767.

Days.	Heliocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Heliocen- tric Lat- tude.	Geocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Geocen- tric La- titude.	Declina- tion.	Passage over Merid.
	° /	° /	° /	° /	° /	h /

MERCURY.

1	8. 0. 4	1. 45 S	9. 21. 5	0. 40 S	22. 29 S	22. 33
7	8. 16. 35	3. 37	9. 29. 45	1. 19	21. 32	22. 45
13	9. 3. 16	5. 11	10. 8. 59	1. 48	19. 45	23. 1
19	9. 20. 56	6. 21	10. 18. 43	2. 4	17. 12	23. 18
25	10. 10. 27	6. 58	10. 29. 3	2. 6	13. 47	23. 36

VENUS.

1	10. 25. 12	3. 12 S	10. 17. 54	1. 22 S	16. 48 S	0. 23
7	11. 4. 43	3. 20	10. 25. 25	1. 26	14. 25	0. 29
13	11. 14. 14	3. 23	11. 2. 55	1. 28	11. 48	0. 34
19	11. 23. 46	3. 21	11. 10. 25	1. 27	9. 1	0. 39
25	0. 3. 18	3. 13	11. 17. 55	1. 24	6. 4	0. 44

MARS.

1	2. 3. 22	0. 29 N	0. 24. 59	0. 30 N	10. 9 N	4. 31
7	2. 6. 31	0. 35	0. 28. 54	0. 35	11. 39	4. 23
13	2. 9. 38	0. 41	1. 2. 46	0. 39	13. 3	4. 13
19	2. 12. 44	0. 46	1. 6. 43	0. 43	14. 27	4. 5
25	2. 15. 47	0. 52	1. 10. 37	0. 47	15. 46	3. 58

JUPITER.

1	5. 15. 23	1. 13 N	5. 22. 2	1. 25 N	4. 28 N	14. 32
7	5. 15. 51	1. 13	5. 21. 30	1. 27	4. 42	14. 6
13	5. 16. 18	1. 13	5. 20. 56	1. 29	4. 58	13. 40
19	5. 16. 46	1. 14	5. 20. 15	1. 29	5. 14	13. 14
25	5. 17. 13	1. 14	5. 19. 33	1. 30	5. 32	12. 49

SATURN.

1	2. 18. 10	1. 22. S	2. 12. 44	1. 27 S	20. 54 N	7. 45
7	2. 18. 23	1. 22.	2. 12. 38	1. 26	20. 54	7. 20
13	2. 18. 37	1. 21.	2. 12. 37	1. 25	20. 55	6. 56
19	2. 18. 50	1. 21.	2. 12. 42	1. 23	20. 57	6. 34
25	2. 19. 4	1. 20.	2. 12. 47	1. 22	20. 59	6. 11



FEBRUARY 1767.

[17]

Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 9 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1		4	2.	⊙	2.	3.
2	3.		4	2.	⊙	1.
3		3.	2.1	⊙	4	
4		3		⊙	1.	2. 4
5			3	2.	⊙	4
6	1.	2.		⊙	3	4
7	2.0			⊙	1	3 4
8			1.	⊙	2.	3. 4.
9			2.	⊙	1.	3 4.
10		2. 1		⊙		4.
11		3.		⊙	4.	1 2
12		3	4.	⊙	1	2.
13	1.	4.	2.	⊙	3	
14	4.			⊙	1	3
15	4.		1.	⊙	2	3.
16	4			⊙	3 1	20
17	4	2. 1.		⊙		
18		3 4		⊙	1.	
19		3	4 1	⊙	2.	
20	3.0	2.		⊙	1.	4
21	1.0		2	⊙	3	4
22			1.	⊙	3	4
23	2.			⊙	1	3.
24		2	1. 3.	⊙		4.
25		3.		⊙	2	1. 4.
26		3	1	⊙	2.	4.
27		2.	3	⊙	1.	4.
28			2 1	⊙	3	
			4.			

[18]		F E B R U A R Y 1767.			
Days of the Month.	Days of the week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		S ° ' "	S ° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Su.	11. 15. 37. 16	11. 23. 3. 41	3. 6. 7 N	3. 37. 51 N
2	M.	0. 0. 25. 14	0. 7. 41. 18	4. 5. 41	4. 29. 14
3	Tu.	0. 14. 51. 27	0. 21. 55. 19	4. 48. 13	5. 2. 33
4	W.	0. 28. 52. 53	1. 5. 44. 4	5. 12. 8	5. 17. 9
5	Th.	1. 12. 28. 54	1. 19. 7. 41	5. 17. 38	5. 13. 52
6	F.	1. 25. 40. 42	2. 2. 8. 17	5. 6. 3	4. 54. 28
7	Sa.	2. 8. 30. 49	2. 14. 48. 49	4. 39. 21	4. 21. 1
8	Su.	2. 21. 2. 34	2. 27. 12. 42	3. 59. 52	3. 36. 0
9	M.	3. 3. 19. 25	3. 9. 23. 22	3. 9. 58	2. 41. 56
10	Tu.	3. 15. 24. 52	3. 21. 24. 20	2. 12. 15	1. 41. 21
11	W.	3. 27. 22. 1	4. 3. 18. 29	1. 9. 32	0. 37. 2 N
12	Th.	4. 9. 13. 55	4. 15. 8. 31	0. 4. 8 N	0. 28. 41 S
13	F.	4. 21. 2. 46	4. 26. 56. 50	1. 0. 56 S	1. 32. 37
14	Sa.	5. 2. 50. 58	5. 8. 45. 21	2. 3. 29	2. 32. 45
15	Su.	5. 14. 40. 23	5. 20. 36. 14	3. 0. 30	3. 26. 22
16	M.	5. 26. 33. 8	6. 2. 31. 25	3. 49. 58	4. 11. 18
17	Tu.	6. 8. 31. 27	6. 14. 33. 32	4. 29. 56	4. 45. 45
18	W.	6. 20. 38. 2	6. 26. 45. 16	4. 58. 15	5. 7. 32
19	Th.	7. 2. 55. 38	7. 9. 9. 38	5. 13. 20	5. 15. 32
20	F.	7. 15. 27. 37	7. 21. 49. 59	5. 13. 57	5. 8. 32
21	Sa.	7. 28. 17. 14	8. 4. 49. 42	4. 59. 10	4. 45. 47
22	Su.	8. 11. 27. 43	8. 18. 11. 38	4. 28. 26	4. 7. 7
23	M.	8. 25. 1. 48	9. 1. 58. 12	3. 41. 59	3. 13. 17
24	Tu.	9. 9. 1. 5	9. 16. 10. 16	2. 41. 12	2. 6. 12
25	W.	9. 23. 25. 27	10. 0. 46. 36	1. 28. 38	0. 49. 6 S
26	Th.	10. 8. 12. 54	10. 15. 43. 18	0. 8. 21 S	0. 32. 54 N
27	F.	10. 23. 17. 17	11. 0. 53. 33	1. 13. 54 N	1. 53. 42
28	Sa.	11. 8. 30. 56	11. 16. 7. 56	2. 31. 32	3. 6. 36

FEBRUARY 1767. [19]						
Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declinat. at Noon.
			h /	° /	° /	° /
1	Su.	4	2. 7	345. 34	352. 12	2. 49 S
2	M.	5	2. 57	358. 45	5. 18	3. 56 N
3	Tu.	6	3. 46	11. 48	18. 19	10. 17
4	W.	7	4. 37	24. 55	31. 34	15. 58
5	Th.	8	5. 29	38. 19	45. 8	20. 37
6	F.	9	6. 21	52. 1	58. 58	24. 9
7	Sa.	10	7. 15	65. 57	72. 58	26. 18
8	Su.	11	8. 9	79. 57	86. 52	27. 10
9	M.	12	9. 2	93. 42	100. 25	26. 36
10	Tu.	13	9. 52	107. 0	113. 26	24. 45
11	W.	14	10. 38	119. 42	125. 46	21. 52
12	Th.	15	11. 22	131. 41	137. 28	18. 2
13	F.	16	12. 5	143. 6	148. 38	13. 32
14	Sa.	17	12. 45	154. 4	159. 25	8. 33
15	Su.	18	13. 25	164. 44	170. 1	3. 16 N
16	M.	19	14. 5	175. 19	180. 39	2. 8 S
17	Tu.	20	14. 44	186. 2	191. 32	7. 30
18	W.	21	15. 28	197. 8	202. 54	12. 40
19	Th.	22	16. 14	208. 50	214. 59	17. 24
20	F.	23	17. 4	221. 21	227. 56	21. 29
21	Sa.	24	18. 1	234. 48	241. 55	24. 41
22	Su.	25	19. 0	249. 14	256. 45	26. 37
23	M.	26	19. 59	264. 26	272. 12	27. 4
24	Tu.	27	21. 1	280. 0	287. 49	25. 52
25	W.	28	22. 0	295. 34	303. 11	22. 54
26	Th.	29	22. 57	310. 40	318. 1	18. 21
27	F.	30	23. 51	325. 13	332. 16	12. 36
28	Sa.	1	0	339. 12	346. 2	6. 3 S





# FEBRUARY 1767. [21]

Distances of  $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from  $\odot$  east of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	$\alpha$ Arietis.	48. 54. 15	47. 2. 48	45. 11. 41	43. 20. 55
2	Aldeba- ran.	66. 43. 40	64. 56. 16	63. 9. 20	61. 22. 53
3		52. 37. 40	50. 54. 8	49. 11. 11	47. 28. 46
4		39. 5. 41	37. 26. 58	35. 49. 3	34. 11. 53
5		26. 19. 51	24. 48. 51	23. 19. 19	21. 51. 27
6	Pollux.	54. 2. 54	52. 26. 23	50. 50. 13	49. 14. 23
7		41. 20. 11	39. 46. 18	38. 12. 42	36. 39. 27
8	Regulus.	65. 35. 22	64. 2. 37	62. 30. 4	60. 57. 43
9		53. 18. 51	51. 47. 36	50. 16. 28	48. 45. 31
10		41. 12. 44	39. 42. 34	38. 12. 31	36. 42. 34
11		29. 14. 29	27. 45. 8	26. 15. 52	24. 46. 43
12		17. 22. 31	16. 54. 8	14. 25. 53	12. 57. 49
13	Spica $\mu$	59. 32. 22	58. 3. 39	56. 34. 58	55. 6. 17
14		47. 43. 8	46. 14. 32	44. 45. 57	43. 17. 21
15		35. 54. 15	34. 25. 36	32. 56. 56	31. 28. 16
16		24. 4. 56	22. 36. 15	21. 7. 37	19. 39. 6
17	Antares.	57. 47. 41	56. 17. 34	54. 47. 18	53. 16. 55
18		45. 43. 0	44. 11. 47	42. 40. 24	41. 8. 51
19		33. 28. 15	31. 55. 29	30. 22. 29	28. 49. 16
20		20. 59. 27	19. 24. 40	17. 49. 35	16. 14. 15
21	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	67. 5. 51	65. 44. 29	64. 23. 16	63. 2. 11
19	The Sun.	117. 38. 33	116. 13. 22	114. 47. 58	113. 22. 17
20		106. 10. 15	104. 43. 4	103. 15. 34	101. 47. 47
21		94. 24. 7	92. 54. 25	91. 24. 22	89. 53. 58
22		82. 16. 24	80. 43. 45	79. 10. 43	77. 37. 16
23		69. 43. 51	68. 7. 56	66. 31. 36	64. 54. 51
24		56. 44. 41	55. 5. 23	53. 25. 41	51. 45. 36
25		43. 19. 18	41. 36. 52	39. 54. 6	38. 11. 0



[22] FEBRUARY 1767.

Distances of J's Center from Stars, and from ☉ east of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	♈ Arietis.	41. 30. 28	39. 40. 31	37. 50. 57	36. 1. 46
2	Aldeba- ran.	59. 36. 54	57. 51. 22	56. 6. 20	54. 21. 45
3		45. 46. 57	44. 5. 44	42. 25. 6	40. 45. 5
4		32. 35. 32	31. 0. 4	29. 25. 34	27. 52. 8
5	Pollux.	60. 32. 24	58. 54. 29	57. 16. 57	55. 39. 44
6		47. 38. 54	46. 3. 43	44. 28. 52	42. 54. 22
7		35. 6. 30	33. 33. 52	32. 1. 33	30. 29. 32
8	Regulus.	59. 25. 34	57. 53. 36	56. 21. 50	54. 50. 15
9		47. 14. 41	45. 44. 0	44. 13. 27	42. 43. 1
10		35. 12. 44	33. 42. 59	32. 13. 24	30. 43. 54
11		23. 17. 40	21. 48. 41	20. 19. 49	18. 51. 6
12	♊ Spica	65. 27. 27	63. 58. 38	62. 29. 52	61. 1. 6
13		53. 37. 38	52. 8. 59	50. 40. 21	49. 11. 44
14		41. 48. 45	40. 20. 9	38. 51. 31	37. 22. 54
15		29. 59. 37	28. 30. 55	27. 2. 13	25. 33. 34
16		18. 10. 40	16. 42. 21	15. 14. 12	13. 46. 12
17	Antares.	51. 46. 24	50. 15. 46	48. 44. 59	47. 14. 4
18		39. 37. 8	38. 5. 12	36. 33. 3	35. 0. 45
19		27. 15. 50	25. 42. 6	24. 8. 8	22. 33. 55
20	♐ Aquila.	72. 31. 36	71. 10. 10	69. 48. 44	68. 27. 17
21		61. 41. 15	60. 20. 32	59. 0. 3	57. 39. 50
19	The Sun.	111. 56. 22	110. 30. 14	109. 3. 51	107. 37. 10
20		100. 19. 42	98. 51. 17	97. 22. 33	95. 53. 30
21		88. 23. 13	86. 52. 4	85. 20. 33	83. 48. 39
22		76. 3. 26	74. 29. 9	72. 54. 28	71. 19. 22
23		63. 17. 41	61. 40. 4	60. 2. 1	58. 23. 34
24		50. 5. 6	48. 24. 13	46. 42. 57	45. 1. 19

# F E B R U A R Y 1767. [23]

Distances of  $\gamma$ 's Center from  $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
2	The Sun.	47. 2. 1	48. 43. 55	50. 25. 25	52. 6. 31
3		60. 26. 5	62. 4. 45	63. 43. 2	65. 20. 53
4		73. 24. 8	74. 59. 32	76. 34. 32	78. 9. 6
5		85. 56. 5	87. 28. 21	89. 0. 15	90. 31. 48
6		98. 4. 16	99. 33. 44	101. 2. 53	102. 31. 44
7		109. 51. 26	111. 18. 35	112. 45. 28	114. 12. 5
6	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	65. 9. 38	66. 42. 10	68. 14. 30	69. 46. 39
7	$\alpha$ Arietis.	34. 13. 10	35. 46. 55	37. 20. 29	38. 53. 51
8		46. 37. 44	48. 9. 59	49. 42. 2	51. 13. 57
9	Aldeba- ran.	28. 6. 48	29. 31. 51	30. 57. 15	32. 22. 57
10		39. 34. 53	41. 1. 44	42. 28. 40	43. 55. 41
11		51. 11. 26	52. 38. 42	54. 6. 1	55. 33. 19
12		62. 50. 0	64. 17. 20	65. 44. 39	67. 11. 59
13	Pollux.	31. 54. 28	33. 22. 17	34. 50. 9	36. 18. 4
14		43. 38. 14	45. 6. 23	46. 34. 36	48. 2. 50
15	Regulus.	18. 23. 31	19. 52. 3	21. 20. 40	22. 49. 22
16		30. 14. 4	31. 43. 15	33. 12. 32	34. 41. 54
17		42. 10. 22	43. 40. 22	45. 10. 31	46. 40. 47
18		54. 14. 14	55. 45. 23	57. 16. 42	58. 48. 12
19	Spica $\mu$	12. 42. 18	14. 12. 59	15. 44. 8	17. 15. 45
20		25. 0. 35	26. 34. 41	28. 9. 9	29. 43. 58
21		37. 43. 27	39. 20. 25	40. 57. 44	42. 35. 27
22		50. 49. 37	52. 29. 38	54. 10. 4	55. 50. 54
23		64. 21. 26	66. 4. 48	67. 48. 34	69. 32. 47
24	Antares.	32. 29. 13	34. 16. 4	36. 3. 27	37. 51. 11
25		46. 55. 56	48. 46. 6	50. 36. 38	52. 27. 31
26		61. 46. 54	63. 39. 37	65. 32. 35	67. 25. 46
27					

[24] FEBRUARY 1767.

Days.	Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.				
	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	The Sun.	40. 10. 52	41. 54. 11	43. 37. 9	45. 19. 46
2		53. 47. 13	55. 27. 32	57. 7. 27	58. 46. 58
3		66. 58. 20	68. 35. 24	70. 12. 3	71. 48. 18
4		79. 43. 17	81. 17. 4	82. 50. 27	84. 23. 28
5		92. 2. 59	93. 33. 49	95. 4. 18	96. 34. 28
6		104. 0. 15	105. 28. 28	106. 56. 24	108. 24. 4
7		115. 38. 27	117. 4. 35	118. 30. 29	119. 56. 7
6	$\gamma$ Pegasi.	71. 18. 35	72. 50. 18	74. 21. 50	75. 53. 9
7	$\gamma$ Arietis.	40. 27. 0	41. 59. 58	43. 32. 44	45. 5. 19
8		52. 45. 40	54. 17. 14	55. 48. 36	57. 19. 50
9	Aldebaran.	33. 48. 53	35. 15. 8	36. 41. 31	38. 8. 8
10		45. 22. 46	46. 49. 52	48. 17. 1	49. 44. 12
11		57. 0. 40	58. 28. 0	59. 55. 19	61. 22. 40
12		68. 39. 18	70. 6. 38	71. 34. 0	73. 1. 23
13	Pollux.	37. 46. 1	39. 14. 0	40. 42. 2	42. 10. 7
14		49. 31. 8	50. 59. 29	52. 27. 52	53. 56. 18
15	Regulus.	24. 18. 8	25. 46. 59	27. 15. 56	28. 44. 57
16		36. 11. 23	37. 40. 58	39. 10. 39	40. 40. 27
17		48. 11. 11	49. 41. 43	51. 12. 24	52. 43. 14
18		60. 19. 51	61. 51. 43	63. 23. 47	64. 56. 2
19	Spica $\gamma$	18. 47. 48	20. 20. 24	21. 53. 22	23. 26. 47
20		31. 19. 9	32. 54. 41	34. 30. 35	36. 6. 50
21		44. 13. 29	45. 51. 56	47. 30. 46	49. 10. 0
22		57. 32. 9	59. 13. 50	60. 55. 57	62. 38. 29
23		71. 17. 25	73. 2. 30	74. 48. 1	76. 32. 58
24	Antares.	39. 39. 21	41. 27. 54	43. 16. 51	45. 6. 12
25		54. 18. 46	56. 10. 21	58. 2. 14	59. 54. 25
26		69. 19. 12	71. 12. 49	73. 6. 39	75. 0. 42



Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. '
			First Quarter — 6. 22. 10
			Full Moon — 15. 2. 40
			Last Quarter — 22. 20. 16
			New Moon — 29. 11. 39
1	Su.	Quinquagesima, or Shrove-Chad. [Sunday.	Other Phenomena.
2	M.		D.
3	Tu.		3. ☾ ☿ 0 <sup>h</sup> 12'
4	W.	Ash-Wednesday.	5. ☾ ♃ Pleiadum 9 <sup>h</sup> 26'.
5	Th.	Prs. of Hesse born.	Some of the Pleiades will be eclipsed.
6	F.		7. ☿ ♄ ♀ diff. Lat. 55'
7	Sa.	Perpetua.	8. ☾ ♄ ♀ 12 <sup>h</sup> 48'
8	Su.	1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday in Lent.	10. ☾ ♄ ♀ 22 <sup>h</sup> 33'
9	M.		14. ☾ ♄ ♀ 20 <sup>h</sup> 35'
10	Tu.		15. ♄ ♄ diff. Lat. 3'
11	W.		20. ☾ enters ♄ at 8 <sup>h</sup> 1'
12	Th.	Gregory M.	☿ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 39'
13	F.		☾ ☿ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> 39'
14	Sa.		☾ ☿ ☿ 17 <sup>h</sup> 42'
15	Su.	2 <sup>d</sup> Sunday in Lent.	☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 18'
16	M.		21. ☾ seq. ☿ Ophiuchi 19 <sup>h</sup> 27'
17	Tu.		22. ☾ ♄ ♀ 21 <sup>h</sup> 18'
18	W.	Edw. K. of West-Sax.	23. ☾ ☿ ♀ 7 <sup>h</sup> 56'
19	Th.	Prs. Louisa-Ann born.	26. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 9'
20	F.		29. ♄ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 10'
21	Sa.	Benedict.	
22	Su.	3 <sup>d</sup> Sunday in Lent.	
23	M.		
24	Tu.	[D. of York born.	
25	W.	Annunciat. of the V.M.	
26	Th.		
27	F.		
28	Sa.	[Sunday.	
29	Su.	4 <sup>th</sup> Sun. in Lent, Midlent	
30	M.		
31	Tu.		



[26]

MARCH 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc.	Sun's Declin.	Equat. of Time	Diff.
		° ' "	h ' "	° ' "	' "	
1	Su.	11. 10. 44. 18	22. 48. 55	7. 33. 0	12. 43	13
2	M.	11. 11. 44. 25	22. 52. 39	7. 10. 8	12. 30	13
3	Tu.	11. 12. 44. 29	22. 56. 23	6. 47. 11	12. 17	13
4	W.	11. 13. 44. 32	23. 0. 6	6. 24. 8	12. 4	14
5	Th.	11. 14. 44. 32	23. 3. 49	6. 0. 59	11. 50	14
6	F.	11. 15. 44. 30	23. 7. 31	5. 37. 47	11. 36	15
7	Sa.	11. 16. 44. 25	23. 11. 13	5. 14. 29	11. 21	15
8	Su.	11. 17. 44. 16	23. 14. 54	4. 51. 9	11. 6	15
9	M.	11. 18. 44. 9	23. 18. 35	4. 27. 43	10. 51	16
10	Tu.	11. 19. 43. 58	23. 22. 16	4. 4. 15	10. 35	16
11	W.	11. 20. 43. 45	23. 25. 56	3. 40. 44	10. 19	16
12	Th.	11. 21. 43. 29	23. 29. 36	3. 17. 11	10. 3	17
13	F.	11. 22. 43. 11	23. 33. 16	2. 53. 35	9. 46	17
14	Sa.	11. 23. 42. 51	23. 36. 55	2. 29. 58	9. 29	17
15	Su.	11. 24. 42. 28	23. 40. 34	2. 6. 18	9. 12	18
16	M.	11. 25. 42. 4	23. 44. 13	1. 42. 39	8. 54	17
17	Tu.	11. 26. 41. 38	23. 47. 52	1. 18. 58	8. 37	19
18	W.	11. 27. 41. 10	23. 51. 31	0. 55. 17	8. 18	17
19	Th.	11. 28. 40. 40	23. 55. 9	0. 31. 36	8. 1	19
20	F.	11. 29. 40. 8	23. 58. 47	0. 7. 55	7. 42	18
North.						
21	Sa.	0. 0. 39. 35	0. 2. 25	0. 15. 46	7. 24	18
22	Su.	0. 1. 39. 0	0. 6. 3	0. 39. 26	7. 6	19
23	M.	0. 2. 38. 23	0. 9. 41	1. 3. 4	6. 47	19
24	Tu.	0. 3. 37. 45	0. 13. 19	1. 26. 41	6. 28	19
25	W.	0. 4. 37. 4	0. 16. 57	1. 50. 15	6. 9	18
26	Th.	0. 5. 36. 23	0. 20. 35	2. 13. 48	5. 51	19
27	F.	0. 6. 35. 39	0. 24. 13	2. 37. 12	5. 32	19
28	Sa.	0. 7. 34. 53	0. 27. 51	3. 0. 44	5. 13	19
29	Su.	0. 8. 34. 6	0. 31. 28	3. 24. 7	4. 54	18
30	M.	0. 9. 33. 16	0. 35. 6	3. 47. 26	4. 36	19
31	Tu.	0. 10. 32. 24	0. 38. 44	4. 10. 41	4. 17	

Days.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	h m	h m	h m		s o ' "
1	16. 10. 7	1. 5. 3	2. 30. 2	9. 99645	10. 8. 21
7	16. 9. 2	1. 4. 9	2. 29. 7	9. 99712	10. 8. 1
13	16. 7. 5	1. 4. 6	2. 29. 2	9. 99782	10. 7. 42
19	16. 5. 9	1. 4. 4	2. 28. 8	9. 99856	10. 7. 23
25	16. 4. 3	1. 4. 3	2. 28. 3	9. 99933	10. 7. 4

Eclipses of the SATELLITES of JUPITER.

I. Satellite. Immersions.		II. Satellite. Immersions.		III. Satellite. Immersions.	
D.	h m	D.	h m	D.	h m
1	6*27. 1	2	9*42. 56	2	23. 0. 36
3	0. 55. 57	5	23. 0. 47	Emerfions.	
4	19. 24. 53	Emerfions.		10	6. 11. 25
6	13*53. 53	9	15* 2. 5	17	10*11. 19
8	8*22. 52	13	4. 20. 10	24	14*11. 30
Emerfions.		16	17. 38. 20	31	18. 12. 26
10	5. 5. 12	20	6*56. 37	IV. Satellite.	
11	23. 34. 14	23	20. 15. 3		
13	18. 3. 19	27	9*33. 30	16 1 20. 42. 53 E	
15	12*32. 22	30	22. 52. 5		
17	7* 1. 29				
19	1. 30. 35				
20	19. 59. 44				
22	14*28. 50				
24	8* 58. 0				
26	3. 27. 8				
27	21. 56. 19				
29	16*25. 27				
31	10*54. 37				

[28]

## MARCH 1767.

Days.	Heliocentric Longitude.	Heliocentric Latitude.	Geocentric Longitude.	Geocentric Latitude.	Declination.	Passage over Merid.
	s o /	o /	s o /	o /	o /	h /
MERCURY. sup. ♂ 6 <sup>d</sup> 1 <sup>h</sup>						
1	10. 25. 0	6. 54 S	11. 6. 17	1. 59 S	11. 4 S	23. 46
7	11. 20. 8	5. 48	11. 17. 38	1. 33	6. 19	0. 6
13	0. 20. 15	3. 1	11. 29. 28	0. 46	0. 52	0. 26
19	1. 25. 28	1. 11 N	0. 11. 12	0. 18 N	4. 43 N	0. 46
25	3. 3. 11	5. 10	0. 21. 42	13 1	9. 52	1. 1
VENUS.						
1	0. 9. 39	3. 4 S	11. 22. 54	1. 21 S	4. 4 S	0. 47
7	0. 19. 14	2. 47	0. 0. 22	1. 13	0. 59	0. 52
13	0. 28. 50	2. 26	0. 7. 50	1. 5	2. 7 N	0. 57
19	1. 8. 25	2. 0	0. 15. 14	0. 54	5. 11	1. 2
25	1. 18. 2	1. 31	0. 22. 41	0. 41	8. 12	1. 8
MARS.						
1	2. 17. 48	0. 55 N	1. 13. 13	0. 49 N	16. 37 N	3. 53
7	2. 20. 49	1. 0	1. 17. 7	0. 52	17. 47	3. 47
13	2. 23. 47	1. 5	1. 21. 3	0. 55	18. 55	3. 40
19	2. 26. 45	1. 9	1. 24. 55	0. 57	19. 58	3. 34
25	2. 29. 40	1. 14	1. 28. 49	1. 0	20. 55	3. 28
JUPITER. ♃ 8 <sup>d</sup> 8 <sup>h</sup>						
1	5. 17. 31	1. 14 N	5. 19. 3	1. 31 N	5. 44 N	12. 31
7	5. 17. 59	1. 14	5. 18. 15	1. 30	6. 1	12. 6
13	5. 18. 26	1. 14	5. 17. 30	1. 30	6. 18	11. 41
19	5. 18. 53	1. 15	5. 16. 43	1. 31	6. 39	11. 16
25	5. 19. 21	1. 15	5. 15. 59	1. 31	6. 56	10. 52
SATURN. ♄ 3 <sup>d</sup> 6 <sup>h</sup>						
1	2. 19. 13	1. 20 S	2. 12. 53	1. 21 S	21. 2 N	5. 58
7	2. 19. 26	1. 20	2. 13. 7	1. 20	21. 5	5. 36
13	2. 19. 40	1. 19	2. 13. 24	1. 18	21. 8	5. 16
19	2. 19. 53	1. 19	2. 13. 45	1. 17	21. 12	4. 55
25	2. 20. 7	1. 18	2. 14. 9	1. 15	21. 16	4. 35



MARCH 1767.

[29]

Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 8 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1	1	4	⊙	2	3
2		4	⊙ <sup>1</sup>	2	
3	4	2	⊙	1	3
4	4	3	⊙ <sup>2</sup>	1	
5	4	3	⊙	2	
6		4	⊙ <sup>3</sup>	2	
7		4	⊙ <sup>1</sup>	2	3
8			⊙ <sup>4</sup>	1	2
9	1.0		⊙	2	3
10		2	⊙		4
11	2.0	3	⊙	1	4
12		3	⊙	2	4
13		3	⊙	1	4
14		3	⊙	2	4
15			⊙	1	2
16	1.0		⊙	4	2
17	3	2	⊙	1	
18		4	⊙	1	
19	4	3	⊙	2	
20	4	3	⊙	1	
21	4	3	⊙	2	
22	4		⊙	1	2
23		4	⊙	1	2
24	1	2	⊙	3	
25		3	⊙	1	2
26		3	⊙	1	2
27	2	3	⊙	1	2
28		3	⊙	1	2
29			⊙	1	2
30			⊙	1	2
31		2	⊙	1	2



[30]		MARCH 1767.			
Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		S ° ' "	S ° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Su.	11. 23. 43. 28	0. 1. 16. 13	3. 38. 13 N	4. 5. 45 N
2	M.	0. 8. 44. 49	0. 16. 8. 26	4. 28. 50	4. 47. 9
3	Tu.	0. 23. 26. 10	1. 0. 37. 18	5. 0. 28	5. 8. 53
4	W.	1. 7. 41. 27	1. 14. 38. 24	5. 12. 22	5. 11. 13
5	Th.	1. 21. 28. 2	1. 28. 10. 34	5. 5. 36	4. 55. 55
6	F.	2. 4. 46. 12	2. 11. 15. 16	4. 42. 23	4. 25. 33
7	Sa.	2. 17. 38. 14	2. 23. 55. 41	4. 5. 31	3. 42. 48
8	Su.	3. 0. 8. 4	3. 6. 16. 9	3. 17. 52	2. 50. 52
9	M.	3. 12. 20. 20	3. 18. 21. 26	2. 22. 13	1. 52. 16
10	Tu.	3. 24. 19. 48	4. 0. 16. 12	1. 21. 18	0. 49. 37 N
11	W.	4. 6. 11. 6	4. 12. 5. 6	0. 17. 36 N	0. 14. 33 S
12	Th.	4. 17. 58. 28	4. 23. 51. 47	0. 46. 24 S	1. 17. 44
13	F.	4. 29. 45. 27	5. 5. 39. 44	1. 48. 14	2. 17. 35
14	Sa.	5. 11. 34. 54	5. 17. 31. 17	2. 45. 26	3. 11. 37
15	Su.	5. 23. 29. 5	5. 29. 28. 28	3. 35. 44	3. 57. 31
16	M.	6. 5. 29. 45	6. 11. 32. 57	4. 16. 46	4. 33. 13
17	Tu.	6. 17. 38. 21	6. 23. 45. 55	4. 46. 40	4. 56. 50
18	W.	6. 29. 55. 55	7. 6. 8. 40	5. 3. 40	5. 6. 56
19	Th.	7. 12. 24. 7	7. 18. 42. 34	5. 6. 37	5. 2. 30
20	F.	7. 25. 4. 13	8. 1. 29. 19	4. 54. 40	4. 43. 4
21	Sa.	8. 7. 58. 8	8. 14. 30. 56	4. 27. 43	4. 8. 42
22	Su.	8. 21. 7. 54	8. 27. 49. 23	3. 46. 11	3. 20. 20
23	M.	9. 4. 35. 36	9. 11. 26. 45	2. 51. 20	2. 19. 30
24	Tu.	9. 18. 23. 1	9. 25. 24. 34	1. 45. 17	1. 9. 9 S
25	W.	10. 2. 31. 11	10. 9. 42. 58	0. 31. 21 S	0. 7. 17 N
26	Th.	10. 16. 59. 35	10. 24. 20. 41	0. 46. 13 N	1. 24. 42
27	F.	11. 1. 45. 32	11. 9. 13. 29	2. 2. 5	2. 37. 33
28	Sa.	11. 16. 43. 39	11. 24. 14. 52	3. 10. 25	3. 40. 1
29	Su.	0. 1. 45. 58	0. 9. 15. 47	4. 5. 44	4. 27. 6
30	M.	0. 16. 43. 3	0. 24. 6. 36	4. 43. 48	4. 55. 32
31	Tu.	1. 1. 25. 23	1. 8. 38. 38	5. 2. 17	5. 4. 6

## M R R C H 1767.

[31]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declinat. at Noon.	D's Declin. at Midn.
			h /	° /	° /	° /	° /
1	Su.	2	0. 43	352. 48	359. 32	0. 50 N	4. 16 N
2	M.	3	1. 36	6. 14	13. 0	7. 36	10. 47
3	Tu.	4	2. 28	19. 47	26. 38	13. 45	16. 31
4	W.	5	3. 21	33. 32	40. 31	19. 1	21. 13
5	Th.	6	4. 15	47. 35	54. 43	23. 4	24. 34
6	F.	7	5. 11	61. 52	69. 1	25. 43	26. 32
7	Sa.	8	6. 7	76. 8	83. 12	26. 59	27. 3
8	Su.	9	6. 59	90. 9	96. 58	26. 46	26. 10
9	M.	10	7. 52	103. 39	110. 9	25. 15	24. 4
10	Tu.	11	8. 40	116. 29	122. 39	22. 36	20. 56
11	W.	12	9. 26	128. 39	134. 29	19. 3	16. 59
12	Th.	13	10. 8	140. 11	145. 45	14. 44	12. 22
13	F.	14	10. 50	151. 13	156. 38	9. 53	7. 19
14	Sa.	15	11. 29	161. 58	167. 16	4. 41 N	2. 0 N
15	Su.	16	12. 9	172. 35	177. 57	0. 43 S	3. 26 S
16	M.	17	12. 50	183. 20	188. 49	6. 7	8. 46
17	Tu.	18	13. 33	194. 23	200. 6	11. 21	13. 49
18	W.	19	14. 19	205. 59	212. 3	16. 11	18. 25
19	Th.	20	15. 8	218. 17	224. 45	20. 27	22. 16
20	F.	21	16. 1	231. 25	238. 18	23. 49	25. 6
21	Sa.	22	16. 58	245. 24	252. 41	26. 4	26. 41
22	Su.	23	17. 55	260. 4	267. 33	26. 56	26. 47
23	M.	24	18. 53	275. 7	282. 39	26. 14	25. 18
24	Tu.	25	19. 52	290. 10	297. 35	23. 56	22. 12
25	W.	26	20. 49	304. 55	312. 8	20. 7	17. 43
26	Th.	27	21. 43	319. 13	326. 11	15. 2	12. 5
27	F.	28	22. 35	333. 2	339. 50	8. 58	5. 42 S
28	Sa.	29	23. 26	346. 34	353. 16	2. 19 S	1. 5 N
29	Su.	30	0	0. 0	6. 44	4. 27 N	7. 46
30	M.	1	0. 19	13. 33	20. 27	10. 57	13. 56
31	Tu.	2	1. 13	27. 26	34. 30	16. 42	19. 10

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## MARCH 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semid. d at Noon.	Semid. d at Mid-night.	Hor. Par. d at Noon.	Hor. Par. d at Midnight.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Midn.
		l "	l "	l "	l "		
1	Su.	16. 41	16. 37	61. 13	60. 58	9913	9931
2	M.	16. 32	16. 26	60. 40	60. 18	9952	9978
3	Tu.	16. 19	16. 12	59. 53	59. 26	0008	0041
4	W.	16. 4	15. 56	58. 59	58. 30	0074	0110
5	Th.	15. 48	15. 41	58. 0	57. 32	0147	0182
6	F.	15. 33	15. 27	57. 5	56. 41	0216	0247
7	Sa.	15. 20	15. 13	56. 15	55. 52	0280	0310
8	Su.	15. 8	15. 3	55. 32	55. 14	0336	0359
9	M.	14. 59	14. 54	54. 58	54. 43	0381	0400
10	Tu.	14. 52	14. 49	54. 33	54. 23	0414	0427
11	W.	14. 47	14. 46	54. 17	54. 13	0435	0440
12	Th.	14. 45	14. 44	54. 8	54. 5	0447	0451
13	F.	14. 45	14. 46	54. 6	54. 8	0450	0447
14	Sa.	14. 46	14. 47	54. 11	54. 15	0443	0438
15	Su.	14. 48	14. 51	54. 20	54. 27	0431	0422
16	M.	14. 52	14. 55	54. 34	54. 43	0411	0400
17	Tu.	14. 57	15. 1	54. 53	55. 5	0387	0371
18	W.	15. 4	15. 8	55. 17	55. 31	0356	0337
19	Th.	15. 12	15. 16	55. 45	56. 1	0319	0298
20	F.	15. 20	15. 25	56. 18	56. 36	0276	0253
21	Sa.	15. 31	15. 36	56. 56	57. 16	0228	0202
22	Su.	15. 42	15. 48	57. 38	58. 0	0175	0147
23	M.	15. 54	16. 0	58. 22	58. 45	0120	0091
24	Tu.	16. 7	16. 13	59. 8	59. 29	0063	0038
25	W.	16. 18	16. 23	59. 50	60. 9	0012	0089
26	Th.	16. 28	16. 32	60. 27	60. 41	9968	9951
27	F.	16. 35	16. 37	60. 52	60. 59	9938	9929
28	Sa.	16. 38	16. 38	61. 3	61. 3	9925	9925
29	Su.	16. 36	16. 33	60. 57	60. 45	9932	9945
30	M.	16. 30	16. 25	60. 33	60. 15	9969	9982
31	Tu.	16. 20	16. 13	59. 55	59. 31	0006	0035



# MARCH 1767.

[33]

Days	Distances of J's Center from Stars, and from ☉ east of her.															
	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.					
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
2	Aldebaran.	58.	34.	1.	56.	45.	33	54.	57.	16	53.	9.	27			
3		44.	18.	10	42.	33.	42	40.	49.	56	39.	6.	52			
4		30.	43.	36	29.	5.	50	27.	29.	13	25.	53.	53			
5	Pollux.	58.	14.	10	56.	33.	41	54.	53.	37	53.	14.	1			
6		45.	2.	50	43.	26.	6	41.	49.	40	40.	13.	40			
7	Regulus.	68.	59.	10	67.	24.	37	65.	50.	13	64.	16.	7			
8		56.	30.	7	54.	57.	41	53.	25.	21	51.	53.	34			
9		44.	17.	24	42.	46.	44	41.	16.	15	39.	45.	57			
10		32.	16.	54	30.	47.	30	29.	18.	14	27.	49.	5			
11		20.	25.	8	18.	56.	40	17.	28.	21	16.	0.	9			
12	Spica 𐌆	62.	37.	10	61.	8.	40	59.	40.	9	58.	11.	39			
13		50.	48.	57	49.	20.	23	47.	51.	46	46.	23.	9			
14		38.	59.	33	37.	30.	42	36.	1.	48	34.	32.	53			
15		27.	7.	45	25.	38.	39	24.	9.	31	22.	40.	22			
16		15.	14.	58	13.	46.	25	12.	18.	12	10.	50.	21			
17	Antares.	48.	42.	33	47.	11.	7	45.	39.	35	44.	7.	55			
18		36.	27.	30	34.	54.	55	33.	22.	11	31.	49.	16			
19		24.	2.	15	22.	28.	18	20.	54.	8	19.	19.	49			
20	α Aquilæ	69.	42.	28	68.	21.	45	67.	1.	11	65.	40.	45			
21	β Capri- corni.	53.	32.	54	51.	55.	53	50.	18.	38	48.	41.	12			
22		40.	30.	25	38.	51.	32	37.	12.	24	35.	33.	5			
23		27.	13.	41												
24	The Sun.	112.	37.	5	111.	7.	10	109.	36.	59	108.	6.	29			
25		100.	29.	44	98.	57.	29	97.	24.	55	95.	52.	3			
26		88.	2.	57	86.	28.	9	84.	53.	1	83.	17.	33			
27		75.	15.	10	73.	37.	40	71.	59.	48	70.	21.	38			
28		62.	5.	57	60.	25.	51	58.	45.	27	57.	4.	45			
29		48.	37.	5	46.	54.	44	45.	12.	11	43.	29.	26			
30																
31	Aldebaran	36.	36.	36	34.	53.	1	33.	10.	9	31.	28.	8			



Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her					
Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Aldebaran.	65. 53. 13	64. 2. 55	62. 12. 58	60. 23. 24
2		51. 22. 2	49. 35. 12	47. 48. 56	46. 3. 16
3		37. 24. 32	35. 42. 59	34. 2. 16	32. 22. 27
4	Pollux.	64. 59. 48	63. 17. 48	61. 36. 12	59. 54. 59
5		51. 34. 51	49. 56. 11	48. 18. 0	46. 40. 15
6		38. 38. 5	37. 2. 54	35. 28. 8	33. 53. 47
7	Regulus.	62. 42. 20	61. 18. 52	59. 35. 40	58. 2. 45
8		50. 21. 53	48. 50. 26	47. 19. 13	45. 48. 11
9		38. 15. 49	36. 45. 52	35. 16. 3	33. 46. 25
10		26. 20. 4	24. 51. 9	23. 22. 22	21. 53. 41
11		14. 32. 8	13. 4. 20	11. 36. 49	10. 9. 39
12	Spica $\mu$	56. 43. 7	55. 14. 36	53. 46. 4	52. 17. 31
13		44. 54. 29	43. 25. 48	41. 57. 5	40. 28. 20
14		33. 3. 56	31. 34. 56	30. 5. 54	28. 36. 52
15		21. 11. 10	19. 41. 59	18. 12. 50	16. 43. 48
16	Antares.	54. 46. 59	53. 16. 3	51. 45. 1	50. 13. 50
17		42. 36. 6	41. 4. 10	39. 32. 6	37. 59. 52
18		30. 16. 12	28. 42. 59	27. 9. 34	25. 36. 0
19	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	75. 5. 53	73. 45. 0	72. 24. 8	71. 3. 16
20		64. 20. 29	63. 0. 25	61. 40. 34	60. 20. 59
21	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	47. 3. 31	45. 25. 36	43. 47. 26	42. 9. 3
22		33. 53. 32	32. 13. 49	30. 33. 56	28. 53. 53
23	The Sun.	118. 34. 10	117. 5. 18	115. 36. 10	114. 6. 46
24		106. 35. 43	105. 4. 40	103. 33. 19	102. 1. 41
25		94. 18. 52	92. 45. 22	91. 11. 33	89. 37. 25
26		81. 41. 45	80. 5. 37	78. 29. 8	76. 52. 20
27		68. 43. 7	67. 4. 18	65. 25. 10	63. 45. 43
28		55. 23. 45	53. 42. 28	52. 0. 56	50. 19. 8
29		41. 46. 29	40. 3. 22	38. 20. 7	36. 36. 44
30	Aldebaran	29. 47. 6	28. 7. 12	26. 28. 32	24. 51. 12

# MARCH 1767.

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Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.													
Days	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"
3	The Sun.	40.	56.	54	42.	37.	12	44.	17.	4	45.	56.	30
4		54.	7.	14	55.	44.	3	57.	20.	26	58.	56.	22
5		66.	49.	20	68.	22.	37	69.	55.	29	71.	27.	56
6		79.	3.	57	80.	33.	57	82.	3.	35	83.	32.	50
7		90.	53.	41	92.	20.	51	93.	47.	43	95.	14.	15
8		102.	22.	23	103.	47.	25	105.	12.	3	106.	36.	26
9		113.	34.	50	114.	57.	58	116.	20.	56	117.	43.	44
7	$\alpha$ Arietis.	43.	16.	5	44.	50.	10	46.	24.	0	47.	57.	33
8	Aldeba- ran.	25.	9.	1	26.	33.	51	27.	59.	4	29.	24.	39
9		36.	36.	33	38.	3.	27	39.	30.	25	40.	57.	28
10		48.	12.	58	49.	40.	6	51.	7.	13	52.	34.	21
11		59.	49.	55	61.	17.	2	62.	44.	9	64.	11.	16
12	Pollux.	28.	52.	41	30.	20.	0	31.	47.	25	33.	14.	56
13		40.	33.	53	42.	1.	53	43.	29.	58	44.	58.	8
14	Regulus.	15.	18.	50	16.	47.	18	18.	15.	54	19.	44.	37
15		27.	10.	9	28.	39.	36	30.	9.	8	31.	38.	47
16		39.	8.	42	40.	39.	3	42.	9.	30	43.	40.	5
17		51.	14.	48	52.	46.	8	54.	17.	36	55.	49.	11
18		63.	29.	12	65.	1.	42	66.	34.	23	68.	7.	13
19	$\beta$ Spica $\gamma$	21.	58.	7	23.	31.	17	25.	4.	44	26.	38.	29
20		34.	31.	3	36.	6.	18	37.	41.	51	39.	47.	37
21		47.	20.	34	48.	57.	59	50.	35.	40	52.	13.	40
22		60.	27.	51	62.	7.	37	63.	47.	42	65.	28.	6
23	Antares.	28.	3.	45	29.	46.	14	31.	29.	2	33.	12.	11
24		41.	53.	7	43.	38.	21	45.	23.	56	47.	9.	50
25		56.	4.	18	57.	52.	12	59.	40.	25	61.	28.	57
26	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	16.	37.	26	18.	22.	45	20.	8.	57	21.	55.	58
27		31.	0.	41	32.	50.	58	34.	41.	35	36.	32.	30
28	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	52.	37.	35	54.	5.	44	55.	34.	56	57.	5.	6

Distances of  $\gamma$ 's Center from  $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.

Days	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
3	The Sun.	47. 35. 32	49. 14. 7	50. 52. 15	52. 29. 58
4		60. 31. 52	62. 6. 53	63. 41. 28	65. 15. 37
5		72. 59. 57	74. 31. 33	76. 2. 45	77. 33. 33
6		85. 1. 42	86. 30. 12	87. 58. 22	89. 26. 11
7		96. 40. 30	98. 6. 26	99. 32. 5	100. 57. 27
8		108. 0. 35	109. 24. 27	110. 48. 7	112. 11. 34
9		119. 6. 21			
6	$\alpha$ Arietis.	36. 56. 52	38. 32. 5	40. 7. 2	41. 41. 42
7		49. 30. 50	51. 3. 51	52. 36. 36	54. 9. 5
8	Aldeba- ran.	30. 50. 33	32. 16. 45	33. 43. 9	35. 9. 45
9		42. 24. 35	43. 51. 40	45. 18. 45	46. 45. 51
10		54. 1. 29	55. 28. 35	56. 55. 42	58. 22. 48
11		65. 38. 23	67. 5. 29	68. 32. 35	69. 59. 42
12	Pollux.	34. 42. 35	36. 10. 18	37. 38. 5	39. 5. 57
13		46. 26. 22	47. 54. 39	49. 23. 0	50. 51. 26
14	Regulus.	21. 13. 28	22. 42. 27	24. 11. 34	25. 40. 48
15		33. 8. 32	34. 38. 25	36. 8. 24	37. 38. 30
16		45. 10. 46	46. 41. 36	48. 12. 32	49. 43. 36
17		57. 20. 54	58. 52. 45	60. 24. 45	61. 56. 54
18	Spica $\kappa$	15. 48. 39	17. 20. 33	18. 52. 46	20. 25. 17
19		28. 12. 30	29. 46. 44	31. 21. 15	32. 56. 1
20		40. 53. 41	42. 30. 0	44. 6. 34	45. 43. 27
21		53. 51. 55	55. 30. 27	57. 9. 17	58. 48. 25
22		67. 8. 48	68. 49. 50	70. 31. 11	72. 12. 52
23	Antares.	34. 55. 40	36. 39. 31	38. 23. 42	40. 8. 14
24		48. 56. 5	50. 42. 38	52. 29. 31	54. 16. 45
25		63. 17. 49	65. 6. 58	66. 56. 24	68. 46. 7
26	$\beta$ Capricorni.	23. 43. 43	25. 32. 9	27. 21. 11	29. 10. 44
27	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	46. 57. 42	48. 20. 33	49. 44. 53	51. 10. 35
28		58. 36. 8	60. 7. 55	61. 40. 21	63. 13. 19



# A P R I L 1767.

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Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. '
			First Quarter — 5. 14. 41
			Full Moon — 13. 19. 1
			Last Quarter — 21. 4. 28
			New Moon — 27. 20. 55
1	W.		Other Phenomena.
2	Th.		D.
3	F.	Richard, Bp. of Chich.	1. $\epsilon$ $\pi$ Pleiadum 18 <sup>h</sup> 56'.
4	Sa.	St. Ambrose.	4. $\epsilon$ $\pi$ II 20 <sup>h</sup> 24'.
5	Su.	5 <sup>th</sup> Sunday in Lent.	7. $\epsilon$ $\delta$ $\epsilon$ 5 <sup>h</sup> 27'.
6	M.		11. $\epsilon$ $\nu$ $\Omega$ 3 <sup>h</sup> 24'.
7	Tu.		16. $\epsilon$ $\pi$ $\pi$ Immersion at 13 <sup>h</sup> 17 <sup>1/2</sup> Emerfion at 14 <sup>h</sup> 27'.
8	W.		$\epsilon$ $\sigma$ $\pi$ 23 <sup>h</sup> 22'.
9	Th.		17. $\epsilon$ $\alpha$ $\pi$ 2 <sup>h</sup> 57'.
10	F.	Cambridge Term ends.	18. $\epsilon$ fequens $\theta$ Ophiuchi 1 <sup>h</sup> 3'.
11	Sa.	Oxford Term ends.	19. $\epsilon$ $\lambda$ $\tau$ 3 <sup>h</sup> 0'.
12	Su.	6 <sup>th</sup> Sunday in Lent, Palm [Sunday]	$\epsilon$ $\sigma$ $\tau$ 13 <sup>h</sup> 46'.
13	M.		$\odot$ enters $\delta$ at 20 <sup>h</sup> 56'.
14	Tu.		23. $\epsilon$ $\theta$ $\pi$ 5 <sup>h</sup> 11'.
15	W.		29. $\epsilon$ $\pi$ Pleiadum 5 <sup>h</sup> 6'.
16	Th.		
17	F.	Good-Friday.	
18	Sa.		
19	Su.	Easter-Day. Alph.	
20	M.	Easter-Monday.	
21	Tu.	Easter-Tuesday.	
22	W.		
23	Th.	St. George.	
24	F.		
25	Sa.	St. Mark.	
26	Su.	1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday after Easter, [Low Sunday]	
27	M.		
28	Tu.		
29	W.	Oxford and Cambridge [Terms begin.]	
30	Th.		



Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declination North.	Equat. of Time Add.	Diff.
		° ' " "	h ' "	° ' "	' "	
1	W.	0. 11. 31. 31	0. 42. 23	4. 33. 52	3. 59	19
2	Th.	0. 12. 30. 35	0. 46. 1	4. 36. 57	3. 40	18
3	F.	0. 13. 29. 37	0. 49. 39	5. 19. 57	3. 22	18
4	Sa.	0. 14. 28. 36	0. 53. 18	5. 42. 51	3. 4	18
5	Su.	0. 15. 27. 33	0. 56. 56	6. 5. 39	2. 46	18
6	M.	0. 16. 26. 28	1. 0. 34	6. 28. 20	2. 28	18
7	Tu.	0. 17. 25. 20	1. 4. 14	6. 50. 56	2. 10	17
8	W.	0. 18. 24. 10	1. 7. 53	7. 13. 24	1. 53	17
9	Th.	0. 19. 22. 58	1. 11. 32	7. 35. 45	1. 36	17
10	F.	0. 20. 21. 43	1. 15. 12	7. 57. 58	1. 19	17
11	Sa.	0. 21. 20. 26	1. 18. 52	8. 20. 2	1. 2	16
12	Su.	0. 22. 19. 7	1. 22. 32	8. 41. 59	0. 46	16
13	M.	0. 23. 17. 46	1. 26. 12	9. 3. 46	0. 30	15
14	Tu.	0. 24. 16. 23	1. 29. 53	9. 25. 25	0. 15	16
15	W.	0. 25. 14. 58	1. 33. 34	9. 46. 54	Sub. 1	14
16	Th.	0. 26. 13. 31	1. 37. 16	10. 8. 14	0. 15	15
17	F.	0. 27. 12. 3	1. 40. 58	10. 29. 24	0. 30	14
18	Sa.	0. 28. 10. 32	1. 44. 40	10. 50. 23	0. 44	14
19	Su.	0. 29. 9. 1	1. 48. 23	11. 11. 12	0. 58	14
20	M.	1. 0. 7. 28	1. 52. 6	11. 31. 51	1. 12	12
21	Tu.	1. 1. 5. 53	1. 55. 49	11. 52. 18	1. 24	13
22	W.	1. 2. 4. 17	1. 59. 33	12. 12. 33	1. 37	13
23	Th.	1. 3. 2. 39	2. 3. 18	12. 32. 37	1. 50	11
24	F.	1. 4. 1. 0	2. 7. 3	12. 52. 29	2. 1	12
25	Sa.	1. 4. 59. 19	2. 10. 48	13. 12. 7	2. 13	11
26	Su.	1. 5. 57. 37	2. 14. 34	13. 31. 34	2. 24	9
27	M.	1. 6. 55. 53	2. 18. 21	13. 50. 46	2. 38	9
28	Tu.	1. 7. 54. 8	2. 22. 7	14. 9. 46	2. 42	9
29	W.	1. 8. 52. 20	2. 25. 55	14. 28. 31	2. 51	9
30	Th.	1. 9. 50. 31	2. 29. 43	14. 47. 2	3. 0	9

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Days of the Month.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	h m	h m	h m		s o
1	16. 2. 3	1. 4. 3	2. 27. 6	0. 000215	10. 6. 42
7	16. 0. 6	1. 4. 5	2. 27. 1	0. 000944	10. 6. 23
13	15. 59. 1	1. 4. 7	2. 26. 6	0. 001667	10. 6. 4
19	15. 57. 5	1. 5. 1	2. 26. 1	0. 002392	10. 5. 45
25	15. 56. 0	1. 5. 5	2. 25. 6	0. 003102	10. 5. 26

Eclipses of the SATELLITES of J U P I T E R.

I. Satellite. Emerfions.		II. Satellite. Emerfions.		III. Satellite.	
Days	h m	Days	h m	Days	h m
2	5. 23. 49	3	12* 10. 43	7	22. 12. 10 E
3	23. 52. 57	7	1. 29. 24	15	2. 12. 25 E
5	18. 22. 11	10	14* 48. 9	22	6. 12. 28 E
7	12* 51. 16	14	4. 6. 50	29	7* 7. 40 I
9	7* 20. 25	17	17. 25. 28	29	10* 12. 8 E
11	1. 49. 33	21	6. 44. 12	IV. Satellite.	
12	20. 18. 43	24	20. 2. 57		
14	14* 47. 48	28	9* 21. 30	2	11* 9. 31 I
16	9* 16. 55			2	14* 41. 51 E
18	3. 45. 55			19	5. 14. 3 I
19	22. 15. 4			19	8* 40. 17 E
21	16. 44. 3				
23	11* 13. 6				
25	5. 42. 8				
27	0. 11. 6				
28	18. 40. 0				
30	13* 8. 59				

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Days	Heliocentric Longitude.	Heliocentric Latitude.	Geocentric Longitude.	Geocentric Latitude.	Declination.	Passage over Merid.
	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	h ' "
MERCURY. inf. ♂ 19 <sup>d</sup> 15 <sup>h</sup>						
1	4. 14. 3	6. 59 N	1. 0. 27	2. 42 N	14. 10 N	1. 7
7	5. 13. 15	6. 12	1. 3. 54	3. 8	15. 47	0. 58
13	6. 7. 22	4. 21	1. 3. 27	2. 48	15. 19	0. 35
19	6. 27. 50	2. 9	1. 0. 9	1. 37	13. 3	0. 1
25	7. 16. 0	0. 2 S	0. 26. 14	0. 2 S	10. 7	23. 22
VENUS.						
1	1. 29. 17	0. 54 S	1. 1. 17	0. 25 S	11. 32 N	1. 14
7	2. 8. 56	0. 20	1. 8. 40	0. 8	14. 17	1. 21
13	2. 18. 37	0. 14 N	1. 16. 1	0. 7 N	16. 46	1. 28
19	2. 28. 18	0. 48	1. 23. 21	0. 23	19. 0	1. 35
25	3. 8. 1	1. 21	2. 0. 30	0. 30	20. 57	1. 43
MARS.						
1	3. 3. 3	1. 18 N	2. 3. 20	1. 2 N	21. 51 N	3. 22
7	3. 5. 56	1. 22	2. 7. 13	1. 4	22. 36	3. 17
13	3. 8. 47	1. 26	2. 11. 6	1. 6	23. 14	3. 11
19	3. 11. 37	1. 29	2. 14. 57	1. 7	23. 44	3. 6
25	3. 14. 25	1. 32	2. 18. 47	1. 8	24. 8	3. 0
JUPITER.						
1	5. 19. 53	1. 15 N	5. 15. 13	1. 30 N	7. 14 N	10. 24
7	5. 20. 20	1. 15	5. 14. 35	1. 29	7. 28	10. 0
13	5. 20. 48	1. 15	5. 14. 7	1. 28	7. 38	9. 36
19	5. 21. 15	1. 16	5. 13. 40	1. 28	7. 47	9. 12
25	5. 21. 42	1. 16	5. 13. 21	1. 27	7. 54	8. 48
SATURN.						
1	2. 20. 22	1. 17 S	2. 14. 42	1. 14 S	21. 21 N	4. 11
7	2. 20. 36	1. 17	2. 15. 11	1. 13	21. 25	3. 51
13	2. 20. 49	1. 15	2. 15. 45	1. 12	21. 31	3. 31
19	2. 21. 3	1. 16	2. 16. 21	1. 11	21. 35	3. 12
25	2. 21. 16	1. 15	2. 16. 59	1. 9	21. 41	2. 52



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Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 9 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1				3.		2.	⊙	1.		4.
2	4.			3.		1.	⊙			2.
3	2.				4.	3.	⊙			1.
4		4.			2.	1.	⊙		3.	
5		4.					⊙	2.	1.	3.
6	4.					1.	⊙		2.	3.
7		4.			2.		⊙	1.	3.	
8	1.0		4.		3.	2.	⊙			
9			3.	4.		1.	⊙			2.
10				3.		1.	⊙	2.		1.
11	3.0				2.	1.	⊙			4.
12							⊙	2.	1.	3.
13						1.	⊙		2.	3.
14						2.	⊙	1.	7.	4.
15	1.0				2.	3.	⊙			4.
16				3.		1.	⊙		2.	4.
17				1.			⊙	2.	1.	4.
18				2.	1.	3.	⊙		4.	
19	2.0				4.		⊙		1.	3.
20			4.			1.	⊙		2.	3.
21		4.				2.	⊙	1.	3.	
22		4.			2.	3.	⊙			
23		4.		3.			⊙		2.	1.
24		4.		3.			⊙	1.	2.	
25			4.		2.	1.	⊙			
26				4.		2.	⊙		1.	3.
27	4.0				1.		⊙		2.	3.
28	2.						⊙	1.	3.	4.
29					2.	1.	⊙			4.
30				3.			⊙	1.	2.	4.



Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		S ° ' "	S ° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	W.	1. 15. 45. 35	1. 22. 45. 42	5. 1. 8 N	4. 53. 41 N
2	Th.	1. 29. 38. 44	2. 6. 24. 32	4. 42. 5	4. 26. 39
3	F.	2. 13. 3. 12	2. 19. 35. 24	4. 7. 50	3. 46. 8
4	Sa.	2. 26. 0. 21	3. 2. 19. 39	3. 21. 49	2. 55. 27
5	Su.	3. 8. 33. 23	3. 14. 42. 16	2. 27. 15	1. 57. 46
6	M.	3. 25. 46. 57	3. 26. 48. 5	1. 27. 14	0. 55. 58 N
7	Tu.	4. 2. 46. 23	4. 8. 42. 28	0. 24. 29 N	0. 7. 9 S
8	W.	4. 14. 37. 6	4. 20. 30. 44	0. 38. 29 S	1. 9. 26
9	Th.	4. 26. 24. 8	5. 2. 17. 50	1. 39. 27	2. 8. 26
10	F.	5. 8. 12. 13	5. 14. 7. 53	2. 36. 5	3. 2. 8
11	Sa.	5. 20. 5. 19	5. 26. 4. 35	3. 26. 9	3. 48. 5
12	Su.	6. 2. 6. 11	6. 8. 10. 17	4. 7. 35	4. 24. 19
13	M.	6. 14. 16. 58	6. 20. 26. 33	4. 38. 13	4. 48. 53
14	Tu.	6. 26. 38. 58	7. 2. 54. 14	4. 56. 16	5. 0. 6
15	W.	7. 9. 12. 28	7. 15. 33. 42	5. 0. 18	4. 56. 51
16	Th.	7. 21. 57. 48	7. 28. 24. 44	4. 49. 34	4. 38. 35
17	F.	8. 4. 54. 34	8. 11. 27. 17	4. 23. 51	4. 5. 35
18	Sa.	8. 18. 2. 54	8. 24. 41. 26	3. 43. 51	3. 18. 54
19	Su.	9. 1. 23. 2	9. 8. 7. 40	2. 51. 1	2. 20. 27
20	M.	9. 14. 55. 29	9. 21. 46. 36	1. 47. 44	1. 13. 5
21	Tu.	9. 28. 41. 8	10. 5. 39. 5	0. 37. 9 S	0. 0. 16 S
22	W.	10. 12. 40. 30	10. 19. 45. 26	0. 36. 47 N	1. 13. 39 N
23	Th.	10. 26. 53. 40	11. 4. 5. 9	1. 49. 38	2. 24. 3
24	F.	11. 11. 19. 21	11. 18. 35. 57	2. 56. 21	3. 25. 56
25	Sa.	11. 25. 54. 22	0. 3. 13. 56	3. 52. 19	4. 14. 49
26	Su.	0. 10. 33. 45	0. 17. 53. 2	4. 33. 11	4. 46. 57
27	M.	0. 25. 10. 39	1. 2. 25. 51	4. 55. 59	5. 0. 10
28	Tu.	1. 9. 37. 33	1. 16. 44. 56	4. 59. 33	4. 54. 17
29	W.	1. 23. 47. 30	2. 0. 44. 25	4. 44. 29	4. 30. 40
30	Th.	2. 7. 35. 18	2. 14. 20. 4	4. 13. 1	3. 52. 4

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Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declination at Noon.	D's Declination at Midn.
			h /	° /	° /	° /	° /
1	W.	3	2. 9	41. 43	49. 0	21. 23 N	23. 12 N
2	Th.	4	3. 6	56. 20	63. 42	24. 41	25. 47
3	F.	5	4. 4	71. 3	78. 20	26. 29	26. 49
4	Sa.	6	4. 59	85. 32	92. 35	26. 47	26. 23
5	Su.	7	5. 53	99. 29	106. 12	25. 39	24. 37
6	M.	8	6. 42	112. 43	119. 2	23. 18	21. 44
7	Tu.	9	7. 30	125. 9	131. 7	19. 58	18. 0
8	W.	10	8. 13	136. 54	142. 32	15. 52	13. 34
9	Th.	11	8. 54	148. 4	153. 30	11. 10	8. 40
10	F.	12	9. 36	158. 52	164. 12	6. 5	3. 27 N
11	Sa.	13	10. 16	169. 32	174. 53	0. 47 N	1. 55 S
12	Su.	14	10. 56	180. 17	185. 45	4. 37 S	7. 17
13	M.	15	11. 39	191. 19	197. 1	9. 55	12. 27
14	Tu.	16	12. 22	202. 52	208. 55	14. 53	17. 11
15	W.	17	13. 14	215. 8	221. 33	19. 19	21. 15
16	Th.	18	14. 6	228. 11	235. 2	22. 57	24. 22
17	F.	19	15. 2	242. 4	249. 17	25. 28	26. 14
18	Sa.	20	15. 59	256. 38	264. 4	26. 39	26. 41
19	Su.	21	16. 57	271. 32	279. 0	26. 19	25. 34
20	M.	22	17. 53	286. 25	293. 45	24. 25	22. 55
21	Tu.	23	18. 49	300. 57	308. 1	21. 3	18. 53
22	W.	24	19. 41	314. 57	321. 47	16. 26	13. 45
23	Th.	25	20. 32	328. 29	335. 6	10. 51	7. 48
24	F.	26	21. 22	341. 39	348. 11	4. 37 S	1. 22 S
25	Sa.	27	22. 13	354. 42	1. 16	1. 55 N	5. 11 N
26	Su.	28	23. 6	7. 55	14. 38	8. 22	11. 27
27	M.	29	♂	21. 29	28. 26	14. 20	17. 2
28	Tu.	1	0. 0	35. 32	42. 46	19. 27	21. 33
29	W.	2	0. 57	50. 7	57. 33	23. 20	24. 45
30	Th.	3	1. 55	65. 1	72. 29	25. 46	26. 23

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A P R I L 1767.

Days of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declination North.	Equat. of Time Add.	Diff.
		° ' "	h ' "	° ' "	' "	
1	W.	0. 11. 31. 31	0. 42. 23	4. 33. 52	3. 59	19
2	Th.	0. 12. 30. 35	0. 46. 1	4. 36. 57	3. 40	18
3	F.	0. 13. 29. 37	0. 49. 39	5. 19. 57	3. 22	18
4	Sa.	0. 14. 28. 36	0. 53. 18	5. 42. 51	3. 4	18
5	Su.	0. 15. 27. 33	0. 56. 56	6. 5. 39	2. 46	18
6	M.	0. 16. 26. 28	1. 0. 34	6. 28. 20	2. 28	18
7	Tu.	0. 17. 25. 20	1. 4. 14	6. 50. 56	2. 10	17
8	W.	0. 18. 24. 10	1. 7. 53	7. 13. 24	1. 53	17
9	Th.	0. 19. 22. 58	1. 11. 32	7. 35. 45	1. 36	17
10	F.	0. 20. 21. 43	1. 15. 12	7. 57. 58	1. 19	17
11	Sa.	0. 21. 20. 26	1. 18. 52	8. 20. 2	1. 2	16
12	Su.	0. 22. 19. 7	1. 22. 32	8. 41. 59	0. 46	16
13	M.	0. 23. 17. 46	1. 26. 12	9. 3. 46	0. 30	15
14	Tu.	0. 24. 16. 23	1. 29. 53	9. 25. 25	0. 15	16
15	W.	0. 25. 14. 58	1. 33. 34	9. 46. 54	Sub. 1	14
16	Th.	0. 26. 13. 31	1. 37. 16	10. 8. 14	0. 15	15
17	F.	0. 27. 12. 3	1. 40. 58	10. 29. 24	0. 30	14
18	Sa.	0. 28. 10. 32	1. 44. 40	10. 50. 23	0. 44	14
19	Su.	0. 29. 9. 1	1. 48. 23	11. 11. 12	0. 58	14
20	M.	1. 0. 7. 28	1. 52. 6	11. 31. 51	1. 12	12
21	Tu.	1. 1. 5. 53	1. 55. 49	11. 52. 18	1. 24	13
22	W.	1. 2. 4. 17	1. 59. 33	12. 12. 33	1. 37	13
23	Th.	1. 3. 2. 39	2. 3. 18	12. 32. 37	1. 50	11
24	F.	1. 4. 1. 0	2. 7. 3	12. 52. 29	2. 1	12
25	Sa.	1. 4. 59. 19	2. 10. 48	13. 12. 7	2. 13	11
26	Su.	1. 5. 57. 37	2. 14. 34	13. 31. 34	2. 24	9
27	M.	1. 6. 55. 53	2. 18. 21	13. 50. 46	2. 33	9
28	Tu.	1. 7. 54. 8	2. 22. 7	14. 9. 46	2. 42	9
29	W.	1. 8. 52. 20	2. 25. 55	14. 28. 31	2. 51	9
30	Th.	1. 9. 50. 31	2. 29. 43	14. 47. 2	3. 0	9



# APRIL 1767.

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Days of the Month.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	h m	h m	h m		s °
1	16. 2. 3	1. 4. 3	2. 27. 6	0. 000215	10. 6. 42
7	16. 0. 6	1. 4. 5	2. 27. 1	0. 000944	10. 6. 23
13	15. 59. 1	1. 4. 7	2. 26. 6	0. 001667	10. 6. 4
19	15. 57. 5	1. 5. 1	2. 26. 1	0. 002392	10. 5. 45
25	15. 55. 0	1. 5. 5	2. 25. 6	0. 003102	10. 5. 26

## Eclipses of the SATELLITES of J U P I T E R.

I. Satellite. Emerfions.		II. Satellite. Emerfions.		III. Satellite.	
Days	h m	Days	h m	Days	h m
2	5. 23. 49	3	12* 10. 43	7	22. 12. 10 E
3	23. 52. 57	7	1. 20. 24	15	2. 12. 25 E
5	18. 22. 11	10	14* 48. 9	22	6. 12. 28 E
7	12* 51. 16	14	4. 6. 50	29	7* 7. 40 I
9	7* 20. 25	17	17. 25. 28	29	10* 12. 8 E
11	1. 49. 33	21	6. 44. 12	IV. Satellite.	
12	20. 18. 43	24	20. 2. 57		
14	14* 47. 48	28	9* 21. 30	2	11* 9. 31 I
16	9* 16. 55			2	14* 41. 51 E
18	3. 45. 55			19	5. 14. 3 I
19	22. 15. 4			19	8* 40. 17 E
21	16. 44. 3				
23	11* 13. 6				
25	5. 42. 8				
27	0. 11. 6				
28	18. 40. 0				
30	13* 8. 59				



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APRIL 1767.

Days	Heliocentric Longitude.	Heliocentric Latitude.	Geocentric Longitude.	Geocentric Latitude.	Declination.	Passage over Merid.
	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	h ' "
MERCURY. inf. 8 19 <sup>d</sup> 15 <sup>h</sup>						
1	4. 14. 3	6. 59 N	1. 0. 27	2. 42 N	14. 10 N	1. 7
7	5. 13. 15	6. 12	1. 3. 54	3. 8	15. 47	0. 58
13	6. 7. 22	4. 21	1. 3. 27	2. 48	15. 19	0. 35
19	6. 27. 50	2. 9	1. 0. 9	1. 37	13. 3	0. 1
25	7. 16. 0	0. 2 S	0. 26. 14	0. 2 S	10. 7	23. 22
VENUS.						
1	1. 29. 17	0. 54 S	1. 1. 17	0. 25 S	11. 32 N	1. 14
7	2. 8. 56	0. 20	1. 8. 40	0. 8	14. 17	1. 21
13	2. 18. 37	0. 14 N	1. 16. 1	0. 7 N	16. 46	1. 28
19	2. 28. 18	0. 48	1. 23. 21	0. 23	19. 0	1. 35
25	3. 8. 1	1. 21	2. 0. 30	0. 30	20. 57	1. 43
MARS.						
1	3. 3. 3	1. 18 N	2. 3. 20	1. 2 N	21. 51 N	3. 22
7	3. 5. 56	1. 22	2. 7. 13	1. 4	22. 36	3. 17
13	3. 8. 47	1. 26	2. 11. 6	1. 6	23. 14	3. 11
19	3. 11. 37	1. 29	2. 14. 57	1. 7	23. 44	3. 6
25	3. 14. 25	1. 32	2. 18. 47	1. 8	24. 8	3. 0
JUPITER.						
1	5. 19. 53	1. 15 N	5. 15. 13	1. 30 N	7. 14 N	10. 24
7	5. 20. 20	1. 15	5. 14. 35	1. 29	7. 28	10. 0
13	5. 20. 48	1. 15	5. 14. 7	1. 28	7. 38	9. 36
19	5. 21. 15	1. 16	5. 13. 40	1. 28	7. 47	9. 12
25	5. 21. 42	1. 16	5. 13. 21	1. 27	7. 54	8. 48
SATURN.						
1	2. 20. 22	1. 17 S	2. 14. 42	1. 14 S	21. 21 N	4. 11
7	2. 20. 36	1. 17	2. 15. 11	1. 13	21. 25	3. 51
13	2. 20. 49	1. 16	2. 15. 45	1. 12	21. 31	3. 31
19	2. 21. 3	1. 16	2. 16. 21	1. 11	21. 35	3. 12
25	2. 21. 16	1. 15	2. 16. 59	1. 9	21. 41	2. 52

A P R I L 1767.

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Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 9 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1				2	⊙	1		4
2	4	1		1	⊙			2
3	2		4	3	⊙		1	
4		4		2	1	⊙	3	
5	4				⊙	2	1	3
6	4			1	⊙		2	3
7	4			2	⊙	1	3	
8	1.0	4		3	2	⊙		
9		3	4		1	⊙		2
10			3		1	⊙	2	1
11	3.0			2	1	⊙		4
12					⊙	2	1	3
13				1	⊙		2	3
14				2	⊙	1	1	
15	1.0			2	3	⊙		4
16			3		1	⊙		2
17			3		⊙	2	1	4
18			2	1	3	⊙	4	
19	2.0			4	⊙		1	3
20			4		1	⊙		2
21		4			2	⊙	1	3
22	4			2	3	1	⊙	
23	4		3		⊙		2	1
24	4		3		⊙	1	2	
25		4		2	1	3	⊙	
26			4		2	⊙	1	3
27	4.0			1	⊙		2	3
28	2				⊙	1	3	4
29			2	1	3	⊙		4
30			3		⊙	1	2	4

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		S ° ' "	S ° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	W.	1. 15. 45. 35	1. 22. 45. 42	5. 1. 8 N	4. 53. 41 N
2	Th.	1. 29. 38. 44	2. 6. 24. 32	4. 42. 5	4. 26. 39
3	F.	2. 13. 3. 12	2. 19. 35. 24	7. 50	3. 46. 8
4	Sa.	2. 26. 0. 21	3. 2. 19. 39	3. 21. 49	2. 55. 27
5	Su.	3. 8. 33. 23	3. 14. 42. 16	2. 27. 15	1. 57. 46
6	M.	3. 20. 46. 57	3. 26. 48. 5	1. 27. 14	0. 55. 58 N
7	Tu.	4. 2. 46. 23	4. 8. 42. 28	0. 24. 29 N	0. 7. 9 S
8	W.	4. 14. 37. 6	4. 20. 30. 44	0. 38. 29 S	1. 9. 26
9	Th.	4. 26. 24. 8	5. 2. 17. 50	1. 39. 27	2. 8. 26
10	F.	5. 8. 12. 13	5. 14. 7. 53	2. 36. 5	3. 2. 8
11	Sa.	5. 20. 5. 19	5. 26. 4. 35	3. 26. 9	3. 48. 5
12	Su.	6. 2. 6. 11	6. 8. 10. 17	4. 7. 35	4. 24. 19
13	M.	6. 14. 16. 58	6. 20. 26. 33	4. 38. 13	4. 48. 53
14	Tu.	6. 26. 38. 58	7. 2. 54. 14	4. 56. 16	5. 0. 6
15	W.	7. 9. 12. 28	7. 15. 33. 42	5. 0. 18	4. 56. 51
16	Th.	7. 21. 57. 48	7. 28. 24. 44	4. 49. 34	4. 38. 35
17	F.	8. 4. 54. 34	8. 11. 27. 17	4. 23. 51	4. 5. 35
18	Sa.	8. 18. 2. 54	8. 24. 41. 26	3. 43. 51	3. 18. 54
19	Su.	9. 1. 23. 2	9. 8. 7. 40	2. 51. 1	2. 20. 27
20	M.	9. 14. 55. 29	9. 21. 46. 36	1. 47. 44	1. 13. 5
21	Tu.	9. 28. 41. 8	10. 5. 39. 5	0. 37. 9 S	0. 0. 16 S
22	W.	10. 12. 40. 30	10. 19. 45. 26	0. 36. 47 N	1. 13. 39 N
23	Th.	10. 26. 53. 40	11. 4. 5. 9	1. 49. 38	2. 24. 3
24	F.	11. 11. 19. 21	11. 18. 35. 57	2. 56. 21	3. 25. 56
25	Sa.	11. 25. 54. 22	0. 3. 13. 56	3. 52. 19	4. 14. 49
26	Su.	0. 10. 33. 45	0. 17. 53. 24	4. 33. 11	4. 46. 57
27	M.	0. 25. 10. 39	1. 2. 25. 51	4. 55. 59	5. 0. 10
28	Tu.	1. 9. 37. 33	1. 16. 44. 56	4. 59. 33	4. 54. 17
29	W.	1. 23. 47. 30	2. 0. 44. 25	4. 44. 29	4. 30. 40
30	Th.	2. 7. 35. 18	2. 14. 20. 44	4. 13. 1	3. 52. 4



# APRIL 1767.

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Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Asc.	D's Pass- age over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's De- clination at Noon.	D's De- clination at Midn.
			h /	° /	° /	° /	° /
1	W.	3	2. 9	41. 43	49. 0	21. 23 N	23. 12 N
2	Th.	4	3. 6	56. 20	63. 42	24. 41	25. 47
3	F.	5	4. 4	71. 3	78. 20	26. 29	26. 49
4	Sa.	6	4. 59	85. 32	92. 35	26. 47	26. 23
5	Su.	7	5. 53	99. 29	106. 12	25. 39	24. 37
6	M.	8	6. 42	112. 43	119. 2	23. 18	21. 44
7	Tu.	9	7. 30	125. 9	131. 7	19. 58	18. 0
8	W.	10	8. 13	136. 54	142. 32	15. 52	13. 34
9	Th.	11	8. 54	148. 4	153. 30	11. 10	8. 40
10	F.	12	9. 36	158. 52	164. 12	6. 5	3. 27 N
11	Sa.	13	10. 16	169. 32	174. 53	0. 47 N	1. 55 S
12	Su.	14	10. 56	180. 17	185. 45	4. 37 S	7. 17
13	M.	15	11. 39	191. 19	197. 1	9. 55	12. 27
14	Tu.	16	12. 22	202. 52	208. 55	14. 53	17. 11
15	W.	17	13. 14	215. 8	221. 33	19. 19	21. 15
16	Th.	18	14. 6	228. 11	235. 2	22. 57	24. 22
17	F.	19	15. 2	242. 4	249. 17	25. 28	26. 14
18	Sa.	20	15. 59	256. 38	264. 4	26. 39	26. 41
19	Su.	21	16. 57	271. 32	279. 0	26. 19	25. 34
20	M.	22	17. 53	286. 25	293. 45	24. 25	22. 55
21	Tu.	23	18. 49	300. 57	308. 1	21. 3	18. 53
22	W.	24	19. 41	314. 57	321. 47	16. 26	13. 45
23	Th.	25	20. 32	328. 29	335. 6	10. 51	7. 48
24	F.	26	21. 22	341. 39	348. 11	4. 37 S	1. 22 S
25	Sa.	27	22. 13	354. 42	1. 16	1. 55 N	5. 11 N
26	Su.	28	23. 6	7. 55	14. 38	8. 22	11. 27
27	M.	29	♂	21. 29	28. 26	14. 20	17. 2
28	Tu.	1	0. 0	35. 32	42. 46	19. 27	21. 33
29	W.	2	0. 57	50. 7	57. 33	23. 20	24. 45
30	Th.	3	1. 55	65. 1	72. 29	25. 46	26. 23

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A P R I L 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semid <sup>r</sup> . D at Noon.	Semid <sup>r</sup> . D at Mid- night.	Hor. Par. D at Noon.	Hor. Par. D at Midnight.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Midn.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Noon.
1	W.	16. 6	15. 59	59. 6	58. 39	0066	0099	
2	Th.	15. 51	15. 43	58. 12	57. 43	0132	0169	
3	F.	15. 36	15. 29	57. 16	56. 50	0202	0235	
4	Sa.	15. 22	15. 16	56. 24	56. 1	0269	0298	
5	Su.	15. 10	15. 5	55. 40	55. 21	0326	0350	
6	M.	15. 0	14. 56	55. 3	54. 49	0374	0392	
7	Tu.	14. 53	14. 50	54. 38	54. 28	0407	0420	
8	W.	14. 48	14. 48	54. 21	54. 17	0430	0435	
9	Th.	14. 47	14. 47	54. 14	54. 14	0439	0439	
10	F.	14. 47	14. 49	54. 17	54. 20	0435	0431	
11	Sa.	14. 49	14. 52	54. 25	54. 33	0424	0414	
12	Su.	14. 54	14. 56	54. 40	54. 50	0404	0391	
13	M.	14. 59	15. 2	55. 0	55. 12	0378	0362	
14	Tu.	15. 6	15. 9	55. 25	55. 38	0345	0328	
15	W.	15. 13	15. 17	55. 51	56. 6	0311	0292	
16	Th.	15. 21	15. 25	56. 20	56. 35	0274	0255	
17	F.	15. 29	15. 34	56. 50	57. 6	0235	0215	
18	Sa.	15. 37	15. 42	57. 21	57. 37	0196	0176	
19	Su.	15. 46	15. 51	57. 52	58. 9	0157	0136	
20	M.	15. 55	16. 0	58. 25	58. 41	0116	0096	
21	Tu.	16. 3	16. 8	58. 55	59. 11	0079	0060	
22	W.	16. 11	16. 15	59. 24	59. 38	0044	0027	
23	Th.	16. 18	16. 21	59. 49	59. 59	0013	0001	
24	F.	16. 23	16. 24	60. 7	60. 13	9992	9984	
25	Sa.	16. 25	16. 25	60. 15	60. 14	9982	9983	
26	Su.	16. 24	16. 22	60. 11	60. 5	9987	9994	
27	M.	16. 19	16. 16	59. 55	59. 42	0006	0022	
28	Tu.	16. 11	16. 7	59. 26	59. 8	0041	0063	
29	W.	16. 1	15. 55	58. 46	58. 25	0090	0116	
30	Th.	15. 48	15. 42	58. 1	57. 37	0146	0176	

# A P R I L 1767.

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A P R I L 1767.													[45]
Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.													
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"
1	Aldebaran	23.	15.	18	21.	41.	20	20.	9.	31	18.	40.	15
2	Pollux.	50.	8.	20	48.	27.	11	46.	46.	31	45.	6.	18
3		36.	52.	27	35.	15.	6	33.	38.	17	32.	1.	56
4	Regulus.	60.	37.	23	59.	2.	6	57.	27.	8	55.	52.	30
5		48.	4.	9	46.	31.	25	44.	58.	58	43.	26.	47
6		35.	49.	35	34.	18.	54	32.	48.	27	31.	18.	12
7		23.	49.	45	22.	20.	36	20.	51.	38	19.	22.	51
8	Spica $\pi$	65.	58.	46	64.	30.	7	63.	1.	31	61.	32.	55
9		54.	10.	25	52.	41.	57	51.	13.	27	49.	44.	57
10		42.	22.	7	40.	53.	25	39.	24.	39	37.	55.	50
11		30.	30.	44	29.	1.	31	27.	32.	15	26.	2.	55
12		18.	35.	31	17.	6.	3	15.	36.	40	14.	7.	23
13	Antares.	52.	3.	37	50.	31.	44	48.	59.	41	47.	27.	29
14		39.	44.	0	38.	10.	48	36.	37.	25	35.	3.	52
15		27.	13.	21	25.	38.	40	24.	3.	50	22.	28.	47
16	$\alpha$ Aquila	72.	15.	3	70.	53.	10	69.	31.	25	68.	9.	48
17		61.	24.	28	60.	4.	13	58.	44.	20	57.	24.	51
18	$\gamma$ Capricorni.	43.	31.	15	41.	52.	46	40.	14.	7	38.	35.	21
19	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	80.	28.	37	78.	51.	33	77.	14.	19	75.	36.	58
20		67.	28.	5	65.	49.	57	64.	11.	44	62.	33.	27
21		54.	21.	25	52.	43.	2	51.	4.	45	49.	26.	36
19	The Sun.	117.	43.	44	116.	10.	30	114.	37.	3	113.	3.	22
20		105.	11.	31	103.	36.	28	102.	1.	11	100.	25.	41
21		92.	24.	44	90.	47.	53	89.	10.	47	87.	33.	30
22		79.	23.	48	77.	45.	13	76.	6.	25	74.	27.	26
23		66.	9.	46	64.	29.	40	62.	49.	25	61.	9.	1
24		52.	45.	6	51.	3.	59	49.	22.	47	47.	41.	30
30	Pollux.	42.	17.	23	40.	36.	48	38.	56.	38	37.	16.	56



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APRIL 1767.

[Distances of J's Center from Stars, and from ☉ east of her.]

Days	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Pollux.	56. 57. 31	55. 14. 32	53. 32. 1	51. 49. 57
2		43. 25. 34	41. 47. 19	40. 8. 32	38. 30. 16
3		30. 26. 7	28. 50. 50	27. 16. 5	25. 41. 54
4	Regulus.	54. 18. 11	52. 44. 13	51. 10. 34	49. 37. 12
5		41. 54. 53	40. 23. 11	38. 51. 44	37. 20. 32
6		29. 48. 10	28. 18. 18	26. 48. 36	25. 19. 5
7		17. 54. 17	16. 25. 56	14. 57. 46	13. 29. 51
8	Spica ♀	60. 4. 22	58. 35. 52	57. 7. 21	55. 38. 53
9		48. 16. 25	46. 47. 54	45. 19. 20	43. 50. 45
10		36. 26. 57	34. 57. 59	33. 28. 57	31. 59. 52
11		24. 33. 32	23. 4. 2	21. 34. 32	20. 5. 1
12	Antares.	58. 9. 25	56. 38. 13	55. 6. 52	53. 35. 19
13		45. 55. 6	44. 22. 35	42. 49. 53	41. 17. 1
14		33. 30. 8	31. 56. 12	30. 22. 6	28. 47. 49
15	♂ Aquilæ.	77. 43. 0	76. 20. 59	74. 58. 58	73. 37. 0
16		66. 48. 19	65. 26. 59	64. 5. 54	62. 45. 3
17	♂ Capri- corni.	50. 3. 39	48. 25. 48	46. 47. 47	45. 9. 36
18		36. 56. 25	35. 17. 22	33. 38. 13	31. 58. 58
19	♂ Peguli.	73. 59. 27	72. 21. 48	70. 44. 1	69. 6. 7
20		60. 55. 5	59. 16. 40	57. 38. 15	55. 59. 50
21		47. 48. 34	46. 10. 46	44. 33. 14	42. 55. 58
19	The Sun.	111. 29. 27	109. 55. 18	108. 20. 56	106. 46. 20
20		98. 49. 56	97. 15. 58	95. 37. 47	94. 1. 22
21		85. 55. 59	84. 18. 15	82. 40. 18	81. 2. 10
22		72. 48. 15	71. 8. 54	69. 29. 22	67. 49. 39
23		59. 28. 27	57. 47. 46	56. 6. 59	54. 26. 6
24		46. 0. 10	44. 18. 49	42. 37. 27	40. 56. 2
30	Pollux.	35. 37. 41	33. 58. 53	32. 20. 37	30. 42. 54

# A P R I L 1767.

[47]

Distances of  $\gamma$ 's Center from  $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
2	The Sun.	47. 18. 54	48. 52. 49	50. 26. 20	51. 59. 26
3		59. 38. 50	61. 9. 31	62. 39. 50	64. 9. 45
4		74. 33. 43	73. 1. 27	74. 28. 50	75. 55. 53
5		83. 6. 13	84. 31. 24	85. 56. 19	87. 20. 57
6		94. 20. 26	95. 43. 38	97. 6. 39	98. 29. 28
7		105. 21. 1	106. 42. 52	108. 4. 35	109. 26. 12
8		116. 12. 50	117. 33. 55	118. 54. 55	120. 15. 51
6	Aldeba- ran.	44. 43. 46	46. 11. 58	47. 40. 6	49. 8. 10
7		56. 27. 28	57. 55. 8	59. 22. 42	60. 50. 15
8		68. 7. 16	69. 34. 34	71. 1. 50	72. 29. 4
9	Pollux.	37. 15. 50	38. 43. 32	40. 11. 19	41. 39. 9
10	Regulus.	11. 59. 35	13. 27. 18	14. 55. 16	16. 23. 30
11		23. 47. 37	25. 16. 54	26. 46. 19	28. 15. 53
12		35. 45. 53	37. 16. 23	38. 47. 2	40. 17. 51
13		47. 54. 10	49. 25. 55	50. 57. 50	52. 29. 56
14		60. 12. 56	61. 46. 3	63. 19. 21	64. 52. 49
15	Spica $\pi$	18. 48. 3	20. 21. 45	21. 55. 45	23. 30. 1
16		31. 25. 17	33. 1. 2	34. 37. 0	36. 13. 12
17		44. 17. 25	45. 54. 55	47. 32. 37	49. 10. 32
18		57. 23. 12	59. 2. 19	60. 41. 41	62. 21. 14
19	Antares.	24. 51. 52	26. 32. 52	28. 14. 7	29. 55. 33
20		38. 26. 5	40. 8. 51	41. 51. 51	43. 35. 3
21		52. 14. 33	53. 59. 6	55. 43. 53	57. 28. 53
22		66. 17. 8	68. 3. 26	69. 49. 57	71. 36. 41
23	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	26. 11. 46	27. 57. 42	29. 43. 57	31. 30. 33
24		40. 27. 41	42. 15. 48	44. 4. 5	45. 52. 32
25	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	59. 53. 28	61. 23. 38	62. 54. 24	64. 25. 48
26		72. 9. 4	73. 42. 46	75. 16. 38	76. 50. 40

# A P R I L 1767.

Distances of  $\gamma$ 's Center from  $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.

Days.	Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	The Sun.	40. 59. 11	42. 34. 44	44. 9. 51	45. 44. 35
2		53. 32. 7	55. 4. 24	56. 36. 16	58. 7. 45
3		65. 39. 18	67. 8. 27	68. 37. 14	70. 5. 39
4		77. 22. 36	78. 48. 58	80. 15. 1	81. 40. 46
5		88. 45. 20	90. 9. 27	91. 33. 21	92. 57. 0
6		99. 52. 6	101. 14. 34	102. 36. 52	103. 59. 1
7		110. 47. 42	112. 9. 6	113. 30. 25	114. 51. 40
6	Aldebaran	50. 36. 10	52. 4. 5	53. 31. 57	54. 59. 44
7		62. 17. 43	63. 45. 10	65. 12. 34	66. 39. 57
8	Pollux.	31. 25. 48	32. 53. 11	34. 20. 40	35. 48. 12
9		43. 7. 5	44. 35. 4	46. 3. 8	47. 31. 15
10	Regulus.	17. 51. 57	19. 20. 36	20. 49. 26	22. 18. 27
11		29. 45. 36	31. 15. 26	32. 45. 26	34. 15. 35
12		41. 48. 49	43. 19. 55	44. 51. 10	46. 22. 36
13		54. 2. 11	55. 34. 36	57. 7. 12	58. 39. 59
14	Spica $\mu$	66. 26. 28	68. 0. 18	69. 34. 20	71. 8. 33
15		25. 4. 34	26. 39. 23	28. 14. 26	29. 49. 44
16		37. 49. 37	39. 26. 14	41. 3. 5	42. 40. 8
17		50. 48. 40	52. 26. 59	54. 5. 31	55. 44. 15
18	Antares.	64. 1. 2	65. 41. 3	67. 21. 18	69. 1. 48
19		31. 37. 14	33. 19. 7	35. 1. 13	36. 43. 32
20		45. 18. 29	47. 2. 10	48. 46. 5	50. 30. 12
21		59. 14. 6	60. 59. 31	62. 45. 11	64. 31. 2
22	Capri- corni.	73. 23. 37	75. 10. 43	76. 58. 2	78. 45. 31
23		33. 17. 26	35. 4. 38	36. 52. 4	38. 39. 45
24		47. 41. 9	49. 29. 53	51. 18. 44	53. 7. 40
25	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	65. 57. 35	67. 29. 54	69. 2. 36	70. 35. 39
26		78. 24. 51	79. 59. 9	81. 33. 29	83. 7. 45



Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. '
			First Quarter — 5. 8. 30
			Full Moon — 13. 8. 26
			Last Quarter — 20. 10. 14
			New Moon — 27. 6. 37
1	F.	St. Philip and St. James.	Other Phenomena. D. 1. ☾ 3 post ☾ 2 <sup>h</sup> 13'. 2. ☾ ☿ II 5 <sup>h</sup> 12'. 3. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ diff. Lat. 3'. 4. ☾ ☿ ☿ 13 <sup>h</sup> 18'. 8. ☾ ☿ ☿ 10 <sup>h</sup> 59'. 9. ☿ Stationary. 13. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 10'. 14. ☾ ☿ ☿ 6 <sup>h</sup> 0'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 9 <sup>h</sup> 32'. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ [diff. Lat. 20'. 16. ☾ ☿ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> 49'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 19 <sup>h</sup> 26'. 20. ☾ ☿ ☿ 11 <sup>h</sup> 1'. ☿ enters II at 21 <sup>h</sup> 40'. 23. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 50'. 24. ☾ ☿ ☿ 5 <sup>h</sup> 23'. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 16'. 27. ☿ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 37'. 28. ☾ 3 post ☾ 11 <sup>h</sup> 24'. 29. ☾ ☿ ☿ 14 <sup>h</sup> 11'. ☾ ☿ 22 <sup>h</sup> 29': ☾ will e- clipse ☿ 30. ☾ ☿ 1 <sup>h</sup> 49': ☿ 12' more North. 31. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 38'.
2	Sa.		
3	Su.	2d Sun. East. Inv. +	
4	M.	From Easter in 15 Days,	
5	Tu.	[1 ret.	
6	W.	Johnante P.L. Term beg.	Other Phenomena. D. 1. ☾ 3 post ☾ 2 <sup>h</sup> 13'. 2. ☾ ☿ II 5 <sup>h</sup> 12'. 3. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ diff. Lat. 3'. 4. ☾ ☿ ☿ 13 <sup>h</sup> 18'. 8. ☾ ☿ ☿ 10 <sup>h</sup> 59'. 9. ☿ Stationary. 13. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 10'. 14. ☾ ☿ ☿ 6 <sup>h</sup> 0'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 9 <sup>h</sup> 32'. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ [diff. Lat. 20'. 16. ☾ ☿ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> 49'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 19 <sup>h</sup> 26'. 20. ☾ ☿ ☿ 11 <sup>h</sup> 1'. ☿ enters II at 21 <sup>h</sup> 40'. 23. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 50'. 24. ☾ ☿ ☿ 5 <sup>h</sup> 23'. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 16'. 27. ☿ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 37'. 28. ☾ 3 post ☾ 11 <sup>h</sup> 24'. 29. ☾ ☿ ☿ 14 <sup>h</sup> 11'. ☾ ☿ 22 <sup>h</sup> 29': ☾ will e- clipse ☿ 30. ☾ ☿ 1 <sup>h</sup> 49': ☿ 12' more North. 31. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 38'.
7	Th.		
8	F.		
9	Sa.		
10	Su.	3d Sunday after Easter.	
11	M.	From East. in 3 Weeks,	Other Phenomena. D. 1. ☾ 3 post ☾ 2 <sup>h</sup> 13'. 2. ☾ ☿ II 5 <sup>h</sup> 12'. 3. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ diff. Lat. 3'. 4. ☾ ☿ ☿ 13 <sup>h</sup> 18'. 8. ☾ ☿ ☿ 10 <sup>h</sup> 59'. 9. ☿ Stationary. 13. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 10'. 14. ☾ ☿ ☿ 6 <sup>h</sup> 0'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 9 <sup>h</sup> 32'. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ [diff. Lat. 20'. 16. ☾ ☿ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> 49'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 19 <sup>h</sup> 26'. 20. ☾ ☿ ☿ 11 <sup>h</sup> 1'. ☿ enters II at 21 <sup>h</sup> 40'. 23. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 50'. 24. ☾ ☿ ☿ 5 <sup>h</sup> 23'. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 16'. 27. ☿ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 37'. 28. ☾ 3 post ☾ 11 <sup>h</sup> 24'. 29. ☾ ☿ ☿ 14 <sup>h</sup> 11'. ☾ ☿ 22 <sup>h</sup> 29': ☾ will e- clipse ☿ 30. ☾ ☿ 1 <sup>h</sup> 49': ☿ 12' more North. 31. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 38'.
12	Tu.	[2 ret.	
13	W.		
14	Th.		
15	F.		
16	Sa.		Other Phenomena. D. 1. ☾ 3 post ☾ 2 <sup>h</sup> 13'. 2. ☾ ☿ II 5 <sup>h</sup> 12'. 3. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ diff. Lat. 3'. 4. ☾ ☿ ☿ 13 <sup>h</sup> 18'. 8. ☾ ☿ ☿ 10 <sup>h</sup> 59'. 9. ☿ Stationary. 13. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 10'. 14. ☾ ☿ ☿ 6 <sup>h</sup> 0'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 9 <sup>h</sup> 32'. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ [diff. Lat. 20'. 16. ☾ ☿ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> 49'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 19 <sup>h</sup> 26'. 20. ☾ ☿ ☿ 11 <sup>h</sup> 1'. ☿ enters II at 21 <sup>h</sup> 40'. 23. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 50'. 24. ☾ ☿ ☿ 5 <sup>h</sup> 23'. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 16'. 27. ☿ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 37'. 28. ☾ 3 post ☾ 11 <sup>h</sup> 24'. 29. ☾ ☿ ☿ 14 <sup>h</sup> 11'. ☾ ☿ 22 <sup>h</sup> 29': ☾ will e- clipse ☿ 30. ☾ ☿ 1 <sup>h</sup> 49': ☿ 12' more North. 31. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 38'.
17	Su.	4th Sun. after East. [3 ret.	
18	M.	From Easter in 1 Month,	
19	Tu.	Q. Charlotte born, 1744,	
20	W.	[Dunstan.	
21	Th.		Other Phenomena. D. 1. ☾ 3 post ☾ 2 <sup>h</sup> 13'. 2. ☾ ☿ II 5 <sup>h</sup> 12'. 3. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ diff. Lat. 3'. 4. ☾ ☿ ☿ 13 <sup>h</sup> 18'. 8. ☾ ☿ ☿ 10 <sup>h</sup> 59'. 9. ☿ Stationary. 13. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 10'. 14. ☾ ☿ ☿ 6 <sup>h</sup> 0'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 9 <sup>h</sup> 32'. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ [diff. Lat. 20'. 16. ☾ ☿ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> 49'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 19 <sup>h</sup> 26'. 20. ☾ ☿ ☿ 11 <sup>h</sup> 1'. ☿ enters II at 21 <sup>h</sup> 40'. 23. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 50'. 24. ☾ ☿ ☿ 5 <sup>h</sup> 23'. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 16'. 27. ☿ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 37'. 28. ☾ 3 post ☾ 11 <sup>h</sup> 24'. 29. ☾ ☿ ☿ 14 <sup>h</sup> 11'. ☾ ☿ 22 <sup>h</sup> 29': ☾ will e- clipse ☿ 30. ☾ ☿ 1 <sup>h</sup> 49': ☿ 12' more North. 31. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 38'.
22	F.		
23	Sa.		
24	Su.	5 Su. after East. Rog. Sun.	
25	M.	From Easter in 5 W. 4 ret.	
26	Tu.	Augustin, 1st Abp. Cant.	Other Phenomena. D. 1. ☾ 3 post ☾ 2 <sup>h</sup> 13'. 2. ☾ ☿ II 5 <sup>h</sup> 12'. 3. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ diff. Lat. 3'. 4. ☾ ☿ ☿ 13 <sup>h</sup> 18'. 8. ☾ ☿ ☿ 10 <sup>h</sup> 59'. 9. ☿ Stationary. 13. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 10'. 14. ☾ ☿ ☿ 6 <sup>h</sup> 0'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 9 <sup>h</sup> 32'. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ [diff. Lat. 20'. 16. ☾ ☿ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> 49'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 19 <sup>h</sup> 26'. 20. ☾ ☿ ☿ 11 <sup>h</sup> 1'. ☿ enters II at 21 <sup>h</sup> 40'. 23. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 50'. 24. ☾ ☿ ☿ 5 <sup>h</sup> 23'. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 16'. 27. ☿ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 37'. 28. ☾ 3 post ☾ 11 <sup>h</sup> 24'. 29. ☾ ☿ ☿ 14 <sup>h</sup> 11'. ☾ ☿ 22 <sup>h</sup> 29': ☾ will e- clipse ☿ 30. ☾ ☿ 1 <sup>h</sup> 49': ☿ 12' more North. 31. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 38'.
27	W.	Venerable Bede.	
28	Th.	Ascension-day, H. Thurf.	
29	F.	K. Charles II. Rest. Mor-	
30	Sa.	[row of Ascens. 5 ret.	
31	Su.	Sunday after Ascension-day.	Other Phenomena. D. 1. ☾ 3 post ☾ 2 <sup>h</sup> 13'. 2. ☾ ☿ II 5 <sup>h</sup> 12'. 3. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ diff. Lat. 3'. 4. ☾ ☿ ☿ 13 <sup>h</sup> 18'. 8. ☾ ☿ ☿ 10 <sup>h</sup> 59'. 9. ☿ Stationary. 13. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 10'. 14. ☾ ☿ ☿ 6 <sup>h</sup> 0'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 9 <sup>h</sup> 32'. ☿ infra Cornu bor. ☿ [diff. Lat. 20'. 16. ☾ ☿ ☿ 8 <sup>h</sup> 49'. ☾ ☿ ☿ 19 <sup>h</sup> 26'. 20. ☾ ☿ ☿ 11 <sup>h</sup> 1'. ☿ enters II at 21 <sup>h</sup> 40'. 23. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 50'. 24. ☾ ☿ ☿ 5 <sup>h</sup> 23'. ☿ ☿ ☿ II diff. Lat. 16'. 27. ☿ ☿ ☿ diff. Lat. 37'. 28. ☾ 3 post ☾ 11 <sup>h</sup> 24'. 29. ☾ ☿ ☿ 14 <sup>h</sup> 11'. ☾ ☿ 22 <sup>h</sup> 29': ☾ will e- clipse ☿ 30. ☾ ☿ 1 <sup>h</sup> 49': ☿ 12' more North. 31. ☾ ☿ ☿ 21 <sup>h</sup> 38'.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declination of North.	Equat. Time Sub.	Diff.
		s o ' "	h ' "	o ' "	' "	"
1	F.	1. 10. 48. 41	2. 33. 32	15. 5. 18	3. 7	8
2	Sa.	1. 11. 46. 48	2. 37. 21	15. 23. 20	3. 15	8
3	Su.	1. 12. 44. 53	2. 41. 10	15. 41. 6	3. 23	7
4	M.	1. 13. 42. 56	2. 45. 0	15. 58. 36	3. 30	6
5	Tu.	1. 14. 40. 58	2. 48. 51	16. 15. 51	3. 36	5
6	W.	1. 15. 38. 57	2. 52. 42	16. 32. 50	3. 41	4
7	Th.	1. 16. 36. 55	2. 56. 34	16. 49. 32	3. 45	4
8	F.	1. 17. 34. 50	3. 0. 26	17. 5. 57	3. 49	4
9	Sa.	1. 18. 32. 44	3. 4. 19	17. 22. 5	3. 53	3
10	Su.	1. 19. 30. 36	3. 8. 13	17. 37. 56	3. 56	2
11	M.	1. 20. 28. 26	3. 12. 7	17. 53. 29	3. 58	2
12	Tu.	1. 21. 26. 15	3. 16. 1	18. 8. 44	4. 0	1
13	W.	1. 22. 24. 2	3. 19. 56	18. 23. 41	4. 1	1
14	Th.	1. 23. 21. 48	3. 23. 52	18. 38. 19	4. 2	0
15	F.	1. 24. 19. 33	3. 27. 48	18. 52. 39	4. 2	0
16	Sa.	1. 25. 17. 16	3. 31. 45	19. 6. 40	4. 2	1
17	Su.	1. 26. 14. 58	3. 35. 43	19. 20. 21	4. 1	1
18	M.	1. 27. 12. 39	3. 39. 41	19. 33. 43	4. 0	3
19	Tu.	1. 28. 10. 25	3. 43. 39	19. 46. 46	3. 57	2
20	W.	1. 29. 7. 59	3. 47. 39	19. 59. 28	3. 55	3
21	Th.	2. 0. 5. 37	3. 51. 39	20. 11. 50	3. 52	4
22	F.	2. 1. 3. 14	3. 55. 39	20. 23. 51	3. 48	4
23	Sa.	2. 2. 0. 51	3. 59. 40	20. 35. 32	3. 44	5
24	Su.	2. 2. 58. 27	4. 3. 41	20. 46. 51	3. 39	6
25	M.	2. 3. 56. 2	4. 7. 43	20. 57. 49	3. 33	5
26	Tu.	2. 4. 53. 36	4. 11. 45	21. 8. 26	3. 28	7
27	W.	2. 5. 51. 9	4. 15. 48	21. 18. 41	3. 21	7
28	Th.	2. 6. 48. 41	4. 19. 52	21. 28. 34	3. 14	7
29	F.	2. 7. 46. 12	4. 23. 56	21. 38. 4	3. 7	8
30	Sa.	2. 8. 43. 42	4. 28. 0	21. 47. 12	2. 59	8
31	Su.	2. 9. 41. 11	4. 32. 5	21. 55. 57	2. 51	9

M A Y 1767.

[51]

Days.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	I II	I II	I II		° ' "
1	15. 54. 5	1. 5. 9	2. 25. 3	0. 003754	10. 5. 7
7	15. 53. 2	1. 6. 4	2. 24. 9	0. 004349	10. 4. 48
13	15. 52. 0	1. 6. 9	2. 24. 6	0. 004904	10. 4. 29
19	15. 50. 8	1. 7. 3	2. 24. 2	0. 005431	10. 4. 10
25	15. 49. 8	1. 7. 8	2. 23. 9	0. 005906	10. 3. 51

Eclipses of the SATELLITES of JUPITER.

I. Satellite. Emerfions.				II. Satellite. Emerfions.				III. Satellite.			
D.	h	m	ss	D.	h	m	ss	D.	h	m	ss
2	7.	37.	49	1	22.	40.	1	6	11*	7.	58 1
4	2.	6.	45	5	11*	58.	34	6	14*	11.	40 E
5	20.	35.	31	9	1.	16.	59	13	15.	7.	41 I
7	15.	4.	21	12	14*	35.	29	13	18.	10.	29 E
9	9*	33.	12	16	3.	53.	39	20	19.	6.	59 I
11	4.	1.	52	19	17.	11.	52	20	22.	8.	51 E
12	22.	30.	36	23	6.	30.	1	27	23.	5.	47 I
14	16.	59.	17	26	19.	48.	4	28	2.	6.	43 E
16	11*	27.	57	30	9.	*6.	6	IV. Satellite.			
18	5.	56.	32					5	23.	17.	28 I
20	0.	25.	11					6	2.	37.	56 E
21	18.	53.	44					22	17.	18.	16 I
23	13*	22.	16					22	20.	32.	10 E
25	7.	50.	46								
27	2.	19.	16								
28	20.	47.	41								
30	15.	16.	10								



Days.	Heliocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Heliocen- tric Lati- tude.	Geocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Geocen- tric La- titude.	Declina- tion.	Passage over Merid.
	s. o. /	o. /	s. o. /	o. /	o. /	h. /

M E R C U R Y. greatest Elong. 17<sup>d</sup>

1	8. 2. 55	2. 5 S	0. 24. 1	1. 36 S	7. 50 N	22. 55
7	8. 19. 24	3. 53	0. 24. 30	2. 42	6. 58	22. 37
13	9. 6. 13	5. 24	0. 27. 36	3. 17	7. 34	22. 27
19	9. 24. 7	6. 30	1. 2. 57	3. 21	9. 21	22. 24
25	10. 14. 3	6. 59	1. 10. 10	3. 0	12. 2	22. 28

## V E N U S.

1	3. 17. 45	1. 51 N	2. 7. 56	0. 55 N	22. 34 N	1. 50
7	3. 27. 29	2. 19	2. 15. 10	1. 10	23. 47	1. 58
13	4. 7. 14	2. 42	2. 22. 24	1. 24	24. 39	2. 6
19	4. 16. 59	3. 0	2. 29. 35	1. 36	25. 4	2. 14
25	4. 26. 45	3. 14	3. 6. 45	1. 46	25. 3	2. 22

## M A R S.

1	3. 17. 12	1. 35 N	2. 22. 38	1. 9 N	24. 25 N	2. 55
7	3. 19. 59	1. 38	2. 26. 28	1. 10	24. 36	2. 47
13	3. 22. 44	1. 40	3. 0. 17	1. 11	24. 39	2. 41
19	3. 25. 28	1. 42	3. 4. 7	1. 12	24. 36	2. 34
25	3. 28. 11	1. 44	3. 7. 56	1. 12	24. 26	2. 27

## J U P I T E R.

1	5. 22. 10	1. 16 N	5. 13. 8	1. 26 N	7. 58 N	8. 25
7	5. 22. 37	1. 16	5. 13. 2	1. 24	7. 58	8. 2
13	5. 23. 4	1. 16	5. 13. 3	1. 23	7. 57	7. 38
19	5. 23. 32	1. 16	5. 13. 10	1. 22	7. 53	7. 15
25	5. 23. 59	1. 17	5. 13. 24	1. 20	7. 47	6. 52

## S A T U R N.

1	2. 21. 30	1. 15 S	2. 17. 40	1. 9 S	21. 45 N	2. 34
7	2. 21. 44	1. 14	2. 18. 20	1. 8	21. 49	2. 13
13	2. 21. 57	1. 14	2. 19. 4	1. 7	21. 54	1. 53
19	2. 22. 11	1. 13	2. 19. 48	1. 6	21. 59	1. 32
25	2. 22. 24	1. 13	2. 20. 33	1. 6	22. 2	1. 11

M A Y 1767.

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Configurations of the SATELLITES of J U P I T E R  
at 9 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1	1.0	3	○	2.	4
2		2. 3 1.	○		4.
3		2	○	1. 3	
4		1.	○	2 4 3	
5	2 ●		○ 4.	1. 3.	
6	3 ●	2. 1.	○		
7		4. 3.	○ 1 d 2		
8	4.	3	○ 1	2.	
9	4.	3 2.	○		1 ●
10	4	3 2.	○	1. 3	
11	4	1.	○	3 3	
12		4	○ 2.	1 3.	
13		2 1 4	○ 3.		
14		3.	○ 2 1 d 4		
15		3.	○ 1	2.	4
16	1 ●	3 2.	○		4
17		2.	○ 1. 3		4
18		1.	○	2 3	4.
19			○ 2.	1 3.	4.
20		2. 1	○ 3.		4.
21	2.0	3.	○	1. 4.	
22	4 ●	3.	○ 1	2.	
23		3 4.	○ 1.		
24	1.0	4.	○ 3		
25	4.		○ 1.	2 3	
26	4.		○ 2.	1 3.	
27	4	2. 1.	○	3	
28	4	3.	○ 2	1.	
29		3 4.	○ 1		
30	2 ●	3	○ 4	1.	
31	3.0	2.	○ 1	4	

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M A Y 1767.

Days of the Month.	Week.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
			S ° ' "	S ° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	F.		2. 20. 58. 18	2. 27. 30. 21	3. 28. 16 N	3. 2. 4 N
2	Sa.		3. 3. 56. 17	3. 10. 16. 27	2. 33. 54	2. 4. 10
3	Su.		3. 16. 31. 16	3. 22. 41. 20	1. 33. 20	1. 1. 45 N
4	M.		3. 28. 47. 3	4. 4. 49. 9	0. 29. 49 N	0. 2. 9 S
5	Tu.		4. 10. 48. 29	4. 16. 45. 28	0. 33. 51 S	1. 4. 59
6	W.		4. 22. 40. 49	4. 28. 35. 21	1. 35. 18	2. 4. 30
7	Th.		5. 4. 29. 35	5. 10. 24. 19	2. 32. 19	2. 58. 32
8	F.		5. 16. 20. 6	5. 22. 17. 29	3. 22. 51	3. 45. 7
9	Sa.		5. 28. 16. 55	6. 4. 19. 1	4. 4. 55	4. 22. 11
10	Su.		6. 10. 24. 0	6. 16. 32. 23	4. 36. 36	4. 47. 57
11	M.		6. 22. 44. 13	6. 28. 59. 52	4. 55. 56	5. 0. 33
12	Tu.		7. 5. 19. 11	7. 11. 42. 31	5. 1. 28	4. 58. 40
13	W.		7. 18. 9. 39	7. 24. 40. 24	4. 52. 0	4. 41. 31
14	Th.		8. 1. 14. 49	8. 7. 52. 35	4. 27. 8	4. 9. 4
15	F.		8. 14. 33. 26	8. 21. 17. 22	3. 47. 22	3. 22. 21
16	Sa.		8. 28. 3. 53	9. 4. 52. 56	2. 54. 14	2. 23. 28
17	Su.		9. 11. 44. 13	9. 18. 37. 41	1. 50. 23	1. 15. 27
18	M.		9. 25. 32. 59	10. 2. 30. 11	0. 39. 16 S	0. 2. 16 S
19	Tu.		10. 9. 29. 4	10. 16. 29. 37	0. 34. 54 N	1. 11. 46 N
20	W.		10. 23. 31. 37	11. 0. 35. 9	1. 47. 39	2. 21. 58
21	Th.		11. 7. 39. 55	11. 14. 45. 53	2. 54. 17	3. 23. 57
22	F.		11. 21. 52. 41	11. 29. 0. 14	3. 50. 29	4. 13. 27
23	Sa.		0. 6. 8. 2	0. 13. 15. 51	4. 32. 31	4. 47. 23
24	Su.		0. 20. 22. 56	0. 27. 28. 57	4. 57. 41	5. 3. 22
25	M.		1. 4. 33. 19	1. 11. 35. 25	5. 4. 25	5. 0. 51
26	Tu.		1. 18. 34. 36	1. 25. 30. 26	4. 52. 47	4. 40. 30
27	W.		2. 2. 22. 19	2. 9. 9. 54	4. 24. 9	4. 4. 13
28	Th.		2. 15. 52. 47	2. 22. 30. 42	3. 41. 7	3. 15. 16
29	F.		2. 29. 3. 34	3. 5. 31. 22	2. 47. 6	2. 17. 7
30	Sa.		3. 11. 54. 7	3. 18. 12. 6	1. 45. 44	1. 13. 20
31	Su.		3. 24. 25. 27	4. 0. 34. 42	0. 40. 8 N	0. 7. 32 N



M A Y 1767.

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Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declination at Noon.	D's Declination at Midn.
1	F.	5	2. 53	79. 54	87. 13	26. 38 N	26. 29 N
2	Sa.	6	3. 48	94. 22	101. 21	25. 59	25. 8
3	Su.	7	4. 41	108. 7	114. 41	23. 59	22. 35
4	M.	8	5. 29	121. 2	127. 10	20. 55	19. 4
5	Tu.	9	6. 14	133. 6	138. 53	17. 0	14. 48
6	W.	10	6. 57	144. 30	150. 1	12. 28	10. 2
7	Th.	11	7. 37	155. 26	160. 47	7. 31	4. 55 N
8	F.	12	8. 17	166. 7	171. 26	2. 17 N	0. 23 S
9	Sa.	13	8. 57	176. 48	182. 13	3. 4 S	5. 43
10	Su.	14	9. 39	187. 43	193. 22	8. 22	10. 56
11	M.	15	10. 23	199. 9	205. 6	13. 25	15. 48
12	Tu.	16	11. 11	211. 15	217. 38	18. 3	20. 6
13	W.	17	12. 2	224. 13	231. 4	21. 57	23. 30
14	Th.	18	12. 58	238. 7	245. 22	24. 47	25. 44
15	F.	19	13. 56	252. 45	260. 16	26. 20	26. 33
16	Sa.	20	14. 55	267. 51	275. 25	26. 21	25. 46
17	Su.	21	15. 52	282. 56	290. 22	24. 47	23. 25
18	M.	22	16. 48	297. 39	304. 48	21. 42	19. 40
19	Tu.	23	17. 40	311. 46	318. 35	17. 20	14. 46
20	W.	24	18. 30	325. 15	331. 48	12. 0	9. 4
21	Th.	25	19. 18	338. 16	344. 40	6. 0 S	2. 52 S
22	F.	26	20. 7	351. 2	357. 24	0. 18 N	3. 29 N
23	Sa.	27	20. 58	3. 49	10. 19	6. 37	9. 39
24	Su.	28	21. 49	16. 54	23. 38	12. 34	15. 18
25	M.	29	22. 44	30. 30	37. 31	17. 49	20. 5
26	Tu.	30	23. 40	44. 39	51. 57	22. 3	23. 42
27	W.	1	0	59. 19	66. 46	24. 59	25. 53
28	Th.	2	0. 39	74. 13	81. 38	26. 23	26. 31
29	F.	3	1. 36	88. 57	96. 8	26. 15	25. 38
30	Sa.	4	2. 30	103. 7	109. 55	24. 41	23. 27
31	Su.	5	3. 20	116. 28	122. 49	21. 57	20. 11

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M A Y 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semidr. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Semidr. $\gamma$ at Mid-night.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Midnight.	Logarit. Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logarit. Lo- gar. at Midn.
1	F.	15. 35	15. 29	57. 13	56. 49	0206	0237
2	Sa.	15. 23	15. 17	56. 26	56. 4	0266	0294
3	Su.	15. 11	15. 6	55. 43	55. 25	0322	0345
4	M.	15. 1	14. 57	55. 8	54. 53	0367	0387
5	Tu.	14. 54	14. 52	54. 43	54. 33	0400	0414
6	W.	14. 50	14. 49	54. 27	54. 24	0422	0426
7	Th.	14. 49	14. 49	54. 22	54. 23	0428	0427
8	F.	14. 50	14. 52	54. 27	54. 33	0422	0414
9	Sa.	14. 54	14. 56	54. 41	54. 50	0403	0391
10	Su.	15. 0	15. 3	55. 2	55. 15	0375	0358
11	M.	15. 7	15. 12	55. 30	55. 46	0339	0318
12	Tu.	15. 16	15. 20	56. 1	56. 17	0298	0278
13	W.	15. 25	15. 29	56. 35	56. 51	0255	0234
14	Th.	15. 34	15. 38	57. 8	57. 24	0213	0192
15	F.	15. 43	15. 47	57. 39	57. 54	0174	0155
16	Sa.	15. 50	15. 53	58. 8	58. 19	0137	0124
17	Su.	15. 57	16. 0	58. 32	58. 43	0107	0094
18	M.	16. 2	16. 5	58. 52	59. 1	0083	0072
19	Tu.	16. 7	16. 9	59. 8	59. 15	0063	0055
20	W.	16. 10	16. 11	59. 21	59. 25	0047	0042
21	Th.	16. 12	16. 13	59. 28	59. 31	0039	0035
22	F.	16. 13	16. 13	59. 34	59. 31	0034	0035
23	Sa.	16. 12	16. 12	59. 29	59. 25	0038	0042
24	Su.	16. 10	16. 8	59. 19	59. 11	0050	0060
25	M.	16. 5	16. 2	59. 2	58. 51	0071	0084
26	Tu.	15. 58	15. 54	58. 37	58. 23	0101	0119
27	W.	15. 50	15. 45	58. 6	57. 48	0140	0162
28	Th.	15. 40	15. 34	57. 29	57. 9	0186	0211
29	F.	15. 29	15. 24	56. 49	56. 30	0237	0261
30	Sa.	15. 18	15. 13	56. 10	55. 51	0287	0311
31	Su.	15. 8	15. 4	55. 34	55. 18	0333	0354

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M A Y 1767. [57]												
Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.												
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.							
		$^{\circ}$ ' "	$^{\circ}$ ' "	$^{\circ}$ ' "	$^{\circ}$ ' "							
1	Pollux.	29. 5. 44	27. 29. 5	25. 53. 0	24. 17. 32							
2	Regulus.	52. 41. 0	51. 5. 21	49. 30. 5	47. 55. 8							
3		40. 5. 19	38. 32. 15	36. 59. 30	35. 27. 2							
4		27. 48. 59	26. 18. 19	24. 47. 43	23. 17. 22							
5		15. 49. 34	14. 20. 54	12. 52. 39	11. 24. 54							
6	Spica $\mu$	57. 53. 42	56. 24. 54	54. 56. 10	53. 27. 28							
7		46. 4. 35	44. 36. 2	43. 7. 27	41. 38. 52							
8		34. 15. 25	32. 46. 34	31. 17. 40	29. 48. 42							
9		22. 23. 2	20. 53. 41	19. 24. 16	17. 54. 55							
10	Antares.	55. 55. 50	54. 24. 18	52. 52. 35	51. 20. 39							
11		43. 37. 58	42. 4. 44	40. 31. 18	38. 57. 37							
12		31. 5. 53	29. 30. 47	27. 55. 27	26. 19. 50							
13	$\alpha$ Aquilæ	75. 28. 27	74. 5. 7	72. 41. 48	71. 18. 31							
14		64. 23. 16	63. 0. 42	61. 38. 25	60. 16. 28							
15	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	46. 57. 47	45. 17. 45	43. 37. 35	41. 57. 16							
16		33. 33. 57	31. 53. 2	30. 12. 2	28. 30. 59							
17	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	70. 27. 0	68. 47. 53	67. 8. 45	65. 29. 34							
18		57. 14. 7	55. 35. 12	53. 56. 24	52. 17. 46							
19	$\alpha$ Arietis.	84. 54. 4	83. 9. 4	81. 23. 58	79. 38. 47							
20		70. 51. 50	69. 6. 12	67. 20. 31	65. 34. 46							
18	The Sun.	121. 39. 32	120. 2. 40	118. 25. 40	116. 48. 33							
19		108. 41. 12	107. 3. 24	105. 25. 31	103. 47. 31							
20		95. 36. 13	93. 57. 41	92. 19. 6	90. 40. 26							
21		82. 26. 17	80. 47. 17	79. 8. 15	77. 29. 11							
22		69. 13. 30	67. 34. 17	65. 55. 5	64. 15. 52							
23		56. 0. 8	54. 21. 4	52. 42. 3	51. 3. 6							
24		42. 49. 31	41. 11. 5	39. 32. 47	37. 54. 38							
29	Regulus.	57. 33. 31	55. 56. 4	54. 18. 55	52. 42. 4							
30		44. 42. 27	43. 7. 25	41. 32. 41	39. 58. 15							
31		32. 10. 30	30. 37. 49	29. 5. 24	27. 33. 16							



Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.					
Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Pollux.	22. 42. 44	21. 8. 43	19. 35. 36	18. 3. 22
2	Regulus.	46. 20. 32	44. 46. 15	43. 12. 18	41. 38. 39
3		33. 54. 53	32. 23. 2	30. 51. 29	29. 20. 11
4		21. 47. 17	20. 17. 27	18. 47. 53	17. 18. 35
5	Spica $\pi$	63. 49. 40	62. 20. 32	60. 51. 31	59. 22. 33
6		51. 58. 50	50. 30. 15	49. 1. 40	47. 33. 8
7		40. 10. 15	38. 41. 36	37. 12. 55	35. 44. 11
8		28. 19. 41	26. 50. 35	25. 21. 27	23. 52. 16
9		16. 25. 42	14. 56. 35	13. 27. 39	11. 58. 55
10	Antares.	49. 48. 31	48. 16. 12	46. 43. 40	45. 10. 55
11		37. 23. 43	35. 49. 37	34. 15. 17	32. 40. 42
12	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	81. 1. 22	79. 38. 13	78. 15. 2	76. 51. 46
13		69. 55. 16	68. 32. 4	67. 8. 59	65. 46. 3
14	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	53. 35. 50	51. 56. 36	50. 17. 11	48. 37. 35
15		40. 16. 48	38. 36. 14	36. 55. 35	35. 14. 49
16	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	77. 2. 39	75. 23. 54	73. 45. 2	72. 6. 4
17		63. 50. 22	62. 11. 13	60. 32. 8	58. 53. 6
18		50. 39. 20	49. 1. 7	47. 23. 10	45. 45. 30
19	$\alpha$ Arietis.	77. 53. 31	76. 8. 13	74. 22. 50	72. 37. 22
18	The Sun.	115. 11. 18	113. 33. 56	111. 56. 28	110. 18. 53
19		102. 9. 26	100. 31. 15	98. 53. 0	97. 14. 39
20		89. 1. 42	87. 22. 56	85. 44. 6	84. 5. 13
21		75. 50. 5	74. 10. 58	72. 31. 50	70. 52. 41
22		62. 36. 40	60. 57. 29	59. 18. 21	57. 39. 13
23		49. 24. 12	47. 45. 24	46. 6. 40	44. 28. 3
29	Regulus.	51. 5. 33	49. 29. 19	47. 53. 24	46. 17. 46
30		38. 24. 7	36. 50. 17	35. 16. 43	33. 43. 28
31		26. 1. 25	24. 29. 51	22. 58. 36	21. 27. 36

M A Y 1767.

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Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.					
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1		40. 17. 4	41. 47. 36	43. 17. 49	44. 47. 41
2		52. 12. 10	53. 40. 6	55. 7. 43	56. 35. 1
3		63. 46. 59	65. 12. 32	66. 37. 50	68. 2. 51
4	The Sun.	75. 4. 8	76. 27. 41	77. 51. 3	79. 14. 12
5		86. 7. 31	87. 29. 41	88. 51. 45	90. 13. 40
6		97. 1. 42	98. 23. 4	99. 44. 24	101. 5. 41
7		107. 51. 33	109. 12. 43	110. 33. 56	111. 55. 11
6	Pollux.	33. 38. 12	35. 5. 55	36. 33. 41	38. 1. 29
7		45. 20. 53	46. 48. 54	48. 16. 58	49. 45. 7
8		20. 5. 37	21. 34. 12	23. 2. 57	24. 31. 52
9	Regulus.	31. 58. 45	33. 28. 38	34. 58. 42	36. 28. 56
10		44. 2. 46	45. 34. 8	47. 5. 42	48. 37. 29
11		56. 19. 34	57. 52. 40	59. 26. 1	60. 59. 35
12		14. 59. 7	16. 32. 39	18. 6. 38	19. 41. 3
13	Spica $\alpha$	27. 38. 53	29. 15. 23	30. 52. 9	32. 29. 12
14		40. 38. 32	42. 17. 11	43. 56. 3	45. 35. 11
15		53. 54. 11	55. 34. 40	57. 15. 21	58. 56. 14
16		21. 33. 18	23. 15. 29	24. 57. 49	26. 40. 20
17	Antares.	35. 15. 20	36. 58. 48	38. 42. 26	40. 26. 11
18		49. 6. 54	50. 51. 25	52. 36. 4	54. 20. 50
19		63. 6. 14	64. 51. 36	66. 37. 5	68. 22. 40
20	$\beta$ Capri-	22. 51. 25	24. 35. 7	26. 19. 13	28. 3. 39
21	corni.	36. 48. 55	38. 34. 24	40. 20. 4	42. 5. 50
22	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	56. 30. 37	57. 57. 4	59. 24. 13	60. 52. 1
23		68. 18. 49	69. 49. 26	71. 20. 22	72. 51. 33
24	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	32. 42. 45	34. 15. 27	35. 49. 11	37. 23. 48
25		45. 26. 11	47. 3. 56	48. 41. 58	50. 20. 13
31	The Sun.	44. 44. 30	46. 9. 54	47. 35. 5	49. 0. 3

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M A Y 1767.

Distances of $\beta$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.													
Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.			15 Hours.			18 Hours.			21 Hours.		
		$\circ$	$'$	$''$	$\circ$	$'$	$''$	$\circ$	$'$	$''$	$\circ$	$'$	$''$
1	The Sun.	46.	17.	14	47.	46.	27	49.	15.	21	50.	43.	55
2		58.	2.	1	59.	28.	41	60.	55.	4	62.	21.	10
3		69.	27.	37	70.	52.	6	72.	16.	21	73.	40.	21
4		80.	37.	11	82.	0.	0	83.	22.	40	84.	45.	10
5		91.	35.	28	92.	57.	9	94.	18.	44	95.	40.	15
6		102.	26.	55	103.	48.	5	105.	9.	15	106.	30.	24
7		113.	16.	27	114.	37.	43	115.	59.	3	117.	20.	29
5	Pollux.	27.	47.	47	29.	15.	19	30.	42.	54	32.	10.	32
6		39.	29.	18	40.	57.	8	42.	25.	0	43.	52.	55
7	Regulus.	14.	13.	4	15.	40.	55	17.	8.	58	18.	37.	11
8		26.	0.	57	27.	30.	9	28.	59.	31	30.	29.	3
9		37.	59.	21	39.	29.	55	41.	0.	40	42.	31.	37
10		50.	9.	29	51.	41.	40	53.	14.	5	54.	46.	43
11		62.	33.	24	64.	7.	25	65.	41.	40	67.	16.	8
12	Spica $\alpha$	21.	15.	54	22.	51.	9	24.	26.	45	26.	2.	39
13		34.	6.	32	35.	44.	8	37.	22.	0	39.	0.	8
14		47.	14.	32	48.	54.	7	50.	33.	55	52.	13.	56
15		60.	37.	20	62.	18.	37	64.	0.	5	65.	41.	45
16	Antares.	28.	23.	1	30.	5.	52	31.	48.	51	33.	32.	1
17		42.	10.	6	43.	54.	7	45.	38.	15	47.	22.	31
18		56.	5.	43	57.	50.	41	59.	35.	45	61.	20.	56
19	$\beta$ Capricorni.	16.	2.	1	17.	43.	26	19.	25.	31	21.	8.	12
20		29.	48.	22	31.	33.	18	33.	18.	23	35.	3.	36
21	$\alpha$ Aquila.	50.	53.	31	52.	16.	22	53.	40.	13	55.	4.	59
22		62.	20.	25	63.	49.	21	65.	18.	45	66.	48.	35
23	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	26.	46.	19	28.	12.	50	29.	41.	14	31.	11.	17
24		38.	59.	11	40.	35.	11	42.	11.	45	43.	48.	46
25		51.	58.	39	53.	37.	13	55.	15.	51	56.	54.	31
30	The Sun.	39.	0.	38	40.	26.	55	41.	52.	59	43.	18.	51
31		50.	24.	48	51.	49.	20	53.	13.	39	54.	37.	47



Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. '
			First Quarter — 4. 2. 24
			Full Moon — 11. 19. 13
			Last Quarter — 18. 14. 46
			New Moon — 25. 17. 41
1	M.	Nicomede, Term ends.	
2	Tu.		
3	W.	[Oxford Term ends.	
4	Th.	K. George III. born 1738.	
5	F.	Boniface.	
6	Sa.		Other Phenomena.
7	Su.	Whit-Sunday.	D.
8	M.	Whit-Monday.	4. ☾ ♄ 18 <sup>h</sup> 57'.
9	Tu.	Whit-Tuesday.	10. ☾ ♀ 5 <sup>h</sup> 29'.
10	W.	Prs. Amelia born.	☾ ♀ 14 <sup>h</sup> 15'.
			☾ ♀ 17 <sup>h</sup> 44'.
11	Th.	St. Barnabas.	12. ☾ ♀ 16 <sup>h</sup> 12'.
12	F.		14. ☾ ☽ 14 <sup>h</sup> 1'.
13	Sa.		19. ♄ ☾ diff. Lat. 26'.
14	Su.	Trinity-Sunday. [1 ret.	20. ☾ ♀ 11 <sup>h</sup> 18'.
15	M.	On Morrow of H. Trin.	21. ☉ enters ♄ at 6 <sup>h</sup> 25'.
			22. ☾ ♀ Pleiadum 21 <sup>h</sup> 16'.
16	Tu.	[begins.	24. ☾ 3 post ☿ 19 <sup>h</sup> 15'.
17	W.	S. Alban, Oxford Term	25. ☾ ☽ 22 <sup>h</sup> 14'.
18	Th.		28. ☾ ♄ 5 <sup>h</sup> 39'.
19	F.	Trinity Term begins.	
20	Sa.	Transl. of Edw. K. of W.S.	
21	Su.	1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday after Trinity.	
22	M.	In 8 Days of H. Trin.	
23	Tu.	[2 ret.	
24	W.	Nativ. of St. John Bapt.	
25	Th.		
26	F.		
27	Sa.		
28	Su.	2 <sup>d</sup> Sunday after Trinity.	
29	M.	St. Peter. In 15 Days of	
30	Tu.	[H. Trin. 3 ret.	

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declination North.	Equat. of Time Sub.	Diff.
		° ' "	h ' "	° ' "	' "	"
1	M.	2. 10. 38. 38	4. 36. 11	22. 4. 20	2. 42	8
2	Tu.	2. 11. 36. 4	4. 40. 16	22. 12. 19	2. 34	10
3	W.	2. 12. 33. 30	4. 44. 22	22. 19. 55	2. 24	9
4	Th.	2. 13. 30. 54	4. 48. 29	22. 27. 8	2. 15	10
5	F.	2. 14. 28. 16	4. 52. 35	22. 33. 58	2. 5	11
6	Sa.	2. 15. 25. 38	4. 56. 42	22. 40. 23	1. 54	11
7	Su.	2. 16. 22. 58	5. 0. 50	22. 46. 25	1. 43	11
8	M.	2. 17. 20. 18	5. 4. 57	22. 52. 3	1. 32	12
9	Tu.	2. 18. 17. 37	5. 9. 5	22. 57. 17	1. 20	11
10	W.	2. 19. 14. 54	5. 13. 13	23. 2. 0	1. 9	12
11	Th.	2. 20. 12. 11	5. 17. 21	23. 6. 31	0. 57	12
12	F.	2. 21. 9. 27	5. 21. 30	23. 10. 33	0. 44	12
13	Sa.	2. 22. 6. 43	5. 25. 39	23. 14. 9	0. 33	13
14	Su.	2. 23. 3. 58	5. 29. 47	23. 17. 20	0. 20	12
15	M.	2. 24. 1. 12	5. 33. 56	23. 20. 9	0. 8	13
16	Tu.	2. 24. 58. 28	5. 38. 6	23. 22. 32	Add. 5	13
17	W.	2. 25. 55. 43	5. 42. 15	23. 24. 30	0. 18	12
18	Th.	2. 26. 52. 57	5. 46. 24	23. 26. 4	0. 30	14
19	F.	2. 27. 50. 12	5. 50. 34	23. 27. 12	0. 44	12
20	Sa.	2. 28. 47. 26	5. 54. 44	23. 27. 56	0. 56	13
21	Su.	2. 29. 44. 41	5. 58. 53	23. 28. 15	1. 9	14
22	M.	3. 0. 41. 55	6. 3. 2	23. 28. 9	1. 23	12
23	Tu.	3. 1. 39. 9	6. 7. 12	23. 27. 39	1. 35	13
24	W.	3. 2. 36. 24	6. 11. 21	23. 26. 43	1. 48	13
25	Th.	3. 3. 33. 38	6. 15. 31	23. 25. 23	2. 1	13
26	F.	3. 4. 30. 52	6. 19. 40	23. 23. 38	2. 14	12
27	Sa.	3. 5. 28. 6	6. 23. 50	23. 21. 29	2. 26	12
28	Su.	3. 6. 25. 20	6. 27. 59	23. 18. 54	2. 38	13
29	M.	3. 7. 22. 34	6. 32. 7	23. 15. 55	2. 51	12
30	Tu.	3. 8. 19. 47	6. 35. 16	23. 12. 32	3. 3	11

JUNE 1767.

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Days of the Month.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of De- passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
"	"	"	"		"
1	15. 48, 8	1. 8, 3	2. 23, 6	0. 006356	10. 3. 28
7	15. 48, 1	1. 8, 5	2. 23, 3	0. 006657	10. 3. 9
13	15. 47, 5	1. 8, 7	2. 23, 2	0. 006898	10. 2. 59
19	15. 47, 1	1. 8, 8	2. 23, 0	0. 007096	10. 2. 31
25	15. 47, 0	1. 8, 8	2. 23, 0	0. 007217	10. 2. 12

Eclipses of the SATELLITES of JUPITER.

I. Satellite. Emerfions.			II. Satellite. Emerfions.			III. Satellite.		
Days	h	' "	Days	h	' "	Day	h	' "
1	9*	44. 32	2	22. 24. 3		4	3. 4. 16	I
3	4. 12. 59		6	11* 42. 1		4	6. 4. 18	E
4	22. 41. 26		10	0. 59. 51		11	7. 2. 23	I
6	17. 9. 43		13	14. 17. 37		11	10* 1. 29	E
8	11* 38. 5		17	3. 35. 27		18	11* 0. 22	I
10	6. 6. 20		20	16. 53. 16		18	13. 58. 30	E
12	0. 34. 42		24	6. 11. 12		25	14. 58. 16	I
13	19. 2. 56		27	19. 29. 15		25	17. 55. 24	E
15	13. 31. 15					IV. Satellite.		
17	7. 59. 37					8	11* 17. 11	I
19	2. 27. 47					8	14. 24. 21	E
20	20. 56. 2					25	5. 14. 37	I
22	15. 24. 20					25	8. 14. 37	E
24	9* 52. 36							
26	4. 20. 49							
27	22. 49. 2							
29	17. 17. 21							



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JUNE 1767.

Days	Heliocentric Longitude.	Heliocentric Latitude.	Geocentric Longitude.	Geocentric Latitude.	Declination.	Passage over Merid.
	s o /	s /	s o /	o /	o /	h /
MERCURY. sup. ♂ 20 <sup>d</sup> 8 <sup>h</sup>						
1	11. 11. 22	6. 18 S	1. 20. 37	2. 10 S	15. 50 N	22. 41
7	0. 9. 45	4. 7	2. 1. 14	1. 10	19. 17	22. 59
13	1. 13. 26	0. 17	2. 13. 15	0. 4	22. 22	23. 26
19	2. 20. 49	4. 2 N	2. 26. 13	0. 56 N	24. 21	23. 57
25	3. 27. 31	6. 39	3. 9. 14	1. 37	24. 46	0. 25
VENUS.						
1	5. 8. 7	3. 22 N	3. 15. 4	1. 54 N	24. 32 N	2. 30
7	5. 17. 52	3. 23	3. 22. 8	1. 59	23. 37	2. 36
13	5. 27. 35	3. 18	3. 29. 11	2. 0	22. 19	2. 40
19	6. 7. 17	3. 8	4. 6. 9	1. 58	20. 40	2. 45
25	6. 16. 58	2. 52	4. 13. 5	1. 52	18. 42	2. 50
MARS.						
1	4. 1. 20	1. 46 N	3. 12. 22	1. 12 N	24. 5 N	2. 18
7	4. 4. 2	1. 48	3. 16. 10	1. 12	23. 41	2. 10
13	4. 6. 43	1. 49	3. 19. 58	1. 12	23. 10	2. 1
19	4. 9. 23	1. 50	3. 23. 46	1. 12	22. 33	1. 53
25	4. 12. 2	1. 50	3. 27. 34	1. 12	21. 51	1. 44
JUPITER. □ 4 <sup>d</sup> 12 <sup>h</sup> 40'						
1	5. 24. 31	1. 17 N	5. 13. 47	1. 19 N	7. 36 N	6. 26
7	5. 24. 58	1. 17	5. 14. 13	1. 18	7. 25	6. 3
13	5. 25. 26	1. 17	5. 14. 46	1. 17	7. 12	5. 40
19	5. 25. 53	1. 17	5. 15. 22	1. 15	6. 56	5. 17
25	5. 26. 20	1. 17	5. 16. 4	1. 14	6. 38	4. 54
SATURN. ♂ 14 <sup>d</sup> 2 <sup>h</sup>						
1	2. 22. 40	1. 12 S	2. 21. 27	1. 5 S	22. 7 N	0. 47
7	2. 22. 53	1. 12	2. 22. 14	1. 4	22. 11	0. 25
13	2. 23. 7	1. 11	2. 23. 1	1. 4	22. 13	0. 4
19	2. 23. 20	1. 11	2. 23. 48	1. 3	22. 16	23. 39
25	2. 23. 34	1. 10	2. 24. 34	1. 3	22. 18	23. 17

JUNE 1767.

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Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 10 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1				1.	○	-2	-3	-4
2					○	-1	3.	-4
3			2.	1.	○	3.		-4
4				3.	○	2.		4.
5			3.		○		-1	4.
6	2.	●		-3	○	1.		4.
7				-2	3.	1.	○	
8	1.	●		4.	○	-2	-3	
9				4.	○	-1	2.	3.
10			4.		○	2.	3.	
11			4.		○	-2	-1	3.
12			4.		○		-2	
13	2.	●	-4		○	-3		
14				-4	○	-2	-3	
15	1.	●		-4	○	-2	-3	
16	4.	○			○	-1	2.	-3
17					○	2.	3.	
18					○	-2		-4
19				3.	○	2.		4.
20				3.	○	2.	1.	
21				3.	○			4.
22					○	-2	3.	
23	1.	○			○	2.	4.	-3
24					○	2.	3.	
25	3.	●			○	-1		
26					○		-2	
27					○	2.	1.	
28					○			
29					○	1.	3.	2.
30					○		-3	

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.				Moon's Longitude at Midnight.				Moon's Latitude at Noon.				Moon's Latitude at Midnight.			
		S	°	'	"	S	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"		
1	M.	4.	6.	40.	15	4.	12.	42.	26	0.	25.	26	S	0.	57.	36	S
2	Tu.	4.	18.	41.	59	4.	24.	39.	26	1.	29.	0		1.	59.	14	
3	W.	5.	0.	35.	26	5.	6.	30.	39	2.	28.	9		2.	55.	22	
4	Th.	5.	12.	25.	34	5.	18.	21.	4	3.	20.	43		3.	43.	50	
5	F.	5.	24.	17.	35	6.	0.	15.	56	4.	4.	47		4.	23.	6	
6	Sa.	6.	6.	16.	32	6.	12.	20.	6	4.	38.	37		4.	51.	9	
7	Su.	6.	18.	27.	2	6.	24.	37.	45	5.	0.	29		5.	6.	24	
8	M.	7.	0.	52.	45	7.	7.	12.	16	5.	8.	47		5.	7.	29	
9	Tu.	7.	13.	36.	30	7.	20.	5.	40	5.	2.	16		4.	53.	11	
10	W.	7.	26.	39.	39	8.	3.	18.	30	4.	40.	3		4.	23.	3	
11	Th.	8.	10.	2.	3	8.	16.	50.	2	4.	2.	7		3.	37.	33	
12	F.	8.	23.	42.	4	9.	0.	37.	50	3.	9.	38		2.	38.	39	
13	Sa.	9.	7.	36.	55	9.	14.	38.	44	2.	4.	55		1.	29.	3	
14	Su.	9.	21.	42.	49	9.	28.	48.	44	0.	51.	37	S	0.	13.	10	S
15	M.	10.	5.	56.	0	10.	13.	4.	1	0.	25.	38	N	1.	4.	10	N
16	Tu.	10.	20.	12.	37	10.	27.	21.	17	1.	41.	44		2.	17.	45	
17	W.	11.	4.	29.	42	11.	11.	37.	29	2.	51.	35		3.	22.	40	
18	Th.	11.	18.	44.	25	11.	25.	50.	18	3.	50.	36		4.	14.	54	
19	F.	0.	2.	54.	56	0.	9.	58.	1	4.	35.	12		4.	51.	17	
20	Sa.	0.	16.	59.	18	0.	23.	58.	37	5.	2.	55		5.	9.	57	
21	Su.	1.	0.	55.	42	1.	7.	50.	24	5.	12.	27		5.	10.	22	
22	M.	1.	14.	42.	21	1.	21.	31.	28	5.	3.	50		4.	53.	1	
23	Tu.	1.	28.	17.	19	2.	4.	59.	52	4.	38.	12		4.	19.	41	
24	W.	2.	11.	39.	1	2.	18.	14.	28	3.	57.	43		3.	32.	48	
25	Th.	2.	24.	46.	0	3.	1.	13.	50	3.	5.	19		2.	35.	42	
26	F.	3.	7.	37.	41	3.	13.	57.	43	2.	4.	20		1.	31.	45	
27	Sa.	3.	20.	13.	53	3.	26.	26.	33	0.	58.	22	N	0.	24.	30	N
28	Su.	4.	2.	35.	46	4.	8.	41.	47	0.	9.	20	S	0.	42.	48	S
29	M.	4.	14.	44.	53	4.	20.	45.	32	1.	15.	32		1.	47.	11	
30	Tu.	4.	26.	44.	1	5.	2.	40.	57	2.	17.	34		2.	46.	19	



J U N E 1767.							[67]
Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declinat. at Noon.	D's Declin. at Midn.
			h /	° /	° /	° /	° /
1	M.	6	4. 7	128. 57	134. 54	18. 13 N	16. 6 N
2	Tu.	7	4. 51	140. 40	146. 17	13. 50	11. 27
3	W.	8	5. 32	151. 46	157. 10	8. 58	6. 25
4	Th.	9	6. 11	162. 36	167. 50	3. 48 N	1. 10 N
5	F.	10	6. 51	173. 9	178. 30	1. 28 S	4. 8 S
6	Sa.	11	7. 31	183. 55	189. 26	6. 45	9. 21
7	Su.	12	8. 14	195. 4	200. 52	11. 52	14. 18
8	M.	13	8. 59	206. 52	213. 5	16. 37	18. 46
9	Tu.	14	9. 49	219. 31	226. 13	20. 45	22. 29
10	W.	15	10. 43	233. 10	240. 21	23. 58	25. 9
11	Th.	16	11. 41	247. 44	255. 18	25. 58	26. 26
12	F.	17	12. 40	262. 58	270. 42	26. 29	26. 7
13	Sa.	18	13. 39	278. 26	286. 5	25. 20	24. 9
14	Su.	19	14. 37	293. 37	301. 0	22. 34	20. 39
15	M.	20	15. 32	308. 12	315. 13	18. 24	15. 53
16	Tu.	21	16. 23	322. 4	328. 46	13. 9	10. 15
17	W.	22	17. 13	335. 19	341. 46	7. 13	4. 5 S
18	Th.	23	18. 1	348. 8	354. 29	0. 55 S	2. 14 N
19	F.	24	18. 49	0. 51	7. 14	5. 22 N	8. 25
20	Sa.	25	19. 40	13. 40	20. 13	11. 21	14. 7
21	Su.	26	20. 32	26. 54	33. 42	16. 41	19. 1
22	M.	27	21. 27	40. 38	47. 43	21. 6	22. 53
23	Tu.	28	22. 23	54. 54	62. 11	24. 20	25. 25
24	W.	29	23. 19	69. 31	76. 52	26. 9	26. 29
25	Th.	1	8	84. 10	91. 22	26. 27	26. 4
26	F.	2	0. 15	98. 27	105. 21	25. 19	24. 16
27	Sa.	3	1. 7	112. 3	118. 33	22. 54	21. 18
28	Su.	4	1. 55	124. 51	130. 56	19. 28	17. 25
29	M.	5	2. 40	136. 51	142. 35	15. 14	12. 54
30	Tu.	6	3. 23	148. 10	153. 39	10. 28	7. 57

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semid. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Semid. $\gamma$ at Mid-night.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Midnight.	Lat. at Noon.	Lat. at Midn.	Logitic Lo-
1	M.	15. 0	14. 57	55. 4	54. 51	0373	0390	
2	Tu.	14. 54	14. 52	54. 41	54. 34	0403	0412	
3	W.	14. 50	14. 50	54. 28	54. 25	0420	0424	
4	Th.	14. 50	14. 51	54. 25	54. 28	0424	0420	
5	F.	14. 52	14. 54	54. 32	54. 40	0415	0404	
6	Sa.	14. 56	14. 59	54. 49	55. 1	0392	0377	
7	Su.	15. 4	15. 7	55. 16	55. 31	0357	0337	
8	M.	15. 13	15. 18	55. 50	56. 9	0313	0288	
9	Tu.	15. 24	15. 29	56. 30	56. 51	0261	0234	
10	W.	15. 35	15. 41	57. 12	57. 34	0208	0180	
11	Th.	15. 47	15. 51	57. 54	58. 13	0155	0131	
12	F.	15. 57	16. 1	58. 32	58. 48	0107	0088	
13	Sa.	16. 5	16. 9	59. 3	59. 15	0069	0055	
14	Su.	16. 11	16. 14	59. 25	59. 33	0042	0033	
15	M.	16. 15	16. 16	59. 38	59. 42	0027	0022	
16	Tu.	16. 16	16. 16	59. 42	59. 41	0022	0023	
17	W.	16. 15	16. 14	59. 39	59. 35	0025	0030	
18	Th.	16. 13	16. 11	59. 29	59. 22	0038	0046	
19	F.	16. 9	16. 6	59. 15	59. 6	0055	0066	
20	Sa.	16. 4	16. 1	58. 56	58. 46	0078	0090	
21	Su.	15. 58	15. 55	58. 35	58. 23	0104	0119	
22	M.	15. 51	15. 48	58. 11	57. 58	0134	0150	
23	Tu.	15. 44	15. 40	57. 44	57. 29	0167	0186	
24	W.	15. 36	15. 31	57. 14	56. 58	0205	0225	
25	Th.	15. 27	15. 22	56. 43	56. 27	0244	0265	
26	F.	15. 19	15. 14	56. 11	55. 55	0285	0306	
27	Sa.	15. 10	15. 6	55. 41	55. 25	0324	0345	
28	Su.	15. 2	14. 59	55. 12	55. 0	0362	0378	
29	M.	14. 56	14. 54	54. 49	54. 39	0392	0406	
30	Tu.	14. 51	14. 50	54. 31	54. 25	0416	0424	

J U N E 1767.

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Distances of J's Center from Stars, and from ☉ east of her.		Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
Days.	Stars Names.	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	Regulus.	19.	56.	55	18.	26.	37	16.	56.	40	15.	27.	6
2		61.	52.	31	60.	22.	50	58.	53.	18	57.	23.	54
3	Spica ♏	49.	58.	31	48.	29.	41	47.	0.	55	45.	32.	12
4		38.	9.	29	36.	40.	57	35.	12.	25	33.	43.	52
5		26.	21.	7	24.	52.	29	23.	23.	50	21.	55.	9
6		60.	2.	18	58.	31.	56	57.	1.	23	55.	30.	40
7	Antares.	47.	54.	5	46.	22.	7	44.	49.	54	43.	17.	27
8		35.	31.	15	33.	57.	13	32.	22.	52	30.	48.	14
9	α Aquilæ	79.	25.	57	78.	2.	28	76.	38.	53	75.	15.	11
10		68.	15.	53	66.	52.	2	65.	28.	17	64.	4.	40
11	β Capricorni.	51.	27.	22	49.	46.	24	48.	5.	11	46.	23.	43
12		37.	52.	52	36.	10.	6	34.	27.	9	32.	44.	3
13		74.	22.	59	72.	41.	37	71.	0.	11	69.	18.	39
14	α Pegasi.	60.	50.	34	59.	8.	59	57.	27.	31	55.	46.	10
15		47.	22.	14	45.	42.	21	44.	2.	54	42.	23.	56
16		74.	8.	56	72.	21.	49	70.	34.	45	68.	47.	42
17	α Arctis.	59.	53.	13	58.	6.	32	56.	19.	57	54.	33.	29
18		45.	42.	42	43.	55.	54	42.	11.	16	40.	25.	47
17		111.	24.	20	109.	44.	26	108.	4.	36	106.	24.	54
18		98.	7.	26	96.	28.	11	94.	49.	2	93.	9.	58
19		84.	56.	15	83.	17.	50	81.	39.	33	80.	1.	23
20	The Sun.	71.	52.	32	70.	15.	10	68.	37.	55	67.	0.	51
21		58.	57.	33	57.	21.	21	55.	45.	19	54.	9.	26
22		46.	12.	30	44.	37.	36	43.	2.	54	41.	28.	23
23													
28		78.	0.	37	76.	28.	36	74.	56.	45	73.	25.	7
29	Spica ♏	65.	49.	46	64.	19.	14	62.	48.	50	61.	18.	37
30		53.	49.	46	52.	20.	23	50.	51.	7	49.	21.	58



Distances of  $\beta$ 's Center from Stars, and from  $\odot$  east of her

Days	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1		67. 52. 45	66. 22. 29	64. 52. 22	63. 22. 22
2		55. 54. 38	54. 25. 28	52. 56. 23	51. 27. 25
3	Spica $\mu$	44. 3. 34	42. 35. 0	41. 6. 29	39. 37. 59
4		32. 15. 20	30. 46. 48	29. 18. 15	27. 49. 41
5		20. 26. 29	18. 57. 53	17. 29. 19	16. 0. 49
6					
7	Antares.	53. 59. 46	52. 28. 40	50. 57. 21	49. 25. 49
		41. 44. 45	40. 11. 46	38. 38. 32	37. 5. 1
8					
9	$\alpha$ Aquila.	84. 58. 8	83. 35. 22	82. 12. 25	80. 49. 17
		73. 51. 24	72. 27. 32	71. 3. 39	69. 39. 46
10					
11	$\beta$ Capricorni.	58. 8. 22	56. 28. 33	54. 48. 26	53. 8. 3
		44. 42. 0	43. 0. 2	41. 17. 51	39. 35. 28
12					
13		81. 7. 6	79. 26. 17	77. 45. 20	76. 4. 14
14	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	67. 37. 4	65. 55. 26	64. 13. 48	62. 32. 11
15		54. 4. 56	52. 23. 52	50. 43. 2	49. 2. 29
		40. 45. 30	39. 7. 44	37. 30. 42	35. 54. 27
16					
17		67. 0. 42	65. 13. 44	63. 26. 50	61. 39. 59
18	$\alpha$ Arietis.	52. 47. 6	51. 0. 49	49. 14. 39	47. 28. 37
		38. 40. 27	36. 55. 16	35. 10. 19	33. 25. 34
19					
20		118. 4. 30	116. 24. 22	114. 44. 18	113. 4. 17
21		104. 45. 15	103. 5. 40	101. 26. 11	99. 46. 47
22		91. 31. 1	89. 42. 9	88. 13. 25	86. 34. 46
	The Sun.	78. 23. 21	76. 45. 27	75. 7. 40	73. 30. 2
		65. 23. 53	63. 47. 5	62. 10. 25	60. 33. 55
		52. 33. 43	50. 58. 10	49. 22. 46	47. 47. 33
		39. 54. 4			
27					
28		84. 10. 48	82. 37. 57	81. 5. 18	79. 32. 52
29	Spica $\mu$	71. 53. 40	70. 22. 25	68. 51. 21	67. 20. 28
30		59. 48. 33	58. 18. 39	56. 48. 53	55. 19. 16
		47. 52. 56	46. 24. 0	44. 55. 10	42. 26. 26

Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.													
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"
1	The Sun.	56.	1.	41	57.	25.	22	58.	48.	53	60.	12.	13
2		67.	6.	24	68.	28.	48	69.	51.	5	71.	13.	15
3		78.	2.	37	79.	24.	16	80.	45.	52	82.	7.	26
4		88.	54.	48	90.	16.	17	91.	37.	48	92.	59.	22
5		99.	47.	48	101.	9.	45	102.	31.	48	103.	53.	58
6		110.	46.	37	112.	9.	35	113.	32.	45	114.	56.	7
4	Regulus.	16.	16.	5	17.	43.	55	19.	11.	53	20.	39.	59
5		28.	2.	28	29.	31.	22	31.	0.	24	32.	29.	35
6		39.	57.	43	41.	27.	51	42.	58.	11	44.	28.	42
7		52.	4.	28	53.	36.	17	55.	8.	20	56.	40.	40
8	Spica $\pi$	10.	42.	46	12.	13.	44	13.	45.	27	15.	17.	54
9		23.	9.	6	24.	44.	46	26.	20.	49	27.	57.	17
10		36.	5.	5	37.	43.	43	39.	22.	42	41.	2.	1
11		49.	23.	36	51.	4.	52	52.	46.	26	54.	28.	18
12	Antares.	17.	11.	25	18.	55.	9	20.	39.	6	22.	23.	20
13		31.	7.	48	32.	53.	19	34.	39.	0	36.	24.	52
14		45.	16.	33	47.	3.	17	48.	50.	8	50.	37.	6
15		59.	33.	12	61.	20.	34	63.	7.	58	64.	55.	25
16	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	19.	35.	15	21.	19.	58	23.	4.	59	24.	50.	16
17		33.	39.	26	35.	25.	31	37.	11.	36	38.	57.	43
18	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	53.	53.	40	55.	18.	42	56.	44.	25	58.	10.	48
19		65.	30.	37	66.	59.	47	68.	29.	13	69.	58.	55
20	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	29.	44.	12	31.	13.	18	32.	43.	38	34.	15.	0
21		42.	3.	12	43.	38.	25	45.	13.	56	46.	49.	44
22		54.	51.	49	56.	28.	32	58.	5.	18	59.	42.	5
23	$\alpha$ Arietis.	24.	15.	38	25.	54.	26	27.	33.	13	29.	13.	1
24		37.	25.	4	39.	3.	21	40.	41.	28	42.	19.	26
30	The Sun.	48.	46.	41	49.	49.	2	51.	11.	17	52.	33.	27

Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.		12 Hours.			15 Hours.			18 Hours.			21 Hours.		
SAP	Stars Names.	° ' "			° ' "			° ' "			° ' "		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	The Sun.	61.	35.	22	62.	58.	20	64.	21.	11	65.	43.	51
2		72.	35.	19	73.	57.	15	75.	19.	7	76.	40.	54
3		83.	28.	57	84.	50.	25	86.	11.	53	87.	33.	20
4		94.	20.	57	95.	42.	34	97.	4.	14	98.	25.	59
5		105.	16.	15	106.	38.	37	108.	1.	9	109.	23.	48
6		116.	19.	41	117.	43.	24	119.	7.	21	120.	31.	30
4	Regulus.	22.	8.	13	23.	36.	35	25.	5.	4	26.	33.	42
5		33.	58.	55	35.	28.	22	36.	57.	59	38.	17.	46
6		45.	59.	26	47.	30.	21	49.	1.	31	50.	32.	52
7		58.	13.	13	59.	46.	3	61.	19.	9	62.	52.	33
8	Spica $\mu$	16.	51.	1	18.	24.	46	19.	59.	4	21.	33.	51
9		29.	34.	9	31.	11.	21	32.	48.	54	34.	26.	49
10		42.	41.	41	44.	21.	41	46.	2.	0	47.	42.	38
11		56.	10.	29	57.	52.	56	59.	35.	39	61.	18.	40
12	Antares.	24.	7.	46	25.	52.	26	27.	37.	22	29.	22.	27
13		38.	10.	55	39.	57.	7	41.	43.	27	43.	29.	56
14		52.	24.	10	54.	11.	19	55.	58.	33	57.	45.	50
15		66.	42.	53	68.	30.	25	70.	17.	56	72.	5.	28
16	$\gamma$ Capri- corni.	26.	35.	47	28.	21.	31	30.	7.	24	31.	53.	23
17		40.	43.	50	42.	29.	56	44.	15.	58	46.	1.	59
18	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	59.	37.	47	61.	5.	20	62.	33.	21	64.	1.	47
19		71.	28.	50	72.	58.	56	74.	29.	11	75.	59.	32
20	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	35.	47.	16	37.	20.	19	38.	54.	4	40.	28.	23
21		48.	25.	54	50.	2.	11	51.	38.	36	53.	15.	9
22		61.	18.	54	62.	55.	40	64.	32.	23	66.	9.	1
23	$\alpha$ Arietis.	30.	50.	46	32.	29.	29	34.	8.	6	35.	46.	38
29	The Sun.	42.	56.	10	44.	18.	58	45.	41.	39	47.	4.	13
30		53.	55.	30	55.	17.	28	56.	39.	21	58.	1.	9



Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. '
1	W.		First Quarter — 3. 19. 21
2	Th.	Visitation of V. Mary.	Full Moon — 11. 4. 11
3	F.		Last Quarter — 17. 19. 39
4	Sa.	Transl. of S. Martin.	New Moon — 25. 6. 50
5	Su.	3d. Sunday after Trinity.	
6	M.	In 3 Weeks of H. Trin.	Other Phenomena.
7	Tu.	Cambridge Com. [4 ret.	D.
8	W.	Term ends.	2. ☽ ♄ at 7 <sup>h</sup> diff. Lat. 21'
9	Th.		6. ♀ ♄ at 21 <sup>h</sup> diff. Lat. 63'
10	F.	Cambridge Term ends.	7. ☾ ♄ at 14 <sup>h</sup> 44'
11	Sa.		☾ ♄ at 23 <sup>h</sup> 34'
12	Su.	4th Sunday after Trinity.	8. ☾ ♄ at 3 <sup>h</sup> 4'
13	M.	Oxford Act.	10. ☾ ♄ at 1 <sup>h</sup> 26'
14	Tu.		13. ☾ ♄ at 23 <sup>h</sup> 28'
15	W.	Swithin.	17. ☾ ♄ at 16 <sup>h</sup> 39'
16	Th.		20. ☾ ♄ Pleiadum 2 <sup>h</sup> 53'
17	F.		♀ ♄ at 3 <sup>h</sup> diff. Lat. 31'
18	Sa.	Oxford Term ends.	♂ ♄ at 5 <sup>h</sup> diff. Lat. 50'
19	Su.	5th Sunday after Trinity.	22. ☾ enters ♄ at 17 <sup>h</sup> 13'
20	M.	Margaret.	♂ ♄ diff. Lat. 40'
21	Tu.		23. ☾ ♄ at 4 <sup>h</sup> 54'
22	W.	Prs. Car. Matil. born	25. ☾ eclipsed invisible in
23	Th.	[1751. Magdalen.	England: begins at
24	F.		Sun-rise in Lat. 19°
25	Sa.	St. James.	16' south, Long. 141°
26	Su.	6th Sunday after Trinity.	45' west of Green-
27	M.	[St. Anne.	wich: ends at Sun-
28	Tu.		set in Lat. 3° 23'
29	W.		40' south, Long. 60° 5'
30	Th.		west: centrally e-
31	F.		clipsed in the Meri-
			dian in Lat. 1° 15'
			south.
			29. ☾ ♄ 9 <sup>h</sup> 54'

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JULY 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.				Sun's Right Asc. in Time.			Sun's Declin. North.			Equat. of Time Add.		Diff.
		s	o	'	''	h	'	''	o	'	''	'	''	
1	W.	3.	9.	17.	0	6.	40.	25	23.	8.	44	3.	14	12
2	Th.	3.	10.	14.	13	6.	44.	33	23.	4.	32	3.	26	11
3	F.	3.	11.	11.	25	6.	48.	41	22.	59.	56	3.	37	12
4	Sa.	3.	12.	8.	38	6.	52.	49	22.	54.	56	3.	49	10
5	Su.	3.	13.	5.	49	6.	56.	56	22.	49.	32	3.	59	10
6	M.	3.	14.	3.	1	7.	1.	3	22.	43.	44	4.	9	10
7	Tu.	3.	15.	0.	13	7.	5.	9	22.	37.	32	4.	19	10
8	W.	3.	15.	57.	24	7.	9.	15	22.	30.	57	4.	29	9
9	Th.	3.	16.	54.	36	7.	13.	21	22.	23.	59	4.	38	9
10	F.	3.	17.	51.	49	7.	17.	26	22.	16.	38	4.	47	8
11	Sa.	3.	18.	48.	59	7.	21.	31	22.	8.	53	4.	55	8
12	Su.	3.	19.	46.	11	7.	25.	36	22.	0.	45	5.	3	8
13	M.	3.	20.	43.	24	7.	29.	39	21.	52.	14	5.	11	7
14	Tu.	3.	21.	40.	37	7.	33.	43	21.	43.	23	5.	18	6
15	W.	3.	22.	37.	51	7.	37.	46	21.	34.	8	5.	24	6
16	Th.	3.	23.	35.	6	7.	41.	49	21.	24.	31	5.	30	6
17	F.	3.	24.	32.	21	7.	45.	51	21.	14.	32	5.	36	5
18	Sa.	3.	25.	29.	36	7.	49.	52	21.	4.	12	5.	41	5
19	Su.	3.	26.	26.	54	7.	53.	53	20.	53.	30	5.	46	4
20	M.	3.	27.	24.	12	7.	57.	54	20.	42.	27	5.	50	3
21	Tu.	3.	28.	21.	31	8.	1.	54	20.	31.	2	5.	53	3
22	W.	3.	29.	18.	51	8.	5.	54	20.	19.	17	5.	56	2
23	Th.	4.	0.	16.	12	8.	9.	52	20.	7.	11	5.	58	2
24	F.	4.	1.	13.	34	8.	13.	51	19.	54.	45	6.	0	1
25	Sa.	4.	2.	10.	56	8.	17.	49	19.	42.	0	6.	1	1
26	Su.	4.	3.	8.	19	8.	21.	46	19.	28.	54	6.	2	0
27	M.	4.	4.	5.	44	8.	25.	43	19.	15.	29	6.	2	0
28	Tu.	4.	5.	3.	8	8.	29.	39	19.	1.	45	6.	2	1
29	W.	4.	6.	0.	34	8.	33.	34	18.	47.	42	6.	1	2
30	Th.	4.	6.	58.	0	8.	37.	29	18.	33.	20	5.	59	3
31	F.	4.	7.	55.	27	8.	41.	23	18.	18.	41	5.	56	3

Days of the Month.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	"	"	"		s o '
1	15. 46, 9	1. 8, 7	2. 23, 0	0, 007244	10. 1. 53
7	15. 47, 0	1. 8, 4	2. 23, 0	0, 007182	10. 1. 34
13	15. 47, 2	1. 8, 0	2. 23, 1	0, 007066	10. 1. 15
19	15. 47, 6	1. 7, 6	2. 23, 2	0, 006894	10. 0. 56
25	15. 48, 2	1. 7, 2	2. 23, 4	0, 006653	10. 0. 37

Eclipses of the SATELLITES of J U P I T E R.

I. Satellite. Emerfions.			II. Satellite. Emerfions.			III. Satellite.		
Days	h	' "	Days	h	' "	Days	h	' "
1	11. 45. 39		1	8. 47. 1		2	18. 56. 14	I
3	6. 13. 56		4	22. 4. 55		2	21. 52. 24	E
5	0. 42. 13		8	11. 22. 55		9	22. 54. 25	I
6	19. 10. 35		12	0. 41. 1		10	1. 49. 37	E
8	13. 38. 51		15	13. 59. 14		17	2. 52. 56	I
10	8. 7. 12		19	3. 17. 29		17	5. 47. 10	E
12	2. 35. 37		22	16. 35. 51		24	6. 51. 47	I
13	21. 3. 58		26	5. 54. 26		24	9. 45. 1	E
15	15. 32. 23		29	19. 13. 0		31	10. 51. 11	I
17	10. 0. 50					31	13. 43. 23	E
19	4. 29. 17					IV. Satellite.		
20	22. 57. 44					11	23. 12. 51	I
22	17. 26. 16					12	2. 4. 47	E
24	11. 54. 48					28	17. 12. 43	I
26	6. 23. 19					28	19. 56. 45	E
28	0. 51. 51							
29	19. 20. 33							
31	13. 49. 8							



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JULY 1767.

Days.	Heliocentric Longitude.	Heliocentric Latitude.	Geocentric Longitude.	Geocentric Latitude.	Declination.	Passage over Merid.
	s o /	o /	s o /	o /	o /	h /

MERCURY. greatest Elong. 29<sup>d</sup>

1	4. 29. 30	6. 47 N	3. 21. 31	1. 53 N	23. 36 N	0. 54
7	5. 25. 59	5. 21	4. 2. 42	1. 43	21. 16	1. 16
13	6. 18. 4	3. 15	4. 12. 42	1. 13	18. 11	1. 32
19	7. 7. 14	1. 2	4. 21. 31	0. 27	14. 47	1. 42
25	7. 24. 39	1. 5 S	4. 29. 3	0. 32 S	11. 19	1. 46

## VENUS.

1	6. 26. 38	2. 31 N	4. 19. 57	1. 43 N	16. 28 N	2. 51
7	7. 6. 15	2. 6	4. 26. 45	1. 30	14. 1	2. 53
13	7. 15. 50	1. 38	5. 3. 28	1. 13	11. 23	2. 54
19	7. 25. 25	1. 7	5. 10. 5	0. 53	8. 37	2. 54
25	8. 4. 58	0. 34	5. 16. 36	0. 28	5. 44	2. 54

## MARS.

1	4. 14. 41	1. 51 N	4. 1. 21	1. 12 N	21. 3 N	1. 35
7	4. 17. 20	1. 51	4. 5. 9	1. 11	20. 9	1. 26
13	4. 19. 58	1. 51	4. 8. 56	1. 11	19. 11	1. 17
19	4. 22. 36	1. 51	4. 12. 44	1. 10	18. 8	1. 8
25	4. 25. 13	1. 50	4. 16. 32	1. 10	17. 1	1. 0

## JUPITER.

1	5. 26. 48	1. 18 N	5. 16. 51	1. 13 N	6. 19 N	4. 32
7	5. 27. 15	1. 18	5. 17. 42	1. 12	5. 58	4. 11
13	5. 27. 42	1. 18	5. 18. 36	1. 12	5. 38	3. 50
19	5. 28. 9	1. 18	5. 19. 34	1. 11	5. 12	3. 29
25	5. 28. 37	1. 18	5. 20. 36	1. 10	4. 50	3. 9

## SATURN.

1	2. 23. 47	1. 10 S	2. 25. 21	1. 3 S	22. 20 N	22. 56
7	2. 24. 1	1. 9	2. 26. 7	1. 3	22. 22	22. 35
13	2. 24. 14	1. 9	2. 26. 52	1. 2	22. 24	22. 14
19	2. 24. 28	1. 8	2. 27. 35	1. 2	22. 25	21. 53
25	2. 24. 42	1. 8	2. 28. 18	1. 2	22. 26	21. 32

JULY 1767.

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Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 9 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1	1 ●	4	2.	○	3.
2		2.	4	○	1.
3		3.	1.	○	4.
4		3.		○	2.
5		2.	1.	○	4.
6			2.	○	3.
7			1.	○	2.
8	2 ●			○	1.
9	1. ○	2.		○	3.
10		3.	1.	○	4.
11		3.		○	1.
12		3.	4.	2.	1.
13	3. ○	4.		○	1.
14	4.		1.	○	2.
15	4.			○	1.
16	4.	2.	1.	○	3.
17	1 ●	4	3	○	2.
18		4	3.	○	1.
19		3.	2.	○	4.
20			2.	○	3.
21			1.	○	2.
22				○	1.
23		2.	1.	○	3.
24	3 ● 2. ○ 1 ●			○	4.
25		3.		○	1.
26		3.	2	○	1.
27			2.	○	1.
28	4 ●		1.	○	2.
29				○	1.
30		4.	2.	○	1.
31	4.			○	1.

[78]		J U L Y 1767.			
Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		S ° ' "	S ° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	W.	5. 8. 36. 40	5. 14. 31. 45	3. 13. 6 S	3. 38. 1 S
2	Th.	5. 20. 26. 48	5. 26. 22. 18	4. 0. 23	4. 20. 15
3	F.	6. 2. 18. 54	6. 8. 17. 12	4. 37. 26	4. 51. 39
4	Sa.	6. 14. 17. 48	6. 20. 21. 17	5. 2. 46	5. 10. 39
5	Su.	6. 26. 28. 12	7. 2. 39. 5	5. 15. 9	5. 15. 55
6	M.	7. 8. 54. 22	7. 15. 14. 37	5. 13. 2	5. 6. 19
7	Tu.	7. 21. 40. 14	7. 28. 11. 26	4. 55. 43	4. 41. 9
8	W.	8. 4. 48. 23	8. 11. 31. 11	4. 22. 35	4. 0. 13
9	Th.	8. 18. 19. 51	8. 25. 14. 13	3. 34. 9	3. 4. 34
10	F.	9. 2. 14. 2	9. 9. 18. 52	2. 31. 52	1. 56. 23
11	Sa.	9. 16. 28. 16	9. 23. 41. 36	1. 18. 44 S	0. 39. 23 S
12	Su.	10. 0. 58. 2	10. 8. 16. 55	0. 0. 51 N	0. 41. 17 N
13	M.	10. 15. 37. 24	10. 22. 58. 32	1. 21. 13	1. 59. 51
14	Tu.	11. 0. 19. 40	11. 7. 39. 59	2. 36. 29	3. 10. 30
15	W.	11. 14. 58. 52	11. 22. 15. 35	3. 41. 15	4. 8. 15
16	Th.	11. 29. 29. 34	0. 6. 40. 25	4. 31. 10	4. 49. 36
17	F.	0. 13. 47. 48	0. 20. 51. 27	5. 3. 26	5. 12. 32
18	Sa.	0. 27. 51. 11	1. 4. 46. 49	5. 16. 53	5. 16. 33
19	Su.	1. 11. 38. 19	1. 18. 25. 40	5. 11. 45	5. 2. 32
20	M.	1. 25. 8. 57	2. 1. 48. 12	4. 49. 16	4. 32. 22
21	Tu.	2. 8. 23. 27	2. 14. 54. 49	4. 11. 53	3. 48. 9
22	W.	2. 21. 22. 27	2. 27. 46. 31	3. 21. 53	2. 53. 25
23	Th.	3. 4. 7. 9	3. 10. 24. 31	2. 23. 6	1. 51. 9
24	F.	3. 16. 38. 46	3. 22. 50. 6	1. 18. 9	0. 44. 26 N
25	Sa.	3. 28. 58. 44	4. 5. 4. 44	0. 10. 30 N	0. 23. 22 S
26	Su.	4. 11. 8. 21	4. 17. 9. 48	0. 56. 42 S	1. 29. 14
27	M.	4. 23. 9. 27	4. 29. 7. 27	2. 0. 38	2. 30. 31
28	Tu.	5. 5. 4. 7	5. 10. 59. 46	2. 58. 41	3. 24. 49
29	W.	5. 16. 54. 45	5. 22. 49. 25	3. 48. 41	4. 10. 5
30	Th.	5. 28. 44. 17	6. 4. 39. 42	4. 28. 52	4. 44. 46
31	F.	6. 10. 36. 11	6. 16. 34. 11	4. 57. 35	5. 7. 24



# JULY 1767.

[79]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declinat. at Noon.	D's Declin. at Midn.
			h /	° /	° /	° /	° /
1	W.	7	4. 2	159. 2	164. 21	5. 22 N	2. 45 N
2	Th.	8	4. 42	169. 39	174. 57	0. 6 S	2. 32 S
3	F.	9	5. 22	180. 17	185. 41	5. 10	7. 45
4	Sa.	10	6. 3	191. 10	196. 48	10. 17	12. 45
5	Su.	11	6. 46	202. 35	208. 33	15. 7	17. 21
6	M.	12	7. 34	214. 45	221. 10	19. 25	21. 18
7	Tu.	13	8. 25	227. 51	234. 47	22. 56	24. 21
8	W.	14	9. 20	241. 58	249. 23	25. 25	26. 10
9	Th.	15	10. 19	256. 58	264. 41	26. 31	26. 27
10	F.	16	11. 19	272. 29	280. 17	25. 59	25. 5
11	Sa.	17	12. 19	288. 2	295. 41	23. 45	22. 2
12	Su.	18	13. 16	303. 12	310. 32	19. 57	17. 33
13	M.	19	14. 10	317. 41	324. 39	14. 52	11. 57
14	Tu.	20	15. 3	331. 29	338. 10	8. 55	5. 45 S
15	W.	21	15. 53	344. 44	351. 15	2. 31 S	0. 44 N
16	Th.	22	16. 43	357. 44	4. 12	3. 57 N	7. 5
17	F.	23	17. 33	10. 42	17. 16	10. 6	12. 58
18	Sa.	24	18. 25	23. 54	30. 38	15. 39	18. 6
19	Su.	25	19. 18	37. 29	44. 27	20. 17	22. 10
20	M.	26	20. 13	51. 32	58. 41	23. 45	24. 59
21	Tu.	27	21. 9	65. 54	73. 9	25. 52	26. 24
22	W.	28	22. 3	80. 22	87. 31	26. 33	26. 20
23	Th.	29	22. 55	94. 34	101. 29	25. 47	24. 54
24	F.	30	23. 45	108. 14	114. 48	23. 43	22. 16
25	Sa.	1	6	121. 10	127. 20	20. 34	18. 39
26	Su.	2	0. 31	133. 20	139. 9	16. 32	14. 18
27	M.	3	1. 13	144. 50	150. 22	11. 55	9. 27
28	Tu.	4	1. 56	155. 48	161. 10	6. 54	4. 18 N
29	W.	5	2. 37	166. 29	171. 46	1. 40 N	0. 59 S
30	Th.	6	3. 16	177. 3	182. 23	3. 36 S	6. 13
31	F.	7	3. 57	187. 46	193. 15	8. 46	11. 15

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semidr. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Semidr. $\gamma$ at Mid-night.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Midnight.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Midn.
1	W.	14. 49	14. 48	54. 21	54. 19	0430	0432
2	Th.	14. 48	14. 49	54. 20	54. 24	0431	0426
3	F.	14. 51	14. 53	54. 29	54. 38	0419	0407
4	Sa.	14. 56	15. 0	54. 49	55. 2	0392	0375
5	Su.	15. 4	15. 9	55. 18	55. 37	0354	0329
6	M.	15. 15	15. 21	55. 57	56. 19	0304	0275
7	Tu.	15. 27	15. 34	56. 43	57. 8	0244	0213
8	W.	15. 41	15. 48	57. 33	57. 59	0181	0148
9	Th.	15. 55	16. 1	58. 24	58. 48	0117	0088
10	F.	16. 8	16. 13	59. 11	59. 32	0060	0034
11	Sa.	16. 18	16. 22	59. 50	60. 5	0012	9994
12	Su.	16. 25	16. 28	60. 17	60. 25	9980	9970
13	M.	16. 29	16. 29	60. 30	60. 31	9964	9963
14	Tu.	16. 29	16. 27	60. 29	60. 23	9965	9972
15	W.	16. 25	16. 22	60. 15	60. 4	9982	9995
16	Th.	16. 18	16. 14	59. 51	59. 36	0011	0029
17	F.	16. 10	16. 6	59. 20	59. 3	0049	0069
18	Sa.	16. 0	15. 56	58. 46	58. 27	0090	0114
19	Su.	15. 51	15. 46	58. 10	57. 52	0135	0157
20	M.	15. 41	15. 37	57. 35	57. 18	0179	0200
21	Tu.	15. 32	15. 28	57. 1	56. 45	0221	0242
22	W.	15. 23	15. 19	56. 28	56. 13	0264	0283
23	Th.	15. 15	15. 11	55. 59	55. 44	0301	0320
24	F.	15. 8	15. 4	55. 32	55. 19	0336	0353
25	Sa.	15. 1	14. 58	55. 7	54. 55	0369	0384
26	Su.	14. 56	14. 53	54. 45	54. 36	0396	0410
27	M.	14. 50	14. 49	54. 28	54. 21	0420	0430
28	Tu.	14. 47	14. 46	54. 16	54. 12	0436	0442
29	W.	14. 46	14. 46	54. 10	54. 11	0444	0443
30	Th.	14. 46	14. 47	54. 13	54. 17	0440	0435
31	F.	14. 49	14. 52	54. 23	54. 32	0427	0415

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Distances of ♄'s Center from Stars, and from ☉ east of her.													
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	Spica ♏	41. 57. 50	40. 29. 14	39. 0. 42	37. 32. 14								
2		30. 10. 43	28. 42. 31	27. 14. 21	25. 46. 14								
3		18. 26. 24	16. 58. 43	15. 31. 12	14. 3. 53								
4	Antares.	52. 2. 13	50. 31. 58	49. 1. 31	47. 30. 54								
5		39. 54. 40	38. 22. 45	36. 50. 32	35. 18. 5								
6	α Aquilæ.	83. 33. 15	82. 11. 23	80. 49. 18	79. 27. 3								
7		72. 33. 33	71. 10. 32	69. 47. 27	68. 24. 19								
8	β Capri- corni.	56. 39. 50	55. 0. 19	53. 20. 25	51. 40. 9								
9		43. 13. 21	41. 30. 54	39. 48. 8	38. 5. 5								
10	α Pegasi.	79. 34. 45	77. 52. 39	76. 10. 19	74. 27. 45								
11		65. 51. 48	64. 8. 7	62. 24. 23	60. 40. 34								
12		52. 1. 46	50. 18. 21	48. 35. 9	46. 52. 12								
13		38. 24. 9	36. 44. 29	35. 5. 45	33. 28. 4								
14	α Arietis.	64. 2. 15	62. 12. 17	60. 22. 27	58. 32. 44								
15		49. 26. 20	47. 37. 35	45. 49. 2	44. 0. 42								
16	Aldeba- ran.	67. 42. 9	65. 56. 11	64. 10. 31	62. 25. 9								
17		53. 42. 56	51. 59. 30	50. 16. 22	48. 33. 36								
16	The Sun.	114. 0. 49	112. 20. 10	110. 39. 43	108. 59. 30								
17		100. 42. 5	99. 3. 21	97. 24. 50	95. 46. 35								
18		87. 39. 7	86. 2. 23	84. 25. 53	82. 49. 40								
19		74. 52. 26	73. 17. 44	71. 43. 17	70. 9. 5								
20		62. 21. 40	60. 48. 55	59. 16. 23	57. 44. 2								
21		50. 5. 46	48. 34. 48	47. 4. 4	45. 33. 32								
27	Spica ♏	57. 24. 25	55. 54. 43	54. 25. 7	52. 55. 39								
28		45. 29. 56	44. 1. 5	42. 32. 18	41. 3. 36								
29		33. 41. 26	32. 13. 14	30. 45. 6	29. 17. 3								
30		21. 57. 49	20. 30. 13	19. 2. 46	17. 35. 29								
31	Antares.	55. 43. 1	54. 14. 3	52. 44. 56	51. 15. 43								



Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.														
Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.			15 Hours.			18 Hours.			21 Hours.			
		$^{\circ}$	$'$	$''$	$^{\circ}$	$'$	$''$	$^{\circ}$	$'$	$''$	$^{\circ}$	$'$	$''$	
1 2	Spica $\alpha$	36.	3.	49	34.	35.	29	33.	7.	11	31.	38.	56	
		24.	18.	8	22.	50.	4	21.	22.	5	19.	54.	11	
3 4 5	Antares.	58.	1.	35	56.	32.	0	55.	2.	14	53.	32.	19	
		46.	0.	4	44.	29.	4	42.	57.	49	41.	26.	22	
		33.	45.	20	32.	12.	18	30.	38.	59	29.	5.	25	
6 7	$\alpha$ Aquilæ	78.	4.	37	76.	42.	2	75.	19.	19	73.	56.	30	
		67.	1.	9	65.	38.	0	64.	14.	56	62.	51.	58	
8 9	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	49.	59.	30	48.	18.	29	46.	37.	7	44.	55.	25	
		36.	21.	43	34.	38.	3	32.	54.	12	31.	10.	11	
10 11 12 13	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	72.	44.	57	71.	1.	55	69.	18.	42	67.	35.	20	
		58.	56.	41	57.	12.	49	55.	29.	1	53.	45.	21	
		45.	9.	36	43.	27.	26	41.	45.	45	40.	4.	37	
		31.	51.	40	30.	16.	44	28.	43.	32	27.	12.	20	
14 15	$\alpha$ Arietis.	56.	43.	8	54.	53.	41	53.	4.	24	51.	15.	17	
		42.	12.	34	40.	24.	41	38.	37.	2	36.	49.	38	
16 17	Aldeba- ran.	60.	40.	5	58.	55.	18	57.	10.	50	55.	26.	42	
		46.	51.	15	45.	9.	20	43.	27.	50	41.	46.	47	
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The Sun.	120.	45.	32	119.	4.	3	117.	22.	47	115.	41.	42	
		107.	19.	29	105.	39.	46	104.	0.	17	102.	21.	4	
		94.	8.	35	92.	30.	49	90.	53.	19	89.	16.	5	
		81.	13.	41	79.	37.	59	78.	2.	33	76.	27.	22	
		68.	35.	8	67.	1.	25	65.	27.	56	63.	54.	41	
		56.	11.	53	54.	40.	1	53.	8.	22	51.	36.	57	
		44.	3.	13	42.	33.	7	41.	3.	13				
27 28 29 30	Spica $\alpha$	51.	26.	17	49.	57.	3	48.	27.	55	46.	58.	53	
		39.	35.	1	38.	6.	30	36.	38.	4	35.	9.	43	
		27.	49.	4	26.	21.	7	24.	53.	15	23.	25.	30	
		16.	8.	26	14.	41.	42	13.	15.	23	11.	49.	26	
31	Antares.	49.	46.	20	48.	16.	50	46.	47.	13	45.	17.	26	

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[83]

Distances of J's Center from ☉, and from Stars west of her.													
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	The Sun.	59.	22.	49	60.	44.	32	62.	6.	12	63.	27.	49
2		70.	15.	32	71.	37.	6	72.	58.	41	74.	20.	19
3		81.	9.	9	82.	31.	11	83.	53.	19	85.	15.	34
4		92.	8.	36	93.	31.	42	94.	54.	59	96.	18.	28
5		103.	18.	56	104.	43.	44	106.	8.	47	107.	34.	6
6		114.	44.	42	116.	11.	44	117.	39.	7	119.	6.	50
4	Regulus.	47.	57.	17	49.	27.	22	50.	57.	38	52.	28.	5
5		60.	3.	36	61.	35.	24	63.	7.	28	64.	39.	47
6	Spica ♀	18.	32.	12	20.	5.	11	21.	38.	37	23.	12.	27
7		31.	8.	22	32.	44.	48	34.	21.	40	35.	58.	55
8		44.	11.	15	45.	50.	57	47.	31.	4	49.	11.	35
9		57.	40.	13	59.	23.	7	61.	6.	25	62.	50.	4
10	Antares.	25.	44.	3	27.	30.	7	29.	16.	28	31.	3.	6
11		40.	0.	53	41.	49.	17	43.	37.	56	45.	26.	49
12		54.	34.	12	56.	24.	12	58.	14.	19	60.	4.	33
13	β Capri-corni.	15.	8.	41	16.	54.	40	18.	41.	25	20.	28.	49
14		29.	31.	26	31.	20.	26	33.	9.	29	34.	58.	34
15	α Aquilæ	50.	53.	43	52.	19.	5	53.	45.	18	55.	12.	17
16		62.	36.	7	64.	6.	13	65.	36.	37	67.	7.	16
17	α Pegasi.	27.	3.	0	28.	30.	19	29.	59.	4	31.	29.	6
18		39.	13.	8	40.	47.	46	42.	22.	46	43.	58.	5
19		51.	57.	1	53.	33.	3	55.	9.	6	56.	45.	8
20		64.	44.	20	66.	19.	56	67.	55.	28	69.	30.	47
21	α Arietis.	34.	10.	47	35.	47.	57	37.	24.	56	39.	1.	46
22		47.	3.	27	48.	39.	18	50.	14.	59	51.	50.	30
23	Aldebaran	28.	38.	30	30.	7.	44	31.	37.	11	33.	6.	50
29	The Sun.	41.	2.	55	42.	24.	26	43.	45.	56	45.	7.	23
30		51.	54.	31	53.	15.	59	54.	37.	28	55.	59.	0
31		62.	47.	23	64.	9.	14	65.	31.	10	66.	53.	13

Distances of  $\beta$ 's Center from  $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	The Sun.	64. 49. 24	66. 10. 56	67. 32. 28	68. 54. 0
2		75. 41. 59	77. 3. 40	78. 25. 25	79. 47. 15
3		86. 37. 55	88. 0. 22	89. 22. 58	90. 45. 42
4		97. 42. 9	99. 6. 1	100. 30. 6	101. 54. 24
5		108. 59. 40	110. 25. 29	111. 51. 35	113. 18. 0
6		120. 34. 55			
4	Regulus.	53. 58. 45	55. 29. 38	57. 0. 45	58. 32. 4
5		66. 12. 23	67. 45. 15	69. 18. 24	70. 51. 51
6	Spica $\alpha$	24. 46. 44	26. 21. 29	27. 56. 42	29. 32. 18
7		37. 36. 36	39. 14. 38	40. 53. 6	42. 31. 57
8		50. 52. 32	52. 33. 52	54. 15. 35	55. 57. 42
9		64. 34. 7	66. 18. 32	68. 3. 17	69. 48. 25
10	Antares.	32. 50. 2	34. 37. 19	36. 24. 53	38. 12. 45
11		47. 15. 56	49. 5. 14	50. 54. 43	52. 44. 22
12		61. 54. 55	63. 45. 23	65. 35. 54	67. 26. 30
13	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	22. 16. 45	24. 5. 3	25. 53. 40	27. 42. 29
14		36. 47. 40	38. 36. 46	40. 25. 50	42. 14. 51
15	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	56. 39. 57	58. 8. 12	59. 37. 4	61. 6. 23
16		68. 38. 8	70. 9. 8	71. 40. 15	73. 11. 27
17	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	33. 0. 14	34. 32. 20	36. 5. 17	37. 38. 55
18		45. 33. 38	47. 9. 19	48. 45. 8	50. 21. 2
19		58. 21. 8	59. 57. 3	61. 32. 53	63. 8. 39
20		71. 6. 2	72. 41. 8	74. 16. 4	75. 50. 50
21	$\alpha$ Arietis.	40. 38. 26	42. 14. 56	43. 51. 16	45. 27. 26
22		53. 25. 51	55. 1. 2	56. 36. 1	58. 10. 49
23	Aldebaran	34. 36. 41	36. 6. 43	37. 36. 52	39. 7. 3
29	The Sun.	46. 28. 48	47. 50. 12	49. 11. 36	50. 33. 3
30		57. 20. 35	58. 42. 12	60. 3. 52	61. 25. 36
31		68. 15. 23	69. 37. 43	71. 0. 12	72. 22. 49



Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. '
1	Sa.	Lammas Day.	First Quarter — 2. 10. 49
2	Su.	7th Sunday after Trinity.	Full Moon — 9. 12. 11
3	M.		Last Quarter — 16. 2. 33
4	Tu.		New Moon — 23. 22. 6
5	W.		Other Phenomena.
6	Th.	Transfigur. of our Lord.	D.
7	F.	Name of Jesus.	3. ☾ π ♀ 23 <sup>h</sup> . 47'.
8	Sa.		4. ☾ σ ♀ 8 <sup>h</sup> . 47'.
9	Su.	8th Sunday after Trinity.	☾ α ♀ 12 <sup>h</sup> . 23'
10	M.	St. Lawrence.	6. ☾ λ ♀ 11 <sup>h</sup> . 34'.
11	Tu.	Prs. of Brunswick born.	9. ☾ α ♀ diff. Lat. 40'.
12	W.	Pr. of Wales born 1752.	10. ☾ θ ♀ 8 <sup>h</sup> . 5'.
13	Th.		11. ☾ η ♀ diff. Lat. 7'
14	F.		☾ β ♀ diff. Lat. 26'.
15	Sa.		13. ☾ η ♀ 23 <sup>h</sup> . 20'.
16	Su.	9th Sun. after Trin. Pr.	16. ☾ η ♀ Pleiadum 8 <sup>h</sup> . 32.
17	M.	[Fred. born.	19. ☾ ε ♀ 10 <sup>h</sup> . 45'
18	Tu.		21. ☾ δ ♀ 19 <sup>h</sup> . 1'.
19	W.		22. ☾ enters ♀ at 23 <sup>h</sup> . 26'.
20	Th.		25. ☾ υ ♀ 16 <sup>h</sup> . 15'.
21	F.	Pr. William Hen. born.	28. ☾ α ♀ diff. Lat. 51'.
22	Sa.		29. ☾ η ♀ diff. Lat. 17'.
23	Su.	10th Sunday after Trinity.	31. ☾ π ♀ 7 <sup>h</sup> . 33'.
24	M.	St. Bartholomew.	☾ σ ♀ 16 <sup>h</sup> . 47'.
25	Tu.		☾ α ♀ 20 <sup>h</sup> . 28'.
26	W.		
27	Th.		
28	F.	St. Augustine.	
29	Sa.	Beheading of St. John Bt.	
30	Su.	11th Sunday after Trinity.	
31	M.		

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declination North.	Equat. of Time Add.	Diff.
		° ' "	h ' "	° ' "	' "	
1	Sa.	4 8. 52. 54	8. 45. 16	18. 3. 43	5. 53	
2	Su.	4 9. 50. 21	8. 49. 8	17. 48. 27	5. 50	3
3	M.	4 10. 47. 50	8. 53. 1	17. 32. 55	5. 45	5
4	Tu.	4 11. 45. 19	8. 56. 53	17. 17. 5	5. 40	5
5	W.	4 12. 42. 49	9. 0. 44	17. 0. 58	5. 35	
6	Th.	4 13. 40. 20	9. 4. 34	16. 44. 35	5. 28	7
7	F.	4 14. 37. 52	9. 8. 24	16. 27. 56	5. 22	6
8	Sa.	4 15. 35. 24	9. 12. 14	16. 11. 1	5. 14	8
9	Su.	4 16. 32. 57	9. 16. 3	15. 53. 50	5. 7	7
10	M.	4 17. 30. 32	9. 19. 52	15. 36. 24	4. 58	9
11	Tu.	4 18. 28. 8	9. 23. 39	15. 18. 43	4. 49	9
12	W.	4 19. 25. 45	9. 27. 26	15. 0. 47	4. 40	10
13	Th.	4 20. 23. 24	9. 31. 11	14. 42. 37	4. 30	11
14	F.	4 21. 21. 4	9. 34. 57	14. 24. 13	4. 19	11
15	Sa.	4 22. 18. 47	9. 38. 42	14. 5. 34	4. 8	11
16	Su.	4 23. 16. 30	9. 42. 27	13. 46. 42	3. 57	12
17	M.	4 24. 14. 15	9. 46. 12	13. 27. 37	3. 45	13
18	Tu.	4 25. 12. 2	9. 49. 56	13. 8. 18	3. 32	13
19	W.	4 26. 9. 51	9. 53. 40	12. 48. 47	3. 19	14
20	Th.	4 27. 7. 41	9. 57. 22	12. 29. 4	3. 5	14
21	F.	4 28. 5. 34	10. 1. 5	12. 9. 9	2. 51	15
22	Sa.	4 29. 3. 28	10. 4. 47	11. 49. 2	2. 36	15
23	Su.	5. 0. 1. 23	10. 8. 28	11. 28. 43	2. 21	16
24	M.	5. 0. 59. 21	10. 12. 9	11. 8. 14	2. 5	15
25	Tu.	5. 1. 57. 20	10. 15. 50	10. 47. 34	1. 50	17
26	W.	5. 2. 55. 20	10. 19. 30	10. 26. 44	1. 33	16
27	Th.	5. 3. 53. 22	10. 23. 10	10. 5. 43	1. 17	17
28	F.	5. 4. 51. 25	10. 26. 49	9. 44. 34	1. 0	17
29	Sa.	5. 5. 49. 29	10. 30. 28	9. 23. 14	0. 42	18
30	Su.	5. 6. 47. 35	10. 34. 7	9. 1. 47	0. 25	17
31	M.	5. 7. 45. 43	10. 37. 46	8. 40. 10	0. 7	18

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Days of the Month.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	" "	" "	" "		" " "
1	15. 49. 0	1. 6. 5	2. 23. 6	0. 006253	10. 0. 14
7	15. 50. 0	1. 6. 0	2. 23. 9	0. 005831	9. 29. 55
13	15. 51. 0	1. 5. 5	2. 24. 3	0. 005367	9. 29. 36
19	15. 52. 1	1. 5. 1	2. 24. 6	0. 004874	9. 29. 17
25	15. 53. 3	1. 4. 6	2. 25. 0	0. 004311	9. 28. 58

## Eclipses of the SATELLITES of J U P I T E R.

I. Satellite. Emerfions.			II. Satellite. Emerfions.			III. Satellite.		
Days	"	"	Days	"	"	Days	"	"
2	8 <sup>h</sup> 17. 52		2	8. 31. 49		7	14. 50. 55	I
4	2. 46. 34		5	21. 50. 41		7	17. 42. 7	E
5	21. 15. 18		9	11. 9. 40		14	18. 51. 7	I
7	15. 43. 59		13	0. 28. 44		14	21. 41. 19	E
9	10. 12. 49		16	13. 47. 52		IV. Satellite.		
11	4. 41. 39					14	11. 15. 39	I
12	23. 10. 25					14	13. 51. 15	E
14	17. 39. 15							
16	12. 8. 7							



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Days.	Heliocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Heliocen- tric Lat- tude.	Geocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Geocen- tric La- titude.	Declina- tion.	Passage over Merid.
	s o /	o /	s o /	o /	o /	h /
MERCURY. inf. ♂ 25 <sup>d</sup> 22 <sup>h</sup> 10'						
1	8. 14. 0	3. 19 S	5. 5. 55	1. 51 S	7. 37 N	1. 43
7	9. 0. 37	4. 57	5. 9. 42	3. 1	5. 8	1. 32
13	9. 18. 4	6. 12	5. 10. 48	4. 3	3. 47	1. 12
19	10. 7. 13	6. 56	5. 8. 39	4. 36	4. 2	0. 41
25	10. 29. 8	6. 48	5. 3. 43	4. 15	6. 12	0. 0
VENUS. greatest Elong. 17 <sup>d</sup>						
1	8. 16. 5	0. 5 S	5. 24. 2	0. 5 S	2. 16 N	2. 53
7	8. 25. 35	0. 39	6. 0. 16	0. 37	0. 40 S	2. 52
13	9. 5. 5	1. 11	6. 6. 18	1. 12	3. 37	2. 50
19	9. 14. 34	1. 42	6. 12. 7	1. 50	6. 29	2. 48
25	9. 24. 3	2. 9	6. 17. 41	2. 31	9. 17	2. 46
MARS.						
1	4. 28. 17	1. 49 N	4. 20. 57	1. 9 N	15. 36 N	0. 50
7	5. 0. 55	1. 48	4. 24. 46	1. 8	14. 21	0. 41
13	5. 3. 32	1. 47	4. 28. 34	1. 7	13. 2	0. 33
19	5. 6. 9	1. 46	5. 2. 33	1. 6	11. 40	0. 26
25	5. 8. 47	1. 44	5. 6. 12	1. 5	10. 15	0. 18
JUPITER.						
1	5. 29. 8	1. 18 N	5. 21. 51	1. 8 N	4. 18 N	2. 47
7	5. 29. 36	1. 18	5. 22. 58	1. 8	3. 51	2. 28
13	6. 0. 3	1. 18	5. 24. 7	1. 8	3. 22	2. 10
19	6. 0. 30	1. 18	5. 25. 19	1. 7	2. 53	1. 51
25	6. 0. 58	1. 18	5. 26. 32	1. 7	2. 24	1. 33
SATURN.						
1	2. 24. 57	1. 7 S	2. 29. 6	1. 2 S	22. 26 N	21. 8
7	2. 25. 11	1. 6	2. 29. 44	1. 2	22. 26	20. 47
13	2. 25. 24	1. 6	3. 0. 20	1. 2	22. 26	20. 27
19	2. 25. 38	1. 5	3. 0. 55	1. 2	22. 26	20. 7
25	2. 25. 51	1. 5	3. 1. 28	1. 2	22. 26	19. 47

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Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 9 o' th' Clock in the Evening.

1	4.	3.	⊙	2.	1.0
2	4.	3.	1 2 ⊙		
3	4.	2.3	⊙	1.	
4		4.	⊙	3.2	
5		4.	⊙	2.1.	3.
6		2.	3.	⊙	4.
7			2.	⊙	3.1.
8		1.	1.	⊙	2.
9	1 ● 2 ●	3.	⊙		4.
10		3 2	⊙	1.	
11		1.	⊙	3.2	4.
12			⊙	1.	3.
13		2.	1.	⊙	4.
14		2.	4.	⊙	3.1.
15		4.	3.	1.	⊙
16	1 ●	4.	3.	⊙	2.

The Satellites of JUPITER cannot be observed from this  
Time until NOVEMBER, because of his  
Nearness to the SUN.

[90]		AUGUST 1767.															
Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.				Moon's Longitude at Midnight.				Moon's Latitude at Noon.				Moon's Latitude at Midnight.			
		S	°	'	"	S	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"		
1	Sa.	6.	22.	34.	19	6.	28.	37.	0	5.	13.	51 S	5.	16.	53 S		
2	Su.	7.	4.	42.	55	7.	10.	52.	32	5.	16.	23	5.	12.	16		
3	M.	7.	17.	6.	22	7.	23.	25.	1	5.	4.	26	4.	52.	52		
4	Tu.	7.	29.	48.	50	8.	6.	18.	24	4.	37.	28	4.	18.	22		
5	W.	8.	12.	53.	57	8.	19.	35.	56	3.	55.	37	3.	29.	13		
6	Th.	8.	26.	24.	30	9.	3.	19.	43	2.	59.	31	2.	26.	38		
7	F.	9.	10.	21.	28	9.	17.	29.	28	1.	51.	8	1.	13.	21 S		
8	Sa.	9.	24.	43.	30	10.	2.	3.	2	0.	33.	55 S	0.	6.	37 N		
9	Su.	10.	9.	27.	12	10.	16.	55.	5	0.	47.	21 N	1.	27.	42		
10	M.	10.	24.	25.	46	11.	1.	58.	8	2.	6.	42	2.	43.	39		
11	Tu.	11.	9.	30.	54	11.	17.	3.	2	3.	17.	43	3.	48.	15		
12	W.	11.	24.	33.	20	0.	2.	0.	50	4.	14.	42	4.	36.	38		
13	Th.	0.	9.	24.	34	0.	16.	43.	46	4.	53.	52	5.	5.	57		
14	F.	0.	23.	57.	52	1.	1.	6.	28	5.	13.	2	5.	15.	11		
15	Sa.	1.	8.	9.	10	1.	15.	5.	55	5.	12.	37	5.	5.	26		
16	Su.	1.	21.	56.	42	1.	28.	41.	47	4.	53.	53	4.	38.	24		
17	M.	2.	5.	21.	6	2.	11.	55.	3	4.	19.	27	3.	57.	17		
18	Tu.	2.	18.	23.	56	2.	24.	48.	13	3.	32.	22	3.	5.	5		
19	W.	3.	1.	8.	7	3.	7.	24.	9	2.	35.	50	2.	5.	0		
20	Th.	3.	13.	36.	34	3.	19.	45.	56	1.	32.	57	1.	0.	9 N		
21	F.	3.	25.	52.	25	4.	1.	56.	34	0.	26.	51 N	0.	6.	24 S		
22	Sa.	4.	7.	58.	35	4.	13.	58.	49	0.	39.	26 S	1.	11.	48		
23	Su.	4.	19.	57.	28	4.	25.	54.	59	1.	43.	13	2.	13.	21		
24	M.	5.	1.	51.	23	5.	7.	47.	5	2.	42.	0	3.	8.	42		
25	Tu.	5.	13.	42.	13	5.	19.	37.	3	3.	33.	18	3.	55.	38		
26	W.	5.	25.	31.	47	6.	1.	26.	47	4.	15.	23	4.	32.	23		
27	Th.	6.	7.	22.	18	6.	13.	18.	33	4.	46.	29	4.	57.	30		
28	F.	6.	19.	15.	50	6.	25.	14.	42	5.	5.	21	5.	9.	52		
29	Sa.	7.	1.	15.	21	7.	7.	18.	21	5.	11.	1	5.	8.	44		
30	Su.	7.	13.	24.	0	7.	19.	32.	48	5.	2.	54	4.	53.	37		
31	M.	7.	25.	45.	18	8.	2.	1.	58	4.	40.	45	4.	24.	26		



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[91]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declination at Noon.	D's Declination at Midn.
			h m	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Sa.	7	4. 38	198. 52	204. 36	13. 38 S	15. 55 S
2	Su.	8	5. 23	210. 34	216. 43	18. 4	20. 3
3	M.	9	6. 12	223. 5	229. 41	21. 49	23. 22
4	Tu.	10	7. 6	236. 32	243. 37	24. 40	25. 38
5	W.	11	8. 2	250. 54	258. 23	26. 16	26. 32
6	Th.	12	9. 1	265. 59	273. 42	26. 24	25. 52
7	F.	13	10. 1	281. 25	289. 8	24. 55	23. 32
8	Sa.	14	11. 0	296. 47	304. 18	21. 45	19. 37
9	Su.	15	11. 56	311. 41	318. 55	17. 9	14. 24
10	M.	16	12. 52	326. 1	332. 59	11. 25	8. 14
11	Tu.	17	13. 44	339. 50	346. 36	4. 56 S	1. 37 S
12	W.	18	14. 36	353. 19	0. 0	1. 44 N	5. 2 N
13	Th.	19	15. 29	6. 42	13. 25	8. 15	11. 17
14	F.	20	16. 21	20. 12	27. 3	14. 9	16. 48
15	Sa.	21	17. 15	34. 0	41. 2	19. 10	21. 15
16	Su.	22	18. 11	48. 9	55. 20	23. 0	24. 25
17	M.	23	19. 7	62. 35	69. 49	25. 28	26. 10
18	Tu.	24	20. 3	77. 2	84. 12	26. 29	26. 27
19	W.	25	20. 56	91. 16	98. 12	26. 4	25. 21
20	Th.	26	21. 46	104. 58	111. 33	24. 19	23. 0
21	F.	27	22. 33	117. 57	124. 11	21. 26	19. 39
22	Sa.	28	23. 17	130. 14	136. 6	17. 39	15. 30
23	Su.	29	23. 59	141. 49	147. 24	13. 13	10. 48
24	M.	30	0	152. 53	158. 17	8. 18	5. 44
25	Tu.	1	0. 40	163. 37	168. 55	3. 8 N	0. 30 N
26	W.	2	1. 20	174. 12	179. 31	2. 8 S	4. 44 S
27	Th.	3	2. 0	184. 52	190. 17	7. 19	9. 49
28	F.	4	2. 41	195. 48	201. 26	12. 15	14. 35
29	Sa.	5	3. 25	207. 13	213. 11	16. 47	18. 49
30	Su.	6	4. 15	219. 19	225. 39	20. 41	22. 21
31	M.	7	5. 2	232. 12	238. 58	23. 46	24. 55

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semid <sup>r</sup> . D at Noon.	Semid <sup>r</sup> . D at Mid- night.	Hor. Par. D at Noon.	Hor. Par. D at Midnight.	Logitic Lo- gar at Noon.	Logitic Lo- gar at Mid- night.
1	Sa.	14. 54	14. 58	54. 43	54. 57	0400	0382
2	Su.	15. 3	15. 8	55. 14	55. 31	0359	0337
3	M.	15. 13	15. 20	55. 52	56. 15	0310	0280
4	Tu.	15. 26	15. 34	56. 41	57. 7	0247	0214
5	W.	15. 41	15. 49	57. 34	58. 3	0180	0143
6	Th.	15. 57	16. 4	58. 31	58. 59	0109	0074
7	F.	16. 12	16. 19	59. 26	59. 52	0041	0010
8	Sa.	16. 25	16. 30	60. 15	60. 35	0982	0958
9	Su.	16. 35	16. 38	60. 51	61. 3	0939	0925
10	M.	16. 40	16. 41	61. 10	61. 13	0916	0913
11	Tu.	16. 41	16. 39	61. 12	61. 6	0914	0921
12	W.	16. 36	16. 32	60. 56	60. 42	0933	0950
13	Th.	16. 28	16. 22	60. 25	60. 5	0970	0994
14	F.	16. 16	16. 10	59. 43	59. 20	0021	0049
15	Sa.	16. 3	15. 57	58. 57	58. 32	0077	0107
16	Su.	15. 51	15. 44	58. 9	57. 44	0136	0167
17	M.	15. 37	15. 32	57. 21	56. 59	0196	0224
18	Tu.	15. 26	15. 20	56. 38	56. 18	0251	0276
19	W.	15. 16	15. 11	56. 0	55. 43	0300	0322
20	Th.	15. 7	15. 3	55. 27	55. 13	0342	0361
21	F.	15. 0	14. 56	55. 1	54. 49	0377	0392
22	Sa.	14. 53	14. 51	54. 39	54. 30	0406	0418
23	Su.	14. 49	14. 47	54. 22	54. 16	0428	0436
24	M.	14. 46	14. 45	54. 11	54. 7	0443	0448
25	Tu.	14. 44	14. 44	54. 4	54. 3	0452	0454
26	W.	14. 44	14. 44	54. 3	54. 5	0454	0451
27	Th.	14. 45	14. 46	54. 8	54. 13	0447	0440
28	F.	14. 48	14. 51	54. 20	54. 29	0431	0419
29	Sa.	14. 54	14. 57	54. 41	54. 53	0403	0387
30	Su.	15. 1	15. 6	55. 8	55. 26	0367	0344
31	M.	15. 11	15. 17	55. 45	56. 7	0319	0291

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[93]

		Distances of $\odot$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.											
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	Antares.	43.	47.	32	42.	17.	29	40.	47.	17	39.	16.	55
2	$\alpha$ Aquilæ	87.	11.	41	85.	51.	51	84.	31.	52	83.	11.	44
3		76.	28.	53	75.	7.	56	73.	46.	52	72.	25.	44
4	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	61.	37.	36	60.	1.	22	58.	24.	46	56.	47.	48
5		48.	37.	21	46.	58.	7	45.	18.	27	43.	38.	23
6	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	85.	12.	28	83.	32.	52	81.	52.	50	80.	12.	26
7		71.	44.	54	70.	2.	24	68.	19.	37	66.	36.	35
8		57.	57.	54	56.	13.	38	54.	29.	19	52.	44.	59
9		44.	4.	35	42.	21.	17	40.	38.	25	38.	56.	2
10	$\alpha$ Arietis.	69.	55.	50	68.	2.	58	66.	10.	4	64.	17.	9
11		54.	52.	53	53.	0.	14	51.	7.	43	49.	15.	21
12	Aldeba- ran,	72.	33.	6	70.	42.	48	68.	52.	50	67.	3.	10
13		57.	59.	35	56.	11.	56	54.	24.	42	52.	37.	52
14		43.	50.	39	42.	6.	45	40.	23.	28	38.	40.	48
15		30.	18.	7	28.	40.	6	27.	3.	8	25.	27.	21
14	The Sun.	117.	15.	50	115.	35.	49	113.	56.	11	112.	16.	54
15		104.	6.	2	102.	28.	58	100.	52.	15	99.	15.	54
16		91.	19.	30	89.	45.	15	88.	11.	20	86.	37.	47
17		78.	55.	4	77.	23.	29	75.	52.	13	74.	21.	16
18		66.	50.	54	65.	21.	38	63.	52.	38	62.	23.	56
19		55.	4.	12	53.	36.	57	52.	9.	56	50.	43.	8
20		43.	32.	26	42.	6.	54	40.	41.	33	39.	16.	22
26	Spica $\mu$	25.	7.	51	23.	40.	1	22.	12.	17	20.	44.	39
27	Antares.	58.	56.	22	57.	27.	42	55.	58.	57	54.	30.	8
28		47.	5.	15	45.	36.	2	44.	6.	44	42.	37.	19
29		35.	8.	39	33.	38.	31	32.	8.	14	30.	37.	46
30	$\alpha$ Aquilæ	79.	37.	9	78.	17.	49	76.	58.	26	75.	39.	0
31		69.	1.	23	67.	41.	53	66.	22.	27	65.	3.	7



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## AUGUST 1767.

Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her					
Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Antares.	37. 46. 22	36. 15. 36	34. 44. 37	33. 13. 25
2	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	81. 51. 27	80. 31. 0	79. 10. 25	77. 49. 43
3		71. 4. 33	69. 43. 21	68. 22. 6	67. 0. 48
4	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	55. 10. 28	53. 32. 46	51. 54. 41	50. 16. 13
5		41. 57. 55	40. 17. 4	38. 35. 52	36. 54. 17
6	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	78. 31. 37	76. 50. 27	75. 8. 56	73. 27. 5
7		64. 53. 16	63. 9. 43	61. 25. 53	59. 42. 1
8		51. 0. 38	49. 16. 21	47. 32. 12	45. 48. 15
9	$\alpha$ Arietis.	77. 26. 20	75. 33. 54	73. 41. 19	71. 48. 37
10		62. 24. 12	60. 31. 17	58. 38. 26	56. 45. 38
11		47. 23. 7	45. 31. 5	43. 39. 17	41. 47. 43
12	Aldeba- ran.	65. 13. 49	63. 24. 45	61. 36. 1	59. 47. 37
13		50. 51. 28	49. 5. 30	47. 20. 3	45. 35. 6
14		36. 58. 46	35. 17. 24	33. 36. 48	31. 57. 2
15		23. 52. 58	22. 20. 12	20. 49. 17	19. 20. 28
14	The Sun.	110. 38. 0	108. 59. 28	107. 21. 17	105. 43. 29
15		97. 39. 54	95. 4. 17	94. 29. 0	92. 54. 5
16		85. 4. 34	83. 31. 41	81. 59. 8	80. 26. 56
17		72. 50. 37	71. 20. 14	69. 50. 9	68. 20. 23
18		60. 55. 29	59. 27. 16	57. 59. 19	56. 31. 38
19		49. 16. 33	47. 50. 12	46. 24. 4	44. 58. 9
26	Spica $\mu$	19. 17. 9	17. 49. 47	16. 22. 38	14. 54. 44
27	Antares.	53. 1. 15	51. 32. 22	50. 3. 24	48. 34. 23
28		41. 7. 49	39. 38. 13	38. 8. 29	36. 38. 38
29	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	84. 53. 45	83. 34. 42	82. 15. 35	80. 56. 24
30		74. 19. 31	72. 59. 59	71. 40. 27	70. 20. 55
31		63. 43. 51	62. 24. 43	61. 5. 44	59. 46. 57

# AUGUST 1767.

[95]

Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.					
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.
		$^{\circ}$ ' "	$^{\circ}$ ' "	$^{\circ}$ ' "	$^{\circ}$ ' "
1	The Sun.	73. 45. 37	75. 8. 28	76. 31. 31	77. 54. 44
2		84. 53. 52	86. 18. 21	87. 43. 5	89. 8. 4
3		96. 17. 4	97. 43. 45	99. 10. 46	100. 38. 5
4		107. 59. 51	109. 29. 18	110. 59. 9	112. 29. 24
3	Spica $\alpha$	26. 37. 23	28. 10. 32	29. 44. 4	31. 18. 0
4		39. 13. 26	40. 49. 42	42. 26. 23	44. 3. 28
5		52. 15. 6	53. 54. 43	55. 34. 46	57. 15. 16
6	Antares.	19. 53. 59	21. 37. 18	23. 21. 3	25. 5. 16
7		33. 52. 51	35. 39. 37	37. 26. 47	39. 14. 21
8		48. 18. 6	50. 7. 58	51. 38. 9	53. 48. 40
9		63. 5. 31	64. 57. 38	66. 49. 56	68. 42. 26
10	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	23. 42. 23	25. 33. 46	27. 25. 18	29. 16. 59
11		38. 37. 44	40. 30. 4	42. 22. 21	44. 14. 36
12	$\alpha$ Aquila.	58. 32. 31	60. 4. 32	61. 37. 3	63. 9. 57
13		70. 58. 21	72. 32. 28	74. 6. 34	75. 40. 40
14	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	35. 44. 53	27. 20. 56	38. 57. 27	40. 34. 22
15		48. 42. 7	50. 19. 54	51. 57. 40	53. 35. 21
16		61. 41. 56	63. 18. 48	64. 55. 29	66. 31. 57
17	$\alpha$ Arietis.	31. 11. 5	32. 48. 45	34. 26. 12	36. 3. 25
18		44. 6. 9	45. 42. 3	47. 17. 42	48. 53. 8
19	Aldeba- ran.	25. 51. 19	27. 18. 53	28. 46. 55	30. 15. 20
20		37. 40. 43	39. 10. 7	40. 39. 33	42. 9. 2
21		49. 36. 34	51. 5. 57	52. 35. 18	54. 4. 35
28	The Sun.	44. 38. 13	46. 0. 2	47. 21. 56	48. 43. 56
29		55. 35. 34	56. 58. 19	58. 21. 13	59. 44. 17
30		66. 42. 10	68. 6. 20	69. 30. 43	70. 55. 20
31		78. 2. 1	79. 28. 9	80. 54. 35	82. 21. 17

[96] AUGUST 1767.

Distances of  $\gamma$ 's Center from  $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	The Sun.	79. 18. 9	80. 41. 44	82. 5. 32	83. 29. 35
2		90. 33. 18	91. 58. 48	93. 24. 36	94. 50. 41
3		102. 5. 45	103. 33. 45	105. 2. 6	106. 30. 48
4		114. 0. 2	115. 31. 1	117. 2. 25	118. 34. 13
2	Spica $\alpha$	20. 28. 32	22. 0. 10	23. 32. 11	25. 4. 35
3		32. 52. 20	34. 27. 1	36. 2. 6	37. 37. 34
4		45. 40. 59	47. 18. 53	48. 57. 13	50. 35. 57
5		58. 56. 12	60. 37. 35	62. 19. 25	64. 1. 41
6	Antares.	26. 49. 55	28. 35. 1	30. 20. 32	32. 6. 29
7		41. 2. 20	42. 50. 43	44. 39. 29	46. 28. 36
8		55. 39. 30	57. 30. 37	59. 21. 59	61. 13. 37
9		70. 35. 7	72. 27. 55	74. 20. 52	76. 13. 59
10	$\beta$ Capricorni.	31. 8. 50	33. 0. 49	34. 52. 57	36. 45. 15
11	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	52. 31. 12	54. 0. 17	55. 30. 17	57. 1. 4
12		64. 43. 12	66. 16. 42	67. 50. 26	69. 24. 19
13		77. 14. 46	78. 48. 45	80. 22. 34	81. 56. 15
14	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	42. 11. 36	43. 49. 3	45. 26. 40	47. 4. 22
15		55. 12. 55	56. 50. 23	58. 27. 43	60. 4. 54
16		68. 8. 12	69. 44. 13	71. 20. 0	72. 55. 32
17	$\alpha$ Arietis.	37. 40. 25	39. 17. 11	40. 53. 44	42. 30. 3
18		50. 28. 21	52. 3. 18	53. 38. 1	55. 12. 34
19	Aldebaran.	31. 44. 4	33. 13. 1	34. 42. 8	36. 11. 23
20		43. 38. 33	45. 8. 4	46. 37. 36	48. 7. 6
21		55. 33. 50	57. 3. 1	58. 32. 8	60. 1. 11
28	The Sun.	50. 6. 1	51. 28. 13	52. 50. 32	54. 12. 59
29		61. 7. 30	62. 30. 53	63. 54. 27	65. 18. 13
30		72. 20. 10	73. 45. 15	75. 10. 34	76. 36. 10
31		83. 48. 18	85. 15. 37	86. 43. 15	88. 11. 12



# SEPTEMBER 1767 [97]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.	
			D. H. '.	
1	Tu.	Giles.	First Quarter —	1. 0. 42
2	W.	Lond. burnt, 1666, O.S.	Full Moon —	7. 29. 4
3	Th.		Last Quarter —	14. 12. 48
4	F.		New Moon —	22. 14. 48
5	Sa.		First Quarter —	30. 12. 51
			Other Phenomena.	
6	Su.	12th Sunday after Trinity.	D.	
7	M.	Enurhus.	1. $\epsilon \mu \Pi$ diff. Lat. 11'.	
8	Tu.	Nativity of B. V. Mary.	2. $\alpha \lambda \tau$ 21 <sup>h</sup> . 2'.	
9	W.		6. $\epsilon \theta$ 19 <sup>h</sup> . 52'.	
10	Th.		10. $\epsilon \nu \kappa$ 8 <sup>h</sup> . 28'.	
11	F.		12. $\delta$ in the Pleiades; w	
12	Sa.		imm. 15 <sup>h</sup> . 25'; em.	
13	Su.	13th Sunday after Trinity.	16 <sup>h</sup> . 38'; dist. of Cen-	
14	M.	Holy Crois.	ter at middle 5'.	
15	Tu.		13. $\delta \rho \Omega$ diff. Lat. 45'.	
16	W.		14. $\alpha 3$ post $\zeta$	
17	Th.	Lambert.	13 <sup>h</sup> . 21'.	
18	F.		15. $\alpha \epsilon \Pi$ 16 <sup>h</sup> . 37'.	
19	Sa.		18. $\alpha \delta \sigma$ 0 <sup>h</sup> . 56'.	
20	Su.	14th Sunday after Trinity.	21. $\alpha \nu \Omega$ 22 <sup>h</sup> . 25'.	
21	M.	St. Matthew.	22. $\odot$ enters $\simeq$ at 19 <sup>h</sup> . 41'.	
22	Tu.	K. George III. crowned	25. $\alpha \phi$ at 22 <sup>h</sup> 10'; $\phi$	
23	W.	[1761.	82' more South.	
24	Th.		27. $\alpha \pi \Pi$ 13 <sup>h</sup> . 50'.	
25	F.		$\alpha \sigma \Pi$ 23 <sup>h</sup> . 12'.	
26	Sa.	St. Cyprian.	28. $\alpha \alpha \Pi$ 2 <sup>h</sup> . 55'.	
27	Su.	15th Sunday after Trinity.	30. $\alpha \lambda \tau$ 4 <sup>h</sup> . 38'.	
28	M.			
29	Tu.	St. Michael.		
30	W.	St. Jerome.		

[98] SEPTEMBER 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declination North.	Equat. of Time Sub.	Diff.
		s o ' "	h ' "	o ' "	' "	"
1	Tu.	5. 8. 43. 51	10. 41. 24	8. 18. 25	0. 12	
2	W.	5. 9. 42. 1	10. 45. 2	7. 56. 33	0. 30	18
3	Th.	5. 10. 40. 13	10. 48. 40	7. 34. 32	0. 49	19
4	F.	5. 11. 38. 26	10. 52. 16	7. 12. 25	1. 9	20
5	Sa.	5. 12. 36. 40	10. 55. 54	6. 50. 10	1. 29	20
6	Su.	5. 13. 34. 56	10. 59. 30	6. 27. 49	1. 49	20
7	Mo.	5. 14. 33. 13	11. 3. 7	6. 5. 21	2. 9	20
8	Tu.	5. 15. 31. 32	11. 6. 42	5. 42. 48	2. 29	20
9	W.	5. 16. 29. 54	11. 10. 19	5. 20. 8	2. 49	21
10	Th.	5. 17. 28. 17	11. 13. 55	4. 57. 23	3. 10	20
11	F.	5. 18. 26. 42	11. 17. 31	4. 34. 33	3. 30	21
12	Sa.	5. 19. 25. 9	11. 21. 6	4. 11. 39	3. 51	21
13	Su.	5. 20. 23. 38	11. 24. 42	3. 48. 39	4. 12	21
14	Mo.	5. 21. 22. 10	11. 28. 18	3. 25. 35	4. 33	21
15	Tu.	5. 22. 20. 44	11. 31. 54	3. 2. 28	4. 54	21
16	W.	5. 23. 19. 20	11. 35. 28	2. 39. 17	5. 15	21
17	Th.	5. 24. 17. 58	11. 39. 4	2. 16. 2	5. 36	21
18	F.	5. 25. 16. 39	11. 42. 40	1. 52. 44	5. 57	21
19	Sa.	5. 26. 15. 22	11. 46. 16	1. 29. 25	6. 18	21
20	Su.	5. 27. 14. 7	11. 49. 51	1. 6. 3	6. 39	21
21	Mo.	5. 28. 12. 55	11. 53. 27	0. 42. 39	7. 0	20
22	Tu.	5. 29. 11. 44	11. 57. 2	0. 19. 13	7. 20	21
23	W.	6. 0. 10. 36	12. 0. 39	South.	7. 41	20
24	Th.	6. 1. 9. 29	12. 4. 15	0. 4. 13	8. 1	21
25	F.	6. 2. 8. 25	12. 7. 51	0. 27. 40	8. 22	20
26	Sa.	6. 3. 7. 22	12. 11. 28	0. 51. 8	8. 42	19
27	Su.	6. 4. 6. 22	12. 15. 5	1. 14. 36	9. 1	20
28	Mo.	6. 5. 5. 23	12. 18. 41	1. 38. 3	9. 21	20
29	Tu.	6. 6. 4. 25	12. 22. 18	2. 1. 30	9. 41	19
30	W.	6. 7. 3. 30	12. 25. 55	2. 24. 55	10. 0	20

# S E P T E M B E R 1767. [99]

Days of the Month.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
' "	' "	' "	' "		' " "
1	15. 54, 8	1. 4, 3	2. 25, 3	0. 003570	9. 28. 36
7	15. 56, 4	1. 4, 1	2. 25, 7	0. 002893	9. 28. 17
13	15. 57, 9	1. 4, 0	2. 26, 2	0. 002204	9. 27. 58
19	15. 59, 4	1. 4, 0	2. 26, 7	0. 001503	9. 27. 39
25	16. 1, 1	1. 4, 1	2. 27, 2	0. 000767	9. 27. 20

The Eclipses of J U P I T E R ' s Satellites will not be visible  
this Month, J U P I T E R being too  
near the SUN.



[100] SEPTEMBER 1767.

Days.	Heliocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Heliocen- tric Lati- tude.	Geocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Geocen- tric La- titude.	Declina- tion.	Passage over Merid.
s o /	s o /	s o /	s o /	s o /	s o /	h /
MERCURY. greatest Elong. 11 <sup>d</sup>						
1	11. 29. 52	5. 2 S	4. 28. 16	2. 32 S	9. 43 N	23. 14
7	1. 1. 50	1. 41	4. 27. 54	0. 39	11. 36	22. 56
13	2. 8. 23	2. 41 N	5. 2. 41	0. 50 N	11. 19	22. 55
19	3. 15. 51	6. 4	5. 11. 19	1. 40	8. 52	23. 7
25	4. 19. 39	6. 58	5. 21. 46	1. 52	4. 58	23. 25
VENUS.						
1	10. 5. 7	2. 37 S	6. 23. 46	3. 21 S	12. 21 S	2. 41
7	10. 14. 36	2. 56	6. 28. 32	4. 5	14. 47	2. 37
13	10. 24. 5	3. 11	7. 2. 45	4. 49	16. 58	2. 31
19	11. 3. 36	3. 20	7. 6. 19	5. 33	18. 52	2. 22
25	11. 13. 6	3. 23	7. 9. 3	6. 13	20. 25	2. 10
MARS. ♂ 6 <sup>d</sup> 20 <sup>h</sup>						
1	5. 11. 51	1. 42 N	5. 10. 40	1. 3 N	8. 33 N	0. 9
7	5. 14. 28	1. 39	5. 14. 31	1. 2	7. 3	0. 2
13	5. 17. 7	1. 37	5. 18. 21	1. 1	5. 32	23. 54
19	5. 19. 46	1. 34	5. 22. 12	0. 59	4. 0	23. 47
25	5. 22. 24	1. 32	5. 26. 5	0. 57	2. 26	23. 39
JUPITER. ♂ 26 <sup>d</sup> 6 <sup>h</sup> 45 <sup>'</sup>						
1	6. 1. 29	1. 18 N	5. 27. 59	1. 7 N	1. 49 N	1. 13
7	6. 1. 56	1. 19	5. 29. 15	1. 7	1. 19	0. 56
13	6. 2. 24	1. 19	6. 0. 32	1. 7	0. 49	0. 39
19	6. 2. 51	1. 19	6. 1. 50	1. 7	0. 17	0. 22
25	6. 3. 18	1. 19	6. 3. 7	1. 6	0. 13 S	0. 5
SATURN. □ 26 <sup>d</sup> 8 <sup>h</sup>						
1	2. 26. 7	1. 4 S	3. 2. 2	1. 2 S	22. 25 N	19. 24
7	2. 26. 21	1. 4	3. 2. 28	1. 2	22. 25	19. 5
13	2. 26. 34	1. 3	3. 2. 50	1. 2	22. 24	18. 45
19	2. 26. 48	1. 3	3. 3. 10	1. 2	22. 24	18. 24
25	2. 27. 1	1. 2	3. 3. 25	1. 2	22. 23	18. 4

**S E P T E M B E R 1767. [101]**

**JUPITER'S** Satellites will not be visible this Month,  
being too near the **SUN.**

[102]		SEPTEMBER 1767.											
Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.			Moon's Longitude at Midnight.			Moon's Latitude at Noon.			Moon's Latitude at Midnight.		
		S	°	'	S	°	'	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	Tu.	8.	8.	23. 16	8.	14.	49. 49	4.	4.	37 S	3.	41.	29 S
2	W.	8.	21.	21. 59	8.	28.	0. 9	3.	15.	7	2.	45.	49
3	Th.	9.	4.	44. 33	9.	11.	35. 45	2.	13.	41	1.	39.	9
4	F.	9.	18.	34. 0	9.	25.	39. 41	1.	2.	34 S	0.	24.	28 S
5	Sa.	10.	2.	50. 50	10.	10.	9. 13	0.	14.	33 N	0.	53.	58 N
6	Su.	10.	17.	33. 28	10.	25.	3. 0	1.	32.	52	2.	10.	32
7	M.	11.	2.	36. 47	11.	10.	13. 40	2.	46.	20	3.	19.	27
8	Tu.	11.	17.	52. 22	11.	25.	31. 40	3.	49.	0	4.	14.	26
9	W.	0.	3.	9. 54	0.	10.	45. 49	4.	35.	16	4.	51.	1
10	Th.	0.	18.	18. 2	0.	25.	45. 36	5.	1.	37	5.	6.	56
11	F.	1.	3.	7. 23	1.	10.	22. 52	5.	7.	7	5.	2.	18
12	Sa.	1.	17.	31. 21	1.	24.	32. 47	4.	52.	47	4.	39.	3
13	Su.	2.	1.	26. 49	2.	8.	13. 44	4.	21.	28	4.	0.	26
14	M.	2.	14.	53. 49	2.	21.	27. 21	3.	36.	27	3.	10.	1
15	Tu.	2.	27.	54. 40	3.	4.	16. 26	2.	41.	30	2.	11.	27
16	W.	3.	10.	33. 9	3.	16.	45. 19	1.	40.	9	1.	8.	7
17	Th.	3.	22.	53. 31	3.	28.	58. 20	0.	35.	35 N	0.	2.	56 N
18	F.	4.	5.	0. 24	4.	11.	0. 10	0.	29.	25 S	1.	1.	13 S
19	Sa.	4.	16.	58. 3	4.	22.	54. 39	1.	32.	11	2.	1.	53
20	Su.	4.	28.	50. 13	5.	4.	45. 13	2.	30.	15	2.	56.	48
21	M.	5.	10.	39. 56	5.	16.	34. 38	3.	21.	25	3.	43.	51
22	Tu.	5.	22.	29. 29	5.	28.	24. 55	4.	3.	52	4.	21.	12
23	W.	6.	4.	20. 54	6.	10.	17. 46	4.	35.	45	4.	47.	16
24	Th.	6.	16.	15. 38	6.	22.	14. 38	4.	55.	42	5.	0.	53
25	F.	6.	28.	14. 59	7.	4.	16. 50	5.	2.	46	5.	1.	16
26	Sa.	7.	10.	20. 34	7.	16.	26. 24	4.	56.	22	4.	48.	4
27	Su.	7.	22.	34. 29	7.	28.	45. 19	4.	36.	23	4.	21.	23
28	M.	8.	4.	59. 4	8.	11.	16. 13	4.	3.	7	3.	41.	45
29	Tu.	8.	17.	37. 7	8.	24.	2. 15	3.	17.	28	2.	50.	23
30	W.	9.	0.	32. 8	9.	7.	6. 57	2.	20.	49	1.	48.	52



# S E P T E M B E R 1767. [103]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declination at Noon.	D's Declination at Midn.
1	Tu.	8	5. 56	245. 55	253. 4	25. 46 S	26. 16 S
2	W.	9	6. 53	260. 22	267. 46	26. 26	26. 13
3	Th.	10	7. 51	275. 14	282. 46	25. 36	24. 37
4	F.	11	8. 49	290. 16	297. 43	23. 13	21. 27
5	Sa.	12	9. 47	305. 5	312. 21	19. 19	16. 51
6	Su.	13	10. 42	319. 31	326. 36	14. 7	11. 8
7	M.	14	11. 36	333. 35	340. 29	7. 58	4. 40 S
8	Tu.	15	12. 29	347. 22	354. 13	1. 17 S	2. 7 N
9	W.	16	13. 23	1. 5	7. 58	5. 28 N	8. 43
10	Th.	17	14. 17	14. 55	21. 57	11. 50	14. 44
11	F.	18	15. 13	29. 4	36. 17	17. 22	19. 44
12	Sa.	19	16. 10	43. 35	50. 56	21. 46	23. 26
13	Su.	20	17. 8	58. 20	65. 46	24. 44	25. 40
14	M.	21	18. 5	73. 10	80. 28	26. 12	26. 21
15	Tu.	22	19. 0	87. 40	94. 44	26. 8	25. 36
16	W.	23	19. 52	101. 37	108. 20	24. 43	23. 33
17	Th.	24	20. 39	114. 49	121. 8	22. 6	20. 26
18	F.	25	21. 25	127. 14	133. 10	18. 34	16. 31
19	Sa.	26	22. 7	138. 57	144. 35	14. 18	11. 59
20	Su.	27	22. 48	150. 6	155. 31	9. 33	7. 2
21	M.	28	23. 28	160. 53	166. 12	4. 28 N	1. 52 N
22	Tu.	29	0	171. 30	176. 49	0. 45 S	3. 22 S
23	W.	0	0. 8	182. 9	187. 33	5. 57	8. 29
24	Th.	1	0. 49	193. 3	198. 39	10. 57	13. 19
25	F.	2	1. 32	204. 22	210. 14	15. 35	17. 41
26	Sa.	3	2. 18	216. 17	222. 30	19. 37	21. 22
27	Su.	4	3. 6	228. 53	235. 28	22. 53	24. 9
28	M.	5	3. 59	242. 14	249. 9	25. 8	25. 49
29	Tu.	6	4. 53	255. 13	263. 22	26. 10	26. 10
30	W.	7	5. 50	270. 36	277. 51	25. 48	25. 5

[104] SEPTEMBER 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semid. at Noon.	Semid. at Mid-night.	Hor. Par. at Noon.	Hor. Par. at Midnight.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Midn.
1	Tu.	15. 24	15. 31	56. 30	56. 56	0261	0228
2	W.	15. 38	15. 46	57. 23	57. 51	0194	0158
3	Th.	15. 54	16. 1	58. 20	58. 49	0122	0087
4	F.	16. 9	16. 17	59. 17	59. 45	0052	0018
5	Sa.	16. 24	16. 30	60. 11	60. 34	9987	9959
6	Su.	16. 36	16. 40	60. 55	61. 11	9934	9915
7	M.	16. 44	16. 46	61. 23	61. 31	9901	9892
8	Tu.	16. 46	16. 46	61. 33	61. 30	9889	9893
9	W.	16. 44	16. 40	61. 23	61. 11	9901	9915
10	Th.	16. 36	16. 30	60. 54	60. 34	9935	9959
11	F.	16. 24	16. 17	60. 11	59. 46	9987	0017
12	Sa.	16. 9	16. 2	59. 19	58. 51	0050	0084
13	Su.	15. 54	15. 47	58. 22	57. 54	0120	0155
14	M.	15. 39	15. 32	57. 27	57. 0	0189	0222
15	Tu.	15. 25	15. 19	56. 35	56. 12	0255	0284
16	W.	15. 13	15. 8	55. 51	55. 31	0311	0337
17	Th.	15. 3	14. 59	55. 14	54. 59	0359	0379
18	F.	14. 55	14. 52	54. 46	54. 34	0396	0412
19	Sa.	14. 49	14. 47	54. 24	54. 17	0426	0435
20	Su.	14. 46	14. 45	54. 10	54. 6	0444	0450
21	M.	14. 44	14. 43	54. 3	54. 2	0454	0455
22	Tu.	14. 43	14. 44	54. 2	54. 3	0455	0454
23	W.	14. 44	14. 45	54. 5	54. 9	0451	0446
24	Th.	14. 47	14. 49	54. 14	54. 21	0439	0430
25	F.	14. 51	14. 53	54. 29	54. 38	0419	0407
26	Sa.	14. 56	15. 0	54. 49	55. 1	0392	0377
27	Su.	15. 3	15. 7	55. 15	55. 30	0358	0338
28	M.	15. 12	15. 17	55. 48	56. 7	0315	0291
29	Tu.	15. 23	15. 29	56. 27	56. 49	0265	0236
30	W.	15. 35	15. 42	57. 13	57. 37	0206	0176

# S E P T E M B E R 1767. [105]

Distances of ☿'s Center from Stars, and from ☉ east of her.					
☿ ☉	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1 2	β Capri- corni.	53. 5. 19 40. 11. 18	51. 29. 45 38. 33. 0	49. 53. 51 36. 54. 22	48. 17. 37 35. 15. 24
3 4 5	α Pegasi.	77. 7. 45 63. 49. 34 50. 14. 7	75. 29. 12 62. 8. 20 48. 31. 36	73. 50. 18 60. 26. 52 46. 49. 6	72. 11. 3 58. 45. 11 45. 6. 40
6 7 8	α Arietis.	76. 47. 46 61. 45. 52 46. 34. 40	74. 55. 54 59. 52. 14 44. 40. 42	73. 3. 45 57. 58. 28 42. 46. 48	71. 11. 20 56. 4. 37 40. 53. 1
9 10 11	Aldeba- ran.	64. 5. 38 49. 18. 43 35. 1. 15	62. 13. 34 47. 29. 33 33. 17. 6	60. 21. 51 45. 40. 52 31. 33. 48	58. 30. 29 43. 52. 44 29. 51. 27
12 13	Pollux.	62. 9. 49 48. 22. 54	60. 24. 51 46. 41. 39	58. 40. 18 45. 0. 52	56. 56. 15 43. 20. 33
14	Regulus.	71. 42. 45	70. 3. 53	68. 25. 23	66. 47. 17
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	The Sun.	121. 46. 3 108. 53. 25 96. 27. 35 84. 26. 26 72. 46. 38 61. 24. 33 50. 16. 22	120. 7. 57 107. 18. 46 94. 56. 7 82. 57. 53 71. 20. 29 60. 0. 21 48. 53. 38	118. 30. 17 105. 44. 32 93. 25. 3 81. 29. 39 69. 54. 36 58. 36. 22 47. 31. 3	116. 53. 3 104. 10. 42 91. 54. 20 80. 1. 43 68. 28. 59 57. 12. 34 46. 8. 38
25	Antares.	38. 8. 13	36. 38. 17	35. 8. 15	33. 38. 7
26 27	α Aquilæ	82. 10. 45 71. 37. 40	80. 51. 35 70. 18. 38	79. 32. 25 68. 59. 42	78. 13. 17 67. 40. 52
28 29	β Capri- corni.	56. 26. 25 43. 52. 19	54. 52. 58 42. 15. 58	53. 19. 18 40. 41. 23	51. 45. 23 39. 5. 32
30	α Pegasi.	81. 6. 52	79. 32. 3	77. 56. 56	76. 21. 33



[106] SEPTEMBER 1767.

		Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.											
Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.			15 Hours.			18 Hours.			21 Hours.		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	$\beta$ Capricorni.	46. 41. 2			45. 4. 6			43. 26. 50			41. 49. 14		
2		33. 36. 7			31. 56. 32			30. 16. 38			28. 36. 25		
3	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	70. 31. 27			68. 51. 27			67. 11. 8			65. 30. 31		
4		57. 3. 16			55. 21. 10			53. 38. 57			51. 56. 35		
5		43. 24. 24			41. 42. 25			40. 0. 47			38. 19. 33		
6	$\alpha$ Arietis.	69. 18. 39			67. 25. 44			65. 32. 38			63. 39. 21		
7		54. 10. 40			52. 16. 40			50. 22. 40			48. 28. 40		
8		38. 59. 23			37. 5. 56			35. 12. 43			33. 19. 45		
9	Aldebaran.	56. 39. 26			54. 48. 41			52. 58. 17			51. 8. 17		
10		42. 5. 10			40. 18. 11			38. 31. 51			36. 46. 11		
11		28. 10. 10			26. 30. 4			24. 51. 20			23. 14. 7		
12	Pollux.	55. 12. 36			53. 29. 29			51. 46. 49			50. 4. 38		
13		41. 40. 43			40. 1. 24			38. 22. 32			36. 44. 7		
12	The Sun.	115. 16. 15			113. 39. 54			112. 3. 59			110. 28. 29		
13		102. 37. 17			101. 4. 16			99. 31. 39			97. 59. 25		
14		90. 24. 1			88. 54. 6			87. 24. 32			85. 55. 18		
15		78. 34. 7			77. 6. 48			75. 39. 48			74. 13. 4		
16		67. 3. 37			65. 38. 30			64. 13. 37			62. 48. 58		
17		55. 48. 59			54. 25. 34			53. 2. 20			51. 39. 16		
18		44. 46. 23			43. 24. 17			42. 2. 20			40. 40. 31		
24	Antares.	44. 7. 15			42. 37. 35			41. 7. 52			39. 38. 4		
25		32. 7. 53			30. 37. 31			29. 7. 1			27. 36. 23		
26	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	76. 54. 8			75. 34. 58			74. 15. 50			72. 56. 44		
27		66. 22. 9			65. 3. 34			63. 45. 10			62. 26. 56		
28	$\beta$ Capricorni.	50. 11. 14			48. 36. 52			47. 2. 15			45. 27. 24		
29		37. 29. 26			35. 53. 4			34. 16. 27			32. 39. 34		
30	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	74. 45. 51			73. 9. 53			71. 33. 37			69. 57. 4		

# SEPTEMBER 1767. [107]

Distances of J's Center from ☉, and from Stars west of her		Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
Days	Stars Names.	° ' "			° ' "			° ' "			° ' "		
1	The Sun.	89. 39. 28	91. 8. 6	92. 37. 6	94. 6. 28								
2		101. 38. 49	103. 10. 27	104. 42. 29	106. 14. 55								
3		114. 3. 10	115. 38. 7	117. 13. 30	118. 49. 20								
1	Spica ♏	47. 45. 17	49. 21. 4	50. 57. 14	52. 33. 46								
2		60. 42. 14	62. 21. 7	64. 0. 25	65. 40. 6								
3	Antares.	28. 15. 37	29. 58. 1	31. 40. 54	33. 24. 13								
4		42. 7. 42	43. 53. 44	45. 40. 12	47. 27. 5								
5		56. 27. 56	58. 17. 23	60. 7. 14	61. 57. 27								
6	β Capri- corni.	16. 59. 54	18. 48. 34	20. 38. 0	22. 28. 9								
7		31. 47. 8	33. 40. 9	35. 33. 10	37. 26. 43								
8	α Aquilæ.	53. 11. 24	54. 42. 48	56. 15. 6	57. 48. 13								
9		65. 43. 20	67. 19. 43	68. 56. 23	70. 33. 17								
10	α Pegasi.	30. 51. 54	32. 28. 39	34. 6. 18	35. 44. 45								
11		44. 5. 30	45. 46. 22	47. 27. 40	49. 8. 50								
12		57. 33. 17	59. 13. 42	60. 53. 53	62. 33. 50								
13	Arietis.	27. 22. 34	29. 3. 12	30. 43. 32	32. 23. 34								
14		40. 39. 17	42. 17. 28	43. 55. 19	45. 32. 52								
15	Aldeba- ran.	22. 50. 57	24. 18. 27	25. 46. 32	27. 15. 7								
16		34. 42. 20	36. 12. 9	37. 41. 58	39. 11. 48								
17		46. 40. 19	48. 9. 48	49. 39. 11	51. 8. 31								
18		58. 33. 45	60. 2. 35	61. 31. 17	62. 59. 54								
19	Pollux.	28. 7. 23	29. 34. 59	31. 2. 38	32. 30. 19								
20		39. 49. 20	41. 17. 12	42. 45. 5	44. 13. 0								
26	The Sun.	37. 29. 58	38. 52. 50	40. 15. 54	41. 39. 7								
27		48. 37. 57	50. 2. 18	51. 26. 52	52. 51. 38								
28		59. 58. 40	61. 24. 40	62. 51. 7	64. 17. 42								
29		71. 34. 36	73. 2. 48	74. 31. 18	76. 0. 6								
30		83. 28. 58	84. 59. 41	86. 30. 45	88. 2. 9								

[108] SEPTEMBER 1767.

Distances of J's Center from ☉, and from Stars west of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	The Sun.	95. 36. 11	97. 6. 16	98. 36. 44	100. 7. 35
2		107. 47. 45	109. 20. 58	110 54 37	112. 28. 41
3		120. 25. 36			
1	Spica ♏	54. 10. 42	55. 48. 0	57. 25. 41	59. 3. 46
2		67. 20. 13	69. 0. 45	70. 41. 42	72. 23. 4
3	Antares.	35. 8. 0	36. 52. 15	38. 36. 57	40. 22. 6
4		49. 14. 25	51. 2. 10	52. 50. 21	54. 38. 56
5		63. 48. 3	65. 38. 58	67. 30. 15	69. 21. 53
6	♐ Capricorni.	24. 18. 56	26. 10. 19	28. 2. 12	29. 54. 29
7		39. 20. 17	41. 13. 59	43. 7. 45	45. 1. 29
8	♑ Aquilæ.	59. 22. 4	60. 56. 35	62. 31. 41	64. 7. 17
9		72. 10. 21	73. 47. 31	75. 24. 45	77. 1. 56
10	♒ Pegasi.	37. 23. 55	39. 3. 44	40. 44. 2	42. 24. 38
11		50. 49. 57	52. 30. 59	54. 11. 55	55. 52. 41
12		64. 13. 31	65. 52. 55	67. 32. 0	69. 10. 46
13	♈ Aries.	34. 3. 18	35. 42. 46	37. 21. 55	39. 0. 45
14		47. 10. 4	48. 46. 56	50. 23. 28	51. 59. 42
15	Aldebaran.	28. 44. 6	30. 13. 24	31. 42. 56	33. 12. 35
16		40. 41. 39	42. 11. 24	43. 41. 6	45. 10. 44
17		52. 37. 45	54. 6. 54	55. 35. 57	57. 4. 55
18		64. 28. 26	65. 56. 53	67. 25. 14	68. 53. 31
19	Pollux.	33. 58. 2	35. 25. 49	36. 53. 38	38. 21. 28
20		45. 40. 55	47. 8. 52	48. 36. 50	50. 4. 49
26	The Sun.	43. 2. 32	44. 26. 6	45. 49. 52	47. 13. 48
27		54. 16. 36	55. 41. 47	57. 7. 11	58. 32. 49
28		65. 44. 33	67. 11. 39	68. 39. 2	70. 6. 41
29		77. 29. 13	78. 58. 40	80. 28. 27	81. 58. 32
30		89. 33. 55	91. 6. 4	92. 38. 33	94. 11. 26



# OCTOBER 1767. [109]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.	
			D. H. /	
			Full Moon —	7. 4. 33
			Last Quarter —	14. 3. 14
			New Moon —	22. 7. 59
			First Quarter —	29. 23. 13
1	Th.	Remigius.	Other Phenomena.	
2	F.			
3	Sa.			
4	Su.	16th Sunday after Trinity.		
5	M.			
6	Tu.	Faith.	D.	
7	W.		4. ☾ 6h. 31'.	
8	Th.		5. ♀ Stationary.	
9	F.	S. Denys. [Terms begin.	7. ☾ 10h. 25'.	
10	Sa.	Oxford and Cambridge	10. ☾ Pleiadum 1h. 20'.	
			11. ☾ ♄ diff. Lat. 14'.	
			☾ 3 post ☿ 21h. 28'.	
11	Su.	17th Sunday after Trinity.	13. ☾ ☿ 0h. 0'.	
12	M.		15. ☾ ♄ 7h. 27'.	
13	Tu.	Transf. of K. Edw. Conf.	16. ♀ Stationary.	
14	W.		19. ☾ ♄ 4h. 48'.	
15	Th.		23. ☾ enters ♍ at 3h. 25'.	
			24. ☾ ♍ diff. Lat. 58'.	
			☾ ♄ diff. Lat. 19. 7'.	
16	F.		25. ☾ ☿ 4h. 50'.	
17	Sa.	Etheldred.	☾ ♄ 8h. 33'.	
18	Su.	18th Sunday after Trinity.	27. ☾ ♄ 10h. 27'.	
19	M.	[St. Luke.	31. ☾ ☿ 15h. 2'.	
20	Tu.			
21	W.			
22	Th.			
23	F.			
24	Sa.	[Geo. III. Accef. Crif.		
25	Su.	19th Sun. after Trin. K.		
26	M.	K. Geo. III. proclaimed		
27	Tu.	[1760.		
28	W.	St. Simon and St. Jude.		
29	Th.			
30	F.			
31	Sa.			

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declin. South.	Equat. of Time Sub.	Diff.
		° ' "	h m "	° ' "	h m "	
1	Th.	6. 8. 2. 36	12. 29. 33	3. 11. 41	10. 20	
2	F.	6. 9. 1. 44	12. 33. 10	3. 35. 1	10. 39	19
3	Sa.	6. 10. 0. 53	12. 36. 48	3. 58. 18	10. 57	18
4	Su.	6. 11. 0. 3	12. 40. 27	4. 21. 32	11. 15	18
5	M.	6. 11. 59. 18	12. 44. 5	4. 44. 43	11. 33	18
6	Tu.	6. 12. 58. 33	12. 47. 44	5. 7. 51	11. 51	17
7	W.	6. 13. 57. 49	12. 51. 24	5. 30. 54	12. 8	16
8	Th.	6. 14. 57. 9	12. 55. 4	5. 53. 54	12. 24	16
9	F.	6. 15. 56. 30	12. 58. 44	6. 16. 49	12. 40	16
10	Sa.	6. 16. 55. 53	13. 2. 24	6. 39. 39	12. 56	16
11	Su.	6. 17. 55. 19	13. 6. 6	7. 2. 24	13. 12	15
12	M.	6. 18. 54. 47	13. 9. 47	7. 25. 2	13. 27	15
13	Tu.	6. 19. 54. 17	13. 13. 30	7. 47. 35	13. 42	14
14	W.	6. 20. 53. 49	13. 17. 12	8. 10. 2	13. 56	13
15	Th.	6. 21. 53. 24	13. 20. 56	8. 32. 22	14. 9	12
16	F.	6. 22. 53. 1	13. 24. 40	8. 54. 35	14. 21	12
17	Sa.	6. 23. 52. 42	13. 28. 24	9. 16. 40	14. 33	11
18	Su.	6. 24. 52. 24	13. 32. 9	9. 38. 38	14. 44	11
19	M.	6. 25. 52. 8	13. 35. 55	10. 0. 26	14. 55	10
20	Tu.	6. 26. 51. 55	13. 39. 41	10. 22. 7	15. 5	10
21	W.	6. 27. 51. 44	13. 43. 29	10. 43. 38	15. 15	9
22	Th.	6. 28. 51. 35	13. 47. 16	11. 5. 0	15. 24	8
23	F.	6. 29. 51. 28	13. 51. 5	11. 26. 12	15. 32	8
24	Sa.	7. 0. 51. 23	13. 54. 54	11. 47. 13	15. 40	7
25	Su.	7. 1. 51. 19	13. 58. 44	12. 8. 0	15. 47	5
26	M.	7. 2. 51. 18	14. 2. 34	12. 28. 39	15. 52	5
27	Tu.	7. 3. 51. 18	14. 6. 25	12. 49. 10	15. 57	5
28	W.	7. 4. 51. 20	14. 10. 17	13. 9. 26	16. 2	4
29	Th.	7. 5. 51. 23	14. 14. 10	13. 29. 28	16. 6	4
30	F.	7. 6. 51. 28	14. 18. 4	13. 49. 18	16. 10	2
31	Sa.	7. 7. 51. 34	14. 21. 58	14. 8. 54	16. 12	1

# OCTOBER 1767. [111]

Days.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	' "	' "	' "		' " "
1.	16. 2, 8.	1. 4, 3	2. 27, 8	9. 999999	9. 27. 1
7.	15. 4, 5.	1. 4, 6	2. 28, 4	9. 999233	9. 26. 42
13.	16. 6, 1.	1. 5, 0	2. 28, 9	9. 998496	9. 26. 22
19.	16. 7, 7	1. 5, 5	2. 29, 3	9. 997781	9. 26. 3
25.	16. 9, 4	1. 6, 1	2. 29, 8	9. 997072	9. 25. 44



[112] OCTOBER 1767.

Days.	Heliocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Heliocen- tric Lati- tude.	Geocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Geocen- tric Lati- tude.	Declina- tion.	Passage over Merid.
	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	h ' "

MERCURY. sup.  $\delta$  8<sup>d</sup>. 2<sup>h</sup>. 40<sup>r</sup>.

1	5. 17. 51	5. 56 N	6. 2. 35	1. 38 N	0. 28 S	23. 45
7	6. 11. 13	3. 58	6. 13. 10	1. 9	4. 8	0. 0
13	7. 1. 11	1. 46	6. 23. 20	0. 32	8. 35	0. 14
19	7. 19. 4	0. 25 S	7. 3. 7	0. 8 S	12. 41	0. 27
25	8. 5. 51	2. 25	7. 12. 32	0. 48	16. 23	0. 41

VENUS. inf.  $\delta$  26<sup>d</sup>. 14<sup>h</sup>.

1	11. 22. 38	3. 21 S	7. 10. 44	6. 48 S	21. 31 S	1. 55
7	0. 2. 11	3. 14	7. 11. 8	7. 12	22. 0	1. 34
13	0. 11. 44	3. 1	7. 10. 8	7. 18	21. 47	1. 7
19	0. 21. 18	2. 43	7. 7. 46	7. 0	20. 44	0. 36
25	1. 0. 54	2. 20	7. 4. 25	6. 14	18. 52	0. 1

MARS.

1	5. 25. 4	1. 29 N	5. 29. 57	0. 56 N	0. 53 N	23. 30
7	5. 27. 44	1. 25	6. 3. 50	0. 54	0. 42 S	23. 23
13	6. 0. 25	1. 22	6. 7. 45	0. 52	2. 17	23. 15
19	6. 3. 6	1. 19	6. 11. 39	0. 50	3. 51	23. 7
25	6. 5. 49	1. 15	6. 15. 38	0. 48	5. 25	22. 59

JUPITER.

1	6. 3. 46	1. 19 N	6. 4. 25	1. 6 N	0. 45 S	23. 46
7	6. 4. 13	1. 19	6. 5. 43	1. 7	1. 15	23. 28
13	6. 4. 40	1. 19	6. 7. 0	1. 7	1. 45	23. 11
19	6. 5. 7	1. 19	6. 8. 17	1. 7	2. 15	22. 53
25	6. 5. 34	1. 19	6. 9. 33	1. 8	2. 45	22. 35

SATURN.

1	2. 27. 15	1. 2 S	3. 3. 36	1. 3 S	22. 22 N	17. 43
7	2. 27. 28	1. 1	3. 3. 44	1. 3	22. 22	17. 22
13	2. 27. 42	1. 0	3. 3. 48	1. 3	22. 22	17. 0
19	2. 27. 55	1. 0	3. 3. 48	1. 3	22. 22	16. 38
25	2. 28. 9	0. 59	3. 3. 44	1. 3	22. 22	16. 15

**OCTOBER 1767. [113]**

**PETER'S Satellites will not be visible this Month,  
being too near the SUN.**

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		S ° ' "	S ° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Th.	9. 13. 47. 21	9. 20. 33. 38	1. 15. 3 S	0. 39. 41 S
2	F.	9. 27. 26. 2	10. 4. 24. 50	0. 3. 14 S	0. 33. 47 N
3	Sa.	10. 11. 30. 0	10. 18. 41. 38	1. 10. 51 N	1. 47. 19
4	Su.	10. 25. 59. 22	11. 3. 22. 58	2. 22. 30	2. 55. 42
5	M.	11. 10. 51. 31	11. 18. 24. 14	3. 26. 16	3. 53. 26
6	Tu.	11. 26. 0. 6	0. 3. 37. 42	4. 16. 39	4. 35. 23
7	W.	0. 11. 15. 43	0. 18. 52. 52	4. 49. 10	4. 57. 45
8	Th.	0. 26. 27. 28	1. 3. 58. 18	5. 1. 2	4. 59. 5
9	F.	1. 11. 24. 11	1. 18. 44. 5	4. 52. 3	4. 40. 18
10	Sa.	1. 25. 57. 21	2. 3. 3. 23	4. 24. 6	4. 4. 7
11	Su.	2. 10. 1. 45	2. 16. 52. 36	3. 40. 48	3. 14. 39
12	M.	2. 23. 35. 57	3. 0. 12. 3	2. 46. 13	2. 16. 0
13	Tu.	3. 6. 41. 26	3. 13. 4. 26	1. 44. 33	1. 12. 16
14	W.	3. 19. 21. 47	3. 25. 34. 1	0. 39. 28 N	0. 6. 46 N
15	Th.	4. 1. 41. 49	4. 7. 45. 48	0. 25. 40 S	0. 57. 29 S
16	F.	4. 13. 46. 43	4. 19. 45. 11	1. 28. 20	1. 58. 0
17	Sa.	4. 25. 41. 48	5. 1. 37. 6	2. 26. 11	2. 52. 39
18	Su.	5. 7. 31. 41	5. 13. 26. 43	3. 17. 10	3. 39. 32
19	M.	5. 19. 20. 33	5. 25. 15. 36	3. 59. 30	4. 16. 55
20	Tu.	6. 1. 11. 39	6. 7. 8. 49	4. 31. 34	4. 43. 17
21	W.	6. 13. 7. 22	6. 19. 7. 34	4. 51. 55	4. 57. 19
22	Th.	6. 25. 9. 28	7. 1. 13. 9	4. 59. 27	4. 58. 11
23	F.	7. 7. 18. 49	7. 13. 26. 31	4. 53. 28	4. 45. 24
24	Sa.	7. 19. 36. 17	7. 25. 48. 18	4. 33. 56	4. 19. 5
25	Su.	8. 2. 2. 40	8. 8. 19. 24	4. 1. 6	3. 39. 59
26	M.	8. 14. 38. 49	8. 21. 0. 58	3. 16. 0	2. 49. 23
27	Tu.	8. 27. 26. 15	9. 3. 54. 41	2. 20. 19	1. 49. 15
28	W.	9. 10. 26. 45	9. 17. 2. 35	1. 16. 22	0. 42. 8 S
29	Th.	9. 23. 42. 41	10. 0. 27. 8	0. 6. 58 S	0. 28. 45 N
30	F.	10. 7. 16. 18	10. 14. 10. 18	1. 4. 28 N	1. 39. 38
31	Sa.	10. 21. 9. 25	10. 28. 13. 31	2. 13. 44	2. 46. 15



# OCTOBER 1767. [115]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declin. at Noon.	D's Declin. at Midn.
1	Th.	10	6. 46	285. 7	292. 21	24. 0 S	22. 33 S
2	F.	11	7. 41	299. 30	306. 37	20. 45	18. 38
3	Sa.	12	8. 35	313. 38	320. 34	16. 13	13. 32
4	Su.	13	9. 29	327. 26	334. 15	10. 38	7. 33
5	M.	14	10. 22	341. 2	347. 47	4. 19 S	1. 1 S
6	Tu.	15	11. 14	354. 35	1. 30	2. 20 N	5. 39 N
7	W.	16	12. 9	8. 28	15. 29	8. 54	11. 59
8	Th.	17	13. 5	22. 39	29. 57	14. 53	17. 33
9	F.	18	14. 4	37. 22	44. 53	19. 54	21. 54
10	Sa.	19	15. 3	52. 29	60. 9	23. 32	24. 47
11	Su.	20	16. 2	67. 47	75. 23	25. 37	26. 3
12	M.	21	17. 0	82. 52	90. 13	26. 5	25. 44
13	Tu.	22	17. 54	97. 23	104. 20	25. 2	24. 2
14	W.	23	18. 44	111. 4	117. 34	22. 43	21. 10
15	Th.	24	19. 31	123. 51	129. 56	19. 24	17. 25
16	F.	25	20. 14	135. 49	141. 32	15. 18	13. 3
17	Sa.	26	20. 55	147. 8	152. 36	10. 41	8. 13
18	Su.	27	21. 35	157. 59	163. 20	5. 42	3. 9 N
19	M.	28	22. 14	168. 39	173. 57	0. 33 N	2. 3 S
20	Tu.	29	22. 55	179. 17	184. 41	4. 38 S	7. 10
21	W.	30	23. 37	190. 9	195. 43	9. 40	12. 5
22	Th.	1	0	201. 25	207. 16	14. 23	16. 34
23	F.	2	0. 23	213. 17	219. 27	18. 36	20. 25
24	Sa.	3	1. 11	225. 49	232. 21	22. 3	23. 26
25	Su.	4	2. 2	239. 4	245. 56	24. 32	25. 21
26	M.	5	2. 56	252. 55	260. 1	25. 50	25. 59
27	Tu.	6	3. 51	267. 9	274. 19	25. 47	25. 14
28	W.	7	4. 46	281. 28	288. 34	24. 20	23. 5
29	Th.	8	5. 41	295. 36	302. 33	21. 30	19. 37
30	F.	9	6. 33	309. 24	316. 9	17. 26	15. 0
31	Sa.	10	7. 24	322. 49	329. 25	12. 21	9. 30

[116] OCTOBER 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semid. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Semid. $\gamma$ at Mid-night.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Midnight.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Midn.
1	Th.	15. 49	15. 56	58. 3	58. 29	0143	0111
2	F.	16. 3	16. 10	58. 55	59. 21	0079	0047
3	Sa.	16. 17	16. 23	59. 46	60. 9	0017	9989
4	Su.	16. 29	16. 34	60. 30	60. 49	9964	9941
5	M.	16. 38	16. 41	61. 4	61. 15	9923	9910
6	Tu.	16. 43	16. 44	61. 22	61. 24	9902	9900
7	W.	16. 43	16. 41	61. 21	61. 14	9903	9912
8	Th.	16. 38	16. 33	61. 2	60. 45	9926	9946
9	F.	16. 28	16. 21	60. 25	60. 2	9970	9998
10	Sa.	16. 14	16. 7	59. 35	59. 8	0030	0063
11	Su.	15. 59	15. 51	58. 39	58. 10	0099	0135
12	M.	15. 43	15. 35	57. 41	57. 13	0171	0206
13	Tu.	15. 28	15. 21	56. 46	56. 21	0241	0273
14	W.	15. 15	15. 9	55. 58	55. 36	0302	0331
15	Th.	15. 4	14. 59	55. 17	55. 0	0356	0378
16	F.	14. 55	14. 52	54. 46	54. 34	0396	0413
17	Sa.	14. 50	14. 47	54. 24	54. 17	0426	0435
18	Su.	14. 46	14. 45	54. 11	54. 8	0443	0447
19	M.	14. 45	14. 45	54. 7	54. 7	0448	0448
20	Tu.	14. 46	14. 46	54. 10	54. 13	0444	0440
21	W.	14. 48	14. 50	54. 18	54. 25	0434	0424
22	Th.	14. 52	14. 54	54. 33	54. 41	0414	0403
23	F.	14. 57	15. 0	54. 51	55. 2	0390	0375
24	Sa.	15. 3	15. 6	55. 14	55. 26	0359	0344
25	Su.	15. 10	15. 14	55. 40	55. 54	0326	0307
26	M.	15. 18	15. 23	56. 10	56. 26	0287	0266
27	Tu.	15. 27	15. 32	56. 43	57. 1	0244	0221
28	W.	15. 37	15. 42	57. 19	57. 39	0199	0174
29	Th.	15. 48	15. 53	58. 0	58. 19	0147	0124
30	F.	15. 58	16. 4	58. 39	58. 59	0099	0074
31	Sa.	16. 9	16. 15	59. 18	59. 37	0051	0028

## OCTOBER 1767.

[117]

O C T O B E R 1767. [117]													
Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.													
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"
1	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	68.	20.	13	66.	43.	8	65.	5.	46	63.	28.	10
2		55.	16.	51	53.	38.	3	51.	59.	7	50.	20.	7
3		42.	5.	13	40.	25.	38	38.	48.	21	37.	10.	30
4	$\alpha$ Arietis.	68.	21.	19	66.	31.	11	64.	40.	44	62.	50.	0
5		53.	32.	26	51.	40.	15	49.	47.	54	47.	55.	25
6		38.	31.	16	36.	38.	21	34.	45.	29	32.	52.	42
7	Aldeba- ran.	56.	10.	1	54.	18.	14	52.	26.	38	50.	35.	16
8		41.	23.	32	39.	34.	27	37.	45.	55	35.	57.	58
9		27.	9.	53	25.	27.	24	23.	46.	21	22.	6.	55
10	Pollux.	53.	50.	4	52.	4.	0	50.	18.	25	48.	33.	20
11		39.	55.	39	38.	31.	41	36.	32.	17	34.	51.	28
12	Regulus.	63.	0.	54	61.	21.	15	59.	41.	59	58.	3.	10
13		49.	55.	7	48.	18.	44	46.	42.	44	45.	7.	7
14		37.	14.	23	35.	40.	52	34.	7.	41	32.	34.	50
12	The Sun.	115.	16.	57	113.	44.	59	112.	13.	26	110.	42.	17
13		103.	12.	28	101.	43.	41	100.	15.	16	98.	47.	13
14		91.	32.	2	90.	5.	59	88.	40.	14	87.	14.	46
15		80.	11.	36	78.	47.	45	77.	24.	7	76.	0.	43
16		69.	6.	45	67.	44.	30	66.	22.	24	65.	0.	28
17		58.	12.	50	56.	51.	40	55.	30.	36	54.	9.	37
18		47.	25.	55	46.	5.	21	44.	44.	50	43.	24.	23
24	$\alpha$ Aquilæ	74.	5.	55	72.	46.	0	71.	26.	9	70.	6.	22
25		63.	29.	33	62.	10.	46	60.	52.	14	59.	33.	58
26	Fomalhaut	75.	43.	23	74.	16.	53	72.	50.	20	71.	23.	46
27		64.	10.	50	62.	44.	24	61.	18.	5	59.	51.	52
28	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	71.	27.	34	69.	52.	34	68.	17.	24	66.	42.	5
29		58.	43.	15	57.	7.	8	55.	30.	58	53.	54.	45
30		45.	53.	31	44.	17.	30	42.	41.	41	41.	6.	6
31	$\alpha$ Arietis.	73.	8.	24	71.	23.	3	69.	37.	24	67.	51.	29



[118] OCTOBER 1767.

Distances of D's Center from Stars, and from ☉ east of her.

Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	α Pegasi.	61. 50. 18	60. 12. 13	58. 33. 56	56. 55. 29
2		48. 41. 4	47. 2. 0	45. 22. 58	43. 44. 1
3		35. 33. 13	33. 56. 36	32. 20. 51	30. 46. 10
4	α Arietis.	60. 58. 58	59. 7. 40	57. 16. 9	55. 24. 24
5		46. 2. 45	44. 9. 57	42. 17. 6	40. 24. 13
6	Aldebaran	63. 38. 31	61. 46. 16	59. 54. 5	58. 1. 59
7		48. 44. 12	46. 53. 27	45. 3. 4	43. 13. 5
8		34. 10. 40	32. 24. 6	30. 38. 23	28. 53. 35
9	Pollux.	60. 58. 55	59. 11. 2	57. 23. 36	55. 36. 36
10		46. 48. 45	45. 4. 41	43. 21. 9	41. 38. 8
11		33. 11. 14	31. 31. 37	29. 52. 39	28. 14. 19
12	Regulus.	56. 24. 44	54. 46. 43	53. 9. 7	51. 31. 55
13		43. 31. 52	41. 56. 58	40. 22. 26	38. 48. 14
11	The Sun.	121. 29. 4	119. 55. 23	118. 22. 9	116. 49. 21
12		109. 11. 33	107. 41. 14	106. 11. 17	104. 41. 41
13		97. 19. 31	95. 52. 9	94. 25. 7	92. 58. 25
14		85. 49. 36	84. 24. 42	83. 0. 4	81. 35. 42
15		74. 37. 32	73. 14. 33	71. 51. 44	70. 29. 9
16		63. 38. 41	62. 17. 2	60. 55. 31	59. 34. 6
17		52. 48. 44	51. 27. 56	50. 7. 11	48. 46. 31
18		42. 3. 59	40. 43. 37	39. 23. 18	38. 3. 2
24	α Aquilæ.	68. 46. 42	67. 27. 9	66. 7. 46	64. 48. 34
25	Fomal- haut.	81. 28. 44	80. 2. 31	78. 36. 13	77. 9. 50
26		69. 57. 10	68. 30. 32	67. 3. 56	65. 37. 22
27	α Pegasi.	77. 45. 57	76. 11. 37	74. 37. 6	73. 2. 24
28		65. 6. 36	63. 30. 57	61. 55. 10	60. 19. 16
29		52. 18. 29	50. 42. 11	49. 5. 54	47. 29. 40
30		39. 30. 48	37. 55. 53	36. 21. 25	34. 47. 28
31	α Arietis.	66. 5. 16	64. 18. 44	62. 31. 55	60. 44. 50

# OCTOBER 1767. [119]

Distances of J's Center from ☉, and from Stars west of her													
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	The Sun.	95. 44. 40			97. 18. 16			98. 52. 15			100. 26. 38		
2		108. 24. 18			110. 1. 0			111. 38. 5			113. 15. 34		
1	Antares.	37. 21. 24			39. 2. 44			40. 44. 28			42. 26. 34		
2		51. 3. 4			52. 47. 34			54. 32. 28			56. 17. 46		
3		65. 10. 10			66. 57. 50			68. 45. 53			70. 34. 20		
4	β Capri- corni.	25. 13. 45			27. 2. 41			28. 52. 10			30. 42. 8		
5		39. 57. 43			41. 49. 48			43. 42. 10			45. 34. 45		
6	α Aquilæ.	59. 45. 6			61. 19. 41			62. 54. 58			64. 30. 52		
7		72. 37. 20			74. 15. 35			75. 54. 2			77. 32. 39		
8	α Pegasi.	38. 4. 5			39. 46. 13			41. 28. 53			43. 11. 58		
9		51. 50. 35			53. 34. 29			55. 18. 19			57. 2. 3		
10	α Arietis.	22. 3. 42			23. 48. 2			25. 32. 15			27. 16. 18		
11		35. 52. 38			37. 34. 56			39. 16. 53			40. 58. 29		
12	Aldebaran	18. 55. 17			20. 22. 46			21. 51. 27			23. 21. 7		
13		30. 57. 22			32. 29. 15			34. 1. 10			35. 33. 3		
14		43. 11. 17			44. 42. 32			46. 13. 38			47. 44. 34		
15		55. 16. 39			56. 46. 33			58. 16. 16			59. 45. 50		
16	Pollux.	25. 4. 19			26. 31. 47			27. 59. 20			29. 26. 56		
17		36. 45. 32			38. 13. 17			39. 41. 2			41. 8. 47		
18	Regulus.	11. 32. 32			12. 58. 41			14. 25. 10			15. 51. 56		
19		23. 9. 11			24. 37. 2			26. 5. 0			27. 33. 4		
20		34. 54. 48			36. 23. 24			37. 52. 5			39. 20. 52		
26	The Sun.	41. 53. 46			43. 20. 49			44. 48. 8			46. 15. 40		
27		53. 37. 4			55. 6. 1			56. 35. 14			58. 4. 42		
28		65. 35. 47			67. 6. 45			68. 38. 0			70. 9. 31		
29		77. 51. 18			79. 24. 29			80. 57. 56			82. 31. 41		
30		90. 24. 49			92. 0. 18			93. 36. 6			95. 12. 12		
31		103. 17. 14			104. 55. 7			106. 33. 16			108. 11. 44		
30	Antares.	60. 57. 11			62. 40. 34			64. 24. 15			66. 8. 14		
31		74. 52. 44			76. 38. 32			78. 24. 37			80. 11. 0		



		Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from $\odot$ , and from Stars west of her.											
Days.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.			15 Hours.			18 Hours.			21 Hours.		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	The Sun.	102.	1.	24	103.	36.	32	105.	12.	4	106.	47.	59
2		114.	53.	26	116.	31.	40	118.	10.	18	119.	49.	16
1	Antares.	44.	9.	5	45.	51.	59	47.	35.	17	49.	18.	58
2		58.	3.	28	59.	49.	33	61.	36.	2	63.	22.	54
3	$\beta$ Capri- corni.	18.	4.	30	19.	50.	46	21.	37.	44	23.	25.	25
4		32.	32.	32	34.	23.	19	36.	14.	27	38.	5.	55
5	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	53.	35.	19	55.	6.	19	56.	38.	20	58.	11.	17
6		66.	7.	19	67.	44.	15	69.	21.	36	70.	59.	19
7	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	31.	23.	52	33.	2.	21	34.	42.	0	36.	22.	37
8		44.	55.	22	46.	39.	0	48.	22.	47	50.	6.	40
9		58.	45.	40	60.	29.	7	62.	12.	21	63.	55.	20
10	$\alpha$ Arietis.	29.	0.	9	30.	43.	44	32.	27.	2	34.	10.	0
11		42.	39.	43	44.	20.	34	46.	1.	1	47.	41.	2
12	Aldeba- ran.	24.	51.	33	26.	22.	33	27.	53.	57	29.	25.	35
13		37.	4.	53	38.	36.	39	40.	8.	20	41.	39.	53
14		49.	15.	19	50.	45.	54	52.	16.	19	53.	46.	34
15		61.	15.	14	62.	44.	30	64.	13.	37	65.	42.	36
16	Pollux.	30.	54.	35	32.	22.	17	33.	50.	1	35.	17.	46
17		42.	36.	32	44.	4.	17	45.	32.	1	46.	59.	46
18	Regulus.	17.	18.	58	18.	46.	15	20.	13.	45	21.	41.	24
19		29.	1.	14	30.	29.	29	31.	57.	50	33.	26.	16
26	The Sun.	47.	43.	28	49.	11.	31	50.	39.	48	52.	8.	19
27		59.	34.	23	61.	4.	21	62.	34.	34	64.	5.	3
28		71.	41.	18	73.	13.	23	74.	45.	45	76.	18.	23
29		84.	5.	43	85.	40.	3	87.	14.	41	88.	49.	36
30		96.	48.	37	98.	25.	19	100.	2.	20	101.	39.	38
31		109.	50.	29	111.	29.	32	113.	8.	51	114.	48.	29
30	Antares.	67.	52.	31	69.	37.	7	71.	22.	1	73.	7.	13
31		81.	57.	41	83.	44.	38	85.	31.	52	87.	19.	24



# NOVEMBER 1767. [121]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. '
			Full Moon — 5. 14. 21
			Last Quarter — 12. 21. 32
			New Moon — 21. 0. 43
			First Quarter — 28. 7. 55
1	Su.	20th Sunday after Trinity.	
2	M.	[All Saints.	
3	Tu.	On Morrow of All Souls.	
4	W.	[1 ret.	
5	Th.	Powder Plot. 1605.	
6	F.	Leonard. Term begins.	Other Phenomena.
7	Sa.	Pr. H. Fred. born 1745.	4. ☾ ♄ 6h. 15'.
8	Su.	21st Sunday after Trinity.	5. ☽ ♃ diff. Lat. 4'.
9	M.		6. ☾ ♄ Pleiadum 12h. 6'.
10	Tu.		the most Southern eclipsed.
11	W.	S. Martin.	8. ☾ ♄ 3 post ☿ 7h. 20'.
12	Th.	On Morrow of S. Martin.	9. ☾ ♄ ♄ 9h. 11'.
13	F.	Britius. [2 ret.	10. ☾ ♄ ♄ 0h. 55'.
14	Sa.	[Machutus	16. ☿ Stationary.
15	Su.	22d Sunday after Trinity.	19. ☿ ♄ Ophiuchi diff. Lat. 44'.
16	M.		21. ☉ enters ♄ at 23h. 30'.
17	Tu.	Hugh, Bp. of Lincoln.	☿ ♄ diff. Lat. 36'.
18	W.	In 8 Days of S. Martin.	☿ ♄ diff. Lat. 5'.
19	Th.	[3 ret.	22. ☾ ♄ Ophiuchi 12h. 35'.
20	F.	Edmund, K. and Mart.	☾ ♄ 20h. 13'.
21	Sa.	[Cecilia.	23. ☾ ♄ ♄ 16h. 3'.
22	Su.	23d Sunday after Trinity.	27. ☾ ♄ ♄ 20h. 56'.
23	M.	S. Clement.	30. ☿ ♄ ♄ diff. Lat. 12
24	Tu.	[15 Days of S. Mar. 4 ret.	
25	W.	D. of Glo. born 1743. In	
26	Th.		
27	F.		
28	Sa.	Term ends.	
29	Su.	Advent Sunday. [b. 1719.	
30	M.	S. Andr. Prs. Dow. Wales	

[122] NOVEMBER 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.				Sun's Right Asc. in Time.			Sun's Declination South.			Equat. of Time Sub.		Diff.
		°	'	"	'''	h	m	s	°	'	"	'	'''	
1	Su.	7.	8.	51.	43	14.	25.	53	14.	28.	17	16.	13	1
2	M.	7.	9.	51.	52	14.	29.	48	14.	47.	26	16.	14	10
3	Tu.	7.	10.	52.	3	14.	33.	45	15.	6.	20	16.	14	1
4	W.	7.	11.	52.	17	14.	37.	43	15.	24.	59	16.	13	2
5	Th.	7.	12.	52.	31	14.	41.	41	15.	43.	23	16.	11	3
6	F.	7.	13.	52.	47	14.	45.	40	16.	1.	32	16.	8	3
7	Sa.	7.	14.	53.	4	14.	59.	39	16.	19.	25	16.	5	4
8	Su.	7.	15.	53.	24	14.	53.	40	16.	37.	1	16.	1	5
9	M.	7.	16.	53.	45	14.	57.	42	16.	54.	19	15.	56	5
10	Tu.	7.	17.	54.	8	15.	1.	43	17.	11.	20	15.	51	7
11	W.	7.	18.	54.	33	15.	5.	47	17.	28.	4	15.	44	8
12	Th.	7.	19.	55.	1	15.	9.	51	17.	44.	30	15.	36	9
13	F.	7.	20.	55.	30	15.	13.	56	18.	0.	38	15.	27	9
14	Sa.	7.	21.	56.	1	15.	18.	2	18.	16.	27	15.	18	10
15	Su.	7.	22.	56.	34	15.	22.	9	18.	31.	57	15.	8	12
16	M.	7.	23.	57.	10	15.	26.	17	18.	47.	7	14.	56	12
17	Tu.	7.	24.	57.	47	15.	30.	25	19.	1.	57	14.	44	13
18	W.	7.	25.	58.	25	15.	34.	34	19.	16.	27	14.	31	13
19	Th.	7.	26.	59.	6	15.	38.	44	19.	30.	36	14.	18	14
20	F.	7.	27.	59.	48	15.	42.	55	19.	44.	24	14.	4	15
21	Sa.	7.	29.	0.	32	15.	47.	7	19.	57.	50	13.	49	16
22	Su.	8.	0.	1.	16	15.	51.	20	20.	10.	54	13.	33	17
23	M.	8.	1.	2.	2	15.	55.	34	20.	23.	35	13.	16	17
24	Tu.	8.	2.	2.	50	15.	59.	48	20.	35.	54	12.	59	18
25	W.	8.	3.	3.	39	16.	4.	3	20.	47.	50	12.	41	20
26	Th.	8.	4.	4.	28	16.	8.	19	20.	59.	23	12.	21	20
27	F.	8.	5.	5.	18	16.	12.	35	21.	10.	32	12.	1	20
28	Sa.	8.	6.	6.	10	16.	16.	52	21.	21.	17	11.	41	22
29	Su.	8.	7.	7.	2	16.	21.	9	21.	31.	37	11.	10	21
30	M.	8.	8.	7.	55	16.	25.	28	21.	41.	33	10.	58	22

# NOVEMBER 1767. [123]

Days of the Month.	Semidia- meter of the Sun.	Time of De- parting the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	" "	" "	" "		" " "
1	16. 11. 9	1. 6. 8	2. 30. 4	9. 996256	9. 25. 22
7	16. 12. 6	1. 7. 6	2. 30. 8	9. 995611	9. 25. 3
13	16. 13. 9	1. 8. 3	2. 31. 2	9. 995034	9. 24. 44
19	16. 15. 1	1. 8. 9	2. 31. 7	9. 994509	9. 24. 25
25	16. 16. 1	1. 9. 6	2. 32. 0	9. 994024	9. 24. 6

## Eclipses of the SATELLITES of JUPITER.

I. Satellite. Immersions.		II. Satellite. Immersions.		III. Satellite.	
Days	h ' "	Days	h ' "	Days	h ' "
2	7. 8. 41	2	16* 8. 47	1	14. 56. 16 I
4	1. 37. 2	6	5. 26. 10	1	17* 35. 4 E
5	20. 5. 21	9	18* 43. 24	8	18. 54. 4 I
7	14. 33. 36	13	8. 0. 23	8	21. 31. 46 E
9	9. 1. 51	16	21. 17. 1	15	22. 51. 4 I
11	3. 30. 3	20	10. 33. 31	16	1. 27. 40 E
12	21. 58. 10	23	23. 49. 44	23	2. 47. 18 I
14	16* 26. 14	27	13. 5. 44	23	5. 22. 48 E
16	10. 54. 15			30	6. 42. 49 I
18	5. 22. 14			30	9. 17. 13 E
19	23. 50. 11			IV. Satellite.	
21	18* 18. 6				
23	12. 45. 55			6	5. 37. 46 I
25	7. 13. 48			6	7. 22. 42 E
27	1. 41. 31			22	23. 35. 20 I
28	20. 0. 15			23	1. 6. 52 E
30	14. 36. 57				



[124] NOVEMBER 1767.

Dys.	Heliocentric Longitude.	Heliocentric Latitude.	Geocentric Longitude.	Geocentric Latitude.	Declination.	Passage over Merid.
s o /	s o /	s o /	s o /	s o /	s o /	h /

MERCURY. greatest Elong. 22<sup>d</sup>

1	8. 25. 5	4. 27 S	7. 23. 9	1. 31 S	20. 2 S	0. 56
7	9. 12. 10	5. 50	8. 1. 57	2. 2	22. 34	1. 8
13	10. 0. 39	6. 45	8. 10. 23	2. 24	24. 25	1. 20
19	10. 21. 31	6. 57	8. 18. 9	2. 32	25. 28	1. 29
25	11. 15. 58	6. 3	8. 24. 35	2. 17	25. 38	1. 32

VENUS.

1	1. 12. 6	1. 49 S	7. 0. 15	4. 48 S	16. 4 S	23. 15
7	1. 21. 44	1. 19	6. 27. 24	3. 19	13. 39	22. 42
13	2. 1. 23	0. 46	6. 25. 50	1. 48	11. 41	22. 15
19	2. 11. 2	0. 12	6. 25. 45	0. 26	10. 23	21. 53
25	2. 20. 43	0. 22 N	6. 27. 3	0. 42 N	9. 47	21. 35

MARS.

1	6. 9. 0	1. 10 N	6. 20. 12	0. 45 N	7. 13 S	22. 46
7	6. 11. 44	1. 6	6. 24. 10	0. 43	8. 44	22. 39
13	6. 14. 29	1. 2	6. 28. 9	0. 40	10. 13	22. 30
19	6. 17. 15	0. 57	7. 2. 8	0. 37	11. 39	22. 21
25	6. 20. 3	0. 52	7. 6. 9	0. 35	13. 3	22. 11

JUPITER.

1	6. 6. 6	1. 19 N	6. 10. 59	1. 9 N	3. 19 S	22. 14
7	6. 6. 34	1. 19	6. 12. 11	1. 9	3. 46	21. 54
13	6. 7. 1	1. 19	6. 13. 22	1. 10	4. 13	21. 33
19	6. 7. 28	1. 19	6. 14. 30	1. 10	4. 37	21. 12
25	6. 7. 55	1. 19	6. 15. 35	1. 11	5. 1	20. 51

SATURN.

1	2. 28. 25	0. 59 S	3. 3. 34	1. 3 S	22. 22 N	15. 47
7	2. 28. 39	0. 58	3. 3. 20	1. 3	22. 23	15. 23
13	2. 28. 52	0. 58	3. 3. 5	1. 3	22. 23	14. 57
19	2. 29. 6	0. 57	3. 2. 45	1. 3	22. 23	14. 31
25	2. 20. 10	0. 57	3. 2. 23	1. 3	22. 24	14. 4

# NOVEMBER 1767. [125]

Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 6 o' th' Clock in the Morning.

1		1. 2. ☉	3.	4.
2	3.	☉	1. 2.	4.
3	2.	☉	1. 2.	4.
4		☉	1.	4.
5		☉	1. 2.	4.
6		☉ 1. 3. 4. 2.		
7	1. 0.	☉ 2. 4.		3.
8		☉ 1. 2.		3.
9		☉ 1.	1. 2.	3.
10	4.	☉ 2.		
11	4.	☉	1.	
12		☉	1. 2.	
13		☉ 1.	2.	
14		☉ 1.	3.	
15	1. 0. 4. 0.	☉		
16		☉ 1.	3. 2. 4.	
17		☉ 2.		4.
18		☉	1.	4.
19	2. 0.	☉		4.
20	3. 0.	☉	1. 2.	4.
21		☉ 2. 1.	3.	4.
22		☉ 1.	4. 3.	
23		☉ 1.	4. 3. 2.	
24		☉ 3. 4. 1.	2.	
25		☉	1.	
26		☉		
27		☉	1. 2.	
28		☉ 2.	3.	
29		☉	1.	3.
30	1. 0.	☉	2.	3.

[126]		NOVEMBER 1767.			
Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		S ° ' "	S ° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Su.	11. 5. 22. 55	11. 12. 36. 55	3. 16. 27 N	3. 43. 53 N
2	M.	11. 19. 55. 26	11. 27. 17. 47	4. 7. 52	4. 27. 59
3	Tu.	0. 4. 43. 16	0. 12. 10. 59	4. 43. 44	4. 54. 41
4	W.	0. 19. 39. 59	0. 27. 8. 57	5. 0. 35	5. 1. 23
5	Th.	1. 4. 36. 47	1. 12. 2. 16	4. 56. 59	4. 47. 37
6	F.	1. 19. 24. 13	1. 26. 41. 39	4. 33. 29	4. 15. 0
7	Sa.	2. 3. 53. 38	2. 10. 59. 33	3. 52. 35	3. 26. 52
8	Su.	2. 17. 58. 53	2. 24. 51. 18	2. 58. 17	2. 27. 40
9	M.	3. 1. 36. 49	3. 8. 15. 19	1. 55. 27	1. 22. 7
10	Tu.	3. 14. 45. 12	3. 21. 12. 40	0. 48. 10 N	0. 13. 56 N
11	W.	3. 27. 32. 21	4. 3. 46. 40	0. 19. 54 S	0. 52. 52 S
12	Th.	4. 9. 56. 15	4. 16. 1. 50	1. 24. 51	1. 55. 38
13	F.	4. 22. 3. 56	4. 28. 3. 19	2. 24. 45	2. 52. 5
14	Sa.	5. 4. 0. 39	5. 9. 56. 30	3. 17. 21	3. 40. 20
15	Su.	5. 15. 51. 32	5. 21. 46. 31	4. 0. 57	4. 18. 55
16	M.	5. 27. 41. 47	6. 3. 37. 57	4. 34. 8	4. 46. 25
17	Tu.	6. 9. 35. 27	6. 15. 34. 41	4. 55. 37	5. 1. 38
18	W.	6. 21. 35. 58	6. 27. 39. 40	5. 4. 19	5. 3. 36
19	Th.	7. 3. 45. 54	7. 9. 54. 56	4. 59. 26	4. 51. 46
20	F.	7. 16. 6. 48	7. 12. 21. 35	4. 40. 37	4. 25. 58
21	Sa.	7. 28. 39. 21	8. 4. 59. 58	4. 8. 1	3. 46. 45
22	Su.	8. 11. 23. 32	8. 17. 50. 3	3. 22. 27	2. 55. 25
23	M.	8. 24. 19. 19	9. 0. 51. 21	2. 25. 50	1. 54. 7
24	Tu.	9. 7. 26. 13	9. 14. 3. 53	1. 20. 35	0. 45. 41 S
25	W.	9. 20. 44. 18	9. 27. 27. 32	0. 9. 54 S	0. 26. 22 N
26	Th.	10. 4. 13. 35	10. 11. 2. 37	1. 2. 33 N	1. 38. 4
27	F.	10. 17. 54. 38	10. 24. 49. 42	2. 12. 30	2. 45. 15
28	Sa.	11. 1. 47. 47	11. 8. 48. 52	3. 15. 42	3. 43. 28
29	Su.	11. 15. 52. 46	11. 22. 59. 37	4. 8. 2	4. 29. 8
30	M.	0. 0. 9. 0	0. 7. 20. 31	4. 46. 0	4. 58. 26



# NOVEMBER 1767. [127]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declination at Noon.	D's Declination at Midn.
1	Su.	11	8. 15	336. 0	342. 33	6. 30 S	3. 23 S
2	M.	12	9. 5	349. 7	355. 45	0. 12	3. 1 N
3	Tu.	13	9. 57	2. 28	9. 16	6. 12 N	9. 20
4	W.	14	10. 52	16. 12	23. 19	12. 20	15. 9
5	Th.	15	11. 48	30. 37	38. 2	17. 44	20. 2
6	F.	16	12. 47	45. 37	53. 19	21. 58	23. 34
7	Sa.	17	13. 48	61. 5	68. 53	24. 46	25. 32
8	Su.	18	14. 47	76. 38	84. 17	25. 53	25. 50
9	M.	19	15. 44	91. 46	99. 5	25. 23	24. 35
10	Tu.	20	16. 37	106. 9	112. 58	23. 27	22. 2
11	W.	21	17. 25	119. 33	125. 53	20. 22	18. 29
12	Th.	22	18. 10	132. 0	137. 54	16. 25	14. 13
13	F.	23	18. 53	143. 38	149. 14	11. 53	9. 28
14	Sa.	24	19. 33	154. 43	160. 6	6. 59	4. 27 N
15	Su.	25	20. 12	165. 26	170. 45	1. 52 N	0. 42 S
16	M.	26	20. 52	176. 4	181. 26	3. 16 S	5. 49
17	Tu.	27	21. 33	186. 51	192. 22	8. 20	10. 46
18	W.	28	22. 15	198. 1	203. 48	13. 7	15. 22
19	Th.	29	23. 3	209. 45	215. 53	17. 28	19. 25
20	F.	30	23. 54	222. 13	228. 43	21. 10	22. 40
21	Sa.	1	♄	235. 25	242. 18	23. 54	24. 52
22	Su.	2	0. 47	249. 20	256. 29	25. 31	25. 49
23	M.	3	1. 43	263. 41	270. 57	25. 47	25. 22
24	Tu.	4	2. 38	278. 11	285. 22	24. 36	23. 29
25	W.	5	3. 33	292. 27	299. 26	22. 2	20. 16
26	Th.	6	4. 26	306. 18	313. 3	18. 14	15. 55
27	F.	7	5. 16	319. 39	326. 11	13. 23	10. 40
28	Sa.	8	6. 5	332. 38	339. 2	7. 49	4. 49 S
29	Su.	9	6. 54	345. 24	351. 48	1. 45 S	1. 20 N
30	M.	10	7. 43	358. 14	4. 45	4. 26 N	7. 29

[128] NOVEMBER 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semidr. $\Delta$ at Noon.	Semidr. $\Delta$ at Mid-night.	Hor. Par. $\Delta$ at Noon.	Hor. Par. $\Delta$ at Midnight.	Logithic Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logithic Lo- gar. at Midn.
1	Su.	16. 20	16. 24	59. 55	60. 10	0006	9988
2	M.	16. 27	16. 30	60. 24	60. 35	9971	9958
3	Tu.	16. 32	16. 34	60. 42	60. 47	9950	9944
4	W.	16. 34	16. 33	60. 47	60. 44	9944	9947
5	Th.	16. 31	16. 28	60. 36	60. 25	9957	9970
6	F.	16. 24	16. 19	60. 10	59. 51	9988	0011
7	Sa.	16. 13	16. 6	59. 30	59. 6	0035	0065
8	Su.	15. 59	15. 52	58. 41	58. 15	0095	0129
9	M.	15. 45	15. 38	57. 48	57. 21	0162	0196
10	Tu.	15. 30	15. 24	56. 55	56. 30	0229	0261
11	W.	15. 17	15. 12	56. 7	55. 45	0291	0319
12	Th.	15. 6	15. 1	55. 26	55. 8	0344	0367
13	F.	14. 57	14. 54	54. 53	54. 41	0387	0403
14	Sa.	14. 51	14. 49	54. 31	54. 24	0416	0426
15	Su.	14. 48	14. 48	54. 19	54. 17	0432	0435
16	M.	14. 47	14. 48	54. 17	54. 19	0435	0432
17	Tu.	14. 49	14. 51	54. 24	54. 30	0426	0418
18	W.	14. 53	14. 56	54. 38	54. 47	0407	0395
19	Th.	14. 59	15. 2	54. 58	55. 10	0381	0365
20	F.	15. 5	15. 9	55. 23	55. 37	0348	0329
21	Sa.	15. 13	15. 17	55. 51	56. 6	0311	0292
22	Su.	15. 21	15. 25	56. 21	56. 36	0273	0253
23	M.	15. 30	15. 34	56. 52	57. 7	0233	0214
24	Tu.	15. 38	15. 42	57. 21	57. 36	0196	0177
25	W.	15. 45	15. 49	57. 50	58. 5	0160	0141
26	Th.	15. 53	15. 57	58. 18	58. 31	0125	0108
27	F.	16. 0	16. 4	58. 44	58. 57	0093	0077
28	Sa.	16. 7	16. 10	59. 8	59. 19	0063	0050
29	Su.	16. 12	16. 15	59. 29	59. 37	0036	0028
30	M.	16. 17	16. 18	59. 45	59. 50	0018	0012

# NOVEMBER 1767. [129]

Days.	Stars Names.	Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.											
		Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	$\alpha$ Arietis.	58.	57.	29	57.	9.	56	55.	22.	9	53.	34.	8
2		44.	30.	43	42.	41.	29	40.	52.	8	39.	2.	41
3	Aldebaran.	62.	35.	16	60.	45.	42	58.	56.	7	57.	6.	31
4		47.	59.	0	46.	9.	50	44.	20.	53	42.	32.	10
5		33.	33.	37	31.	47.	22	30.	1.	48	28.	17.	2
6	Pollux.	60.	19.	54	58.	31.	12	56.	42.	51	54.	54.	49
7		46.	0.	10	44.	14.	25	42.	29.	9	40.	44.	21
8	Regulus.	68.	37.	52	66.	54.	10	65.	10.	53	63.	28.	2
9		54.	59.	56	53.	19.	37	51.	39.	44	50.	0.	15
10		41.	49.	9	40.	12.	12	38.	35.	38	36.	59.	30
11		29.	4.	43	27.	30.	56	25.	57.	34	24.	24.	37
12		15.	46.	24	15.	16.	13	13.	46.	44	12.	18.	5
11	The Sun.	111.	22.	11	109.	55.	40	108.	29.	28	107.	3.	35
12		99.	58.	35	98.	34.	23	97.	10.	26	95.	46.	44
13		88.	51.	38	87.	29.	13	86.	6.	58	84.	44.	53
14		77.	56.	33	76.	35.	16	75.	14.	6	73.	53.	1
15		67.	8.	35	65.	47.	48	64.	27.	2	63.	6.	18
16		56.	22.	41	55.	1.	53	53.	41.	2	52.	20.	9
17		45.	34.	51	44.	13.	35	42.	52.	12	41.	30.	45
23	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	86.	58.	55	85.	24.	20	83.	49.	34	82.	14.	39
24		74.	17.	46	72.	41.	58	71.	6.	4	69.	30.	4
25		61.	28.	59	59.	52.	35	58.	16.	12	56.	39.	50
26		48.	38.	44	47.	2.	49	45.	27.	9	43.	51.	44
27	$\alpha$ Arietis.	76.	20.	28	74.	37.	9	72.	53.	39	71.	10.	0
28		62.	29.	24	60.	44.	50	59.	0.	7	57.	15.	17
29		48.	29.	14	46.	43.	40	44.	57.	57	43.	12.	9
30	Aldebaran	67.	6.	7	65.	20.	25	63.	34.	38	61.	48.	47



[130] NOVEMBER 1767.

SARS	Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.				
	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	$\alpha$ Arietis.	51. 45. 53	49. 57. 23	48. 8. 40	46. 19. 47
2	Aldebaran.	69. 52. 42	68. 3. 30	66. 14. 11	64. 24. 46
3		55. 16. 54	53. 27. 17	51. 37. 45	49. 48. 19
4		40. 43. 42	38. 55. 34	37. 7. 48	35. 20. 27
5		26. 33. 13	24. 50. 34	23. 9. 16	21. 29. 27
6	Pollux.	53. 7. 8	51. 19. 48	49. 32. 52	47. 46. 19
7		39. 0. 1	37. 16. 11	35. 32. 54	33. 50. 10
8	Regulus.	61. 45. 34	60. 3. 31	58. 21. 54	56. 40. 42
9		48. 21. 13	46. 42. 35	45. 4. 21	43. 26. 33
10		35. 23. 46	33. 48. 25	32. 13. 27	30. 38. 53
11		22. 52. 5	21. 20. 1	19. 48. 23	18. 17. 10
10	The Sun.	117. 11. 39	115. 43. 46	114. 16. 14	112. 49. 2
11		105. 38. 0	104. 12. 44	102. 47. 44	101. 23. 1
12		94. 23. 17	93. 0. 4	91. 37. 3	90. 14. 14
13		83. 22. 57	82. 1. 9	80. 39. 29	79. 17. 57
14		72. 32. 2	71. 11. 6	69. 50. 13	68. 29. 23
15		61. 45. 35	60. 24. 54	59. 4. 11	57. 43. 27
16		50. 59. 12	49. 38. 14	48. 17. 10	46. 56. 3
22	$\alpha$ Pegasi.			90. 7. 33	88. 33. 20
23		80. 39. 34	79. 4. 20	77. 28. 56	75. 53. 25
24		67. 53. 59	66. 17. 49	64. 41. 35	63. 5. 19
25		55. 3. 28	53. 27. 8	51. 50. 54	50. 14. 46
26		42. 16. 35	40. 41. 49	39. 7. 28	37. 33. 33
27	$\alpha$ Arietis.	69. 26. 11	67. 42. 12	65. 58. 5	64. 13. 49
28		55. 30. 19	53. 45. 14	52. 0. 1	50. 14. 41
29	Aldebaran	74. 8. 15	72. 22. 49	70. 37. 19	68. 51. 45
30		60. 2. 53	58. 16. 57	56. 31. 1	54. 45. 5

# NOVEMBER 1767. [131]

Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ west of her													
Days.	Stars - Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"	°	'	"
1	$\beta$ Capricorni.	34.	30.	51	36.	18.	9	38.	5.	46	39.	53.	43
2	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	54.	43.	5	56.	12.	17	57.	42.	26	59.	13.	28
3		56.	59.	49	68.	34.	54	70.	10.	26	71.	46.	24
4	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	32.	3.	20	33.	41.	20	35.	20.	24	37.	0.	26
5		45.	31.	36	47.	15.	16	48.	59.	13	50.	43.	23
6		59.	25.	39	61.	10.	6	62.	54.	28	64.	38.	42
7	$\alpha$ Arietis.	29.	51.	33	31.	36.	59	33.	32.	11	35.	7.	11
8		43.	47.	47	45.	30.	53	47.	13.	37	48.	55.	59
9	Aldeba- ran.	26.	6.	5	27.	40.	5	29.	14.	25	30.	48.	57
10		38.	41.	31	40.	15.	45	41.	49.	45	43.	23.	33
11		51.	9.	21	52.	41.	48	54.	14.	1	55.	45.	59
12		63.	22.	16	64.	52.	51	66.	23.	12	67.	53.	22
13	Pollux.	33.	14.	57	34.	43.	27	36.	11.	54	37.	40.	19
14		45.	1.	32	46.	29.	37	47.	57.	39	49.	25.	37
15	Regulus.	19.	45.	0	21.	12.	28	22.	49.	4	24.	7.	48
16		31.	27.	43	32.	55.	56	34.	24.	14	35.	52.	38
17		43.	16.	8	44.	45.	9	45.	14.	18	47.	43.	34
18		55.	11.	56	56.	42.	4	58.	12.	21	59.	42.	48
19		67.	17.	33	68.	49.	2	70.	20.	42	71.	52.	33
25	The Sun.	47.	40.	41	49.	13.	37	50.	46.	44	52.	20.	3
26		60.	9.	28	61.	43.	55	63.	18.	33	64.	53.	21
27		72.	50.	8	74.	26.	2	76.	2.	5	77.	38.	19
28		85.	42.	3	87.	19.	17	88.	56.	42	90.	34.	16
29		98.	44.	22	100.	22.	51	102.	1.	30	103.	40.	17
30		111.	56.	17	113.	35.	50	115.	15.	30	116.	55.	15
29	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	51.	22.	31	52.	46.	59	54.	12.	23	55.	38.	44
30		63.	2.	35	64.	33.	21	66.	4.	39	67.	36.	27

[132] NOVEMBER 1767.

Distances of  $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from  $\odot$  west of her.

Days	Stars Names.	12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	$\beta$ Capricorn.	41. 41. 59	43. 30. 35	45. 19. 27	47. 8. 34
2	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	60. 45. 20	62. 17. 59	63. 51. 19	65. 25. 16
3		73. 22. 47	74. 59. 30	76. 36. 30	78. 13. 45
4	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	38. 41. 20	40. 23. 2	42. 5. 24	43. 48. 17
5		52. 27. 43	54. 12. 9	55. 56. 37	57. 41. 8
6	$\alpha$ Arietis.	22. 48. 37	24. 34. 29	26. 20. 15	28. 5. 57
7		36. 51. 57	38. 36. 22	40. 20. 30	42. 4. 17
8	Aldebaran.	19. 55. 50	21. 27. 20	22. 59. 36	24. 32. 33
9		32. 23. 34	33. 58. 11	35. 32. 45	37. 7. 13
10		44. 57. 8	46. 30. 35	48. 3. 42	49. 36. 39
11		57. 17. 43	58. 49. 11	60. 20. 26	61. 51. 28
12	Pollux.	27. 20. 44	28. 49. 19	30. 17. 53	31. 46. 25
13		39. 8. 41	40. 36. 59	42. 5. 13	43. 33. 24
14	Regulus.	13. 57. 2	15. 23. 44	16. 50. 37	18. 17. 43
15		25. 35. 38	27. 3. 32	28. 31. 31	29. 59. 35
16		37. 21. 8	38. 49. 43	40. 18. 25	41. 47. 13
17		49. 12. 58	50. 42. 30	52. 12. 10	53. 41. 58
18		61. 13. 25	62. 44. 11	64. 15. 8	65. 46. 15
19		73. 24. 36			
24	The Sun.	41. 30. 59	43. 3. 6	44. 35. 25	46. 7. 57
25		53. 53. 34	55. 27. 16	57. 1. 9	58. 35. 13
26		66. 28. 21	68. 3. 32	69. 38. 55	71. 14. 23
27		79. 14. 44	80. 51. 18	82. 28. 3	84. 4. 58
28		92. 12. 0	93. 49. 52	95. 27. 53	97. 6. 2
29		105. 19. 14	106. 58. 18	108. 37. 30	110. 16. 49
29	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	57. 5. 58	58. 34. 2	60. 2. 52	61. 32. 24
30		69. 8. 43	70. 41. 24	72. 14. 27	73. 47. 52



# D E C E M B E R 1767. [133]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sundays, Holidays, &c.	Phases of the Moon.
			D. H. /
			Full Moon — 5. 2. 6
			Last Quarter — 12. 18. 26
			New Moon — 20. 16. 15
			First Quarter — 27. 15. 40
1	Tu.		Other Phenomena.
2	W.		
3	Th.		
4	F.		
5	Sa.		
6	Su.	2d Sunday in Advent. Ni-	D.
7	M.	[cholas.	1. ☾ ♄ 14 <sup>h</sup> 55'.
8	Tu.	Concept. of V. Mary.	3. ☽ ♀ diff. Lat. 9'.
9	W.		☾ ♄ Pleiadum 22 <sup>h</sup> 3'.
10	Th.		4. ♀ ♄ diff. Lat. 55'.
			5. ☾ ♄ post ☿ 8 17 <sup>h</sup> 28'.
			6. ☾ ♄ ♄ 19 <sup>h</sup> 4'.
11	F.		7. ☾ ♄ ♄ 10 <sup>h</sup> 34'.
12	Sa.		10. ☾ ☿ ♄ 1 <sup>h</sup> 13'.
13	Su.	3d Sunday in Advent.	13. ☿ ♄ Ophiuchi diff.
14	M.	[Lucy.	Lat. 12'.
15	Tu.		18. ☾ ♄ ♄ 19 <sup>h</sup> 9'.
			☾ ♄ ♄ 22 <sup>h</sup> 48'.
16	W.	O Sap. Camb. Term ends.	21. ☉ enters ♄ at 11 <sup>h</sup>
17	Th.	Oxford Term ends.	48'.
18	F.		22. ☽ ♄ diff. Lat. 18'.
19	Sa.		23. ♄ ♄ ♄ diff. Lat. 5'.
20	Su.	4th Sunday in Advent.	25. ☾ ♄ diff. Lat. 2 <sup>h</sup> 12'.
			26. ☽ ♄ diff. Lat. 9'.
21	M.	St. Thomas.	28. ☾ ♄ ♄ 20 <sup>h</sup> 56'.
22	Tu.		29. ♀ ♄ diff. Lat. 56'.
23	W.		31. ☾ ♄ Pleiadum 5 <sup>h</sup> 37'.
24	Th.		
25	F.	Christmas-Day.	
26	Sa.	S. Stephen. [S. John.	
27	Su.	1st Sunday after Christm.	
28	M.	Innocents.	
29	Tu.		
30	W.		
31	Th.	Silvester.	

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Sun's Longitude.	Sun's Right Asc. in Time.	Sun's Declin. South.	Equat. of Time Sub.	Diff.
		° ' "	h ' "	° ' "	' "	
1	Tu.	8. 9. 8. 48	16. 29. 47	21. 51. 3	10. 36	24
2	W.	8. 10. 9. 42	16. 34. 7	22. 0. 9	10. 12	23
3	Th.	8. 11. 10. 38	16. 38. 27	22. 8. 49	9. 49	25
4	F.	8. 12. 11. 35	16. 42. 48	22. 17. 3	9. 24	24
5	Sa.	8. 13. 12. 32	16. 47. 10	22. 24. 51	9. 0	26
6	Su.	8. 14. 13. 29	16. 51. 32	22. 32. 13	8. 34	25
7	M.	8. 15. 14. 28	16. 55. 54	22. 39. 9	8. 9	27
8	Tu.	8. 16. 15. 28	17. 0. 17	22. 45. 38	7. 42	27
9	W.	8. 17. 16. 29	17. 4. 41	22. 51. 40	7. 15	28
10	Th.	8. 18. 17. 30	17. 9. 4	22. 57. 15	6. 47	28
11	F.	8. 19. 18. 34	17. 13. 29	23. 2. 23	6. 19	28
12	Sa.	8. 20. 19. 38	17. 17. 53	23. 7. 3	5. 51	29
13	Su.	8. 21. 20. 43	17. 22. 19	23. 11. 16	5. 22	28
14	M.	8. 22. 21. 49	17. 26. 44	23. 15. 1	4. 54	29
15	Tu.	8. 23. 22. 56	17. 31. 10	23. 18. 19	4. 25	30
16	W.	8. 24. 24. 4	17. 35. 36	23. 21. 9	3. 55	29
17	Th.	8. 25. 25. 13	17. 40. 2	23. 23. 29	3. 26	30
18	F.	8. 26. 26. 22	17. 44. 29	23. 25. 22	2. 56	29
19	Sa.	8. 27. 27. 33	17. 48. 55	23. 26. 47	2. 27	30
20	Su.	8. 28. 28. 43	17. 53. 21	23. 27. 43	1. 57	31
21	M.	8. 29. 29. 55	17. 57. 49	23. 28. 12	1. 26	30
22	Tu.	9. 0. 31. 6	18. 2. 16	23. 28. 12	0. 56	30
23	W.	9. 1. 32. 18	18. 6. 42	23. 27. 43	0. 26	30
24	Th.	9. 2. 33. 20	18. 11. 9	23. 26. 46	Add 4	30
25	F.	9. 3. 34. 42	18. 15. 36	23. 25. 20	0. 34	30
26	Sa.	9. 4. 35. 53	18. 20. 3	23. 23. 27	1. 4	30
27	Su.	9. 5. 37. 5	18. 24. 29	23. 21. 5	1. 34	29
28	M.	9. 6. 38. 16	18. 28. 56	23. 18. 15	2. 3	30
29	Tu.	9. 7. 39. 27	18. 33. 21	23. 14. 57	2. 33	29
30	W.	9. 8. 40. 38	18. 37. 46	23. 11. 12	3. 2	29
31	Th.	9. 9. 41. 48	18. 42. 12	23. 6. 57	3. 31	

# DECEMBER 1767. [135]

Days of the Month.	Semidiameter of the Sun.	Time of D <sup>o</sup> passing the Meridian.	Hourly Motion of the Sun.	Logarithm of the Sun's Distance.	Place of the Moon's Node.
	h m	h m	h m		s o
1	16. 17. 1	1. 10. 2	2. 32. 2	9. 993587	9. 23. 47
7	16. 17. 9	1. 10. 6	2. 32. 5	9. 993237	9. 23. 28
13	16. 18. 5	1. 11. 0	2. 32. 7	9. 992979	9. 23. 9
19	16. 19. 0	1. 11. 1	2. 32. 8	9. 992805	9. 22. 50
25	16. 19. 2	1. 11. 1	2. 32. 9	9. 992684	9. 22. 31

## Eclipses of the SATELLITES of J U P I T E R.

I. Satellite. Immersions.			II. Satellite. Immersions.			III. Satellite.		
Days	h	m	Days	h	m	Days	h	m
2	9.	4. 37	1	2.	21. 39	7	10.	37. 41 I
4	3.	32. 13	4	15*	37. 12	7	13.	10. 59 E
5	21.	59. 49	8	4.	52. 40	14	14.	32. 4 I
7	16*	27. 22	11	18*	7. 52	14	17*	4. 16 E
9	10.	54. 55	15	7.	23. 0	21	18*	26. 10 I
11	5.	22. 20	18	20.	38. 6	21	20.	57. 16 E
12	23.	49. 53	22	9.	53. 0	28	22.	20. 27 I
14	18*	17. 20	25	23.	7. 52	29	0.	50. 37 E
16	12.	44. 53	29	12.	22. 43	IV. Satellite.		
18	7.	12. 17				9	17*	30. 6 I
20	1.	39. 44				9	18*	45. 56 E
21	20.	7. 10				26	11.	25. 8 I
23	14.	34. 36				26	12.	21. 7 E
25	9.	2. 8						
27	3.	29. 31						
28	21.	57. 0						
30	16*	24. 27						



[136] D E C E M B E R 1767.

Days.	Heliocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Heliocen- tric Lati- tude.	Geocen- tric Lon- gitude.	Geocen- tric Lati- tude.	Declina- tion.	Passage over Merid.
	s o /	o /	s o /	o /	o /	h /

M E R C U R Y. inf. ♂ 11<sup>d</sup>. 19<sup>h</sup>.

1	0. 15. 20	3. 33 S	8. 28. 2	1. 26 S	24. 53 S	1. 22
7	1. 19. 52	0. 30 N	8. 26. 1	0. 13 N	23. 12	0. 47
13	2. 27. 31	4. 40	8. 18. 33	2. 7	20. 52	23. 41
19	4. 3. 35	6. 50	8. 12. 35	2. 59	19. 22	22. 52
25	5. 4. 35	6. 37	8. 12. 33	2. 44	19. 38	22. 28

V E N U S.

1	3. 0. 25	0. 56 N	6. 29. 31	1. 38 N	9. 46 S	21. 20
7	3. 10. 8	1. 28	7. 2. 59	2. 20	10. 20	21. 10
13	3. 19. 52	1. 58	7. 7. 11	2. 53	11. 11	21. 1
19	3. 29. 36	2. 24	7. 12. 1	3. 14	12. 23	20. 53
25	4. 9. 21	2. 46	7. 17. 18	3. 26	13. 43	20. 48

M A R S.

1	6. 22. 52	0. 47 N	7. 10. 10	0. 32 N	14. 22 S	22. 0
7	6. 25. 42	0. 41	7. 14. 12	0. 29	15. 40	21. 49
13	6. 28. 33	0. 37	7. 18. 16	0. 26	16. 53	21. 38
19	7. 1. 26	0. 32	7. 22. 20	0. 22	18. 2	21. 28
25	7. 4. 20	0. 26	7. 26. 26	0. 18	19. 5	21. 18

J U P I T E R.

1	6. 8. 22	1. 19 N	6. 16. 37	1. 11 N	5. 26 S	20. 30
7	6. 8. 49	1. 19	6. 17. 36	1. 12	5. 48	20. 8
13	6. 9. 17	1. 19	6. 18. 31	1. 13	6. 8	19. 45
19	6. 9. 44	1. 19	6. 19. 23	1. 14	6. 27	19. 21
25	6. 10. 12	1. 19	6. 20. 9	1. 15	6. 42	18. 57

S A T U R N. ♂ 21<sup>d</sup> 19<sup>h</sup>.

1	2. 29. 32	0. 56 S	3. 1. 58	1. 2 S	22. 25 N	13. 37
7	2. 29. 45	0. 56	3. 1. 31	1. 2	22. 26	13. 9
13	2. 29. 59	0. 55	3. 1. 3	1. 1	22. 27	12. 41
19	3. 0. 12	0. 55	3. 0. 34	1. 1	22. 27	12. 12
25	3. 0. 26	0. 54	3. 0. 3	1. 0	22. 28	11. 43

# DECEMBER 1767. [137]

Configurations of the SATELLITES of JUPITER  
at 6 o' th' Clock in the Morning.

1				4	3. 1. ☉	2.	
2	4.0		3.	2.	☉	.1	
3			3		1. 2. ☉		4
4					3. ☉	1. 2.	4
5	2.0				1. ☉	3	4
6				2.	☉	1.	3
7					1. ☉	2.	3.
8	1.0				3. ☉	2.	4.
9			3.	2.	☉	.1	4.
10	4.0		3		1. 2. ☉		
11				403	☉	1. 2.	
12			4.		1. ☉	2.	3
13		4.			2. ☉		3
14					1. ☉	2.	
15		4.			☉	103	2.
16	1.0	4			3. 2.	☉	
17			4. 3		2. 1.	☉	
18				304	☉	1. 2.	
19					1. ☉	4203	
20					2. ☉	1.	4. 3
21	2.0				3. ☉		4
22					☉	103	2.
23					3. 2. 1. ☉		4.
24			3.		2. 1. ☉		4.
25				3	☉	1. 2.	4.
26					1. ☉	2. 4.	
27					2. ☉	1. 3	
28					4. 1. 2. ☉		3
29		4.			☉	1. 3.	2.
30		4.			3. 1. 2. ☉		
31		4.	3.		2. ☉		1.0

[138] DECEMBER 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Moon's Longitude at Noon.	Moon's Longitude at Midnight.	Moon's Latitude at Noon.	Moon's Latitude at Midnight.
		S . . "	S . . "	° / "	° / "
1	Tu.	0. 14. 33. 50	0. 21. 48. 20	5. 6. 13 N	5. 9. 6 N
2	W.	0. 29. 3. 25	1. 6. 18. 26	5. 7. 4	5. 0. 6
3	Th.	1. 13. 32. 32	1. 20. 44. 58	4. 48. 20	4. 32. 2
4	F.	1. 27. 54. 52	2. 5. 1. 39	4. 11. 32	3. 47. 13
5	Sa.	2. 12. 4. 32	2. 19. 2. 58	3. 19. 36	2. 49. 17
6	Su.	2. 25. 56. 19	3. 2. 44. 24	2. 16. 45	1. 42. 42
7	M.	3. 9. 26. 56	3. 16. 3. 47	1. 7. 36 N	0. 32. 2 N
8	Tu.	3. 22. 34. 55	3. 29. 0. 43	0. 3. 28 S	0. 38. 29 S
9	W.	4. 5. 21. 18	4. 11. 36. 51	1. 12. 34	1. 45. 20
10	Th.	4. 17. 48. 0	4. 23. 55. 9	2. 16. 28	2. 45. 48
11	F.	4. 29. 58. 54	5. 5. 59. 49	3. 12. 57	3. 37. 43
12	Sa.	5. 11. 58. 29	5. 17. 55. 29	4. 0. 1	4. 19. 34
13	Su.	5. 23. 51. 32	5. 27. 47. 17	4. 36. 18	4. 50. 2
14	M.	6. 5. 43. 18	6. 11. 46. 6	5. 0. 42	5. 8. 9
15	Tu.	6. 17. 38. 26	6. 23. 38. 45	5. 12. 17	5. 13. 4
16	W.	6. 29. 41. 31	7. 5. 47. 2	5. 10. 21	5. 4. 10
17	Th.	7. 11. 55. 56	7. 18. 8. 28	4. 54. 22	4. 41. 5
18	F.	7. 24. 24. 49	8. 0. 45. 17	4. 24. 16	4. 4. 0
19	Sa.	8. 7. 9. 52	8. 13. 38. 35	3. 40. 28	3. 13. 52
20	Su.	8. 20. 11. 27	8. 26. 48. 22	2. 44. 21	2. 12. 21
21	M.	9. 3. 29. 7	9. 10. 13. 31	1. 38. 8	1. 2. 15 S
22	Tu.	9. 17. 1. 22	9. 23. 52. 18	0. 25. 12 S	0. 12. 29 N
23	W.	10. 0. 46. 10	10. 7. 42. 23	0. 50. 16 N	1. 27. 42
24	Th.	10. 14. 40. 54	10. 21. 41. 16	2. 4. 1	2. 38. 33
25	F.	10. 28. 43. 19	11. 5. 46. 30	3. 10. 52	3. 40. 22
26	Sa.	11. 12. 50. 44	11. 19. 55. 44	4. 6. 37	4. 29. 9
27	Su.	11. 27. 1. 15	0. 4. 6. 57	4. 47. 33	5. 1. 36
28	M.	0. 11. 12. 33	0. 18. 17. 55	5. 10. 58	5. 15. 42
29	Tu.	0. 25. 22. 40	1. 2. 26. 35	5. 15. 36	5. 10. 43
30	W.	1. 9. 29. 18	1. 16. 30. 27	5. 1. 10	4. 47. 4
31	Th.	1. 23. 29. 45	2. 0. 27. 24	4. 28. 51	4. 6. 40



# DECEMBER 1767. [139]

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	D's Age.	D's Passage over Merid.	D's Right Ascen. at Noon.	D's Right Asc. at Midn.	D's Declination at Noon.	D's Declination at Midn.
1	Tu.	11	8. 34	11. 24	18. 11	10. 27 N	13. 17 N
2	W.	12	9. 27	25. 7	32. 14	15. 56	18. 21
3	Th.	13	10. 23	39. 32	47. 1	20. 30	22. 20
4	F.	14	11. 22	54. 38	62. 20	23. 49	24. 53
5	Sa.	15	12. 22	70. 5	77. 50	25. 34	25. 50
6	Su.	16	13. 20	85. 30	93. 1	25. 41	25. 9
7	M.	17	14. 16	100. 22	107. 30	24. 15	23. 2
8	Tu.	18	15. 6	114. 23	121. 1	21. 31	19. 45
9	W.	19	15. 53	127. 25	133. 34	17. 47	15. 38
10	Th.	20	16. 37	139. 32	145. 19	13. 21	10. 57
11	F.	21	17. 17	150. 56	156. 26	8. 29	5. 57
12	Sa.	22	17. 57	161. 51	167. 12	3. 23 N	0. 48 N
13	Su.	23	18. 38	172. 32	177. 53	1. 47 S	4. 21 S
14	M.	24	19. 18	183. 15	188. 42	6. 52	9. 21
15	Tu.	25	19. 59	194. 14	199. 54	11. 44	14. 2
16	W.	26	20. 45	205. 43	211. 42	16. 13	18. 14
17	Th.	27	21. 33	217. 53	224. 16	20. 5	21. 45
18	F.	28	22. 26	230. 53	237. 41	23. 10	24. 19
19	Sa.	29	23. 21	244. 40	251. 49	25. 9	25. 40
20	Su.	1	♂	259. 6	266. 28	25. 50	25. 38
21	M.	2	0. 18	273. 51	281. 13	25. 3	24. 5
22	Tu.	3	1. 14	288. 31	295. 43	22. 48	21. 9
23	W.	4	2. 9	302. 48	309. 44	19. 12	16. 57
24	Th.	5	3. 1	316. 32	323. 12	14. 28	11. 48
25	F.	6	3. 51	329. 46	336. 13	8. 58	5. 59 S
26	Sa.	7	4. 40	342. 36	348. 59	2. 57 S	0. 8 N
27	Su.	8	5. 27	355. 22	1. 46	3. 12 N	6. 13
28	M.	9	6. 16	8. 15	14. 50	9. 12	12. 3
29	Tu.	10	7. 8	21. 32	28. 23	14. 43	17. 12
30	W.	11	8. 2	35. 24	42. 34	19. 25	21. 22
31	Th.	12	8. 57	49. 53	57. 22	23. 0	24. 17

[140] DECEMBER 1767.

Days of the Month.	Days of the Week.	Semidr. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Semidr. $\gamma$ at Mid-night.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Noon.	Hor. Par. $\gamma$ at Midnight.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Noon.	Logitic Lo- gar. at Mida.
		1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11		
1	Tu.	16. 19	16. 20	59. 54	59. 56	0007	0005
2	W.	16. 20	16. 19	59. 55	59. 51	0006	0011
3	Th.	16. 17	16. 14	59. 46	59. 36	0017	0029
4	F.	16. 11	16. 8	59. 25	59. 11	0042	0059
5	Sa.	16. 3	15. 58	58. 54	58. 37	0080	0101
6	Su.	15. 53	15. 47	58. 17	57. 55	0126	0153
7	M.	15. 41	15. 35	57. 33	57. 11	0181	0209
8	Tu.	15. 29	15. 23	56. 48	56. 26	0238	0266
9	W.	15. 17	15. 12	56. 5	55. 46	0293	0318
10	Th.	15. 7	15. 2	55. 28	55. 12	0341	0362
11	F.	14. 59	14. 55	54. 58	54. 46	0381	0396
12	Sa.	14. 53	14. 51	54. 36	54. 30	0410	0418
13	Su.	14. 50	14. 49	54. 26	54. 24	0423	0426
14	M.	14. 50	14. 51	54. 25	54. 29	0424	0419
15	Tu.	14. 52	14. 55	54. 35	54. 43	0411	0400
16	W.	14. 57	15. 1	54. 53	55. 6	0387	0370
17	Th.	15. 5	15. 9	55. 21	55. 36	0350	0331
18	F.	15. 14	15. 18	55. 53	56. 11	0309	0285
19	Sa.	15. 23	15. 29	56. 29	56. 48	0262	0238
20	Su.	15. 34	15. 39	57. 7	57. 25	0214	0191
21	M.	15. 44	15. 48	57. 43	58. 0	0169	0147
22	Tu.	15. 52	15. 56	58. 15	58. 29	0129	0111
23	W.	16. 0	16. 3	58. 42	58. 53	0095	0082
24	Th.	16. 5	16. 7	59. 2	50. 10	0071	0061
25	F.	16. 9	16. 10	59. 16	59. 21	0053	0047
26	Sa.	16. 11	16. 12	59. 24	59. 26	0044	0041
27	Su.	16. 12	16. 12	59. 27	59. 26	0040	0041
28	M.	16. 11	16. 11	59. 25	59. 22	0042	0046
29	Tu.	16. 10	16. 8	59. 19	59. 13	0050	0057
30	W.	16. 6	16. 4	59. 6	58. 59	0066	0074
31	Th.	16. 2	15. 59	58. 50	58. 40	0085	0008

# DECEMBER 1767. [141]

Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.						
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.	3 Hours.	6 Hours.	9 Hours.	
		$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$	$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$	$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$	$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$	$^{\circ}$ $'$ $''$
1	Aldebaran.	52. 59. 10	51. 13. 19	49. 27. 30	47. 41. 44	
2		38. 55. 3	37. 10. 22	35. 26. 1	33. 42. 2	
3	Pollux.	66. 7. 54	64. 20. 43	62. 33. 41	60. 46. 48	
4		51. 54. 56	50. 9. 9	48. 23. 37	46. 38. 21	
5	Regulus.	74. 32. 6	72. 47. 8	71. 2. 28	69. 18. 4	
6		60. 40. 40	58. 58. 7	57. 15. 54	55. 34. 0	
7		47. 9. 41	45. 29. 54	43. 50. 30	42. 11. 28	
8		34. 1. 59	32. 25. 12	30. 48. 49	29. 12. 50	
9		21. 19. 14	19. 45. 57	18. 13. 13	16. 41. 3	
10	Spica $\alpha$	62. 45. 28	61. 13. 15	59. 41. 19	58. 9. 40	
11		50. 34. 53	49. 4. 34	47. 34. 27	46. 4. 31	
12		38. 37. 30	37. 8. 34	35. 39. 46	34. 11. 6	
10	The Sun.	120. 27. 54	119. 3. 19	117. 38. 59	116. 14. 54	
11		109. 17. 46	107. 54. 57	106. 32. 19	105. 9. 52	
12		98. 19. 56	96. 58. 21	95. 36. 52	94. 15. 29	
13		87. 29. 40	86. 8. 39	84. 47. 39	83. 26. 40	
14		76. 41. 40	75. 20. 35	73. 59. 57	72. 38. 15	
15		65. 50. 53	64. 29. 5	63. 7. 9	61. 45. 5	
16		54. 52. 27	53. 29. 25	52. 6. 13	50. 42. 49	
17		43. 42. 31	42. 17. 45	40. 52. 44		
23	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	51. 52. 9	50. 13. 46	48. 35. 33	46. 57. 31	
24		38. 52. 6	37. 16. 29	35. 41. 34	34. 7. 25	
25	$\alpha$ Arietis.	65. 31. 49	63. 46. 28	62. 1. 6	60. 15. 42	
26		51. 28. 28	49. 43. 0	47. 57. 34	46. 12. 10	
27	Aldebaran.	70. 11. 45	68. 27. 12	66. 42. 42	64. 58. 16	
28		56. 17. 12	54. 33. 15	52. 49. 27	51. 5. 46	
29		42. 29. 57	40. 47. 26	39. 5. 12	37. 23. 16	
30		28. 59. 59	27. 21. 9	25. 43. 10	24. 6. 8	
31	Pollux.	56. 16. 50	54. 33. 28	52. 50. 16	51. 7. 14	



[142] DECEMBER 1767.

Days.	Stars Names.	Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ east of her.			
		12 Hours.	15 Hours.	18 Hours.	21 Hours.
		° ' "	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
1	Aldebaran	45. 56. 3	44. 10. 31	42. 25. 11	40. 40. 1
2		31. 58. 29	30. 15. 30	28. 33. 10	26. 51. 35
3	Pollux.	59. 0. 3	57. 13. 29	55. 27. 6	53. 40. 55
4		44. 53. 21	43. 8. 39	41. 24. 17	39. 40. 15
5	Regulus.	67. 33. 59	65. 50. 12	64. 6. 43	62. 23. 32
6		53. 52. 26	52. 11. 13	50. 30. 21	48. 49. 50
7		40. 32. 48	38. 54. 31	37. 16. 38	35. 39. 7
8		27. 37. 15	26. 2. 4	24. 27. 19	22. 53. 2
9	Spica $\kappa$	68. 57. 1	67. 23. 41	65. 50. 40	64. 17. 56
10		56. 38. 16	55. 7. 5	53. 36. 8	52. 5. 24
11		44. 34. 47	43. 5. 13	41. 35. 49	40. 6. 35
12		32. 42. 33	31. 14. 7	29. 45. 48	28. 17. 34
10	The Sun.	114. 51. 2	113. 27. 24	112. 3. 59	110. 40. 46
11		103. 47. 35	102. 25. 28	101. 3. 29	99. 41. 39
12		92. 54. 12	91. 32. 59	90. 11. 49	88. 50. 43
13		82. 5. 42	80. 44. 44	79. 23. 44	78. 2. 43
14		71. 16. 58	69. 55. 36	68. 34. 8	67. 42. 33
15		60. 22. 53	59. 0. 32	57. 38. 1	56. 15. 19
16		49. 19. 13	47. 55. 24	46. 31. 21	45. 7. 3
22	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	58. 26. 42	56. 47. 59	55. 9. 18	53. 30. 41
23		45. 19. 43	43. 42. 13	42. 5. 4	40. 28. 20
24	$\alpha$ Arietis.	72. 32. 50	70. 47. 37	69. 2. 23	67. 17. 7
25		58. 30. 17	56. 44. 50	54. 59. 23	53. 13. 56
26		44. 26. 47	42. 41. 27	40. 56. 11	39. 10. 57
27	Aldebaran	63. 13. 53	61. 29. 35	59. 45. 22	58. 1. 14
28		49. 32. 14	47. 38. 53	45. 55. 42	44. 12. 43
29		35. 41. 40	34. 0. 28	32. 19. 45	30. 39. 33
30	Pollux.	63. 11. 33	61. 27. 43	59. 43. 58	58. 0. 20
31		49. 24. 22	47. 41. 43	45. 59. 17	44. 17. 4

# DECEMBER 1767. [143]

Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ west of her.													
Days.	Stars Names.	Noon.			3 Hours.			6 Hours.			9 Hours.		
		$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"
1	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	27.	39.	29	29.	10.	18	30.	42.	42	32.	16.	34
2		40.	22.	41	42.	2.	18	43.	42.	30	45.	23.	10
3		53.	51.	40	55.	34.	4	57.	16.	36	58.	59.	14
4	$\alpha$ Arietis.	23.	59.	55	25.	44.	37	27.	29.	22	29.	14.	6
5		37.	56.	54	39.	41.	8	41.	25.	0	43.	8.	45
6	Aldebaran	20.	51.	26	22.	24.	19	23.	58.	2	25.	32.	26
7		33.	30.	26	35.	6.	28	36.	42.	29	38.	18.	27
8		46.	16.	11	47.	51.	12	49.	25.	59	51.	0.	33
9		58.	49.	46	60.	22.	48	61.	55.	35	63.	28.	7
10	Pollux.	27.	9.	49	30.	37.	49	32.	7.	46	33.	37.	38
11		41.	5.	32	42.	34.	47	44.	3.	55	45.	32.	57
12	Regulus.	15.	59.	8	17.	26.	35	18.	54.	7	20.	21.	46
13		27.	41.	11	29.	9.	13	30.	37.	17	32.	5.	24
14		39.	26.	36	40.	55.	1	42.	23.	30	43.	52.	4
15		51.	16.	28	52.	45.	44	54.	15.	8	55.	44.	40
16		63.	14.	43	64.	45.	16	66.	16.	0	67.	46.	56
17	Spica $\eta$ .	21.	28.	31	23.	0.	0	24.	31.	52	26.	4.	4
18		53.	49.	52	55.	23.	59	56.	58.	25	58.	33.	9
24	The Sun.	42.	9.	52	43.	47.	20	45.	24.	55	47.	2.	36
25		55.	12.	18	56.	50.	25	58.	28.	34	60.	6.	46
26		68.	18.	22	69.	56.	47	71.	35.	12	73.	13.	39
27		81.	25.	59	83.	4.	27	84.	42.	54	86.	21.	20
28		94.	33.	10	95.	11.	28	97.	49.	45	99.	27.	59
29		107.	38.	36	109.	16.	35	110.	54.	31	112.	32.	24
28	$\alpha$ Aquila.	72.	24.	7	73.	55.	55	75.	27.	54	77.	0.	4
29	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	36.	59.	42	38.	35.	38	40.	12.	11	41.	49.	16
30		50.	0.	44	51.	39.	54	53.	19.	15	54.	58.	46
31		63.	17.	49	64.	57.	50	66.	37.	51	68.	17.	51

[144] DECEMBER 1767.

		Distances of $\gamma$ 's Center from Stars, and from $\odot$ west of her.											
DAYS.	Stars Names.	12 Hours.			15 Hours.			18 Hours.			21 Hours.		
		$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"	$^{\circ}$	'	"
1	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	33. 51. 45	35. 28. 6	37. 5. 29	38. 43. 42								
2		47. 4. 15	48. 45. 42	50. 27. 27	52. 9. 27								
3		60. 41. 57	62. 24. 42	64. 7. 28	65. 50. 12								
4	$\alpha$ Arietis.	30. 58. 50	32. 43. 31	34. 28. 6	36. 12. 34								
5		44. 52. 17	46. 35. 34	48. 18. 36	50. 1. 20								
6	Aldebaran.	27. 7. 23	28. 42. 46	30. 18. 28	31. 54. 24								
7		39. 54. 19	41. 30. 2	43. 5. 35	44. 40. 58								
8		52. 34. 54	54. 9. 0	55. 42. 51	57. 16. 26								
9		65. 0. 23	66. 32. 25	68. 4. 12	69. 35. 44								
10	Pollux.	35. 7. 24	36. 37. 5	38. 6. 40	39. 36. 9								
11		47. 1. 52	48. 30. 39	49. 59. 21	51. 27. 58								
12	Regulus.	21. 49. 30	23. 17. 20	24. 45. 14	26. 13. 11								
13		33. 33. 33	35. 1. 44	36. 29. 58	37. 58. 15								
14		45. 20. 43	46. 49. 29	48. 18. 22	49. 47. 21								
15		57. 14. 20	58. 44. 10	60. 14. 11	61. 44. 21								
16	Spica $\eta$	15. 26. 44	16. 56. 32	18. 26. 47	19. 57. 27								
17		27. 36. 36	29. 9. 26	30. 42. 35	32. 16. 4								
18		40. 8. 12	41. 43. 33	43. 19. 11	44. 55. 7								
24	The Sun.	48. 40. 23	50. 18. 15	51. 56. 12	53. 34. 13								
25		61. 45. 1	63. 23. 18	65. 1. 38	66. 39. 59								
26		74. 52. 6	76. 30. 34	78. 9. 2	79. 47. 31								
27		87. 59. 45	89. 38. 8	91. 16. 30	92. 54. 51								
28		101. 6. 12	102. 44. 22	104. 22. 29	106. 0. 34								
29		114. 10. 13	115. 47. 58	117. 25. 39	119. 3. 16								
27	$\alpha$ Aquilæ.	66. 19. 38	67. 50. 18	69. 21. 17	70. 52. 34								
28		78. 32. 24	80. 4. 51	81. 37. 24	83. 10. 1								
29	$\alpha$ Pegasi.	43. 26. 49	45. 4. 48	46. 43. 9	48. 21. 48								
30		56. 38. 24	58. 18. 8	59. 57. 57	61. 37. 51								
31		69. 57. 51	71. 37. 47	73. 17. 39	74. 57. 25								



# EXPLANATION and USE OF THE ARTICLES

Contained in the

## ASTRONOMICAL and NAUTICAL EPHEMERIS.

**I**T may be proper first to premise, that all the Calculations are made according to apparent Time by the Meridian of the Royal Observatory at Greenwich. They are likewise adapted to apparent Noon, except where they are otherwise distinguished, as the Eclipses and Configurations of Jupiter's Satellites, the Moon's Places, &c, computed for Midnight, and the Distances of the Moon from the Sun and Stars for every third Hour; which are all computed to the apparent Times set down.

Apparent Time is that deduced immediately from the Sun, whether from the Observation of his passing the Meridian, from his Altitude observed at a Distance from the Meridian, or from his observed Rising or Setting. This Time is different from that shewn by Clocks and Watches well regulated at Land, which is called equated or mean Time. This will be explained when we come to treat of the Equation of Time.

The Day is here supposed, according to the Method of Astronomers, to begin at Noon, or 12 Hours later than the civil Day of the same Denomination, and to be counted up to 24 Hours, or the succeeding Noon, when the next Day begins. Thus the Day of the Month and the Hour of the Day are the same in this Method as in the civil Account at Noon, and from Noon till Midnight; but from Midnight till Noon they  
U differ;

differ; for whereas in the civil Account a fresh Day is supposed to begin at Midnight, and the Hours to begin over again, in this Method the Day is still continued beyond Midnight, and the Reckoning of the Hours is continued up to 24. Thus the Distances put down to January 10, 15 Hours, belong to January 11 at Three in the Morning by civil Reckoning.

There are 12 Pages for every Month. The first Column of the first Page of each Month contains the Day of the Month; the Second, the Day of the Week expressed concisely by the initial Letter or Letters, *Su.* standing for Sunday, *M.* for Monday, *Tu.* for Tuesday, *W.* for Wednesday, *Th.* for Thursday, *F.* for Friday, and *Sa.* for Saturday: The third Column exhibits the Sundays and Festivals of the Church of England, and other remarkable Days: The last Column shews at Top the Moon's Phases, or the Times of new and full Moon, and of the first and last Quarter, or two Quadratures with the Sun: Beneath are contained miscellaneous Phenomena, namely, Eclipses of the Sun and Moon, and Occultations of Planets or fixed Stars not less than the fourth Magnitude, by the Moon, as they should happen at Greenwich by the Tables; the Conjunctions of the Moon with all Stars not less than the fourth Magnitude, which can be Occultations any where on the Globe, between the Latitudes of  $60^{\circ}$ . North and  $40^{\circ}$ . South: The Conjunctions, Oppositions and Quadratures of the superior Planets with the Sun; and the Conjunctions and greatest Elongations of the inferior Planets from the Sun, the Entrance of the Sun into the several Signs, and any other remarkable Phenomena.

The Stars are expressed by Bayer's Characters of Reference. The Conjunction of the Moon or a Planet with a Star, is denoted by prefixing the Character of the Moon or Planet to that of the Star, the Time of the Conjunction being placed immediately after. The Case is the same with Respect to the Occultation of a Star or Planet by the Moon, only this is further distinguished by the Addition of *Im.* or Immersion, to signify the Disappearance behind the Moon; and *Em.* or Emission, to signify the Re-appearance of the same. Thus  $8^{\text{d}} \text{ } \delta \text{ } \text{ } 16^{\text{h}} \text{ } 22'$ , signifies that the Moon will be in Conjunction with the Star  $\delta$  on the Eighth Day at  $16^{\text{h}} \text{ } 22'$  exclusive of Parallax: And  $10^{\text{d}} \text{ } \gamma \text{ } \text{ } 9^{\text{h}} \text{ } 14'$  *Em.*  $10^{\text{d}} \text{ } 23'$  signifies that the Moon will eclipse  $\gamma$  on the 10th Day, the Immersion being at  $9^{\text{h}} \text{ } 14'$  and at  $10^{\text{h}} \text{ } 23'$  apparent Time at Greenwich.

The

The Occultations set down are those only visible at Greenwich; and the Circumstances will not differ very widely in most Parts of the Kingdom; but in very distant Places they will differ very much, owing to the Change of the Moon's Parallax, or it may become no Occultation at all: The like may be said of Eclipses of the Sun.

Eclipses of the Sun, and Occultations of fixed Stars by the Moon, if observed in Places whose Latitude and Longitude are well determined, may be applied to the Correction of the lunar Tables; but if made in Places whose Latitude only is well known, may be applied to the Determination of the Longitude of the Place; but for this Purpose an accurate Calculation must be made of the Moon's Parallax in Longitude and Latitude, which makes this Method of settling the Longitudes of Places, though a very accurate one, less convenient in Use for Persons not much versed in astronomical Calculations. However, this ought not to discourage Travellers or Mariners from endeavouring to make these Observations as often and as carefully as possible, when they shall happen to be at any Place whose Longitude they have Reason to think has not been at all or but indifferently determined; since the necessary Calculations may be made at any Time afterwards by themselves, at leisure, or referred to the Skill of Astronomers and Mathematicians.

Eclipses of the Moon are not liable to this Inconvenience; the Longitude of any Place, where an Eclipse has been observed, being deduced immediately by taking the Difference of the Time of the Observation and that set down in the Ephemeris, and converting it into Degrees, at the Rate of 15 to One Hour, &c. or more briefly by Table Pages 6, 7, 8. of the Tables requisite to be used with the Ephemeris. But as the Beginning or Ending of an Eclipse of the Moon cannot be generally observed nearer than One Minute, and sometimes Two or Three Minutes of Time, the Longitudes of Places cannot be certainly determined by this Method from a single Observation of the Beginning or End nearer than a Degree. It is unnecessary to mention that even this Point of Exactness will often be of great Service. If both the Beginning and End of the Eclipse be observed, a considerably greater Degree of Exactness will be attained.

The Conjunctions of the Moon with the Planets, or fixed Stars not less than the fourth Magnitude, which may prove Occultations in some inhabited Parts of the Globe, are evidently designed to instruct Mariners or Travellers to look out



frequently for such Observations; which if they happen to prove Occultations, and are carefully observed, will afford a certain Means of determining the Longitude of the Place of Observation.

The Days of the Oppositions, Quadratures, &c. of the Planets with Respect to the Sun, are Times at which they ought to be observed in fixed Observatories, for settling the Elements of their Orbits by a Series of several Years Observations.

The Two first Columns of the Second Page of the Month contain the Day of the Month and Week as before; next follow the Sun's Longitude, right Ascension in Time, Declination, and the Equation of Time, with the Difference from Day to Day.

The Longitude of the Sun is made use of in most of the succeeding Calculations of the Ephemeris, and may serve either to verify them, or to make other similar Calculations at a different Time of the Day. Particularly it may serve with the Help of the Moon's Longitude, to find the Distance of the Moon from the Sun at any Time, independent of the Distances contained in the Four last Pages of the Month. To find the Sun's Longitude at any Time different from Noon, Proportion must be made according to its daily Increase: Saying as  $24^h$  is to the Hour from Noon reckoned by the Meridian of Greenwich, so is the daily Variation of the Sun's Longitude, to a fourth Number; which added to the Sun's Longitude at the preceding Noon, gives the true Longitude at the given Time.

If the Time given be that of a Meridian different from Greenwich, it must be first reduced thereto, by adding or subtracting the Difference of Longitude turned into Time (at the Rate of One Hour to  $15^\circ$ , and One Minute of Time to 15 Minutes, or more briefly by Pages 6, 7, and 8, of the requisite Tables) according as the Place is to the West or to the East of Greenwich. Example: Suppose any one should want to know the Sun's Longitude, January 19, 1767, at  $4^h. 35'$  being in  $21^\circ 15'$  Longitude East of Greenwich. The Difference of Longitude turned into Time by Table Page 6, is  $1^h. 25'$  which subtracted from  $4^h. 35'$  because the Place is East of Greenwich, leaves  $3^h. 10'$  for the Time reduced to the Meridian of Greenwich. The Sun's Longitude the preceding Noon is,  $9^\circ. 29'. 18''. 2''$ , and the following Noon is,  $10^\circ. 0'. 19'. 4''$ , the Difference is,  $1^\circ. 1'. 2''$ , or  $61'. 2''$ , the daily Variation. Then say, as  $24^h$  is to  $3^h. 10'$ , so is  $61'. 2''$  to  $8'. 3''$ , which added to  $9^\circ. 29'. 18''. 2''$ , the Sun's Longitude on the preceding

preceding Noon, gives  $9^{\circ}.29'.26''.5''$  the Sun's Longitude at the Time given. In like Manner any other of the following Articles is to be found by the Help of the Ephemeris.

The Sun's Longitude serves also to compute the Aberration of the fixed Stars and Planets.

The Sun's right Ascension in Time is useful to the practical Astronomer in regular Observatories, who adjusts his Clocks by sidereal Time. It is also useful to him for converting apparent into sidereal Time; as suppose that of an Eclipse of Jupiter's Satellites, in order to know at what Time it may be expected to happen by his Clocks: For this Purpose, the Sun's right Ascension at the preceding Noon, together with the Increase of right Ascension from Noon, must be added to the apparent Time of the Phenomenon set down in the Ephemeris.

The Sun's right Ascension in Time serves also to compute the apparent Time of a known Star's passing the Meridian: Thus subtract the Sun's right Ascension in Time at Noon from the Star's right Ascension in Time, the Remainder is the apparent Time of the Star's passing the Meridian nearly; from which the proportional Part of the daily Increase of the Sun's right Ascension for this apparent Time from Noon being subtracted, leaves the correct Time of the Star's passing the Meridian.

Hence the apparent Time may be found from an observed Altitude of a known fixed Star, suppose one contained Page 12 or 13 of the requisite Tables; as will be explained hereafter.

The Sun's right Ascension in Time is also useful for computing the Time of the Moon and Planets passing the Meridian, as will be shewn under their proper Articles.

The Sun's Declination is necessary to find the Latitude, whether at Sea or Land, from the Meridian Altitude observed; it is also requisite for finding the Latitude from Two Altitudes observed with the Interval of Time measured by a Watch; it serves for computing the Sun's Azimuth, having his Altitude and the Latitude of the Place given, in order to find the Variation of the Compass; it is required jointly with the Latitude of the Place and the Sun's horary Angle to compute his Altitude, if neglected to be observed at the Time of taking the Moon's Distance from the Sun for finding the Longitude, being useful to facilitate the Calculation of the Effect of Refraction and Parallax upon the Distance; it is also necessary to calculate the apparent Time from an observed Altitude of the Sun at a Distance  
from



from the Meridian, the Latitude being given; or to compute the Time of the Sun's Setting or Rising; which, though a less accurate Method than the former of obtaining the Time, may yet be useful when that cannot be had. For any of these Purposes, the Sun's Declination must be found to the Time given nearly reduced to the Meridian of Greenwich, making Proportion according to the daily Increase or Decrease, in like Manner as was shewn with Respect to the Sun's Longitude.

The Equation of Time is a Correction, which added to or subtracted from the apparent Time (according to its Title at the Top of the Column) gives equated or mean Time, or that which should be shewn by a good Clock or Watch. Apparent Time is that which takes its Beginning from the Passage of the Sun's Centre over the Meridian of any Place; and had the Sun no Motion in the Ecliptic, or was his Motion reduced to the Equator or in right Ascension uniform, he would always return to the Meridian after equal Intervals of Time. But his apparent Motion in the Ecliptic being continually varying, and his Motion in right Ascension being rendered further unequal on Account of the Obliquity of the Ecliptic to the Equator, from these Causes it arises that the Intervals of his Return to the Meridian become unequal, and the Sun will gradually come too slow or too soon to the Meridian for an equable Motion, such as that of Clocks and Watches ought to be.

This Retardation or Acceleration of the Sun's coming to the Meridian is called the Equation of Time, and is contained in the last Column but One of Page 2d; and when applied according to its Title to the Apparent Time, or that deduced immediately from the Sun, gives the mean or equated Time, whence the Error of a Clock or Watch may be found, and, if required, it may be corrected.

If it is proposed to convert mean Time into apparent, this is done by a contrary Process, by applyi<sup>g</sup> the Equation of Time to the mean Time given, with its Title or Sign changed; *viz.* subtracti<sup>ng</sup> instead of adding, and adding instead of subtracti<sup>ng</sup>.

The Equation of Time being set down in the Ephemeris for the Noon at Greenwich, Proportion must be made according to the daily Difference, to find what it should be at any given Time reduced to the same Meridian, as in the preceding Articles. The last Column of this Page, containing the daily Differences of the Equation, is designed for this Purpose.

As



: As often as it may be required to make any Calculations from astronomical Tables, and the Time given be apparent Time; it is necessary first to apply the Equation of Time thereto to convert it into mean Time, the Tables being disposed according to mean Motions. Thus the Articles contained in the Ephemeris answering to Noon were computed to 0<sup>h</sup>. increased, or 24 Hours diminished, by the Equation of Time: And the Moon's Places set down for Midnight were computed to 12<sup>h</sup>. increased or diminished by the Equation of Time.

What has been shewn concerning the Equation of Time chiefly respects the Astronomer, the Mariner having little to do with it in computing his Longitude from the Moon's Distances from the Sun and Stars observed at Sea with the Help of the Ephemeris, all the Calculations thereof being adapted to apparent Time, the same which he will obtain by the Altitudes of the Sun or Stars in the Manner hereafter prescribed.

But if Watches made upon Mr. John Harrison's or other equivalent Principles should be brought into Use at Sea, the apparent Time deduced from an Altitude of the Sun must be corrected by the Equation of Time, and the mean Time found compared with that shewn by the Watch, the Difference will be the Longitude in Time from the Meridian by which the Watch was set; as near as the Going of the Watch can be depended upon.

The Equation of Time was computed for the Ephemeris of 1767 from the Table, Page 3d of Mayer's Tables; but on Account of that Table being made only to the nearest Second without Decimals, and the Neglect of the small Equations of the Sun, the Calculations of that Article in the Year 1767, cannot always be depended upon nearer than Two Seconds. For the Year 1768 and the following Years it will be computed in the strict Manner explained in my Remarks upon that Subject, in the Philos. Transact. Vol. liv. P. 342 for the Year 1764; namely, by taking the Difference of the Sun's true right Ascension, and his mean Longitude corrected by the Equation of the Equinoxes in right Ascension, and turning it into Time at the Rate of 1<sup>h</sup>. to 15<sup>h</sup>. &c. The Equation of Time will be additive or subtractive as the Sun's true right Ascension is greater or less than his mean Longitude.

The Semidiameter of the Sun, Page 3d, is necessary to reduce the observed Altitude of his upper or lower Limb to that  
of

of the Centre; also to reduce the observed Distance of the Moon's nearest Limb from the Sun's nearest Limb to the Distance of the Centres. It is also useful to Astronomers to verify or ascertain the Exactness of the Scale of their Micrometers, by Comparison with the Measure of the Sun's horizontal Diameter. This Practice is particularly useful in solar Eclipses, when the Distance of the Cusps or the Verse Sine of the uneclipsed Part has been measured with the Micrometer. The Semidiameters of the Sun in Mayer's Tables, on which all the Calculations respecting the Sun and Moon are made, suppose the Semidiameter at the mean Distance to be  $16' 2'' 8$ , which Mr. Mayer says he deduced from above 130 Observations taken with his Six Foot mural Quadrant, which seemed to him not ill adapted to the Purpose. It may not be amiss to take this Opportunity to remark that the Quadrant here mentioned was given to the University of Göttingen by his late Majesty, and was made by Mr. John Bird after the Model of the Eight Foot mural Arch, which he finished for the Royal Observatory at Greenwich, and put up there in the Year 1756. Mr. Mayer made his Observations with his Six Foot mural Arch, from the Year 1756, to the Time of his Decease; with it he settled the mean Obliquity of the Ecliptic to the Beginning of the Year 1756, at  $23^{\circ} 28' 16''$ , which Dr. Bradley settled by his Observations made in the Years 1750 and 1751, at  $23^{\circ} 28' 18''$ . The Difference is agreeable to what ought to arise from the gradual Diminution of the Obliquity of the Ecliptic at the Rate of about  $\frac{1}{4}$  a Second in a Year. The same Instrument he also used in settling the Elements of his solar Tables; and it is most probable that with the same he settled his Table of Refractions at the End of his solar Tables; the Agreement of this Table with Dr. Bradley's, see Page 2d of requisite Tables, (being both suited to the same Temperature of the Air) is so great, that they seem rather like One and the same than Two different Tables.

The Time of the Sun's Semidiameter passing the Meridian, serves to reduce an Observation of a Transit of the preceding or subsequent Limb over the Meridian to that of the Centre, when only One was observed. It signifies a Portion of apparent Time, or even mean Time, the Difference being absolutely insensible upon so small an Interval. It is found thus: Increase the Sun's Semidiameter in the Ratio of the Cosine of his Declination to the Radius, to find his Semidiameter in right Ascension, which turned into Time at the Rate of  $1'$  to  $15''$ , and  $1''$  to  $15''$ , gives the  
Time



Time required. The Sun's Semidiameter in right Ascension is readily found by adding the Log. Cosine of his Declination to the logistick Logarithm of his Semidiameter, the Sum is the logistick Logarithm of his Semidiameter in right Ascension; which divided by 15 gives the Time of his Semidiameter passing the Meridian. If the Clock by which the Observation is made be regulated according to sidereal Time, this Quantity must be increased in the Ratio of 365 to 366, if great Precision is required.

From the Time of the Sun's Semidiameter passing the Meridian may be also found the Time of its passing the horizontal or vertical Wire of a Quadrant or Sextant, which on some Occasions may have its Use.—The hourly Motion of the Sun is useful in computing solar and lunar Eclipses; also in correcting the assumed Longitude of the Ship, in order to find the Time from an Observation of the Distance of the Moon from the Sun, independant of the Distances contained in the nautical Ephemeris; See British Mariner's Guide, Page 49, and Table at the End of the same, Page 25, which is also copied at Page 14 of requisite Tables. The Logarithm of the Sun's Distance is useful in the Calculation of the Places of the Planets and Comets. The Place of the Moon's Node signifies its mean Longitude, and is necessary for finding the Equation of the equinoctial Points both in Longitude and right Ascension, the Equation of the Obliquity of the Ecliptic, and the Deviations of the fixed Stars in right Ascension and Declination.

The Eclipses of Jupiter's Satellites are well known to afford the readiest, and for general Practice the best Method of settling the Longitudes of Places at Land; and it is by their Means principally that Geography has been so much reformed within a Century past, and the Position of the most distant Places determined to equal Accuracy with the nearest. It was hoped that some Means might be found of using proper Telescopes on Shipboard to observe these Eclipses, and could this be effected, it would be of great Service in ascertaining the Longitude of a Ship from Time to Time. In my Voyage to Barbadoes under the Direction of the Commissioners of Longitude, I made a full Trial of the late Mr. Irwin's Marine Chair proposed for this Purpose, but found it totally impracticable to derive any Advantage from the Use of it; and, considering the great Power requisite in a Telescope for making these Observations well, and the Violence as well as



Irregularities of the Motion of a Ship, I am afraid the complete Management of a Telescope on Shipboard will always remain among the Desiderata. However, I would not be understood to mean to discourage any Attempt founded upon good Principles to get over this Difficulty.

The Telescopes proper for observing the Eclipses of Jupiter's Satellites, are common refracting Telescopes, from 15 to 20 Feet, reflecting Telescopes of 18 Inches or Two Feet, and Telescopes of Mr. Dollond's Construction with Two Object Glasses from Five to 10 Feet; or, which are still more convenient, those of  $3\frac{1}{2}$  Feet, which he has lately found a Method of constructing with Three Object Glasses, which are as manageable as reflecting Telescopes, and perform as much as those which he makes of 10 Feet with Two Object Glasses.

The Eclipses of Jupiter's Satellites are observed by Astronomers at Land, as well in order to provide Materials for improving the Theories and Tables of their Motions, as for the sake of Comparison with the corresponding Observations which may be made by Persons in different Parts of the Globe, whereby the Longitude of such Places will be accurately ascertained. It is indeed to be lamented that Persons who visit distant Countries are not more diligent to multiply Observations of this Kind, for want of which, the Observations made by Astronomers on Shore lose Half their Use, and the Improvement of Geography seems to be at a Stand. But it is to be hoped that an Emulation will spring up among those who may have Opportunities of rendering so useful a Service to the Public, to incite them to watch diligently for the Occasions of observing these Eclipses carefully, particularly of the First and Second, which are most exact for the Purpose. The Eclipses carefully calculated and set down in the Ephemeris, will serve to advertise them and Observers in general of the Times when they should attend to these Observations. The Person who shall be under any Meridian different from Greenwich, must turn his Difference of Longitude into Time: See Table Page 6, 7, and 8, and add it to or subtract it from the Time of the Eclipse set down in the Ephemeris, according as he is to the East or West of Greenwich, to find the apparent Time at which the Eclipse will happen at his Meridian, nearly. He must further take care to regulate his Watch or Clock by apparent Time, or at least to know the Difference, as well in order to apprise him of the Time to look out for  
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the Eclipse, as for ascertaining the apparent Time exactly at which he shall observe it. Equal Altitudes of the Sun or Stars taken with an astronomical Quadrant afford the best Means of regulating Clocks and Watches for occasional Observations; or they may be taken with a Hadley's Quadrant, by Reflection from a Basin of Water or Quicksilver, or from the Horizon of the Sea, if the Observer has an open Prospect, and is not elevated above 5 or 600 Feet above the Level of the Sea. But, if Opportunity does not admit of taking equal Altitudes, the Time may be determined from One Altitude taken in any of the Methods above mentioned, at least Two or Three Points of the Compass distant from the Meridian, but the nearer to the East or West the better, the Latitude of the Place being known, or being found by Observations of the Meridian Altitude of the Sun or Stars made on Purpose. It will be better to take several Altitudes in order to take a Mean of the Results for greater Certainty. The Manner of computing the apparent Time from the Altitude of the Sun or a Star, will be observed when we come to treat of the Method of finding the Longitude by the Observations of the Distance of the Moon from the Sun and Stars by the Help of the Ephemeris.

The Observer being in a Place whose Longitude is well known, should be settled at his Telescope Three Minutes before the expected Time of an Immersion of the first Satellite; Six or Eight Minutes before that of the second and third Satellites; and a Quarter of an Hour or more before that of the fourth Satellite; chiefly on Account of the Uncertainty of their Theories; but, if the Longitude of the Place is very uncertain, he must begin to look out for the Eclipse proportionably sooner: Thus if the Longitude of the Place is uncertain to 30 Degrees, answering to 12 Minutes of Time, he ought to fix himself to his Telescope 12 Minutes sooner than is mentioned above. Nevertheless when he has observed One Eclipse of any Satellite, and thereby found the Error of the Tables, he may allow the same Correction to the Calculations of the Ephemeris for several Months, which will advertise him very nearly of the Time of expecting the Eclipses of the same Satellite, and dispense with his attending so long.

The Immersions signify the Instant of the Disappearance of the Satellite by entering into the Shadow of Jupiter; and the Emergences signify the first Instant of its Appearance at coming



ing out of the same. They generally happen when the Satellite is at some Distance from the Body of Jupiter, except near the Opposition of Jupiter to the Sun, when the Satellite approaches nearer to his Body. Before the Opposition of Jupiter to the Sun the Immersions and Emerfions happen on the West Side of Jupiter, and after the Opposition on the East Side; but if an astronomical Telescope be used, which reverses Objects, the Appearances will be directly the contrary. Before the Opposition, the Immersions only of the first Satellite are visible; and after the Opposition, the Emerfions only. The same is generally the Case with respect to the second Satellite; both the Phenomena of the same Eclipse are frequently observable in the Two outer Satellites. The Immersions and Emerfions marked with an Asterisk in the Ephemeris are those visible at Greenwich.

To know if an Eclipse will be visible in any Place, find if Jupiter is  $8^{\circ}$ , or  $10^{\circ}$ . above the Horizon of the Place, and the Sun as much below it. This may be done near enough by a celestial Globe: Otherwise, the Time of the Sun's Rising and Setting may be found for any Latitude by a Table of semidiurnal Arcs, contained in the popular Book called the Mariner's Compass Rectified, and many other Books; the Time of Jupiter's Rising and Setting may also be found from the Time of his passing the Meridian and Declination set down in the Ephemeris, with the Help of the same Table of semidiurnal Arcs; adding or subtracting the semidiurnal Arc answering to the same Declination of the Sun: Remembering always that if Jupiter's Declination and the Latitude of the Place are of the same Denomination, the semidiurnal Arc will be more than Six Hours, and if they are of contrary Denominations, it will be less than Six Hours.

The Immersion or Emerfion of any Satellite being carefully observed in any Place according to apparent Time, the Longitude from Greenwich is found immediately by taking the Difference of the Observation from the corresponding Time shewn in the Ephemeris, which must be turned into Degrees, &c. by Table Page 5, 7, and 8; and will be East or West of Greenwich, as the Time observed is more or less than that of the Ephemeris.

Example: Suppose an Emerfion of the first Satellite should be observed at the Cape of Good-Hope, May 9, 1767, at  $10^h 46', 45''$ . apparent Time: The Time by the Ephemeris  
being



being  $9^{\text{h}}. 33'. 12''$ : the Difference is  $1^{\text{h}}. 13'. 33''$ : whence by Table Page, 6, 7, and 8, the Longitude of the Cape should be  $18^{\circ}. 23' 15''$ . East of Greenwich, because the Time supposed to be observed at the Cape is more than that of the Ephemeris.

It may not be useless here to observe that the Longitude of the Cape of Good Hope  $1^{\text{h}}. 13'. 33'' = 18^{\circ}. 23'. 15''$ . set down in the British Mariner's Guide, is that of the Town; the Latitude also belongs to the same; being both determined from the Observations of Messrs. Maſon and Dixon, who went thither under the Direction of the Royal Society, and observed the Transit of Venus in the Year 1761. Hence, by the Help of the Charts, I find the Longitude of the Cape Point or Promontory  $18^{\circ}. 45'$ . East of Greenwich, and its Latitude  $34^{\circ}. 30'$ . S. the Longitude of Cape Falſo,  $19^{\circ}. 15'$ . E. and its Latitude  $34^{\circ}. 34'$ . S. If these Determinations of the Situations of the Cape Point and Cape Falſo are in any respect uncertain, it arises from the Imperfection of the Charts I was obliged to make use of, in reducing the Longitude and Latitude from the Cape Town to the Two mentioned Points: For from the near Agreement of the Abbé de la Caille's Observations with those of Messrs. Maſon and Dixon, it is probable that the Situation of few Places is better determined than that of the Cape Town: But if any one has Possession of any Manuscript or printed Charts of these Parts that he thinks may be depended upon, or has any Opportunity of determining the Points in Question relatively to each other from the Comparison of several Journals of Ships, he may perhaps fix these Places with more Certainty than is here pretended to.

It is to be observed that a correspondent Observation of an Eclipse of a Satellite of Jupiter, made under a well known Meridian, is to be preferred to the Calculations of the Ephemeris for comparing with an Observation made in a Meridian whose Longitude is required; but if no corresponding Observation can be obtained, as is frequently the Case, it will be best to find what Correction the Calculations of the Ephemeris require by the nearest Observations to the given Time that can be obtained; which Correction applied to the Calculation of the given Eclipse in the Ephemeris, renders it almost equivalent to an actual Observation.

The Longitudes and Latitudes of the Planets, Page 4, serve to know where to look for them in the Heavens, and  
when

when their Places may be conveniently settled by comparing them with fixed Stars by the Help of a Micrometer in a Telescope. They also shew when they are in the most important Points of their Orbits, where it is most material to observe them. They also serve to enable Persons less skilled to distinguish them from the fixed Stars. Their Declinations and apparent Time of passing the Meridian are particularly useful to Astronomers who are furnished with Quadrants and Transit Instruments well fixed in the Meridian, in setting their Instruments for observing their right Ascensions and Declinations.

The apparent Time of a Planet's passing the Meridian may be computed thus; the Planet's right Ascension being calculated from its Longitude and Latitude, and turned into Time, subtract the Sun's right Ascension at Noon in Time from it, to find the Time of the Planet's passing the Meridian nearly, which call T; take the Difference of the ☉ and Planets daily Variations in right Ascension in Time; if the Planet is progressive in right Ascension, or the Sum if it is retrograde, which call X; then say, by the Rule of Proportion;

As  $24^h \mp X$ :  $T$ :  $X$ :  $e$  and  $T \pm$  will be the correct Time of the Planet's passing the Meridian. The upper Signs are to be used both to X and e if the Planet's progressive Motion in right Ascension be greater than that of the Sun; in any other Case the lower Signs are to be made use of.

But perhaps it may be found more readily by continual Approximation as follows: Take the proportional Part of the Difference or Sum of the ☉ and Planet's daily Motion in right Ascension, answering to the Time of the Planet's passing the Meridian, found nearly, in Proportion to  $24^h$ . and take a further like proportional Part of this proportional Part; and again of this last, and so on as far as is necessary. The Sum of all these proportional Parts added to the Time of the Planet's passing the Meridian found nearly, if the Planet's progressive Motion in right Ascension is greater than that of the Sun, otherwise subtracted, gives the apparent Time of the Planet's passing the Meridian.

Example: Let it be required to find the Time of the Moon's passing the Meridian, July 1 1767.

The Sun's right Ascension in Time July 1st is,  $6^h. 40'. 25''$ , and July 2d,  $6^h. 44'. 33''$ . by the Ephemeris. Therefore his daily Motion in right Ascension is  $4'. 8''$ . The Moon's right Ascension July 1st at Noon by the Ephemeris, is  $159^{\circ}. 2'$ . answering to  $10^h. 36'. 8''$ . of Time, and July 2d is,  $169^{\circ}. 39'$ . answering



Answering to  $10^h. 18'. 36''$ . The Difference is,  $42'. 28''$ . of Time, from which  $4'. 8''$ . being subtracted leaves  $38'. 20''$ . Subtract  $6^h. 40'. 25''$ . the Sun's right Ascension July 1st, at Noon from  $10^h. 36'. 8''$ . the Moon's right Ascension the same Noon, the Remainder  $3^h. 55'. 43''$ . is the Approximate Time of the Moon's passing the Meridian. The proportional Part of  $38'. 20''$  answering to this, is  $6'. 17''$  and the proportional Part of  $6'. 17''$ . is  $9''$ ; therefore  $6'. 17''$  and  $9''$  or  $6'. 26''$  added to  $3^h. 55'. 45''$  give  $4^h. 2'. 9''$ , the apparent Time of the Moon's passing the Meridian. In the Ephemeris it is  $4^h. 2'$ . It may also be computed by taking the Difference of the Moon's right Ascensions at Noon and Midnight, but then half the Sun's daily Variation in right Ascension must be made use of, and Proportion must be made for 12 instead of 24 Hours: And if the Moon passed the Meridian after Midnight, the Sun's right Ascension at Midnight must be used, which is a Mean between his right Ascensions on the preceding and subsequent Noon. For the Planet's, it will be sufficient to take the first proportional Part only.

The Configurations of Jupiter's Satellites, Page 5, exhibit the apparent Positions of the Satellites with respect to each other, and to Jupiter at such an Hour of the Evening or Night as they are most likely to be observed, and serve to distinguish the Satellites from one another. Jupiter is distinguished by the Mark  $\odot$ , and the Satellites by Points with Figures annexed, the Figure 1 signifying the first Satellite, 2 the second Satellite, &c. When the Satellite is approaching towards Jupiter, the Figure is put between Jupiter and the Point; and when the Satellite is receding from Jupiter, the Figure is put on the other Side of the Point. The Satellites are in the superior Parts of their Orbits, or furthest from the Earth, when they are marked to the right Hand or West of Jupiter approaching him; or to the left Hand or East of Jupiter receding from him; but are in the inferior Part of their Orbits, or nearest to the Earth, when they are marked to the right Hand or West of Jupiter receding from him, or to the left or East of Jupiter approaching him. The Cypher 0 sometimes annexed to the Figure of the Satellite towards the Margin, signifies that it is invisible on the Face of Jupiter; and the black Mark  $\bullet$ , signifies that it is invisible, being eclipsed in Jupiter's Shadow, or behind Jupiter, and eclipsed by his Body.

The 7th and 5 following Pages of each Month contain the Moon's Place, and all the Circumstances relating to her Motions,



tions, and her Distances from the Sun and proper Stars, from which her Distance should be observed for finding the Longitude at Sea. The Longitudes, Latitudes, and Declinations of the Moon, and Time of her passing the Meridian, afford the like Uses with the same Circumstances of the Planetary Motions, and many more besides. For the sake of greater Precision, the Moon's Longitude, Latitude, Right Ascension, Declination, Semidiameter, horizontal Parallax, with its logistic or proportional Logarithm, are computed twice a Day, to Noon and Midnight, and may readily be inferred to any intermediate Time with the greatest Exactness.

Example: Let it be required to find the Moon's Longitude and Latitude, &c. July 16, 1767, at 16<sup>h</sup>. 22' 16". First to find the Longitude. The Moon's Longitude, July 16, at 12<sup>h</sup>. is 0°. 6'. 40". 25". and July 17 at Noon, 0°. 13'. 47". 48". the Difference 7°. 7'. 23". is the Moon's Motion in 12 Hours; say then, by the Rule of Proportion,

As 12<sup>h</sup>. is to 4<sup>h</sup>. 22'. 16". (the Excess of 16<sup>h</sup>. 22'. 16". above 12<sup>h</sup>.) so is 7°. 7'. 23". to 2°. 35'. 41". which added to 0°. 6'. 40". 25". the Moon's Longitude at 12<sup>h</sup>. gives 0°. 9°. 16'. 6", the Moon's Longitude nearly; but this must be corrected on Account of the Moon's unequal Motion in 12 Hours, by Page 11 of requisite Tables; for this Purpose take out of the Ephemeris the Two Longitudes of the Moon next preceding the given Time, and the Longitudes immediately following it, and set them down in Order one after another, as follows.

		1st Diff.	2d. Diff.
	s o ' "	s ' "	' "
July 16, Noon	11. 29. 29. 34.	7. 10 51.	1 "
Midnight	0. 6. 40. 58.	7. 7. 23.	3. 28.
17, Noon	0. 13. 47. 24.	7. 3. 39.	3. 44.
Midnight	0. 20. 51. 27.		

Take their Differences, 7°. 10'. 51". 7°. 7'. 23". 7°. 3'. 39". take the Differences of these Differences, or the 2d Differences, 3'. 28". 3'. 44". and take their Mean which is 3'. 36". Now look for the Correction in Page 11 of requisite Tables answering to 4<sup>h</sup>. 22' after Midnight, found on the Side, and 3' 36" at Top, 21" will be found under 3'. and 28" under 4'. the Difference is 7". whence 36" will require 4", and the Correction sought is 21" + 4" = 25". which, according to the Remark at the Bottom of the Table, must be added (be-

cause

cause the Motion in 12 Hours or first Differences are decreasing to  $0^{\circ} 9' 16''$ . the Moon's Longitude found by even Proportion; whence the Moon's true Longitude is  $0^{\circ} 9' 16''$ . and is as correct as the Longitudes from which it is deduced.

N. B. If the first Differences of the Four Longitudes of the Moon taken out first increase and then decrease, or, vice versa, first decrease and then increase, take half the Difference of the Two second Differences for the Mean second Difference, with which take the Correction from Page 11, and add or subtract it as the 1st. first Difference is greater or less than the third first Difference.

To find the Moon's Latitude. Take out of the Ephemeris the Two Latitudes preceding and Two following the given Time, and set them down in Order, and take their first and second Differences, and the mean of the Two second Differences; find the proportional Part of the Middle first Difference answering to the Hours and Minutes, &c. of the given Time after Noon or Midnight; which correct in the following Manner: Entering Table Page 11 with the Hour from Noon or Midnight on the Side, and the mean second Difference at Top, take out the corresponding Number of Seconds, which added to or subtracted from the proportional Part found above, according as the Motion in 12 Hours or first Differences are decreasing or increasing; or, more generally, according as 1st first Difference is greater or less than third first Difference, gives the proportional Part corrected; which now added to or subtracted from the Moon's Latitude at the preceding Noon or Midnight, as the Latitude in these 12 Hours is increasing or decreasing, gives the Moon's Latitude correct.

Example: The Moon's Latitude is required, July 16, 16<sup>h</sup>. 22'. 16''.

	J's Lat. by the Ephem.	1st Dif.	2d Dif.	Mean of 2d Dif.
	$^{\circ} \quad ' \quad ''$	$^{\circ} \quad ' \quad ''$	$^{\circ} \quad ' \quad ''$	$^{\circ} \quad ' \quad ''$
July 16, Noon	4 31 10 N.	18 26	4 36	1. 11.
Midnight	4 49 36	13 50	4 44	4 40
17 Noon	5 3 26	9 6		
Midnight	5 12 32			

The Moon's Latitude July 16 at Midnight being  $4^{\circ} 49' 36''$ . N. and the Motion in the next 12 Hours being  $13' 50''$ . say by Proportion;

As  $12^h$ . is to  $4^h. 22'. 16''$ . so is  $13'. 50''$ . to  $5'. 2''$ ; but this must be corrected by adding  $33''$ . the Correction from Page 11, answering to the Hour  $4^h. 22'$ . and the Mean Second Difference  $4' 40''$ , because the first Differences are decreasing, or rather because the first of them  $18'. 26''$ . is greater than the last of them  $9'. 6''$ . therefore the proportional Part corrected is  $5'. 2'' + 33'' = 5'. 35''$ , which added to  $4^{\circ} 49'. 36''$ . gives  $4^{\circ} 55'. 11''$ . N. the Moon's Latitude correct.

Remarks on some Circumstances necessary to be attended to, in order to obtain and apply the Correction of second Differences rightly in computing the Moon's Latitude.

I. If the Moon's Latitude taken out of the Ephemeris for Noon and Midnight changes its Denomination from North to South or from South to North, the Sum of the Two Latitudes of contrary Denominations, where the Change happens, is to be accounted the first Difference in that Place.

II. If the Three first Differences first increase and then decrease, or vice versa, first decrease and then increase, Half the Difference of the Two second Differences is to be taken for the mean second Difference.

III. If the Series of Four Latitudes taken out should first increase and then decrease about the Moon's greatest Latitudes, take the Sum of the Two first Differences standing on each Side of the greatest Latitude for the second Difference in that Place; correct the Moon's Latitude at Noon or Midnight by the simple proportional Part first found; and to the Latitude so corrected, add always in this Case the Correction from Table Page 11, answering to the Mean of the Two second Differences.

Before I quit this Subject of Interpolation by second Differences, I shall point out another Method, by which the same End may be obtained more readily, and with fewer Rules, by those who are well acquainted with algebraical Subtraction and Addition, and the Manner of applying the Signs in those Operations. Subtract each Latitude from the following for the first Differences, to which prefix the Sign — if the Latitudes decrease; and subtract each first Difference, thus found, from the following one of the same Order for the second Differences. Half the Sum of the Two second Differences



ferences standing on each Side of the Interval to be interpolated, is to be accounted the mean second Difference; the Correction corresponding to it by Table Page 11, is to be applied always with the contrary Sign.

These Operations are to be performed, and the Signs to be applied as in algebraic Subtraction and Addition. Note further, if the Four given Latitudes change their Denomination, call the second Latitude  $+$ , and those of a contrary Denomination  $-$ .

The Moon's Declination may be found at any Hour in the same Manner as her Latitude; but as the Correction arising from second Differences will never exceed  $2\frac{1}{2}'$ , this may be neglected on most Occasions: but if any one is desirous to obtain the Declination true to a Minute, the Correction is easily applied, as shewn above.

The other Articles of Page 7, and 8, viz. the Moon's right Ascension, her Semidiameter, horizontal Parallax, with its Logarithm, and the Distances contained in the Four last Pages of the Month, may be all found correctly by even Proportion, without requiring any Allowance on Account of second Differences. The proportional Part of the Moon's Longitude, &c. for any Hour, may be found very readily by the Help of the Table of proportional Logarithms at the End of the requisite Tables: For which consult the Explanation of those Tables.

The Moon's Longitude and Latitude are used in computing her Distances from the Sun and Stars contained in the Four last Pages of the Month, as well as in the Appulses to Stars pointed out in Page 1, and, jointly with her Parallax and Semidiameter, are necessary for computing the Eclipses of the Sun and Moon, and the Occultations of fixed Stars and Planets by the Moon. They also facilitate the Calculation of the Longitude of any Place from an Eclipse of the Sun, or an Occultation of a Star or Planet by the Moon observed: Or, if the Meridian be well known, the Parallax and Semidiameter serve to deduce the Moon's true Place in the Heavens from the Observation, which compared with that given by the Ephemeris shews the Error of the Tables, whatever it be at that Time. The Moon's Semidiameter and Parallax are applied in correcting almost all Observations of the Moon. The logarithmic Logarithms of the Moon's Parallax, serve further to facilitate the Calculations of Parallaxes, but if the Table of proportional Logarithms at the End of the requisite Tables be made use,

of, which will be most convenient; the constant Quantity 0.4771 must be added to the logistic Logarithms of the Moon's horizontal Parallax contained in the Ephemeris of 1767, to reduce them to proportional Logarithms. It will be more convenient to substitute proportional Logarithms of the Moon's Parallax instead of the logistic Logarithms in a future Ephemeris.

The Moon's right Ascension and Declination are useful to compute her Altitude at any Time, particularly at the Observation of her Distance from the Sun or a Star, supposing it was neglected to be or could not be observed properly; which latter Case may sometimes happen in the Night, though I think but rarely; the utmost Accuracy not being required for the Calculations of Refraction and Parallax. See British Mariner's Guide, Page 57. The Moon's Declination, with her Semidiameter and Parallax, serve for finding the Latitude by the Meridian Altitude of her upper or lower Limb observed at Sea. See British Mariner's Guide, Page 93. The Moon's right Ascension and Declination serve also to compute the Time from her Altitude observed at the Observation of her Distance from a Star; whence the Longitude may be inferred, though no Altitude of the Sun or a Star was taken for regulating the Time. See British Mariner's Guide, Page 61.

The Distances of the Moon from the Sun and fixed Stars, contained in the Four last Pages of the Month, are set down to every Three Hours of Apparent Time by the Meridian of Greenwich, and are designed to relieve the Mariner from the Necessity of a Calculation, which he might think prolix and troublesome, and to enable him, when compared with the same Distances observed carefully at Sea, to infer his Longitude readily and with little Danger of Mistake to a Degree of Exactness that may be thought sufficient for most nautical Purposes. But useful and valuable as the Practice of this Method may be at present, it is a Remark not unworthy our Notice, that there is Room to hope, by future Improvements of the lunar Tables, and the Introduction of a more accurate Method of constructing Instruments, it may be carried to a much higher Degree of Perfection.

The Moon's Distance are computed both from the Sun and proper Stars, and generally from One Object on each Side of her, to afford the Mariner a greater Number of Opportunities of Observation, and a Means of attaining a greater Degree of Exactness. The Distances from the Sun

are computed between  $40^{\circ}$  and  $120^{\circ}$  of Distance. While the Moon is between the Distances of  $20^{\circ}$  and  $40^{\circ}$  from the Sun, her Distance is computed only from a Star on the contrary Side that the Sun is. When she is between the Distances of  $40^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$  from the Sun, her Distance is computed both from the Sun and from a Star on the contrary Side to the Sun; when the Moon is above  $90^{\circ}$  from the Sun her Distance is computed from Two Stars, one on each Side of her; though still her Distance is computed also from the Sun from  $90^{\circ}$  to  $120^{\circ}$ . Though the Distance of the Moon from the Sun or Star, well observed with a good Instrument, is sufficient to determine the Longitude, with the Help of the Ephemeris, always within a Degree, and generally much nearer, yet it will conduce to still greater Accuracy, if the Observer takes the Distance of the Moon from Two Stars, or the Sun and a Star, or, when the Moon is between  $90^{\circ}$  and  $120^{\circ}$  Distance from the Sun, from the Sun and Two Stars, if he can be so lucky as to obtain these several Observations.

The Longitude being computed from the Observations made with each Star respectively, the Mean of the Results is to be taken as probably approaching nearest to the true Longitude. In particular the Moon's Distance should be taken from Two Stars, or the Sun and a Star on each Side of her, as often as Opportunity permits, since the Mean of the Results will probably be at least as exact again as either separately, I mean as far as depends on any Imperfection of the Instruments, and unavoidable small Errors arising in the Use of them; Errors of these Kinds having a natural tendency to correct each other; for that small Error which arises from the lunar Tables will affect the Result from either Star equally. But the Error of Mr. Mayer's last lunar Tables here made use of, scarce ever exceeding  $1'$  at the most, and seldom amounting to  $20''$ . the Uncertainty hence arising in the Determination of the Longitude can scarcely exceed half a Degree, and generally will not exceed 10 Miles.

The Distances set down in the Ephemeris, afford the Observer a ready Means of knowing the Star from which the Moon's Distance is to be observed; for he has nothing to do but to set his Quadrant to the Distance computed roughly from the Ephemeris, neglecting the Seconds, at the apparent Time estimated nearly by the Meridian of Greenwich; and direct his Sight to the East or West of the Moon, according as the Distance at Greenwich is found in Page 9 and



ic, or in Two last Pages of the Month; and having found the Moon upon the little Speculum, let him give a Sweep with the Quadrant to the Right and Left, and he will find the Star he seeks for, if above the Horizon and the Air be clear, nearly in a Line perpendicular to the Line of the Moon's Horns or longer Axis, or, which is the same Thing, in the Line of the Moon's shorter Axis produced. The Star is always one of the brightest, so that there is little Danger of mistaking another for it, if the preceding Directions are carefully observed. The Time at Greenwich is estimated nearly by turning the supposed Longitude from Greenwich into Time, by Table Page 6, 7, and 8, and adding it to or subtracting it from the Apparent Time at the Ship, as its Longitude is West or East of Greenwich. It will be sufficient if the Distance be computed from the Ephemeris within 10' or 20' for setting the Quadrant. The principal Use of the Distances of the Moon from the Sun and fixed Stars; namely, in determining the Longitude by Comparison with the corresponding Distances observed at Sea, will be shewn hereafter in its proper Order, in the Dissertation explaining the Method of computing the Longitude at Sea by the Help of the Ephemeris.

The Distances contained in the Ephemeris were computed strictly to Noon and Midnight, and thence interpolated for every Three Hours, according to the Method shewn for computing the Moon's Latitude, Page 17—19: Except that the Correction of second Differences at the Middle of the Interval to be interpolated, was taken  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the Mean of the Two second Differences, and at the first and third Quarter of the Interval was taken  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the Correction just found at the Middle of the Interval; instead of consulting Table Page 11, which would however have given the same Result. But, at the first 12 Hours when the Distances of the Moon from a Star begin, and the last 12 Hours when the Distances end, there being only One second Difference instead of Two second Differences on each Side to take a Mean of, this Method fails in these Cases, and therefore the following is to be substituted in its stead, being derived from Sir Isaac Newton's Solution of the Problem of drawing a Curve through the Extremities of any Number of given Ordinates. Phil. Nat. Princ. Math. Page 486. Edit. ult.

From Four Distances at Noon and Midnight computed strictly, to interpolate Three Distances at the 3d, 6th, and 9th Hour of the first or last Interval.

Substra&

Subtract each Distance from the following, for the first Differences, and prefix the Sign —, if the Distances decrease. Subtract each first Difference thus found from the following one of the same Order, for the second Differences: And in like Manner subtract the first 2d Difference from the following for the third Difference; applying the Signs as in algebraic Subtraction. Denote the first or last first Difference by  $b$ , the first or last second Difference by  $c$ ; according as the Interpolation to be made is for the first or last 12 Hours, denote also the third Difference by  $d$ ; and,  $a$  being put to signify the Distance at the Beginning of the Interval, the interpolated Distances will be as follows:

At 3d Hour of first Interval	$a + \frac{1}{4}b - \frac{3}{32}c + \frac{7}{128}d$
At 6th Hour of first Interval	$a + \frac{1}{2}b - \frac{1}{8}c + \frac{1}{16}d$
At 9th Hour of first Interval	$a + \frac{3}{4}b - \frac{3}{32}c + \frac{5}{128}d$
Or	
At 3d Hour of last Interval	$a + \frac{1}{4}b - \frac{3}{32}c - \frac{5}{128}d$
At 6th Hour of last Interval	$a + \frac{1}{2}b - \frac{1}{8}c - \frac{1}{16}d$
At 9th Hour of last Interval	$a + \frac{3}{4}b - \frac{3}{32}c - \frac{7}{128}d$

In adapting these Formulæ to Numbers, great Care must be taken about the right Application of the Signs. Thus if  $b$ ,  $c$  or  $d$  is Negative, apply the Number expressing the Value of that Term of the Formula where it is found with a contrary Sign to that of the Formula.

Let me add in this Place, that if in filling up the first and last Intervals, a new second Difference has been supposed in arithmetical Progression with the Two given ones, in order to take a Mean between it and the first or last second Difference, the Interpolation at the Middle of the Interval or 6th Hour will be had true, the same as if the above Formulæ had been used: But at the Interpolation of the first and third Quarter there will be an Error of  $\frac{1}{128}$  third Difference; which will be corrected, by applying  $+\frac{1}{128}d$  or third Difference, to Number found at the first Quarter of the Interval, and  $-\frac{1}{128}d$  to that found at the third Quarter of the Interval; equally the same whether it be the first or last Interval.





# T A B L E S

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# A TABLE of the Refraction of the Heavenly Bodies in Altitude.

App. Alt.	Refrac.	App. Alt.	Refrac.	App. Alt.	Refr.	App. Alt.	Refr.	App. Alt.	Refr.
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
0. 0	33. 0	4. 50	10. 11	10. 30	5. 0	26. 0	1. 56	59. 0	0. 3
5	32. 10	5. 0	9. 54	10. 45	4. 53	27. 1	1. 51	60. 0	3
10	31. 22	5. 10	9. 38	11. 0	4. 47	28. 1	1. 47	61. 0	3
15	30. 35	5. 20	9. 23	11. 15	4. 40	29. 1	1. 42	62. 0	3
20	29. 50	5. 30	9. 8	11. 30	4. 34	30. 1	1. 38	63. 0	2
30	28. 22	5. 40	8. 54	11. 45	4. 29	31. 1	1. 35	64. 0	2
32	28. 5	5. 50	8. 41	12. 0	4. 23	32. 1	1. 31	65. 0	2
36	27. 30	6. 0	8. 28	12. 20	4. 16	33. 1	1. 28	66. 0	2
40	27. 0	6. 10	8. 15	12. 40	4. 9	34. 1	1. 24	67. 0	2
50	25. 42	6. 20	8. 3	13. 0	4. 3	35. 1	1. 21	68. 0	2
1. 0	24. 29	6. 30	7. 51	13. 20	3. 57	36. 1	1. 18	69. 0	2
1. 10	23. 20	6. 40	7. 40	13. 40	3. 51	37. 1	1. 16	70. 0	2
1. 20	22. 15	6. 50	7. 30	14. 0	3. 45	38. 1	1. 13	71. 0	1
1. 30	21. 15	7. 0	7. 20	14. 20	3. 40	39. 1	1. 10	72. 0	1
1. 40	20. 18	7. 10	7. 11	14. 40	3. 35	40. 1	1. 8	73. 0	1
1. 50	19. 25	7. 20	7. 2	15. 0	3. 30	41. 1	1. 5	74. 0	1
2. 0	18. 35	7. 30	6. 53	15. 30	3. 24	42. 1	1. 3	75. 0	1
2. 10	17. 48	7. 40	6. 45	16. 0	3. 17	43. 1	1. 1	76. 0	1
2. 20	17. 4	7. 50	6. 37	16. 30	3. 10	44. 1	59	77. 0	1
2. 30	16. 24	8. 0	6. 29	17. 0	3. 4	45. 1	57	78. 0	1
2. 40	15. 45	8. 10	6. 22	17. 30	2. 59	46. 1	55	79. 0	1
2. 50	15. 9	8. 20	6. 15	18. 0	2. 54	47. 1	53	80. 0	1
3. 0	14. 36	8. 30	6. 8	18. 30	2. 49	48. 1	51	81. 0	
3. 10	14. 4	8. 40	6. 1	19. 0	2. 44	49. 1	49	82. 0	
3. 20	13. 34	8. 50	5. 55	19. 30	2. 39	50. 1	48	83. 0	
3. 30	13. 6	9. 0	5. 48	20. 0	2. 35	51. 1	46	84. 0	
3. 40	12. 40	9. 10	5. 42	20. 30	2. 31	52. 1	44	85. 0	
3. 50	12. 15	9. 20	5. 36	21. 0	2. 27	53. 1	43	86. 0	
4. 0	11. 51	9. 30	5. 31	21. 30	2. 24	54. 1	41	87. 0	
4. 10	11. 29	9. 40	5. 25	22. 0	2. 20	55. 1	40	88. 0	
4. 20	11. 8	9. 50	5. 20	23. 0	2. 14	56. 1	38	89. 0	
4. 30	10. 48	10. 0	5. 15	24. 0	2. 7	57. 1	37	90. 0	
4. 40	10. 29	10. 15	5. 7	25. 0	2. 2	58. 1	35		

A TABLE of the Moon's Parallax in Altitude.

App. Alt. of ☾	Horizontal Parallax of the Moon.										
°	53'	54'	55'	56'	57'	58'	59'	60'	61'	62'	
1	53'	54'	55'	56'	57'	58'	59'	60'	61'	62'	
2	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	
3	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	
4	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	
5	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	
6	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	
7	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	
8	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	
9	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	
10	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	
11	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	
12	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	
13	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	
14	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	
15	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	
16	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	58	59	
17	51	52	53	54	54	55	56	57	58	59	
18	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	
19	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	
20	50	51	52	53	54	54	55	56	57	58	
21	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	
22	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	56	57	
23	49	50	51	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	
24	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	
25	48	49	50	51	52	53	53	54	55	56	
26	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	
27	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	53	54	55	
28	47	48	49	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	
29	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	52	53	54	
30	46	47	48	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	



Continuation of the TABLE of the Moon's Parallax in  
Altitude.

App. Alt. of ☾	Horizontal Parallax of the Moon.										
°	53'	54'	55'	56'	57'	58'	59'	60'	61'	62'	
31	45'	45'	47'	48'	49'	50'	51'	51'	52'	53'	
32	45	46	47	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	
33	44	45	46	47	48	49	49	50	51	52	
34	44	45	46	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	
35	43	44	45	46	47	47	48	49	50	51	
36	43	44	44	45	46	47	48	48	49	50	
37	42	43	44	45	45	46	47	48	49	50	
38	42	43	43	44	45	46	46	47	48	49	
39	41	42	43	43	44	45	46	47	47	48	
40	40	41	42	43	44	44	45	46	47	48	
41	40	41	41	42	43	44	44	45	46	47	
42	39	40	41	42	42	43	44	45	45	46	
43	38	39	40	41	42	42	43	44	45	46	
44	38	39	40	40	41	42	42	43	44	45	
45	37	38	39	40	40	41	42	43	43	44	
46	36	37	38	39	40	40	41	42	42	43	
47	36	37	38	38	39	40	40	41	42	43	
48	35	36	37	37	38	39	39	40	41	42	
49	34	35	36	37	37	38	39	39	40	41	
50	34	35	35	36	37	37	38	39	39	40	
51	33	34	35	35	36	36	37	38	38	39	
52	32	33	34	34	35	36	36	37	38	39	
53	31	32	33	34	34	35	35	36	37	38	
54	31	32	32	33	33	34	35	35	36	37	
55	30	31	31	32	33	33	34	34	35	36	
56	29	30	31	31	32	32	33	34	34	35	
57	28	29	30	30	31	32	32	33	33	34	
58	28	29	29	30	30	31	31	32	32	33	
59	27	28	28	29	29	30	30	31	31	32	
60	26	27	27	28	28	29	29	30	30	31	



A TABLE to turn Degrees and Minutes into  
Time, and the contrary.

D.	H.M.	D.	H.M.	D.	H.M.	D.	H.M.
M.	M. S.	M.	M. S.				
1	0. 4	31	2. 4	61	4. 4	91	6. 4
2	0. 8	32	2. 8	62	4. 8	92	6. 8
3	0. 12	33	2. 12	63	4. 12	93	6. 12
4	0. 16	34	2. 16	64	4. 16	94	6. 16
5	0. 20	35	2. 20	65	4. 20	95	6. 20
6	0. 24	36	2. 24	66	4. 24	96	6. 24
7	0. 28	37	2. 28	67	4. 28	97	6. 28
8	0. 32	38	2. 32	68	4. 32	98	6. 32
9	0. 36	39	2. 36	69	4. 36	99	6. 36
10	0. 40	40	2. 40	70	4. 40	100	6. 40
11	0. 44	41	2. 44	71	4. 44	101	6. 44
12	0. 48	42	2. 48	72	4. 48	102	6. 48
13	0. 52	43	2. 52	73	4. 52	103	6. 52
14	0. 56	44	2. 56	74	4. 56	104	6. 56
15	1. 0	45	3. 0	75	5. 0	105	7. 0
16	1. 4	46	3. 4	76	5. 4	106	7. 4
17	1. 8	47	3. 8	77	5. 8	107	7. 8
18	1. 12	48	3. 12	78	5. 12	108	7. 12
19	1. 16	49	3. 16	79	5. 16	109	7. 16
20	1. 20	50	3. 20	80	5. 20	110	7. 20
21	1. 24	51	3. 24	81	5. 24	111	7. 24
22	1. 28	52	3. 28	82	5. 28	112	7. 28
23	1. 32	53	3. 32	83	5. 32	113	7. 32
24	1. 36	54	3. 36	84	5. 36	114	7. 36
25	1. 40	55	3. 40	85	5. 40	115	7. 40
26	1. 44	56	3. 44	86	5. 44	116	7. 44
27	1. 48	57	3. 48	87	5. 48	117	7. 48
28	1. 52	58	3. 52	88	5. 52	118	7. 52
29	1. 56	59	3. 56	89	5. 56	119	7. 56
30	2. 0	60	4. 0	90	6. 0	120	8. 0



Continuation of the TABLE for turning Degrees and Minutes into Time, and the contrary.

D.	H. M.	D.	H. M.	D.	H. M.	D.	H. M.
121	8. 4	151	10. 4	181	12. 4	211	14. 4
122	8. 8	152	10. 8	182	12. 8	212	14. 8
123	8. 12	153	10. 12	183	12. 12	213	14. 12
124	8. 16	154	10. 16	184	12. 16	214	14. 16
125	8. 20	155	10. 20	185	12. 20	215	14. 20
126	8. 24	156	10. 24	186	12. 24	216	14. 24
127	8. 28	157	10. 28	187	12. 28	217	14. 28
128	8. 32	158	10. 32	188	12. 32	218	14. 32
129	8. 36	159	10. 36	189	12. 36	219	14. 36
130	8. 40	160	10. 40	190	12. 40	220	14. 40
131	8. 44	161	10. 44	191	12. 44	221	14. 44
132	8. 48	162	10. 48	192	12. 48	222	14. 48
133	8. 52	163	10. 52	193	12. 52	223	14. 52
134	8. 56	164	10. 56	194	12. 56	224	14. 56
135	9. 0	165	11. 0	195	13. 0	225	15. 0
136	9. 4	166	11. 4	196	13. 4	226	15. 4
137	9. 8	167	11. 8	197	13. 8	227	15. 8
138	9. 12	168	11. 12	198	13. 12	228	15. 12
139	9. 16	169	11. 16	199	13. 16	229	15. 16
140	9. 20	170	11. 20	200	13. 20	230	15. 20
141	9. 24	171	11. 24	201	13. 24	231	15. 24
142	9. 28	172	11. 28	202	13. 28	232	15. 28
143	9. 32	173	11. 32	203	13. 32	233	15. 32
144	9. 36	174	11. 36	204	13. 36	234	15. 36
145	9. 40	175	11. 40	205	13. 40	235	15. 40
146	9. 44	176	11. 44	206	13. 44	236	15. 44
147	9. 48	177	11. 48	207	13. 48	237	15. 48
148	9. 52	178	11. 52	208	13. 52	238	15. 52
149	9. 56	179	11. 56	209	13. 56	239	15. 56
150	10. 0	180	12. 0	210	14. 0	240	16. 0

Continuation of the TABLE for turning Degrees and Minutes into Time, and the contrary.

D.	H. M.	D.	H. M.	D.	H. M.	D.	H. M.
241	16. 4	271	18. 4	301	20. 4	331	22. 4
242	16. 8	272	18. 8	302	20. 8	332	22. 8
243	16. 12	273	18. 12	303	20. 12	333	22. 12
244	16. 16	274	18. 16	304	20. 16	334	22. 16
245	16. 20	275	18. 20	305	20. 20	335	22. 20
246	16. 24	276	18. 24	306	20. 24	336	22. 24
247	16. 28	277	18. 28	307	20. 28	337	22. 28
248	16. 32	278	18. 32	308	20. 32	338	22. 32
249	16. 36	279	18. 36	309	20. 36	339	22. 36
250	16. 40	280	18. 40	310	20. 40	340	22. 40
251	16. 44	281	18. 44	311	20. 44	341	22. 44
252	16. 48	282	18. 48	312	20. 48	342	22. 48
253	16. 52	283	18. 52	313	20. 52	343	22. 52
254	16. 56	284	18. 56	314	20. 56	344	22. 56
255	17. 0	285	19. 0	315	21. 0	345	23. 0
256	17. 4	286	19. 4	316	21. 4	346	23. 4
257	17. 8	287	19. 8	317	21. 8	347	23. 8
258	17. 12	288	19. 12	318	21. 12	348	23. 12
259	17. 16	289	19. 16	319	21. 16	349	23. 16
260	17. 20	290	19. 20	320	21. 20	350	23. 20
261	17. 24	291	19. 24	321	21. 24	351	23. 24
262	17. 28	292	19. 28	322	21. 28	352	23. 28
263	17. 32	293	19. 32	323	21. 32	353	23. 32
264	17. 36	294	19. 36	324	21. 36	354	23. 36
265	17. 40	295	19. 40	325	21. 40	355	23. 40
266	17. 44	296	19. 44	326	21. 44	356	23. 44
267	17. 48	297	19. 48	327	21. 48	357	23. 48
268	17. 52	298	19. 52	328	21. 52	358	23. 52
269	17. 56	299	19. 56	329	21. 56	359	23. 56
270	18. 0	300	20. 0	330	22. 0	360	24. 0

## A CORRECT TABLE

OF THE

Longitude and Latitude of the principal Zodiacal Stars proper to take the Moon's Distance from, for finding the Longitude at Sea.

Deduced from Dr. Bradley's Observations.

Beginning of 1767.	Mag- nitud.	Longitude.				Latitude.			
		S.	°	'	''	°	'	''	
$\gamma$ Pegasi ———	2	0.	5.	54.	38	12.	35.	35	N
* $\alpha$ Arietis ———	2	1.	4.	24.	20	9.	57.	30	N
$\alpha$ Ceti ———	2	1.	11.	3.	56	12.	36.	16	S
* Aldebaran ———	1	2.	6.	32.	3	5.	29.	2	S
$\beta$ Tauri ———	2	2.	19.	19.	19	5.	21.	59	N
$\alpha$ Orionis ———	1	2.	25.	30.	5	16.	3.	31	S
* Pollux ———	1. 2	3.	20.	0.	16	6.	40.	5	N
Procyon ———	1	3.	22.	34.	29	15.	58.	8	S
* Regulus ———	1	4.	26.	35.	31	0.	27.	27	N
$\beta$ Leonis ———	2	5.	18.	23.	9	12.	17.	8	N
* Spica Virginis —	1	6.	20.	35.	31	2.	2.	11	S
$\alpha$ Libræ ———	2	7.	11.	50.	11	0.	21.	48	N
$\beta$ Libræ ———	2	7.	16.	7.	23	8.	31.	32	N
* Antares ———	1	8.	6.	30.	40	4.	32.	17	S
$\sigma$ Sagittarii ———	2. 3	9.	9.	7.	59	3.	24.	55	S
* $\alpha$ Aquilæ ———	1	9.	28.	29.	13	29.	18.	36	N
* $\beta$ Capricorni ———	3	10.	0.	47.	37	4.	36.	46	N
* Fomalhaut ———	1	11.	0.	34.	47	21.	6.	28	S
* $\alpha$ Pegasi ———	2	11.	20.	14.	30	19.	24.	38	N

N. B. Those Stars only marked with Asterisks are made use of in the Distances of the Astronomical and Nautical Ephemeris.



TABLE to find the Aberration of a  
Zodiacal Star in Longitude.

Aberration * in Longitude.				
Arg. Long. ☉		Long. *		
Sign.	0	1	2	
Sig.	+	+	+	
0	11	11	11	0
0	20	17	10	30
3	20	17	9	27
6	20	16	8	24
9	20	16	7	21
12	20	15	6	18
15	19	14	5	15
18	19	13	4	12
21	19	13	3	9
24	18	12	2	6
27	18	11	1	3
30	17	10	0	0
Sig.	11	10	9	
Sig.	+	+	+	

A particular Table of Limits for α Aquilæ.

Lat. N.	Dif. of Lon. ☉ & α Aquilæ.	Lat. S.	Dif. of Lon. ☉ & α Aquilæ.
0	0 1	0	0 1
0	48. 26	0	48. 26
1	47. 15	1	49. 45
2	45. 43	2	51. 3
3	44. 11	3	52. 10
4	42. 43	4	53. 21
5	41. 10	5	54. 26
5°. 20'	40. 38	5°. 20'	54. 46

A TABLE  
chusing proper  
for observing  
Moon's Dist.

Dif. of Sum of ☉ & * of Lats.	Dif. of ☉ of ☉
0	0
1	10.
2	10.
3	10.
4	10.
5	10.
6	10.
7	12.
8	14.
9	16.
10	18.
11	20.
12	22.
13	24.
14	26.
15	28.
16	31.
17	33.
18	35.
19	38.
20	41.
21	43.
22	46.
23	50.
24	53.
25	57.
26	61.
27	65.
28	73.

A TABLE for finding the Correction of the Moon's Longitude or Latitude, obtained by Proportion from the Places calculated for Noon and Midnight.

App. Time after Noon or Mid- night.	Second Difference of Moon's Place.										App. Time after Noon or Mid- night.
	1'	2'	3'	4'	5'	6'	7'	8'	9'	10'	
H. M.	H.	M.	H.	M.	H.	M.	H.	M.	H.	M.	H. M.
0. 0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12. 0.
0. 10	0	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	11. 50
0. 20	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	6	7	8	11. 40
0. 30	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	10	11	12	11. 30
0. 40	2	3	5	6	8	9	11	13	14	16	11. 20
0. 50	2	4	6	8	10	12	13	15	17	19	11. 10
1. 0	2	5	7	9	11	14	16	18	21	23	11. 0
1. 10	3	5	8	10	13	16	18	21	24	26	10. 50
1. 20	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	10. 40
1. 30	3	6	10	13	16	20	23	26	29	33	10. 30
1. 40	4	7	11	14	18	21	25	29	32	36	10. 20
1. 50	4	8	12	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	10. 10
2. 0	4	8	12	17	21	25	29	33	37	42	10. 0
2. 10	4	9	13	18	22	27	31	35	40	44	9. 50
2. 20	5	9	14	19	23	28	33	38	42	47	9. 40
2. 30	5	10	15	20	25	30	34	39	44	49	9. 30
2. 40	5	10	15	21	26	31	36	41	47	52	9. 20
2. 50	5	11	16	22	27	32	38	43	49	54	9. 10
3. 0	6	11	17	23	28	34	39	45	51	56	9. 0
3. 10	6	12	17	23	29	35	41	46	52	58	8. 50
3. 20	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	8. 40
3. 30	6	12	18	25	31	37	43	49	56	62	8. 30
3. 40	6	13	19	25	32	38	45	51	57	64	8. 20
3. 50	6	13	19	26	33	39	46	52	59	66	8. 10
4. 0	7	13	20	27	33	40	47	53	60	67	8. 0
4. 10	7	14	20	27	34	41	47	54	61	68	7. 50
4. 20	7	14	21	28	35	41	48	55	62	69	7. 40
4. 30	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	7. 30
4. 40	7	14	21	28	36	43	50	57	64	71	7. 20
4. 50	7	14	22	29	36	43	50	58	65	72	7. 10
5. 0	7	15	22	29	36	44	51	58	66	73	7. 0
5. 30	7	15	22	30	37	45	52	60	67	74	6. 30
6. 0	7	15	22	30	37	45	52	60	67	75	6. 0

Add the Correction to the Moon's Longitude or Latitude, when the Motion in 12 Hours is decreasing; and subtract it from the same, when the Motion in 12 Hours is increasing.



A CATALOGUE of the Right Ascensions and Declinations of the principal fixed Stars of the first and second Magnitude, adapted to the Year 1767, with their Variations in Ten Years.

Names of the Stars.	Char- acter.	Mag- nitude.	Rt. Ascension.		Rt. Ascen. increases in 10 Years.	Declination.		Decl. incre. or diminsh. in 10 Years.
			h	m		°	'	
Extremity of the Wing of Pegasus, <i>Algenib</i> , —	γ	2	0	19	7.42	13	54 N	+3.29
In the Head of the Phoenix, —	α	2	3	41	7.30	43	34 S	-3.29
The bright Star in the Tail of the Whale, —	β	2	7	59	7.32	19	16 S	-3.18
In the Girdle of Andromeda, —	β	2	14	11	8.14	34	23 N	+3.14
The Spring of the River Eridanus, <i>Achernar</i> , —	α	1	22	15	5.37	58	25 S	-3.5
In the Jaw of the Whale, —	α	2	42	32	7.49	3	10 N	+2.28
In the Head of Medusa, <i>Algol</i> , —	β	2	43	7	9.36	40	3 N	+2.26
The bright Star of Perseus, —	α	2	46	58	10.29	49	1 N	+2.17
The South Eye of the Bull, <i>Aldebaran</i> , —	α	1	65	39	8.34	16	1 N	+1.23
The bright Star in the Left Shoulder of Auriga, <i>Capella</i> , —	α	1	74	52	11.0	45	44 N	+0.53
The bright Foot of Orion, <i>Rigel</i> , —	β	1	75	44	7.12	8	29 S	-0.50
The North Horn of the Bull, —	β	2	77	44	9.27	28	23 N	+0.43
The Western Shoulder of Orion, —	γ	2	78	10	8.3	6	7 N	+0.42
Bright Star in the Dove, —	α	2	82	48	5.39	34	13 S	-0.25
The Eastern Shoulder of Orion, —	α	1	85	39	8.7	7	21 N	+0.16
The bright Star in the Poop of the Ship Argo, <i>Canopus</i> , —	α	1	94	42	3.21	52	34 S	+0.16
The bright Star in the Dog's Mouth, <i>Sirius</i> , —	α	1	98	44	6.43	16	24 S	+0.30



The Lion's Heart, <i>Regulus</i> ,					9.44	63.02 N	+3.10
Northernmost Star in the Square of the great Bear,					7.47	15.52 N	-3.19
The Lion's Tail,							
Southernmost Star of the Crofters, or the Foot of the Cross,							
The Virgin's Spike,					8.3	61.49 S	+3.20
The last Star in the Tail of the great Bear,					7.52	9.56 S	+3.10
The Westernmost Foot of the Centaur,					6.1	50.29 N	-3.2
The bright Star in Bootes, <i>Arcturus</i> ,					10.13	59.14 S	-2.59
					7.3	20.24 N	-2.52
The bright Star in the Eastern Foot of the Centaur,							
The Southern Scale of Libra,					11.1	59.52 S	+2.42
The Northern Star of Libra,					8.16	15.4 S	+2.35
The bright Star of the Crown,					8.3	8.31 S	+2.30
The Northernmost Star of the Scorpion's Forehead,					6.29	27.30 N	-2.6
					8.40	19.8 S	+1.47
The Scorpion's Heart, <i>Antares</i> ,							
In the Eastern Knee of Ophiuchus,					9.8	25.53 S	+1.29
The Head of Ophiuchus,					8.36	15.25 S	+0.55
The bright Star of the Harp, <i>Lyra</i> ,					6.57	12.45 N	-0.32
The bright Star of the Eagle, <i>Aitair</i> ,					5.3	38.35 N	+0.25
					7.15	8.16 N	+1.23
The Eye of the Peacock,							
The Tail of the Swan,					12.13	57.28 S	-1.44
The Westernmost Wing of the Crane,					5.7	44.27 N	+2.4
In the Mouth of the Southern Fish, <i>Fomalhaut</i> ,					9.56	48.4 S	-2.50
In the Shoulder of Pegasus,					8.21	30.51 S	-3.9
In the Wing of Pegasus, <i>Makab</i> ,					7.12	26.50 N	+3.11
The Head of Andromeda,					7.27	13.58 N	+3.12
					7.45	27.48 N	+3.20

A TABLE of the Multipliers of the Difference between the Moon's Longitude computed, and that inferred from Observation, to find the Error of the Ship's Account in Longitude.

Enter with hourly Motion of ☾, or Difference of hourly Motions of ☉ and ☾, according as ☾'s Distance is taken from a Star or the Sun.			
Ho. Mo. ☾ or diff. Ho. Mo. ☉ & ☾	Multi- pliers.	Ho. Mo. ☾ or diff. Ho. Mo. ☉ & ☾	Multi- pliers.
I II		I II	
25. 45	35,0		
26. 0	34,6	32. 0	28,1
26. 15	34,3	32. 15	27,9
26. 30	34,0	32. 30	27,7
26. 45	33,6	32. 45	27,5
27. 0	33,3	33. 0	27,3
27. 15	33,0	33. 15	27,1
27. 30	32,7	33. 30	26,9
27. 45	32,4	33. 45	26,7
28. 0	32,1	34. 0	26,5
28. 15	31,8	34. 15	26,3
28. 30	31,6	34. 30	26,1
28. 45	31,3	34. 45	25,9
29. 0	31,0	35. 0	25,7
29. 15	30,8	35. 15	25,5
29. 30	30,5	35. 30	25,3
29. 45	30,2	35. 45	25,2
30. 0	30,0	36. 0	25,0
30. 15	29,7	36. 15	24,8
30. 30	29,5	36. 30	24,7
30. 45	29,3	36. 45	24,5
31. 0	29,0	37. 0	24,3
31. 15	28,8	37. 15	24,2
31. 30	28,6	37. 30	24,0
31. 45	28,3	37. 45	23,8
		38. 0	23,7

A TABLE Depression of the Horizon of the Sea.

Elevation of the Eye above the Sea in Feet.	Depression of the Horizon.
1	0,1
2	1,1
3	1,4
4	1,7
5	2,0
6	2,3
7	2,6
8	2,9
9	3,2
10	3,5
12	3,9
14	4,3
16	4,7
18	5,1
20	5,5
22	5,9
24	6,3
26	6,7
28	7,1
30	7,5
35	8,4
40	9,3
45	10,2
50	11,1
60	13,0
70	15,0
80	17,0
90	19,0
100	21,0

Right Ascensions and Declinations of some of the  
principal fixed Stars.

Deduced from Dr. Bradley's Observations.

Jan. 1, 1767.	Right Ascen- sions.			Ann. Varia. in AR.	Declination.			Ann. Va- riation in Declination.	Magnitudes.
Stars Names.	°	'	"	"	°	'	"	"	
$\gamma$ Pegasi —	0.	18.	58,4	46,20	13.	53.	15,3	N + 20,04	2
$\alpha$ Arietis —	28.	31.	18,4	50,06	22.	21.	02,5	N + 17,64	2
$\alpha$ Ceti —	42.	31.	53,1	46,93	3.	9.	44,1	N + 14,80	2
Aldebaran —	65.	38.	36,6	51,41	16.	1.	18,1	N + 8,32	1
Capella —	74.	52.	41,7	66,03	45.	43.	39,0	N + 5,28	1
Rigel —	75.	50.	13,8	43,30	8.	29.	15,4	S — 4,94	1
$\beta$ Tauri —	77.	53.	44,6	56,80	28.	23.	17,7	N + 4,24	2
$\alpha$ Orionis —	85.	38.	28,4	48,75	7.	20.	35,9	N + 1,56	1
Sirius —	98.	43.	19,2	40,35	16.	24.	28,1	S + 3,10	1
Castor —	109.	55.	32,8	58,15	32.	22.	36,4	N — 6,80	2
Procyon —	111.	46.	33,3	48,08	5.	48.	32,1	N — 7,42	1
Pollux —	112.	45.	37,6	56,27	28.	34.	9,1	N — 7,72	2
Regulus —	148.	59.	12,7	48,60	13.	5.	49,6	N — 17,17	1
Spica Virginis —	198.	14.	15,0	47,27	9.	56.	17,0	S + 18,97	1
Arcturus —	211.	15.	49,2	42,32	20.	24.	31,9	N — 17,16	1
Antares —	243.	47.	25,3	54,92	25.	53.	36,3	S + 8,89	1
$\epsilon$ Sagittarii —	272.	10.	43,6	59,95	34.	28.	7,5	S — 0,72	2
$\alpha$ Aquilæ —	294.	51.	5,5	43,54	8.	16.	3,8	N + 8,40	1
$\alpha$ Capricorni —	301.	16.	42,4	50,20	13.	15.	0,2	S — 10,40	3
Fomalhaut —	341.	10.	55,5	50,67	30.	51.	1,2	S — 18,97	1
$\alpha$ Pegasi —	343.	17.	35,7	44,75	13.	57.	20,4	N + 19,20	2



Longitudes and Latitudes of some of the principal  
fixed Stars.

Deduced from Dr. Bradley's Observations.

Jan. 1, 1767.	Longitude.	Latitude.	Magnitudes.
Stars Names.	° ' "	° ' "	
$\gamma$ Pegasi ———	$\gamma$ 5. 54. 38,5	12. 35. 34,5 N	2
$\alpha$ Arietis ———	$\delta$ 4. 24. 20,0	9. 57. 30,0 N	2
$\alpha$ Ceti ———	$\delta$ 11. 3. 56,0	12. 36. 16,0 S	2
Aldebaran —	$\Pi$ 6. 32. 02,5	5. 29. 02,0 S	1
Rigel ———	13. 34. 26,0	31. 9. 10,0 S	1
Capella ———	18. 36. 11,0	22. 51. 46,0 N	1
$\beta$ Tauri ———	19. 19. 19,0	5. 21. 59,0 N	2
$\alpha$ Orionis ———	25. 30. 05,0	16. 3. 31,0 S	1
Sirius ———	$\ominus$ 10. 52. 26,0	39. 32. 55,0 S	1
Castor ———	16. 59. 51,0	10. 4. 35,0 N	2
Pollux ———	20. 0. 16,0	6. 40. 04,5 N	2
Procyon ———	22. 34. 29,5	15. 58. 08,0 S	1
Regulus ———	$\Omega$ 26. 35. 31,0	0. 27. 27,0 N	1
Spica Virginis	$\Xi$ 20. 35. 32,0	2. 2. 11,0 S	1
Arcturus ———	20. 59. 04,0	30. 54. 10,5 N	1
Antares ———	$\mathcal{Z}$ 6. 30. 40,0	4. 32. 17,0 S	1
$\epsilon$ Sagittarii ———	$\mathcal{W}$ 1. 49. 47,0	11. 0. 45,0 S	2
$\alpha$ Aquile ———	28. 29. 13,0	29. 18. 36,0 N	1
2 $\alpha$ Capricorni	$\approx$ 0. 36. 19,0	6. 57. 16,0 N	3
Fomalhaut —	$\mathcal{H}$ 0. 34. 47,0	21. 6. 28,0 S	1
$\alpha$ Pegasi ———	20. 14. 30,0	19. 24. 37,5 N	2

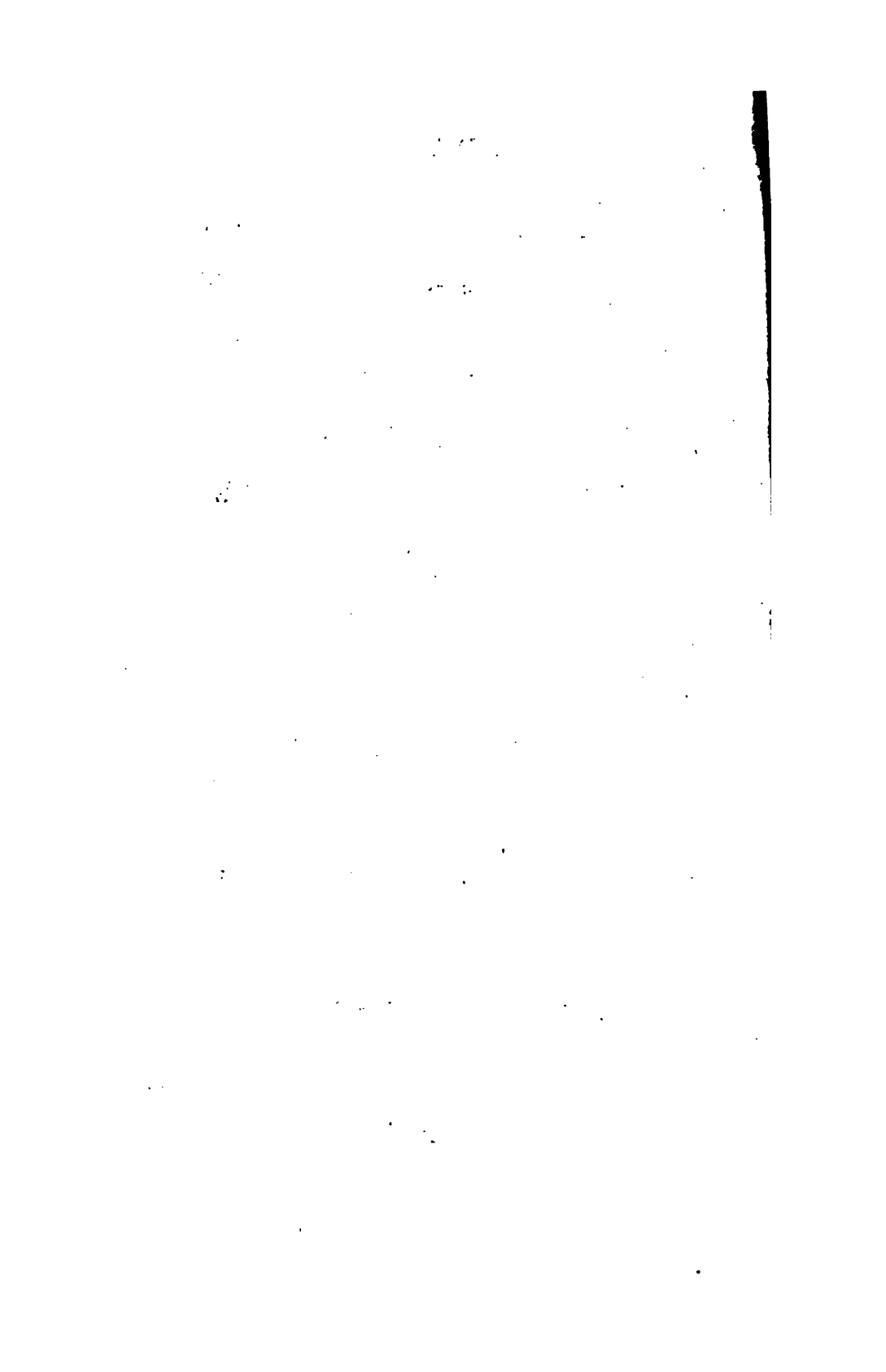
NEW  
**T A B L E S**  
AND  
**R U L E S**

FOR CORRECTING THE  
**APPARENT DISTANCE**  
OF THE  
**MOON FROM THE SUN**

OR A  
**FIXED STAR,**

ON ACCOUNT OF  
**REFRACTION AND PARALLAX.**

BY MR. LYONS.







THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

Hundredths of a Minute into Seconds, and the contrary:

	I	II	I	II	I	II	I	II	I	II
0	,31	19	,46	28	,61	37	,76	46	,91	55
0	,32	19	,47	28	,62	37	,77	46	,92	55
1	,33	20	,48	29	,63	38	,78	47	,93	56
1	,34	20	,49	29	,64	38	,79	47	,94	56
1	,35	21	,50	30	,65	39	,80	48	,95	57
2	,36	22	,51	31	,66	40	,81	49	,96	58
2	,37	22	,52	31	,67	40	,82	49	,97	58
3	,38	23	,53	32	,68	41	,83	50	,98	59
3	,39	23	,54	32	,69	41	,84	50	,99	59
4	,40	24	,55	33	,70	42	,85	51		
5	0787	0768	0741	0715	0704	0678	0661	0645	0628	0613
6	0795	0770	0744	0722	0708	0682	0667	0649	0633	0618
7	0805	0783	0757	0735	0716	0688	0672	0653	0637	0621
8	0815	0795	0769	0748	0724	0693	0677	0658	0641	0625
9	0823	0801	0773	0752	0729	0700	0683	0664	0645	0629
10	0831	0806	0777	0755	0733	0708	0689	0671	0650	0634
11	0840	0814	0786	0761	0741	0715	0695	0676	0653	0638
12	0849	0821	0795	0766	0748	0722	0702	0682	0657	0642
13	0856	0828	0801	0772	0753	0727	0706	0686	0660	0644
14	0863	0835	0806	0777	0756	0733	0711	0689	0663	0647
15	0867	0837	0810	0781	0758	0737	0715	0693	0674	0649
16	0871	0839	0813	0784	0759	0741	0719	0697	0685	0652
17	0881	0850	0823	0792	0767	0747	0725	0703	0687	0659
18	0892	0860	0833	0803	0777	0752	0730	0708	0690	0667
19	0901	0869	0841	0812	0787	0761	0739	0717	0697	0675
20	0910	0878	0849	0821	0795	0770	0748	0726	0705	0684
21	0917	0886	0855	0828	0803	0777	0754	0732	0711	0688
22	0923	0893	0860	0834	0809	0783	0759	0737	0716	0692
23	0929	0899	0864	0840	0815	0789	0763	0742	0720	0695
24	0934	0905	0867	0845	0820	0794	0767	0746	0723	0697
25	0938	0910	0870	0849	0824	0798	0770	0748	0724	0699
26	0939	0910	0872	0849	0825	0799	0773	0751	0725	0700
27	0940	0910	0873	0849	0826	0799	0775	0752	0726	0700
28	0940	0910	0873	0849	0827	0799	0775	0752	0726	0700
29	0941	0910	0874	0849	0828	0799	0775	0752	0726	0700
30	0941	0910	0874	0849	0828	0799	0775	0752	0726	0700



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TABLE II.  
For Refraction. By Mr. LYONS.

Distance.	Lesser Altitude.					
	3°	4°	5°	6°	8°	10° & above
0	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	580	603	616	626	633	641
11	527	547	558	568	575	581
12	482	501	510	520	526	531

add the IX

0	0	0
728	29	30
"	"	"

64	50	52	53	54	54	55	116
65	48	50	50	51	52	53	115
66	46	49	48	49	50	51	114
67	43	46	46	47	48	48	113
68	41	44	43	44	46	46	112
69	39	41	41	42	43	43	111
70	37	39	39	40	41	41	110
71	35	37	37	38	39	39	109
72	33	34	35	36	37	37	108
73	31	32	33	34	35	34	107
74	29	30	30	31	32	32	106
75	27	28	28	29	30	30	105
76	25	26	26	27	28	28	104
77	23	24	24	25	26	26	103
78	21	22	23	23	24	24	102
79	20	21	21	21	22	22	101
80	18	19	19	20	20	20	100
81	16	17	17	18	18	18	99
82	14	15	15	16	16	16	98
83	12	13	13	14	14	14	97
84	11	11	11	12	12	12	96
85	9	9	9	10	10	10	95
86	7	7	7	8	8	8	94
87	5	5	5	6	6	6	93
88	3	4	4	4	4	4	92
89	2	2	2	2	2	2	91
90	0	0	0	0	0	0	90

Add.

745	43	41
846	44	42
048	46	44
249	47	45
351	49	47
553	51	49
575	53	51
595	55	53
615	59	56
636	61	58
666	63	60
		58



U S E  
 OF THE PRECEDING  
 A B L E S,  
 WITH  
 R U L E S  
 TO CLEAR THE  
 PARENT DISTANCE  
 OF THE  
 MOON FROM A STAR,  
 OF THE EFFECTS OF  
 REFRACTION AND PARALLAX.

To find the Effect of Refraction.

Table I. find what Number answers to the two Altitudes of the Moon and Star, the lesser of the two Altitudes found at the Top of the Table, the other in the first Column on the left Hand.

Then add the Index 2 to this Number (considered as the decimal part of a Logarithm) and add it to the logarithmic Cosine of the apparent Distance of the Moon and Star; and, subtract 10 from the Index of the Sum, find what natural Cosine answers to it in the Table of Logarithms.

Then in this Number subtract that corresponding to the given Altitude, and to the lesser of the two Altitudes in Table II. If the Distance is less than  $90^{\circ}$ ; or add them together, if the Distance exceeds  $90^{\circ}$ ; the Remainder or Sum is the Effect

of Refraction in Seconds; which added to the observed Distance, gives the Distance cleared of Refraction.

In any of the Cases falling on the right Hand of the black waving Line, or if both Altitudes exceed  $50^{\circ}$ , the Effect of Refraction may be had at once by Table III.

### To find the Effect of Parallax.

Add together the proportional Logarithm of the Moon's horizontal Parallax, the logarithmic Cosecant of the Star's Altitude corrected for Refraction, and the logarithmic Sine of the Distance cleared from Refraction; the Sum, abating 20 from the Index, will be the proportional Logarithm of a first Arc.

Add together the proportional Logarithm of the Moon's horizontal Parallax, the logarithmic Cosecant of the Moon's Altitude corrected for Refraction, and the Tangent of the Distance cleared from Refraction; the Sum, abating 20 from the Index, will be the proportional Logarithm of a second Arc.

Then, if the Distance is less than  $90^{\circ}$ , the Difference of these two Arcs is the principal Effect of Parallax (or Parallax in Distance); which added to or subtracted from the Distance corrected for Refraction, according as the first Arc is less or greater than the second, will give the Distance corrected for the principal Effect of Parallax.

But if the Distance exceeds  $90^{\circ}$ , the Sum of the two Arcs is to be taken instead of their Difference, and is to be subtracted from the Distance corrected for Refraction.

In Table IV. in the Column marked above with the Distance, find the two Numbers answering to the Parallax in Distance and in Altitude, their Difference is the second Correction of Parallax in Seconds; which, added to or subtracted from the Distance corrected for Refraction and principal Effect of Parallax, according as the Distance is less or greater than  $90^{\circ}$ , will give the correct or reduced Distance.

EXAMPLE

## EXAMPLE I.

Let the apparent	$^{\circ}$	'	''	The Moon's horizontal	$^{\circ}$	'	''
Altitude of the	24	48		Parallax	56	15	
Star be . . .				And consequently Pa-			
Of the Moon's Centre	12	30		rallax in Altitude,			
Observed Distance				by p. 3d of Tables,	55		
of the Moon's				is . . . . .			
Centre from the	51	28	35				
Star . . . . .							

In Table I. the Number answering to  $24^{\circ}$  and  $12^{\circ}$  of Altitude is 1411, and to 25 and 12 of Altitude is 1511; therefore  $1^{\circ}$  Increase of the greater Altitude produces an Increase of 100 in the tabular Number. Say then, by the Rule of Three, If  $1^{\circ}$  or 60' give 100, what will 48' (the Excess of the greater Altitude above  $24^{\circ}$ ) give? the Answer is, 80; which, added to 1411, gives 1491, the Number corrected for exceeding Minutes of greater Altitude. Moreover,  $24^{\circ}$  and  $12^{\circ}$  of Altitude giving 1411, as above, and 24 and 13 giving 1232; therefore,  $1^{\circ}$  Increase of the lesser Altitude gives 179 Decrease of the tabular Number. Say therefore, by the Rule of Three, If  $1^{\circ}$  or 60' give 179, what will 30' (the Excess of the lesser Altitude above  $12^{\circ}$ ) give? the Answer is, 89; which, subtracted from 1491 (the tabular Number corrected for exceeding Minutes of greater Altitude) leaves 1402 for the tabular Number corrected also for the exceeding Minutes of the lesser Altitude;

To which prefixing the Index 2, it will be . . .	2.1402
Log. Cofec. observed Distance $51^{\circ} 28'$ . . .	10.1066
	<hr/>
	12.2468

Rejecting 10 from the Index, we have 2.2468, which is the Logarithm of 176''.

In Table II. under the Column intituled  $10^{\circ}$  and above, answering to the Distance  $51^{\circ}$  is 90'', and answering to  $52^{\circ}$  is 86''; therefore to  $51^{\circ} 28'$  there answers 88''; which subtracted from 176'', leaves the Effect of Refraction 88''.

Observed Distance . . . . .	$^{\circ}$	'	''
Effect of Refraction . . . . .	51	28	35
			<hr/>
Distance cleared of Refraction . . . . .	51	30	3

For



For Parallax.

App. Alt. of the Star	} 24. 48	App. Alt. of the Moon	} 12. 30
Refraction in Alt. subtr.	} 2	Refraction in Alt. subtr.	} 4
Alt. corr. for Refraction	} 24. 46	Alt. corr. for Refraction	} 12. 26
Cofecant 24. 46	. 10.3778	Cofecant 12. 26	. 10.6669
Sine dist. 51. 30	. 9.8935	Tang. dist. 51. 30	. 10.0994
Proportional Log. of horizontal Paral- lax 56'. 15"	} 0.5051	Proportional Log. of horizontal Paral- lax 56'. 15"	} 0.5051
	20.9214		21.2714

Rejecting 20 from these Sums,

The Arc answering to the propor. Log. 9214 is 30. 7  
1.2714 is 9. 38

Their Difference 20. 29 is the principal Effect of Parallax, or Parallax in Distance, to be subtracted; because the first Arc is greater than the second.

Distance corrected for Refraction	. . . . .	51. 30. 3
Parallax in Distance	. . . . .	— 20. 29

Distance corrected for Refract. and Par. in Dist. 51. 9. 34

In Table IV. under 51°, and against 55' the Parallax in Altitude is 20"; in the same Column against 20' the Parallax in Distance is 3"; which subtracted from 20", leaves 17", for the second Correction of Parallax, to be added:

51. 9. 34
+ 17

Reduced Dist. cleared both of Refr. and Par. . 51. 9. 51

N. B. The proportional Parts for the Minutes of the two Altitudes in Table I. may be found also by the Rule of Practice, or by Decimal Multiplication, as well as by the Rule of Three. Thus, to find the proportional Part answering

ing to 48', the Excefs of the greater Altitude above 48°, I find, by the Rule of Practice, if 1°, or 60', give the Difference 100, 30' will give 50, 15' will give 25, and 3' will give 5; therefore 48' will give  $30 + 15 + 5 = 80$ , as before. Or, by Decimal Multiplication, confidering that 48' is  $\frac{3}{10}$  of 60', I multiply the Difference 100 by  $\frac{3}{10}$ , which gives the Product 80, as before. The decimal Part any Number of Minutes is of 60', may be feen at one Corner of Table I. againft the given Number of Minutes found in the Column there marked for Seconds.

### EXAMPLE II.

Let apparent Alt. of the Star be	} 15. 25. "	The Moon's horizontal Parallax	} 57. 3
Of the Moon's Centre	} 27. 30.	Whence the Parallax in Altitude, by p. 3d	} 51.
Ap. Dift. of the Star from the Moon's Centre	} 102. 30. 0		

The Number in Table I. for the Altitudes 27° and 15° is 1176, the Difference for 1° Increase of the greater Altitude being + 75, and of the leffer Altitude — 123; whence the Correction for the Excefs 30' of the greater Altitude is + 37, and the Correction for the Excefs 25' of the leffer Altitude is — 51.

Whence the Number from Table I. corrected, is	} 2.1162
1176 + 37 — 51 = 1162, or prefixing the Index 2, is	
Cofecant of Dift. 102°. 30' = Cofecant 77°. 30',	} 10.0104
the Supplement to 180° . . . . .	
	12.1266

Rejecting 10 from the Index is Log. of  
Number in Table II. to be added, be- } 134  
cause Distance is above 90° . . } + 25

Effect of Refraction . . . . .	159 = 2'. 39"
Observed Distance . . . . .	102. 30. 0
Effect of Refraction . . . . .	+ 2. 39
Distance cleared of Refraction . . . . .	102. 32. 39

For

For Parallax.

Prop. Log. of horiz. Parallax $57'. 3''$	0.4990	Propor. Log. of the Moon's hor. Par. $57'. 3''$	0.4995
Cofec. of the Star's app. Alt. $15^\circ. 25'$	10.5768	Cofec. of the Moon's app. Alt. $27^\circ. 30'$	10.3356
— Refract. $3' = 15^\circ. 22'$		— Refract. $2' = 27^\circ. 28'$	
Sine Diff. cleared of Refrac. $102^\circ. 33'$ or $77^\circ. 27'$ , its Supplem. to $180^\circ$	9.9895	Tang. Diff. clear of Refrac. $102^\circ. 33'$ or $77^\circ. 27'$ , its Supplem. to $180^\circ$	10.6524
Prop. Log. of $15'. 32''$ or Arc 1st	20.0653	Prop. Log. of $5'. 52''$ or Arc 2d	21.4870
Arc 2d to be added, because Dist. is above $90^\circ$	+ 5.52		
Principal Effect of Par. or Par. in Dist.	21.24		

In Table IV. Parallax in Altitude  $51$  gives  $5$   
Parallax in Distance.  $21$  . . . 1

Difference . . . . . 4

Distance cleared of Refraction . . . . .  $102. 32. 39$   
Parallax in Distance to be subtracted, because Distance is above  $90^\circ$  . . . . . } — 21. 24

Second Correction of Parallax to be subtracted, because Distance is above  $90^\circ$  . . . . . } — 4

Distance reduced, or cleared both of Refraction and Parallax . . . . . }  $102. 11. 11$

EXAMPLE



### EXAMPLE III.

Let app. Alt. of the Star be	48. 20.	The horizontal Pa-	0. 1. 11
Of the Moon	64. 30.	rallax	0. 55. 29
The observed Dist.	33. 15.	Whence the Par.	0. 23.
Effect of Refract.		in Altitude	
by Table III.	+ 0. 34	The Star's Alt. cor-	48. 19.
		rected by Refr.	
Distance cleared of		The Moon's Alt.	64. 30.
Refraction	33. 15. 34	corr. by Refr.	
Prop. Log. hor. Par.	0.5111	Prop. Log. hor. Par.	0.5111
Cosecant of the Star's		Cosec. of the Moon's	
Alt. corrected by	10.1268	Alt. corrected by	10.0445
Refract. 48°. 19'		Refract. 64°. 30'	
Sine Dist. 33°. 16'	9.7392	Tang. Dist. 33°. 16'	9.8169
Prop. Log. Arc first			
75'. 32" . . .	20.3771	Prop. Log. } 1. 11	20.3725
		Arc 2d } 76. 20	
		Arc first . 75. 32	
		Par. in Dist. 0. 48	

Table IV, Parallax in Altitude <sup>1</sup> gives <sup>11</sup> 7.  
 Parallax in Distance 1 . . 0

Second Correction of Parallax	7
Distance cleared of Refraction	33. 15. 34
Parallax in Distance	+ 0. 48
	33. 16. 22
Second Correction of Parallax	+ 7
Distance reduced	33. 16. 29

EXAMPLE IV

Let the app. Alt. of the Star be $53^{\circ} 13'$	The Moon's horizon- ral Parallax $61^{\circ} 29'$
Of the Moon $64^{\circ} 38'$	Whence the Moon's Parallax in Altitude $56^{\circ} 19'$
The app. Distance Table III. $56^{\circ} 18' 45''$	
Distance cleared of Refraction $56^{\circ} 18' 45''$	
Propor. Log. of the Moon's horizontal Parallax $61^{\circ} 29'$ Cofecant of the Star's Alt. corrected by Refract. $53^{\circ} 12'$ Sine Dist. cleared of Refract. $56^{\circ} 19'$	Propor. Log. of the Moon's horizontal Parallax $61^{\circ} 29'$ Cofec. of the Moon's Altitude correct- ed $64^{\circ} 38'$ Tang. Dist. cleared of Ref. $56^{\circ} 19'$
Prop. Log. of $58^{\circ} 50'$ or first Arc $20.4856$ Second Arc $36.50$	Prop. Log. of $36^{\circ} 50''$ or second Arc $20.6891$
Par. in Dist. $22.0$	

Table IV. Parallax in Altitude  $26'$  gives  
Parallax in Distance  $22.0$

Second Correction of Parallax  $1$

Distance cleared of Refraction  $56^{\circ} 18' 45''$

Parallax in Distance  $22.0$

Second Correction of Parallax  $1$

Distance cleared of Refraction and Parallax  $55^{\circ} 56' 45''$

REMARKS.

## REMARKS.

I. In computing the Effect of Refraction, three Places of Figures, besides the Index, will generally be sufficient for Table I. but for finding the Effect of Parallax, the Sines &c. ought to be taken to four Places of Figures, besides the Index.

II. Sherwin's Logarithms are the most convenient and exact for these and other Calculations; but if a Set of Logarithms be used, having no Cosecants, they are easily found, by taking the Complement of the logarithmic Sine to 20.0000. Thus, to find the Cosecant of  $48^{\circ} 19'$ , subtract its logarithmic Sine 9.8732 from 20.0000, the Remainder 10.1268 is the Cosecant required, as above in Example III.

III. If the Index of the proportional Logarithm of Arc first or second for Parallax come out 19, so that 20 cannot be thrown off, add 0.3010, or the Logarithm of 2 to the Sum of the Logarithms, and then abating 20 from the Index, find what Number it answers to in the Table of proportional Logarithms; which doubled, gives Arc the first or second.

IV. If the Moon's Distance was taken from the Sun instead of a Star, for Star read Sun in the preceding Rules.





**SUPPLEMENTAL**  
**T A B L E S**

**TO BE USED FOR CORRECTING**

**THE II<sup>D</sup> AND III<sup>D</sup> TABLES**

**F O R**

**R E F R A C T I O N,**

**AND FOR FINDING THE EFFECT OF THE**

**S U N ' S P A R A L L A X,**

**WHERE IT IS REQUIRED TO HAVE**

**THE RESULT TRUE TO A SECOND.**

**BY MR. LYONS.**









TABLE II. Supplemental, continued, [33]

Shewing what Number of Seconds is to be added to the Number in Table II. standing under 10 Degrees, when the lesser Altitude is above 10 Degrees.

Distance.	Lesser Altitude of the Moon or Star.									
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30 & above
0	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
11	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
12	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
13	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6
14	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
15	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
16	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
17	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
18	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
19	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
20	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
21	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
22	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
23	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
24	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
25	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
26	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
27	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
28	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
29	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
30	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
35	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
40	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
45	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
55	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
60	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



[34]

## TABLE III. Supplemental.

This Table, jointly with the following, is for finding the Correction of Table III.

This Table gives the Number for entering the first upright Column of the following Table.

Alt.	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
0	"	"										
50	0	"										
51	0		"									
52	0,1	0	0									
53	0,1	0,1	0	0								
54	0,2	0,1	0,1	0								
55	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1							
56	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1		"				
57	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	"			
58	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	"		
59	0,8	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	"	
60	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	"
61	1,0	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0
62	1,2	1,0	0,8	0,6	0,5	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0
63	1,3	1,1	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1
64	1,5	1,3	1,1	0,9	0,7	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1
65	1,6	1,4	1,2	1,0	0,8	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1
66	1,8	1,6	1,4	1,1	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1
67	1,9	1,7	1,5	1,2	1,0	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2
68	2,1	1,9	1,6	1,4	1,1	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,2
69	2,2	2,0	1,7	1,5	1,2	1,0	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,3
70	2,4	2,1	1,8	1,6	1,3	1,1	1,0	0,8	0,7	0,5	0,4	0,3
71	2,5	2,2	2,0	1,7	1,5	1,2	1,1	0,9	0,8	0,6	0,5	0,4
72	2,7	2,4	2,1	1,9	1,6	1,3	1,1	1,0	0,8	0,7	0,5	0,4
73	2,8	2,5	2,2	2,0	1,7	1,4	1,2	1,1	0,9	0,8	0,6	0,5
74	3,0	2,7	2,4	2,1	1,8	1,5	1,3	1,1	1,0	0,8	0,6	0,5
75	3,1	2,8	2,5	2,2	1,9	1,6	1,4	1,2	1,1	0,9	0,7	0,6
76	3,2	2,9	2,6	2,3	2,0	1,7	1,5	1,3	1,2	1,0	0,8	0,7
77	3,3	3,0	2,7	2,4	2,1	1,8	1,6	1,3	1,2	1,0	0,8	0,7
78	3,4	3,1	2,8	2,4	2,1	1,8	1,6	1,4	1,3	1,1	0,9	0,8
79	3,5	3,2	2,9	2,5	2,2	1,9	1,7	1,5	1,3	1,1	0,9	0,8
80	3,6	3,3	2,9	2,6	2,3	2,0	1,8	1,6	1,4	1,2	1,0	0,8
81	3,7	3,4	2,9	2,6	2,3	2,0	1,8	1,6	1,4	1,2	1,0	0,9
82	3,8	3,5	3,0	2,7	2,4	2,1	1,9	1,6	1,4	1,3	1,1	0,9
83	3,9	3,5	3,1	2,7	2,4	2,1	1,9	1,6	1,4	1,3	1,1	1,0
84	4,0	3,6	3,2	2,8	2,5	2,2	2,0	1,7	1,5	1,4	1,2	1,0
85	4,0	3,6	3,2	2,8	2,5	2,2	2,0	1,8	1,5	1,4	1,2	1,0
90	4,1	3,7	3,3	2,9	2,6	2,3	2,1	1,9	1,6	1,4	1,2	1,1

TABLE III. Supplemental, continued. [35]

This Table, jointly with the following, is for finding the  
Correction of Table III.

This Table gives the Number for entering the first upright  
Column of the following Table.

Alt.	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	75	80	85	90
50													
51													
52													
53													
54													
55													
56													
57													
58													
59													
60													
61	//												
62	0	//											
63	0	0	//										
64	0	0	0	//									
65	0,1	0	0	0	//								
66	0,1	0	0	0	0	//							
67	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0	//						
68	0,2	0,1	0	0	0	0	0	//					
69	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	//				
70	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	//			
71	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0	//		
72	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0	//	
73	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0	0	//
74	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
75	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
76	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
77	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
78	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
79	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
80	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
81	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
82	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0	0	0	0
83	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0	0	0
84	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0	0	0
85	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0	0	0
90	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,1	0	0	0









For the Effect of the Sun's Parallax.

Apparent Distance of the Sun and Moon.														
Subtract from apparent Distance.														
Alt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	
0	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	
5	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
10	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
15	5	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	
20	6	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
25	7	6	6	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
30	9	8	7	6	6	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	
35	10	9	8	7	7	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	
40	11	10	9	8	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
45	12	11	10	9	8	8	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	
50	13	12	10	10	9	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	
55	14	13	11	10	9	9	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	
60	15	13	12	11	10	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	
65	16	14	12	11	10	10	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	
70	17	15	13	12	11	10	10	9	9	9	9	8	8	
75	17	15	13	12	11	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	8	
80	17	15	13	12	11	11	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	
85	18	16	14	12	11	11	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	
90	18	16	14	12	11	11	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	
							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
							120	115	110	105	100	95	90	
App. Dist. of the Sun and Moon.														
Subtract from app. Distance.														

TABLE VI. Supplemental.  
For the Effect of the Sun's Parallax.

Apparent Distance of the Sun and Moon.													
Add to apparent Distance.													
Alt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
☉	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
0	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
5	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
15	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
20	5	4	4	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0
25	6	5	4	4	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0
30	8	6	5	4	4	3	2	2	2	1	1	0	0
35	9	7	6	5	4	3	3	2	2	1	1	0	0
40	10	8	7	6	5	4	3	3	2	2	1	0	0
45	11	9	7	6	5	4	4	3	2	2	1	1	0
50	12	10	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	2	1	1	0
55	13	10	8	7	6	5	4	3	3	2	1	1	0
60	13	11	9	8	6	5	4	4	3	2	1	1	0
65	14	11	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1	0
70	14	12	10	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1	0
75	15	12	10	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	2	1	0
80	15	13	10	9	7	6	5	4	3	2	2	1	0
85	15	13	10	9	7	6	5	4	3	2	2	1	0
90	15	13	11	9	7	6	5	4	3	2	2	1	0
							0	0	0	0	0	0	0
							120	115	110	105	100	95	90
App. Dist. of the Sun and Moon.													
Subtract from app. Distance.													



# EXPLICATION

## OF THE USE OF THE

### SUPPLEMENTAL TABLES.

**T**HESE Tables are only necessary to be used where the utmost Accuracy is required; and therefore may very well be omitted in common Practice, since the Effect of them will never amount to  $10''$  (and generally much less) if the greater of the two Altitudes of the Moon and Star be  $10^\circ$  or above, as it can scarcely ever be less. Their Titles almost sufficiently explain their Use: nevertheless, it may be proper to add the following Directions concerning them.

Tables I. and II. Supplemental, are to be both used in correcting Table II. of Refraction. Enter Table I. Supplemental with greater Altitude of the Moon or Star at Top, and Distance on the Side, the corresponding Number of Seconds is to be subtracted from that taken out of Table II. of Refraction. Then enter Table II. Supplemental with lesser Altitude of the Moon or Star at Top, and Distance on the Side, the corresponding Number of Seconds added to Number in Table II. of Refraction, first already corrected for Table I. Supplemental, gives the Number in Table II. of Refraction corrected, which must be applied as before.

Note. That when the utmost Accuracy is required, Tables I. and II. of Refraction are to be used together with the two first supplemental Tables, if one or both Altitudes are under  $50^\circ$ , as well in the Cases falling to the right Hand of the black waving Line as in the rest of the Table; and Table III. of Refraction is only to be used, where both Altitudes are above  $50^\circ$ . In this Case, and this Case only, Tables III. and IV. Supplemental are to be used for correcting Table III. of Refraction. Enter Table III. Supplemental with lesser Altitude

Altitude of the Moon or Star at the Top, and greater Altitude on the Side, and take out the corresponding Number; with which enter Table IV. Supplemental on the Side, and entering the same Table with the Distance on the Top, the corresponding Number of Seconds is the Correction to be added to Table III. of Refraction.

The two last Tables, or V. and VI. Supplemental, serve for correcting the observed Distance of the Moon from the Sun, on account of the Sun's Parallax; their joint Effect cannot exceed  $9''$ . Enter Table V. Supplemental with the Moon's Altitude on the Side, and the Distance at the Top; and enter Table VI. Supplemental with the Sun's Altitude on the Side, and Distance at the Top. The two Numbers so taken out, applied with their proper Signs respectively, according to the Directions indicated by the Tables, to the Distance already corrected by the preceding Tables and Rules, give the Distance further corrected on account of the Sun's Parallax.

Here follow the four Examples wrought before, according to the four principal Tables, corrected by the supplemental Tables.

#### EXAMPLE I. corrected.

The greater Altitude, namely that of the Star, being  $24^{\circ}.48'$ , and the Distance  $51\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ , the Correction of Table II. Supplemental is 0; the lesser Altitude, namely of the Moon, being  $12^{\circ}.30'$ , and the Distance  $51\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ , Table II. Supplemental also gives 0; so that the Number found by Table II. of Refraction, and consequently the Effect of Refraction, as found before, appears to be exact, without needing any further Correction.

Suppose now, that, instead of a Star, it had been the Sun, from which this Distance of the Moon was taken. Entering Table V. Supplemental with the Moon's Altitude  $12\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  on the Side, and Distance  $51\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  at the Top, the corresponding Number of Seconds is  $2''$ , to be subtracted. In like Manner entering Table VI. with the Sun's Altitude  $24^{\circ}.48'$  on the Side, and Distance  $51\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  at Top, the Number of Seconds comes out  $3''$ , to be added. Therefore  $51^{\circ}.9'.51'' - 2'' + 3'' = 51^{\circ}.9'.52''$ , the reduced Distance correct.

## EXAMPLE II. corrected.

The greater Altitude, namely that of the Moon, being  $27\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ , and the Distance  $102\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ , Table I. Supplemental gives 0; the lesser Altitude, namely that of the Star, being  $15^{\circ} 25'$ , and the Distance as before  $102\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ ; Table II. also gives 0; whence the Effect of Refraction found before is exact.

Suppose now, that this had been the Moon's Distance from the Sun, instead of a Star, to correct the Distance further for the Effect of the Sun's Parallax, entering Table V. with  $28^{\circ} 19'$ , the Moon's Altitude corrected both for Refraction and Parallax, and  $102^{\circ} 11'$ , the Distance corrected, you find  $4''$ , to be subtracted. Entering Table VI. Supplemental with the Sun's Altitude  $15^{\circ} 22'$ , and Distance  $102^{\circ} 11'$ , you find  $0''$ ; whence  $102^{\circ} 11' 11'' - 4'' = 102^{\circ} 11' 7''$ , the Distance of the Moon from the Sun reduced or finally corrected.

## EXAMPLE III. corrected.

One of the Altitudes, namely that of the Moon being under  $50^{\circ}$ . This Case, though falling to the right-hand Side of the black waving Line, must not be computed by Table III. but by Tables I. and II. of Refraction, corrected by Tables I. and II. Supplemental; because the utmost Accuracy is supposed to be required.

Table I. gives $0641 + 2 - 6 = 0637$ , to which	} 2.0637
prefix the Index 2, it is . . . . .	
Cofecant Distance $33^{\circ} 15'$ . . . . .	10.2610

Logarithm of 211 . . . . .	42.3247
----------------------------	---------

The Number in Table II. in the Column intituled  $10^{\circ}$  and above, to Distance  $33^{\circ}$  being  $174''$ , and to Distance  $34^{\circ}$ , being  $167''$ , to  $33^{\circ} 14'$ , there will answer  $172''$ ; but this must be corrected by Tables I. and II. Supplemental.

The greater Altitude being above  $30^{\circ}$ , Table I. Supplemental gives 0; the lesser Altitude being above  $30^{\circ}$ , and the Distance being  $33^{\circ}$ , Table II. gives  $2''$ , to be added to  $172''$ , makes  $174''$ , to be subtracted from  $211''$ , the Remainder  $37''$  is the Effect of Refraction to be added to the observed Distance  $33^{\circ} 15' 0''$  gives the Distance cleared of Refraction  $33^{\circ} 15' 37''$ , or  $3''$  greater than found before by the applying Table III. only. The Calculation of the Effect of Parallax



Parallax will not be altered hereby, so that the reduced Distance will come out  $3''$  greater than before, or  $33^{\circ}. 16'. 32''$ .

Suppose now the Distance was that of the Moon from the Sun, and not from a Star, to find the Effect of the Sun's Parallax, the Moon's Altitude corrected for Refraction and Parallax being  $64^{\circ}. 53'$ ; and the Distance above corrected  $33^{\circ}. 16'$ , Table V. Supplemental gives  $15''$ , to be subtracted; and the Sun's Altitude corrected being  $48^{\circ}. 19'$ , Table VI. Supplemental gives  $10''$ , to be added. Therefore  $33^{\circ}. 16'. 32'' - 15'' + 10'' = 33^{\circ}. 16'. 27''$ , the reduced or correct Distance of the Moon from the Sun.

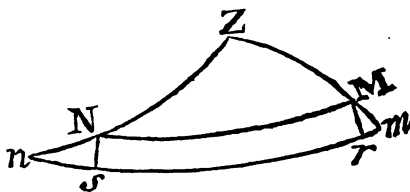
#### EXAMPLE IV. corrected.

Table III. Supplemental answering to the Altitude  $65^{\circ}$  and  $53^{\circ}$ , gives  $1'', 0$ ; with which entering Table IV. Supplemental on the Side, and with the Distance  $56^{\circ}$  at the Top, there will be found  $1''$ , to be added to  $61''$ , the Number found by Table III. or it will come to the same thing, if it be added to the Distance above cleared of Refraction and Parallax, viz.  $55^{\circ}. 56'. 46''$ ; whence the Distance further corrected will be  $55^{\circ}. 56'. 47''$ .

# INVESTIGATION OF THE T A B L E S AND R U L E S FOR FINDING THE EFFECT OF R E F R A C T I O N AND P A R A L L A X UPON THE MOON'S DISTANCE FROM A STAR.

LET  $Z$  be the Zenith,  $M$  the Moon, its Alt.  $= \mu$ ,  $N$  the Star, its Altitude  $= \nu$ , Sine  $\mu = M$ , Cofine  $\mu = m$ , Sine  $\nu = N$ , Cofine  $\nu = n$ , Distance  $MN = \delta$ ,

its Sine  $= D$ , and Cofine  $= d$ , Radius  $= 1$ . Putting  $\mu$  to express the Refraction in Altitude  $Mm$  at the Altitude  $\mu$ , and  $\nu$  the Refraction in Altitude  $Nn$  at the Altitude  $\nu$ , and drawing the Arches  $Nr$ ,  $Mr$  perpendicular to the true Distance  $mn$ , the Distance is contracted by Refraction, by the



Quantity

Quantity  $n r + m r = N n \times \text{Cof. } n + M m \times \text{Cof. } m = r$   
 $\times \frac{M - dN}{D n} + \mu \times \frac{N - dM}{D m} = \frac{1}{D} \times \frac{M r}{n} + \frac{N \mu}{m} - \frac{d}{D}$   
 $\times \frac{N r}{n} + \frac{M \mu}{m}.$

The Logarithms of  $\frac{M r}{n} + \frac{N \mu}{m}$  are contained in Table I. to which the logarithmic Cofecant of the Distance, or the Logarithm of  $\frac{1}{D}$  being added, the Sum is the Logarithm of the Quantity  $\frac{1}{D} \times \frac{M r}{n} + \frac{N \mu}{m}$ , or the first Part of the Formula above.

As the greater of the two Altitudes (suppose  $\mu$ ) can scarcely be less than  $10^\circ$ ,  $\frac{M \mu}{m}$  may be considered as a constant Quantity  $= 57''$ , the Refraction at the Altitude of  $45^\circ$ , which put  $= e$ ; for, according to Dr. Bradley's Rule,  $\mu = 57'' \times \text{Cotang. } \mu + 3 \mu = 57'' \times \frac{m}{M}$  nearly, when  $\mu$  is  $10^\circ$  or more, and consequently  $\frac{M \mu}{m} = 57'' = e$ , whence the second

Part of the Formula  $\frac{d}{D} \times \frac{N r}{n} + \frac{M \mu}{m} = \frac{d}{D} \times \frac{N r}{n} + e$  very nearly,  $r$  being taken as the lesser Altitude, the Values of which Expression are contained in Table II.

Supposing the Refraction in Altitude to be accurately as the Tangents of the Zenith Distances, as they are very nearly for Altitudes above  $10^\circ$ ,  $\mu = \frac{e m}{M}$  and  $r = \frac{e n}{N}$ , which substituted in the general Formula, it becomes  $\frac{1}{D} \times \frac{e M}{N} + \frac{e N}{M} - \frac{d}{D} \times 2e$ , and substituting for the Cotang.  $\frac{d}{D}$  it is equal  $\frac{1}{D} - t$ ,  $t$  being the Tangent of Half the Distance, or  $\frac{1}{2} \delta$ , the general Formula is reduced to the following Expression,  $\frac{e}{D} \times \frac{M}{N} + \frac{N}{M} - 2 + 2et = 2et + \frac{e}{D} \times \frac{M - N}{MN}.$

If



If both Altitudes are above  $50^\circ$ , the Quantity  $\frac{e}{D} \times \frac{M - N}{MN}$  will never exceed  $8''$ ; and therefore the Effect of Refraction may be taken  $= 2e$ , the Values of which are contained in Table III.

The Case is the same with respect to all the Places falling to the right Hand of the black waving Line in Table I. which therefore will also be found at once by Table III.

When the utmost Accuracy is required, some small Corrections must be made to Tables I, II, and III. of Refraction, these are contained in the four first supplemental Tables, and are readily to be taken out at Sight. The Foundation of them is as follows:  $\mu$  being  $= e \times \text{Cotang. } \mu + 3\mu = e$

$\times \frac{m}{M} - \frac{3\mu}{M^2}$ , nearly  $=$  (or for  $\mu$  substituting its approximate

Value  $\frac{em}{M}$ ,  $= e \times \frac{m}{M} - \frac{3em}{M^2}$ , it is plain that  $\frac{M\mu}{m} = e - \frac{3e^2}{M^2}$ .

In like Manner  $\frac{N\mu}{n} = e - \frac{3e^2}{N^2}$ . Whence  $\frac{d}{D} \times \frac{N\mu}{n} + \frac{M\mu}{m}$ ,

the second Part of the general Formula; may be taken for Altitudes above  $10^\circ$ , very accurately, to be  $= \frac{d}{D}$

$\times 2e - \frac{3e^2}{M^2} - \frac{3e^2}{N^2}$ . But the Numbers in Table II. standing in the last Column, intituled  $10^\circ$  and above, are  $= \frac{d}{D} \times 112'',5$ .

and the Expression just found above is  $= \frac{d}{D} \times 114'' - \frac{3e^2}{M^2} - \frac{3e^2}{N^2}$ ,

which is greater than  $\frac{d}{D} \times 112'',5$  by  $\frac{d}{D} \times 1''\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3e^2}{M^2} - \frac{3e^2}{N^2}$ .

This Correction, therefore, must be applied to the Number taken out of the last Column of Table II. This may be re-

solved into two Parts,  $\frac{d}{D} \times 1''\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3e^2}{N^2}$  and  $-\frac{d}{D} \times \frac{3e^2}{M^2}$ .

The first Part is contained in the second supplemental Table, the other Part in the first supplemental Table: Only when the greater Altitude is under  $10^\circ$ , the Correction  $-\frac{d}{D} \times \frac{3e^2}{M^2}$  being not quite exact, the Correction in that

Case

Case was found from the Formula  $-\frac{d}{D} \times 57'' - \frac{M^{\mu}}{m}$ ; for

it is plain that this Quantity added to  $\frac{d}{D} \times \frac{N^{\nu}}{n} + 57''$ , the Quantity standing in the last Column of Table II. makes  $\frac{d}{D} \times \frac{N^{\nu}}{n} + \frac{M^{\mu}}{m}$  the second Part of the general Formula.

It has been shewn above, that when both Altitudes are considerable the Effect of Refraction  $= 2et + \frac{e}{D} \times \frac{M - N^2}{MN}$ , the principal Part  $2et$  being contained in Table III. the other Part serves as a Correction to it; the third supplemental Table contains the Values of  $e \times \frac{M - N^2}{MN}$ , and the fourth supplemental Table serves to multiply this last Quantity by  $\frac{1}{D}$ , or the Cosecant of the Distance, in order to obtain the required Correction of Table III. of Refraction.

### Investigation of the two Rules for finding the Effect of PARALLAX.

Let  $h$  = horizontal Parallax; then  $Mm = hm$ , and  $Mr = Mm \times \text{Cof. } M$

$$= hm \times \frac{N - dM}{Dm} = \frac{Nh}{D}$$

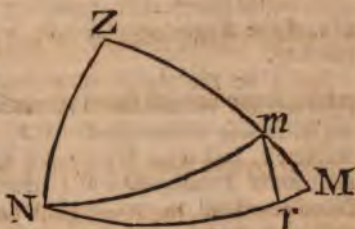
$$- \frac{hdM}{D} = \text{horizontal Pa-}$$

rallax  $\times$  Sine of the Star's Altitude  $\times$  Cofec. Dist.

— horizontal Parallax  $\times$  Sine of the Moon's Alt.  $\times$  Cotang. Distance.

The Effect of the Sun's Parallax might be found in the same Manner; but being very small, is conveniently thrown into two short Tables, the Vth and VIth supplemental ones.

Table IV. for Parallax contains the Product of the Versines of the Number of Minutes contained in the first Column, and the Cotangent of the Numbers at the Top of the Table, reduced into Seconds.



The

The Difference of the two Numbers taken out of this Table expresses the Quantity of the second Correction of Parallax, delivered in the Preface to the British Mariner's Guide; for the Investigation of which, see Philosophical Transactions, Vol. LIV. p. 273. for the Year 1764.

N. B. Table IV. will be found useful, as a general Table, for many other Purposes, where the Fluxions of spherical Triangles are concerned; of which take one

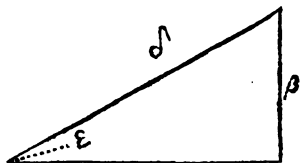
### EXAMPLE.

Let it be required to find the Deviation of a Star's Parallel of Declination from the fixed horizontal Wire of a Quadrant placed in the Meridian, at any small given Distance of the Star from the Meridian. Enter the Table with the Star's Distance from the nearest Pole of the Equator at Top, and the given Distance from the Meridian, expressed in Minutes of a great Circle on the Side (in the Column marked Parallaxes) and you will find the Deviation required. Suppose the Distance of the Star from the Pole to be  $10^{\circ}$ , and the Distance from the Meridian to be  $30'$  of an Arch of a great Circle, the Deviation will be found  $45''$ .

### PROBLEM.

Having given the Hypotenuse  $\delta$ , and one Leg  $\beta$ , of a right-angled spherical Triangle, to find the Angle opposite to this Leg.

Let  $\varepsilon$  be the Angle of a right-angled rectilinear Triangle, whose Hypotenuse is  $\delta$ , and one Side  $\beta$ , and in Table IV. find what Number of Seconds answers to  $\beta$  in the Column of Parallaxes, and  $\varepsilon$  among the Distances;  $\frac{1}{3}$  of this Number added to the Angle  $\varepsilon$  in the rectilinear Triangle, will give the spherical Angle.



### EXAMPLE.

Let  $\beta = 1^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta = 2^{\circ}$ , and therefore  $\varepsilon = 30^{\circ}$ ; the Number in Table IV. answering to  $60'$  and  $30^{\circ}$  is  $54''$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$  of which is  $18''$ ; whence the spherical Angle  $= 30^{\circ}. 0'. 18''$ .

[This was communicated by Mr. LYONS.]

### CORRECTION



# C O R R E C T I O N

## T O B E A P P L I E D T O T H E

### E F F E C T O F R E F R A C T I O N

Found by the above or any other Method,

On account of the Barometer and Thermometer.

**T**HE Refractions in Altitude, and consequently the Effect of Refraction upon the Moon's Distance from a Star, varying with the Changes of the Temperature of the Air, indicated by the Barometer and Thermometer, it becomes necessary to pay a Regard to this Circumstance, when the utmost Accuracy is required, and therefore as often as the supplemental Tables are made use of.

The Table of Refractions in Altitude, p. 2. was adapted by Dr. Bradley to the Altitude  $50^{\circ}$  of Fahrenheit's Thermometer, and the Altitude 29,6 Inches of the Barometer; and it will answer equally to the Altitude  $55^{\circ}$  of the Thermometer, and 30 Inches of the Barometer, which is about its mean Altitude at the Level of the Sea.

When they are at any other Heights, to find what Correction must be made to the Effect of Refraction, already found by Tables I. and II. or Table III. with the supplemental Tables; say, As 400 is to the Difference of the Thermometer from  $55^{\circ}$ ; so is the Effect of Refraction, before found, to its Correction required; to be subtracted from thence, if the Thermometer is higher than  $55^{\circ}$ ; but to be added, if the Thermometer is lower.

Take the Difference between the Altitude of the Barometer and 30 Inches, and say, As 300 is to the said Difference, expressed in Tenths of an Inch; so is the Effect of Refraction corrected for the Thermometer, to the Correction required on account of the Barometer; which added to or subtracted from the Effect of Refraction corrected for the Thermometer, ac-

G cording

cording as the Barometer is higher or lower than 30 Inches, gives the true Effect of Refraction corrected on account of both.

The common Barometer not being proper to be used at Sea, and the Changes of Refraction relative to this Instrument being generally much less than those answering to the Changes of the Thermometer, especially near and between the Tropics, perhaps the Correction of the Effect of Refraction on account of the Barometer will generally be omitted, except the Instrument called the Marine Barometer shall be found, or be improved, to be of sufficient Exactness for Use at Sea.

The Thermometer made use of should be of Fahrenheit's Scale; and if not kept always in a shady Place in the open Air, should be brought out when wanted, and kept in the Air for at least five Minutes, when it will come to its proper Station, answerable to the Temperature of the Air.

The Refraction in Altitude taken out of the Table, p. 2. may, in like Manner as above, be corrected on account of the Barometer and Thermometer; but this will be of no great Consequence for correcting Altitudes taken from the Horizon of the Sea, as they can seldom be taken so exact as the Distance of the Moon from the Sun or Stars may; and the Exactness of a Minute is more than sufficient for all the Purposes to which the Altitudes taken at Sea are at present applied in the Practice of Navigation. But should an Observer take Altitudes of the Sun or Stars at Land, for finding his Latitude or the Time of the Day, with a well-divided astronomical Quadrant, or with a good Hadley's Quadrant, by the Help of Reflexion from a Basin of Water or Quicksilver, defended from the Wind, in such Case it might be proper that he should first correct the Refractions taken out of Table p. 2. in the Manner above explained, before he applies them to the Reduction of his Observations.

I cannot conclude this Subject without first paying a Tribute of Justice due to the Memories of those great Astronomers, Dr. Halley and Dr. Bradley, in the following Remark; that as to the former, we owe the Hint of the Use that may be made of the Barometer and Thermometer in correcting astronomical Refractions; so to the latter we owe the first Example of putting this Method in Practice, together with a more accurate Table of mean Refractions than was known before (see p. 2.) and a most excellent Rule expressing the Changes of the same Refractions, answering to the Variations of the Thermometer (the Substance of which is given above) deduced from the Mean of a great many Observations, made with an Instrument far superior to any before used in the Practice of Astronomy.

A NEW  
METHOD  
OF COMPUTING THE EFFECT OF  
REFRACTION  
AND  
PARALLAX  
UPON THE  
MOON'S DISTANCE  
FROM THE  
SUN OR A FIXED STAR.

BY MR. DUNTHORNE.



A TABLE for reducing the apparent to the true Altitude of the Moon. I.

Hor. Par. D	/ 53	/ 54	/ 55	/ 56	/ 57
Alt. D	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +
°	' "	' "	' "	' "	' "
0	20. 0	21. 0	22. 0	23. 0	24. 0
1	28. 31	29. 31	30. 31	31. 31	32. 31
2	34. 23	35. 23	36. 23	37. 23	38. 23
3	38. 20	39. 20	40. 20	41. 20	42. 20
4	41. 1	42. 1	43. 1	44. 1	45. 1
5	42. 54	43. 53	44. 53	45. 53	46. 53
6	44. 15	45. 14	46. 14	47. 14	48. 13
7	45. 16	46. 15	47. 15	48. 14	49. 14
8	46. 0	46. 59	47. 58	48. 58	49. 57
9	46. 32	47. 32	48. 31	49. 30	50. 29
10	46. 57	47. 56	48. 55	49. 54	50. 53
11	47. 15	48. 14	49. 13	50. 12	51. 11
12	47. 27	48. 26	49. 25	50. 23	51. 22
13	47. 35	48. 34	49. 32	50. 31	51. 29
14	47. 40	48. 38	49. 36	50. 35	51. 33
15	47. 42	48. 40	49. 38	50. 36	51. 34
16	47. 40	48. 38	49. 35	50. 33	51. 31
17	47. 36	48. 34	49. 31	50. 29	51. 26
18	47. 31	48. 28	49. 25	50. 22	51. 19
19	47. 23	48. 20	49. 16	50. 13	51. 10
20	47. 13	48. 9	49. 6	50. 2	50. 59
21	47. 2	47. 58	48. 54	49. 50	50. 46
22	46. 48	47. 44	48. 39	49. 35	50. 31
23	46. 33	47. 29	48. 24	49. 19	50. 14
24	46. 18	47. 12	48. 7	49. 2	49. 57
25	46. 0	46. 55	47. 49	48. 44	49. 38
26	45. 42	46. 36	47. 30	48. 24	49. 18
27	45. 22	46. 16	47. 9	48. 3	48. 56
28	45. 1	45. 54	46. 47	47. 40	48. 33
29	44. 39	45. 31	46. 24	47. 16	48. 9
30	44. 15	45. 7	45. 59	46. 51	47. 43

A TABLE for reducing the apparent to the true Altitude  
of the Moon. I. continued.

Hor. Par. D	/ 58	/ 59	/ 60	/ 61	/ 62
Alt. D	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +
°	/ //	/ //	/ //	/ //	/ //
0	25. 0	26. 0	27. 0	28. 0	29. 0
1	33. 31	34. 31	35. 31	36. 31	37. 31
2	39. 23	40. 23	41. 23	42. 23	43. 23
3	43. 20	44. 20	45. 19	46. 19	47. 19
4	46. 0	47. 0	48. 0	49. 0	50. 0
5	47. 52	48. 52	49. 52	50. 52	51. 52
6	49. 13	50. 13	51. 12	52. 12	53. 12
7	50. 14	51. 13	52. 13	53. 12	54. 12
8	50. 57	51. 56	52. 56	53. 55	54. 54
9	51. 29	52. 28	53. 27	54. 26	55. 26
10	51. 52	52. 51	53. 50	54. 50	55. 49
11	52. 9	53. 8	54. 7	55. 6	56. 5
12	52. 21	53. 19	54. 18	55. 17	56. 16
13	52. 28	53. 26	54. 25	55. 23	56. 22
14	52. 31	53. 29	54. 28	55. 26	56. 24
15	52. 31	53. 29	54. 27	55. 25	56. 23
16	52. 28	53. 26	54. 24	55. 21	56. 19
17	52. 23	53. 21	54. 18	55. 16	56. 13
18	52. 16	53. 13	54. 10	55. 7	56. 4
19	52. 6	53. 3	54. 0	54. 57	55. 53
20	51. 55	52. 51	53. 48	54. 44	55. 40
21	51. 42	52. 38	53. 34	54. 30	55. 26
22	51. 26	52. 22	53. 18	54. 13	55. 9
23	51. 10	52. 5	53. 0	53. 55	54. 51
24	50. 52	51. 47	52. 41	53. 36	54. 31
25	50. 32	51. 27	52. 21	53. 15	54. 10
26	50. 12	51. 5	51. 59	52. 53	53. 47
27	49. 49	50. 43	51. 36	52. 30	53. 23
28	49. 26	50. 19	51. 12	52. 5	52. 58
29	49. 1	49. 54	50. 46	51. 39	52. 31
30	48. 35	49. 27	50. 19	51. 11	52. 3

A TABLE for reducing the apparent to the true Altitude  
of the Moon. I. continued.

Hor. Par. D	/ 53	/ 54	/ 55	/ 56	/ 57
Alt. D	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +
°	/ //	/ //	/ //	/ //	/ //
30	44. 15	45. 7	45. 59	46. 51	47. 43
31	43. 51	44. 43	45. 34	46. 25	47. 17
32	43. 26	44. 16	45. 7	45. 58	46. 49
33	42. 59	43. 50	44. 40	45. 30	46. 21
34	42. 32	43. 22	44. 11	45. 1	45. 51
35	42. 3	42. 53	43. 42	44. 31	45. 20
36	41. 34	42. 23	43. 12	44. 0	44. 48
37	41. 4	41. 52	42. 40	43. 28	44. 16
38	40. 33	41. 20	42. 7	42. 55	43. 42
39	40. 1	40. 47	41. 34	42. 21	43. 7
40	39. 28	40. 14	41. 0	41. 46	42. 32
41	38. 54	39. 40	40. 25	41. 10	41. 56
42	38. 20	39. 4	39. 49	40. 34	41. 18
43	37. 44	38. 28	39. 12	39. 56	40. 40
44	37. 8	37. 52	38. 35	39. 18	40. 1
45	36. 32	37. 14	37. 56	38. 39	39. 21
46	35. 54	36. 35	37. 17.	37. 59	38. 41
47	35. 16	35. 56	36. 37.	37. 18	37. 59
48	34. 37	35. 17	35. 57.	36. 37	37. 17
49	33. 57	34. 36	35. 16.	35. 55	36. 34
50	33. 16	33. 55	34. 34.	35. 12	35. 51
51	32. 35	33. 13	33. 51	34. 29	35. 6
52	31. 54	32. 30	33. 7	33. 44	34. 21
53	31. 11	31. 47	32. 23	32. 59	33. 36
54	30. 28	31. 3	31. 39	32. 14	32. 49
55	29. 44	30. 19	30. 53	31. 28	32. 2
56	29. 0	29. 33	30. 7	30. 41	31. 14
57	28. 15	28. 48	29. 20	29. 53	30. 26
58	27. 30	28. 1	28. 33	29. 5	29. 37
59	26. 44	27. 14	27. 45	28. 16	28. 47
60	25. 57	26. 27	26. 57	27. 27	27. 57



A TABLE for reducing the apparent to the true Altitude  
of the Moon. I. continued.

Hor. Par. D	' 58	' 59	' 60	' 61	' 62
Alt. D	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +
°	' "	' "	' "	' "	' "
30	48. 35	49. 27	50. 19	51. 11	52. 3
31	48. 8	49. 0	49. 51	50. 43	51. 34
32	47. 40	48. 31	49. 22	50. 13	51. 4
33	47. 11	48. 1	48. 52	49. 42	50. 32
34	46. 41	47. 30	48. 20	49. 10	50. 0
35	46. 9	46. 58	47. 47	48. 37	49. 26
36	45. 37	46. 25	47. 14	48. 2	48. 51
37	45. 3	45. 51	46. 39	47. 27	48. 15
38	44. 29	45. 16	46. 4	46. 51	47. 39
39	43. 54	44. 41	45. 27	46. 14	47. 1
40	43. 18	44. 4	44. 50	45. 36	46. 22
41	42. 41	43. 26	44. 11	44. 57	45. 42
42	42. 3	42. 47	43. 32	44. 17	45. 1
43	41. 24	42. 8	42. 52	43. 36	44. 19
44	40. 44	41. 27	42. 11	42. 54	43. 37
45	40. 4	40. 46	41. 29	42. 11	42. 53
46	39. 22	40. 4	40. 46	41. 27	42. 9
47	38. 40	39. 21	40. 2	40. 43	41. 24
48	37. 57	38. 37	39. 18	39. 58	40. 38
49	37. 14	37. 53	38. 32	39. 12	39. 51
50	36. 29	37. 8	37. 46	38. 25	39. 3
51	35. 44	36. 22	37. 0	37. 37	38. 15
52	34. 58	35. 35	36. 12	36. 49	37. 26
53	34. 12	34. 48	35. 24	36. 0	36. 36
54	33. 24	34. 0	34. 35	35. 10	35. 45
55	32. 36	33. 11	33. 45	34. 20	34. 54
56	31. 48	32. 21	32. 55	33. 29	34. 2
57	30. 58	31. 31	32. 4	32. 36	33. 9
58	30. 9	30. 40	31. 12	31. 44	32. 16
59	29. 18	29. 49	30. 20	30. 51	31. 22
60	28. 27	28. 57	29. 27	29. 57	30. 27

A TABLE for reducing the apparent to the true Altitude  
of the Moon. I. continued.

Hor. Par. D	' 53	' 54	' 55	' 56	' 57
Alt. D	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +
°	' "	' "	' "	' "	' "
60	25. 57	26. 27	26. 57	27. 27	27. 57
61	25. 10	25. 39	26. 8	26. 37	27. 6
62	24. 22	24. 51	25. 19	25. 47	26. 15
63	23. 35	24. 2	24. 29	24. 56	25. 23
64	22. 46	23. 12	23. 39	24. 5	24. 31
65	21. 57	22. 23	22. 48	23. 13	23. 39
66	21. 8	21. 32	21. 57	22. 21	22. 46
67	20. 18	20. 42	21. 5	21. 29	21. 52
68	19. 28	19. 51	20. 13	20. 36	20. 58
69	18. 38	18. 59	19. 21	19. 42	20. 4
70	17. 47	18. 7	18. 28	18. 49	19. 9
71	16. 56	17. 15	17. 35	17. 54	18. 14
72	16. 4	16. 23	16. 41	17. 0	17. 18
73	15. 12	15. 30	15. 47	16. 5	16. 23
74	14. 20	14. 37	14. 53	15. 10	15. 26
75	13. 28	13. 43	13. 59	14. 14	14. 30
76	12. 35	12. 50	13. 4	13. 19	13. 33
77	11. 42	11. 56	12. 9	12. 23	12. 36
78	10. 49	11. 2	11. 14	11. 27	11. 39
79	9. 55	10. 7	10. 19	10. 30	10. 42
80	9. 2	9. 13	9. 23	9. 33	9. 44
81	8. 8	8. 18	8. 27	8. 37	8. 46
82	7. 15	7. 23	7. 31	7. 40	7. 48
83	6. 21	6. 28	6. 35	6. 42	6. 50
84	5. 26	5. 33	5. 39	5. 45	5. 51
85	4. 32	4. 37	4. 43	4. 48	4. 53
86	3. 38	3. 42	3. 46	3. 50	3. 55
87	2. 43	2. 47	2. 50	2. 53	2. 56
88	1. 49	1. 51	1. 53	1. 55	1. 57
89	0. 54	0. 56	0. 57	0. 58	0. 59
90	0. 0	0. 0	0. 0	0. 0	0. 0

A TABLE for reducing the apparent to the true Altitude of the Moon. I. concluded.

Hor. Par. D	' 58	' 59	' 60	' 61	' 62
Alt. D	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +	Cor <sup>n</sup> . +
°	' "	' "	' "	' "	' "
60	28. 27	28. 57	29. 27	29. 57	30. 27
61	27. 35	28. 4	28. 34	29. 3	29. 32
62	26. 43	27. 11	27. 40	28. 8	28. 36
63	25. 51	26. 18	26. 45	27. 12	27. 40
64	24. 58	25. 24	25. 50	26. 17	26. 43
65	24. 4	24. 30	24. 55	25. 20	25. 46
66	23. 10	23. 34	23. 59	24. 23	24. 48
67	22. 16	22. 39	23. 2	23. 26	23. 49
68	21. 21	21. 43	22. 6	22. 28	22. 51
69	20. 25	20. 47	21. 8	21. 30	21. 51
70	19. 30	19. 50	20. 11	20. 31	20. 52
71	18. 33	18. 53	19. 12	19. 32	19. 52
72	17. 37	17. 55	18. 14	18. 33	18. 51
73	16. 40	16. 58	17. 15	17. 33	17. 50
74	15. 43	16. 0	16. 16	16. 33	16. 49
75	14. 46	15. 1	15. 17	15. 32	15. 48
76	13. 48	14. 2	14. 17	14. 31	14. 46
77	12. 50	13. 3	13. 17	13. 30	13. 44
78	11. 51	12. 4	12. 16	12. 29	12. 41
79	10. 53	11. 4	11. 16	11. 27	11. 39
80	9. 54	10. 5	10. 15	10. 25	10. 36
81	8. 55	9. 5	9. 14	9. 24	9. 33
82	7. 56	8. 5	8. 13	8. 21	8. 30
83	6. 57	7. 4	7. 12	7. 19	7. 26
84	5. 58	6. 4	6. 10	6. 17	6. 23
85	4. 58	5. 4	5. 9	5. 14	5. 19
86	3. 59	4. 3	4. 7	4. 11	4. 15
87	2. 59	3. 2	3. 5	3. 9	3. 12
88	1. 59	2. 2	2. 4	2. 6	2. 8
89	1. 0	1. 1	1. 2	1. 3	1. 4
90	0. 0	0. 0	0. 0	0. 0	0. 0



A TABLE of Logarithmic Differences for readily computing the true Distance of the Moon from a Fixed Star.

II.

Hor. Par. D	'	'	'	'	'
	53	54	55	56	57
Alt. D	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.
0					
0	+ 11.3	+ 11.2	+ 11.1	+ 11.0	+ 10.9
1	+ 4.2	+ 3.9	+ 3.6	+ 3.2	+ 2.9
2	- 5.3	- 5.9	- 6.5	- 7.1	- 7.6
3	16.1	16.9	17.7	18.5	19.3
4	27.3	28.4	29.4	30.5	31.5
5	38.8	40.1	41.3	42.6	43.9
6	50.4	51.9	53.4	54.9	56.3
7	62.0	63.7	65.5	67.2	68.9
8	73.6	75.6	77.5	79.4	81.4
9	85.2	87.4	89.5	91.7	93.8
10	96.8	99.1	101.5	103.9	106.3
11	108.3	110.9	113.5	116.1	118.7
12	119.7	122.6	125.4	128.2	131.0
13	131.2	134.2	137.2	140.3	143.3
14	142.6	145.8	149.0	152.3	155.6
15	154.0	157.4	160.9	164.3	167.8
16	165.2	168.9	172.5	176.2	179.9
17	176.4	180.3	184.2	188.1	192.0
18	187.6	191.7	195.8	199.9	204.0
19	198.7	203.1	207.3	211.6	216.0
20	209.8	214.2	218.8	223.3	227.8
21	220.8	225.5	230.2	234.9	239.6
22	231.6	236.5	241.4	246.3	251.3
23	242.3	247.5	252.6	257.8	262.9
24	253.2	258.4	263.8	269.1	274.5
25	263.7	269.3	274.8	280.4	285.9
26	274.3	280.1	285.8	291.6	297.3
27	284.8	290.8	296.7	302.7	308.5
28	295.2	301.3	307.4	313.6	319.7
29	305.5	311.7	318.1	324.4	330.8
30	315.6	322.1	328.7	335.2	341.7

A TABLE of Logarithmic Differences for readily computing the true Distance of the Moon from a Fixed Star.

II. continued.

Hor. Par. D	' 58	' 59	' 60	' 61	' 62
Alt. D	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.
0					
0	+ 10.8	+ 10.8	+ 10.7	+ 10.6	+ 10.4
1	+ 2.5	+ 2.2	+ 1.8	+ 1.5	+ 1.1
2	- 8.2	- 8.8	- 9.4	- 10.0	- 10.6
3	20.1	21.0	21.8	22.6	23.5
4	32.5	33.6	34.7	35.7	36.8
5	45.1	46.4	47.7	49.0	50.3
6	57.8	59.4	60.8	62.4	63.9
7	70.6	72.3	74.1	75.8	77.6
8	83.3	85.3	87.2	89.2	91.1
9	96.0	98.2	100.3	102.5	104.7
10	108.6	111.0	113.4	115.9	118.2
11	121.3	123.9	126.5	129.1	131.7
12	133.8	136.6	139.5	142.3	145.2
13	146.4	149.4	152.4	155.5	158.5
14	158.8	162.0	165.4	168.6	171.9
15	171.2	174.7	178.2	181.7	185.2
16	183.5	187.1	191.0	194.6	198.3
17	195.8	199.8	203.7	207.6	211.5
18	208.1	212.2	216.3	220.4	224.6
19	220.2	224.6	228.9	233.3	237.6
20	232.3	236.8	241.4	245.9	250.4
21	244.4	249.1	253.8	258.6	263.3
22	256.2	261.2	266.1	271.0	276.0
23	268.1	273.2	278.3	283.5	288.6
24	279.8	285.2	290.5	295.8	301.2
25	291.4	297.0	302.5	308.1	313.7
26	303.1	308.7	314.5	320.2	326.0
27	314.4	320.4	326.3	332.3	338.3
28	325.8	332.0	338.1	344.3	350.4
29	337.0	343.4	349.7	356.1	362.4
30	348.2	354.7	361.3	367.8	374.3

A TABLE of Logarithmic Differences for readily computing the true Distance of the Moon from a Fixed Star.  
II. continued.

Hor. Par. D	' 53	' 54	' 55	' 56	' 57
Alt. D	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.
0					
30	315.6	322.1	328.7	335.2	341.7
31	325.7	332.4	339.1	345.8	352.5
32	335.7	342.5	349.4	356.3	363.2
33	345.5	352.6	359.7	366.8	373.8
34	355.3	362.6	369.8	377.1	384.3
35	364.9	372.3	379.8	387.2	394.7
36	374.4	382.0	389.7	397.3	404.9
37	383.8	391.6	399.3	407.2	415.0
38	393.1	401.1	409.0	417.0	425.0
39	402.3	410.4	418.5	426.7	434.8
40	411.3	419.6	427.9	436.2	444.6
41	420.2	428.7	437.2	445.6	454.1
42	428.9	437.6	446.2	454.9	463.5
43	437.5	446.4	455.2	464.0	472.8
44	446.0	455.0	464.0	472.9	481.9
45	454.4	463.5	472.6	481.8	490.9
46	462.6	471.8	481.1	490.4	499.7
47	470.6	480.0	489.5	498.9	508.4
48	478.5	488.1	497.7	507.3	516.9
49	486.3	496.0	505.7	515.5	525.2
50	493.9	503.8	513.6	523.5	533.4
51	501.4	511.4	521.4	531.4	541.4
52	508.7	518.8	529.0	539.1	549.3
53	515.8	526.1	536.3	546.6	556.9
54	522.7	533.2	543.6	554.0	564.4
55	529.5	540.1	550.6	561.2	571.7
56	536.1	546.8	557.5	568.1	578.8
57	542.6	553.4	564.2	574.9	585.7
58	548.8	559.7	570.6	581.6	592.5
59	554.9	565.9	577.0	588.0	599.1
60	560.8	571.9	583.1	594.2	605.4



A TABLE of Logarithmic Differences for readily computing the true Distance of the Moon from a Fixed Star.  
II. continued.

Hor. Par. D	' 58	' 59	' 60	' 61	' 62
Alt. D	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.
0					
30	348.2	354.7	361.3	367.8	374.3
31	359.2	366.0	372.7	379.4	386.1
32	370.1	377.1	383.9	390.9	397.8
33	380.9	388.0	395.1	402.2	409.3
34	391.6	398.9	406.1	413.4	420.7
35	402.1	409.6	417.0	424.5	432.0
36	412.5	420.2	427.8	435.5	443.1
37	422.9	430.6	438.5	446.3	454.1
38	433.0	441.0	449.0	457.0	465.0
39	443.0	451.2	459.3	467.5	475.7
40	452.9	461.2	469.5	477.9	486.2
41	462.7	471.1	479.6	488.1	496.7
42	472.2	480.9	489.5	498.2	506.9
43	481.6	490.5	499.3	508.1	517.0
44	490.9	499.9	508.9	517.9	526.9
45	500.0	509.2	518.3	527.5	536.6
46	509.0	518.3	527.6	536.9	546.2
47	517.8	527.3	536.7	546.2	555.6
48	526.5	536.1	545.7	555.3	564.9
49	535.0	544.7	554.5	564.2	574.0
50	543.3	553.2	563.1	573.0	582.9
51	551.4	561.5	571.5	581.5	591.6
52	559.4	569.6	579.8	589.9	600.1
53	567.2	577.6	587.8	598.1	608.5
54	574.8	585.3	595.7	606.1	616.6
55	582.3	592.8	603.4	614.0	624.5
56	589.5	600.2	610.9	621.6	632.3
57	596.6	607.4	618.2	629.0	639.8
58	603.4	614.3	625.2	636.2	647.1
59	610.1	621.1	632.1	643.2	654.2
60	616.5	627.7	638.8	650.0	661.2

A TABLE of Logarithmic Differences for readily computing the true Distance of the Moon from a Fixed Star.  
II. continued.

Hor. Par. D	' 53	' 54	' 55	' 56	' 57
Alt. D	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.
0					
60	560.8	571.9	583.1	594.2	605.4
61	566.5	577.8	589.0	600.3	611.5
62	572.1	583.5	594.8	606.2	617.5
63	577.6	589.0	600.4	611.9	623.4
64	582.8	594.3	605.9	617.4	629.0
65	587.9	599.5	611.0	622.8	634.4
66	592.7	604.4	616.2	627.9	639.7
67	597.3	609.2	621.0	632.8	644.7
68	601.8	613.8	625.7	637.6	649.5
69	606.1	618.2	630.2	642.2	654.2
70	610.2	622.3	634.4	646.5	658.5
71	614.2	626.3	638.5	650.6	662.7
72	617.8	630.1	642.4	654.5	666.7
73	621.1	633.7	645.9	658.2	670.5
74	624.7	637.0	649.4	661.7	674.2
75	627.9	640.3	652.7	665.1	677.5
76	630.9	643.3	655.7	668.2	680.6
77	633.6	646.0	658.5	671.1	683.6
78	636.0	648.6	661.2	673.7	686.3
79	638.3	650.9	663.5	676.1	688.7
80	640.5	653.1	665.7	678.3	691.0
81	642.3	654.9	667.7	680.4	693.1
82	644.0	656.7	669.4	682.2	694.9
83	645.5	658.2	671.0	683.8	696.5
84	646.9	659.5	672.3	685.2	697.9
85	647.9	660.7	673.5	686.4	699.1
86	648.8	661.6	674.5	687.3	700.1
87	649.5	662.3	675.2	688.0	700.9
88	650.1	662.9	676.0	688.5	701.5
89	650.3	663.2	676.2	688.9	701.8

A TABLE of Logarithmic Differences for readily computing the true Distance of the Moon from a Fixed Star.  
II. concluded.

Hor. Par. D	' 58	' 59	' 60	' 61	' 61
Alt. D	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.	Log. Diff.
0					
60	616.5	627.7	638.8	650.0	661.2
61	622.8	634.0	645.3	656.6	667.9
62	628.9	640.3	651.6	663.0	674.4
63	634.8	646.3	657.8	669.2	680.7
64	640.6	652.1	663.7	675.3	686.9
65	646.1	657.8	669.4	681.1	692.8
66	651.4	663.2	674.9	686.7	698.4
67	656.5	668.3	680.2	692.0	703.9
68	661.4	673.3	685.3	697.2	709.2
69	666.2	678.1	690.2	702.2	714.2
70	670.6	682.7	694.8	706.9	719.0
71	674.9	687.0	699.2	711.3	723.5
72	678.9	691.2	703.4	715.6	727.9
73	682.8	695.1	707.4	719.7	732.0
74	686.5	698.8	711.2	723.5	735.9
75	689.9	702.3	714.7	727.1	739.6
76	693.2	705.6	718.1	730.6	743.0
77	696.1	708.6	721.2	733.8	746.2
78	698.8	711.4	724.0	736.6	749.1
79	701.3	714.0	726.5	739.2	751.8
80	703.6	716.3	729.0	741.6	754.3
81	705.7	718.4	731.1	743.8	756.5
82	707.6	720.3	733.1	745.8	758.5
83	709.3	722.0	734.8	747.5	760.3
84	710.7	723.5	736.2	748.9	761.8
85	711.9	724.7	737.5	750.1	763.1
86	712.9	725.7	738.5	751.3	764.2
87	713.7	726.5	739.3	752.1	765.0
88	714.2	727.1	740.0	752.8	765.6
89	714.5	727.3	740.3	753.1	766.0



U            S            E

OF THE PRECEDING

T   A   B   L   E   S.

P R O B L E M.

**H**AVING the apparent or observed Distance of the Moon from a Fixed Star, together with the observed Altitude of each, to find their true Distance.

S O L U T I O N.

With the Moon's horizontal Parallax, and apparent Altitude, take out the Correction of her Altitude from Table I, also the logarithmic Difference from Table II. which reserve; and to the Correction of the Moon's Altitude add the Refraction of the Star; this Sum added to or subtracted from the Difference of the observed Altitudes, according as the Moon is higher or lower than the Star, gives the Difference of their true Altitudes.

Then, from the Natural-cosine of the Difference of the apparent Altitudes subtract the Natural-cosine of the observed Distance, and find the Logarithm of the Remainder, from which take the logarithmic Difference before reserved, and you will have a Logarithm, whose corresponding Number subtracted from the Natural-cosine of the Difference of their true Altitudes leaves the Natural-cosine of the true Distance required.

E X A M P L E.

EXAMPLE.

(From Mr. MASKELYNE'S Mariner's Guide, p. 17, &c.)

1762, May 9, at 12<sup>h</sup>. 34'. 19'' apparent Time at Greenwich,  
according to Account at Sea,

The apparent Distance of the Moon's Centre from }  
Spica Virginis was . . . . . } 51. 28. 35

The apparent Altitude of the Star . . . . . 24. 48

The apparent Altitude of the Moon's Centre . . . 12. 30

Difference of the apparent or observed Altitudes . 12. 18

Correction of the Moon's Altitude from }  
Table I. . . . . } 50. 42

Refraction of the Star . . . . . 2. 3

Sum substracted . . . . . 52. 45

Difference of their true Altitudes . . . . . 11. 25. 15

Natural-cosine of the Difference of apparent Al- }  
titudes . . . . . } 97705

Natural-cosine of 51°. 28'. 35'', the apparent Di- }  
stance . . . . . } 62283

Difference of the Natural-cosines . . . . . 35422

Logarithm thereof . . . . . 4.54927

Logarithmic Difference taken from Table II. sub- }  
tract . . . . . } 135

Remainder . . . . . 4.54792

Number corresponding thereunto . . . . . 35312

Natural-cosine of 11°. 25'. 15'', the Difference of }  
their true Altitudes . . . . . } 98020

From which substract the above corresponding }  
Number . . . . . } 35312

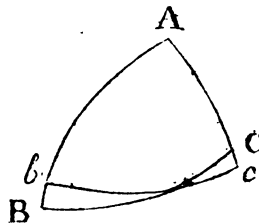
Leaves Natural-cosine of 51°. 9'. 54'', the Moon's }  
true Distance from the Star . . . . . } 62708

Note. If only the first five Figures of the Sines and Logarithms be used, they will commonly determine the Moon's true Distance from a Star, within 5'', or at most 10''; in which Case, the last Figure of the logarithmic Differences is to be omitted, and if the Star's Altitude be above 5°, the remaining Figures will need no Correction: but if greater Exactness be desired, so that six Figures of the Sines and Logarithms be taken, all the Figures in the Table of logarithmic Differences are to be made use of; and if the Star's Altitude does not exceed 25°, are to be increased, as in the following Table.

Alt. of the Star.	Particles to be added to Log. Diff.	Alt. of the Star.	Particles to be added to Log. Diff.
0		0	
2	4.4	10	0.4
3	2.7	11	0.3
4	1.8	12	0.3
5	1.3	13	0.2
6	0.9	14	0.2
7	0.7	15	0.1
8	0.6	20	0.1
9	0.5	25	0.1

### Investigation of the foregoing SOLUTION.

In the spherical Triangle BAC, wherein A represents the Zenith, B the Moon, and C the Star, are given the three-Sides, to find how much the Base BC is altered, by varying the Sides AB and AC, while the Angle at the Vertex A remains the same.



As Sine AB  $\times$  Sine AC : R<sup>2</sup> :: Ver.-fine BC — Ver.-fine AB — AC : Ver.-fine A.

And, as Sine Ab  $\times$  Sine Ac : R<sup>2</sup> :: Ver.-fine bc — Ver.-fine AB — AC : Ver.-fine A, Per Caswell Trigon. Axiom. 4.  
Then



Then by Inversion,  $R^i : \text{Sine } Ab \times \text{Sine } Ac :: \text{Ver.-fine}$

$A : \text{Ver.-fine } bc - \text{Ver.-fine } \overline{Ab - Ac}.$

And *ex æquo*,  $\text{Sine } AB \times \text{Sine } AC : \text{Sine } Ab \times \text{Sine } Ac$

$:: \text{Ver.-fine } BC - \text{Ver.-fine } \overline{AB - AC} : \text{Ver.-fine } bc - \text{Ver.-fine } \overline{Ab - Ac}.$

But  $\text{Ver.-fine } BC - \text{Ver.-fine } \overline{AB - AC} = \text{Cof. } \overline{AB - AC} - \text{Cof. } BC.$

And  $\text{Ver.-fine } bc - \text{Ver.-fine } \overline{Ab - Ac} = \text{Cof. } \overline{Ab - Ac} - \text{Cof. } bc.$

Therefore  $\text{Sine } AB \times \text{Sine } AC : \text{Sine } Ab \times \text{Sine } Ac :: \text{Cof. } \overline{AB - AC} - \text{Cof. } BC : \text{Cof. } \overline{Ab - Ac} - \text{Cof. } bc.$

Whence  $\text{Log. of Cof. } \overline{AB - AC} - \text{Cof. } BC + \text{Log. Sine } Ab + \text{Log. Sine } Ac - \text{Log. Sine } AB - \text{Log. Sine } AC$   
 $= \text{Log. of Cof. } \overline{Ab - Ac} - \text{Cof. } bc.$

But  $\text{Log. Sine } AB - \text{Log. Sine } Ab - \text{Log. Sine } Ac + \text{Log. Sine } AC = \text{arithmic Differences in Table II. by Construction.}$

Wherefore  $\text{Log. of Cof. } \overline{AB - AC} - \text{Cof. } BC - \text{Log. Diff. from Table II.} = \text{Log. of Cof. } \overline{Ab - Ac} - \text{Cof. } bc.$

Let  $\text{Log. of Cof. } \overline{AB - AC} - \text{Cof. } BC - \text{Log. Diff. from Table II.}$  be called  $n$ , and its corresponding Number  $N$ .

Then will  $n$  also  $= \text{Log. of Cof. } \overline{Ab - Ac} - \text{Cof. } bc$ , and  
 $N = \text{Cof. } \overline{Ab - Ac} - \text{Cof. } bc.$

And by Transposition,  $\text{Cof. } \overline{Ab - Ac} - N = \text{Cof. } bc$ , which was to be investigated.



A  
T A B L E  
O F

Proportional Logarithms;

To be used with the

ASTRONOMICAL AND NAUTICAL

E P H E M E R I S.

L O N D O N:

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and Mess. MOUNT and PAGE, on Towerhill.

M DCC LXVI.



# PROPORTIONAL

"	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0		2.2553	1.9542	1.7782	1.6532	1.5563	1.4771
1	4.0334	2.2481	1.9506	1.7757	1.6514	1.5548	1.4759
2	3.7324	2.2410	1.9470	1.7733	1.6496	1.5534	1.4747
3	3.5563	2.2341	1.9435	1.7710	1.6478	1.5520	1.4735
4	3.4313	2.2272	1.9400	1.7686	1.6460	1.5505	1.4723
5	3.3344	2.2205	1.9365	1.7662	1.6442	1.5491	1.4711
6	3.2553	2.2139	1.9331	1.7639	1.6425	1.5477	1.4699
7	3.1883	2.2073	1.9296	1.7616	1.6407	1.5463	1.4687
8	3.1303	2.2009	1.9262	1.7592	1.6390	1.5449	1.4676
9	3.0792	2.1946	1.9228	1.7570	1.6372	1.5435	1.4664
10	3.0334	2.1883	1.9195	1.7546	1.6355	1.5420	1.4652
11	2.9920	2.1821	1.9161	1.7524	1.6337	1.5406	1.4640
12	2.9542	2.1761	1.9128	1.7501	1.6320	1.5393	1.4629
13	2.9195	2.1701	1.9096	1.7478	1.6303	1.5379	1.4617
14	2.8873	2.1642	1.9063	1.7456	1.6286	1.5365	1.4605
15	2.8573	2.1584	1.9031	1.7434	1.6269	1.5351	1.4594
16	2.8293	2.1526	1.8999	1.7411	1.6252	1.5337	1.4582
17	2.8030	2.1469	1.8967	1.7389	1.6235	1.5322	1.4571
18	2.7782	2.1413	1.8935	1.7368	1.6218	1.5310	1.4559
19	2.7546	2.1358	1.8904	1.7345	1.6201	1.5296	1.4548
20	2.7324	2.1303	1.8873	1.7324	1.6184	1.5283	1.4536
21	2.7112	2.1249	1.8842	1.7302	1.6168	1.5269	1.4525
22	2.6910	2.1196	1.8811	1.7281	1.6151	1.5255	1.4513
23	2.6717	2.1143	1.8781	1.7259	1.6134	1.5242	1.4502
24	2.6532	2.1091	1.8751	1.7238	1.6118	1.5229	1.4491
25	2.6355	2.1040	1.8720	1.7216	1.6102	1.5215	1.4479
26	2.6184	2.0989	1.8690	1.7195	1.6085	1.5202	1.4468
27	2.6021	2.0939	1.8661	1.7175	1.6069	1.5189	1.4457
28	2.5862	2.0889	1.8631	1.7153	1.6053	1.5175	1.4446
29	2.5710	2.0840	1.8602	1.7133	1.6037	1.5162	1.4435
30	2.5563	2.0792	1.8573	1.7112	1.6021	1.5149	1.4424

# LOGARITHMS.

"	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
31	2.5420	2.0744	1.8544	1.7091	1.6004	1.5136	1.4412
32	2.5283	2.0696	1.8516	1.7071	1.5988	1.5123	1.4401
33	2.5149	2.0649	1.8487	1.7050	1.5973	1.5110	1.4390
34	2.5019	2.0603	1.8459	1.7030	1.5957	1.5097	1.4379
35	2.4893	2.0557	1.8431	1.7010	1.5941	1.5084	1.4368
36	2.4771	2.0512	1.8403	1.6990	1.5925	1.5071	1.4357
37	2.4652	2.0466	1.8375	1.6969	1.5909	1.5058	1.4346
38	2.4536	2.0422	1.8347	1.6949	1.5894	1.5045	1.4335
39	2.4424	2.0378	1.8320	1.6930	1.5878	1.5032	1.4325
40	2.4313	2.0334	1.8293	1.6910	1.5862	1.5019	1.4313
41	2.4206	2.0291	1.8266	1.6890	1.5847	1.5006	1.4303
42	2.4102	2.0248	1.8239	1.6871	1.5832	1.4994	1.4292
43	2.3999	2.0206	1.8212	1.6851	1.5816	1.4981	1.4281
44	2.3899	2.0164	1.8186	1.6832	1.5801	1.4968	1.4270
45	2.3802	2.0122	1.8159	1.6812	1.5786	1.4956	1.4260
46	2.3706	2.0081	1.8133	1.6793	1.5770	1.4943	1.4249
47	2.3613	2.0040	1.8107	1.6774	1.5755	1.4931	1.4238
48	2.3522	2.0000	1.8081	1.6755	1.5740	1.4918	1.4228
49	2.3432	1.9960	1.8055	1.6736	1.5725	1.4906	1.4217
50	2.3344	1.9920	1.8030	1.6717	1.5710	1.4893	1.4206
51	2.3259	1.9881	1.8004	1.6698	1.5695	1.4881	1.4196
52	2.3174	1.9842	1.7979	1.6679	1.5680	1.4869	1.4185
53	2.3091	1.9803	1.7954	1.6660	1.5665	1.4856	1.4175
54	2.3010	1.9765	1.7929	1.6642	1.5651	1.4844	1.4165
55	2.2930	1.9727	1.7904	1.6623	1.5636	1.4832	1.4154
56	2.2852	1.9689	1.7879	1.6605	1.5621	1.4820	1.4143
57	2.2775	1.9652	1.7855	1.6587	1.5607	1.4808	1.4133
58	2.2700	1.9615	1.7830	1.6568	1.5592	1.4795	1.4122
59	2.2626	1.9579	1.7805	1.6550	1.5577	1.4783	1.4112
60	2.2553	1.9542	1.7782	1.6532	1.5563	1.4771	1.4102



# PROPORTIONAL

	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
0	1.4102	1.3522	1.3010	1.2553	1.2139	1.1761	1.1413
1	1.4091	1.3513	1.3002	1.2545	1.2132	1.1755	1.1408
2	1.4081	1.3504	1.2994	1.2538	1.2125	1.1749	1.1402
3	1.4071	1.3495	1.2986	1.2531	1.2119	1.1743	1.1397
4	1.4060	1.3486	1.2978	1.2524	1.2112	1.1737	1.1391
5	1.4050	1.3477	1.2970	1.2517	1.2106	1.1731	1.1385
6	1.4040	1.3468	1.2962	1.2510	1.2099	1.1725	1.1380
7	1.4030	1.3459	1.2954	1.2502	1.2093	1.1719	1.1374
8	1.4020	1.3450	1.2946	1.2495	1.2086	1.1713	1.1369
9	1.4010	1.3441	1.2939	1.2488	1.2080	1.1707	1.1363
10	1.3999	1.3432	1.2931	1.2481	1.2073	1.1701	1.1358
11	1.3989	1.3423	1.2923	1.2474	1.2067	1.1695	1.1352
12	1.3979	1.3415	1.2915	1.2467	1.2061	1.1689	1.1347
13	1.3969	1.3406	1.2907	1.2459	1.2054	1.1683	1.1341
14	1.3959	1.3397	1.2899	1.2452	1.2047	1.1677	1.1336
15	1.3949	1.3388	1.2891	1.2445	1.2041	1.1671	1.1331
16	1.3939	1.3379	1.2883	1.2438	1.2035	1.1665	1.1325
17	1.3929	1.3370	1.2875	1.2431	1.2028	1.1659	1.1319
18	1.3919	1.3362	1.2868	1.2424	1.2022	1.1654	1.1314
19	1.3909	1.3353	1.2860	1.2417	1.2015	1.1648	1.1309
20	1.3899	1.3344	1.2852	1.2410	1.2009	1.1642	1.1303
21	1.3890	1.3336	1.2845	1.2403	1.2003	1.1636	1.1298
22	1.3880	1.3327	1.2837	1.2396	1.1996	1.1630	1.1292
23	1.3870	1.3318	1.2829	1.2389	1.1990	1.1624	1.1287
24	1.3860	1.3310	1.2821	1.2382	1.1984	1.1619	1.1282
25	1.3850	1.3301	1.2814	1.2375	1.1977	1.1613	1.1276
26	1.3841	1.3293	1.2806	1.2368	1.1971	1.1607	1.1271
27	1.3831	1.3284	1.2798	1.2362	1.1965	1.1601	1.1266
28	1.3821	1.3275	1.2791	1.2355	1.1958	1.1595	1.1260
29	1.3812	1.3267	1.2783	1.2348	1.1952	1.1589	1.1255
30	1.3802	1.3259	1.2775	1.2341	1.1946	1.1584	1.1249



# LOGARITHMS.

	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
31	1.3792	1.3250	1.2768	1.2334	1.1939	1.1578	1.1244
32	1.3783	1.3241	1.2760	1.2327	1.1933	1.1572	1.1238
33	1.3773	1.3233	1.2753	1.2320	1.1927	1.1566	1.1233
34	1.3763	1.3224	1.2745	1.2313	1.1920	1.1560	1.1228
35	1.3754	1.3216	1.2737	1.2306	1.1914	1.1555	1.1222
36	1.3745	1.3208	1.2730	1.2300	1.1908	1.1549	1.1217
37	1.3735	1.3199	1.2722	1.2293	1.1902	1.1543	1.1212
38	1.3725	1.3191	1.2715	1.2286	1.1895	1.1537	1.1206
39	1.3716	1.3183	1.2707	1.2279	1.1889	1.1532	1.1201
40	1.3706	1.3174	1.2700	1.2272	1.1883	1.1526	1.1196
41	1.3697	1.3166	1.2692	1.2265	1.1877	1.1520	1.1191
42	1.3688	1.3158	1.2685	1.2259	1.1871	1.1515	1.1186
43	1.3678	1.3149	1.2677	1.2252	1.1864	1.1509	1.1180
44	1.3669	1.3141	1.2670	1.2245	1.1858	1.1503	1.1175
45	1.3660	1.3133	1.2663	1.2239	1.1852	1.1498	1.1170
46	1.3650	1.3124	1.2655	1.2232	1.1846	1.1492	1.1164
47	1.3641	1.3116	1.2648	1.2225	1.1840	1.1486	1.1159
48	1.3632	1.3108	1.2640	1.2218	1.1834	1.1481	1.1154
49	1.3622	1.3099	1.2633	1.2212	1.1828	1.1475	1.1148
50	1.3613	1.3091	1.2626	1.2205	1.1822	1.1469	1.1143
51	1.3604	1.3083	1.2618	1.2198	1.1816	1.1464	1.1138
52	1.3595	1.3075	1.2611	1.2192	1.1809	1.1458	1.1133
53	1.3585	1.3067	1.2603	1.2185	1.1803	1.1452	1.1128
54	1.3576	1.3059	1.2596	1.2178	1.1797	1.1447	1.1123
55	1.3567	1.3050	1.2589	1.2172	1.1791	1.1441	1.1117
56	1.3558	1.3042	1.2582	1.2165	1.1785	1.1435	1.1112
57	1.3549	1.3034	1.2574	1.2159	1.1779	1.1430	1.1107
58	1.3540	1.3026	1.2567	1.2152	1.1773	1.1424	1.1102
59	1.3531	1.3018	1.2560	1.2145	1.1767	1.1419	1.1096
60	1.3522	1.3010	1.2553	1.2139	1.1761	1.1413	1.1091

# PROPORTIONAL

"	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
0	1.1091	1.0792	1.0512	1.0248	0000	9765	9542	9331
1	1.1086	1.0787	1.0507	1.0244	9996	9761	9539	9327
2	1.1081	1.0782	1.0502	1.0240	9992	9757	9535	9323
3	1.1076	1.0777	1.0498	1.0235	9988	9754	9532	9320
4	1.1071	1.0772	1.0493	1.0231	9984	9750	9528	9317
5	1.1066	1.0768	1.0489	1.0227	9980	9746	9524	9313
6	1.1061	1.0763	1.0484	1.0223	9976	9742	9521	9310
7	1.1055	1.0758	1.0480	1.0218	9972	9738	9517	9306
8	1.1050	1.0753	1.0475	1.0214	9968	9735	9513	9303
9	1.1045	1.0749	1.0471	1.0210	9964	9731	9510	9300
10	1.1040	1.0744	1.0466	1.0206	9960	9727	9506	9296
11	1.1035	1.0739	1.0462	1.0201	9956	9723	9503	9293
12	1.1030	1.0734	1.0458	1.0197	9952	9720	9499	9289
13	1.1025	1.0729	1.0453	1.0193	9948	9716	9495	9286
14	1.1020	1.0725	1.0448	1.0189	9944	9712	9492	9282
15	1.1015	1.0720	1.0444	1.0185	9940	9708	9488	9279
16	1.1009	1.0715	1.0440	1.0180	9936	9704	9485	9276
17	1.1004	1.0710	1.0435	1.0176	9932	9701	9481	9272
18	1.0999	1.0706	1.0431	1.0172	9928	9697	9478	9269
19	1.0994	1.0701	1.0426	1.0168	9924	9693	9474	9265
20	1.0989	1.0696	1.0422	1.0164	9920	9689	9470	9262
21	1.0984	1.0692	1.0418	1.0160	9916	9686	9467	9259
22	1.0979	1.0687	1.0413	1.0155	9912	9682	9463	9255
23	1.0974	1.0682	1.0408	1.0151	9908	9678	9460	9252
24	1.0969	1.0678	1.0404	1.0147	9905	9675	9456	9249
25	1.0964	1.0673	1.0400	1.0143	9901	9671	9453	9245
26	1.0959	1.0668	1.0395	1.0139	9897	9667	9449	9242
27	1.0954	1.0663	1.0391	1.0135	9893	9664	9446	9238
28	1.0949	1.0659	1.0386	1.0130	9889	9660	9442	9235
29	1.0944	1.0654	1.0382	1.0126	9885	9656	9439	9231
30	1.0939	1.0649	1.0378	1.0122	9881	9652	9435	9228



# LOGARITHMS.

"	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
31	1.0934	1.0645	1.0373	1.0118	9877	9648	9431	9225
32	1.0929	1.0640	1.0369	1.0114	9873	9645	9428	9221
33	1.0924	1.0635	1.0365	1.0110	9869	9641	9425	9218
34	1.0919	1.0631	1.0360	1.0106	9865	9637	9421	9215
35	1.0914	1.0626	1.0356	1.0102	9861	9634	9417	9211
36	1.0909	1.0621	1.0352	1.0098	9858	9630	9414	9208
37	1.0904	1.0617	1.0347	1.0093	9854	9626	9410	9205
38	1.0899	1.0612	1.0343	1.0089	9850	9623	9407	9201
39	1.0894	1.0608	1.0339	1.0085	9846	9619	9404	9198
40	1.0889	1.0603	1.0334	1.0081	9842	9615	9400	9195
41	1.0884	1.0598	1.0330	1.0077	9838	9612	9396	9191
42	1.0880	1.0594	1.0326	1.0073	9834	9608	9393	9188
43	1.0875	1.0589	1.0321	1.0069	9830	9604	9389	9185
44	1.0870	1.0584	1.0317	1.0065	9826	9601	9386	9181
45	1.0865	1.0580	1.0313	1.0061	9823	9597	9383	9178
46	1.0860	1.0575	1.0308	1.0057	9819	9593	9379	9175
47	1.0855	1.0571	1.0304	1.0053	9815	9590	9375	9171
48	1.0850	1.0566	1.0300	1.0049	9811	9586	9372	9168
49	1.0845	1.0561	1.0295	1.0044	9807	9582	9368	9165
50	1.0840	1.0557	1.0291	1.0040	9803	9579	9365	9161
51	1.0835	1.0552	1.0287	1.0036	9800	9575	9362	9158
52	1.0830	1.0548	1.0282	1.0032	9796	9571	9358	9155
53	1.0826	1.0543	1.0278	1.0028	9792	9568	9355	9151
54	1.0821	1.0539	1.0274	1.0024	9788	9564	9351	9148
55	1.0816	1.0534	1.0269	1.0020	9784	9560	9348	9145
56	1.0811	1.0529	1.0265	1.0016	9780	9557	9344	9141
57	1.0806	1.0525	1.0261	1.0012	9777	9553	9341	9138
58	1.0801	1.0520	1.0257	1.0008	9773	9549	9337	9135
59	1.0796	1.0516	1.0252	1.0004	9769	9546	9334	9132
60	1.0792	1.0512	1.0248	1.0000	9765	9542	9331	9128



# PROPORTIONAL

"	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
0	9128	8935	8751	8573	8403	8239	8081	7929	7782	7639
1	9125	8932	8748	8570	8400	8236	8078	7926	7779	7637
2	9122	8929	8745	8567	8397	8234	8076	7924	7776	7634
3	9119	8926	8742	8565	8395	8231	8073	7921	7774	7632
4	9115	8923	8739	8562	8392	8228	8071	7919	7772	7630
5	9112	8920	8736	8559	8389	8225	8068	7916	7769	7627
6	9109	8917	8733	8556	8386	8223	8066	7914	7767	7625
7	9105	8913	8730	8553	8383	8220	8063	7911	7764	7623
8	9102	8910	8727	8550	8381	8217	8060	7909	7762	7620
9	9099	8907	8724	8547	8378	8215	8058	7906	7760	7618
10	9096	8904	8721	8544	8375	8212	8055	7904	7757	7616
11	9092	8901	8718	8541	8372	8209	8053	7901	7755	7613
12	9089	8898	8715	8539	8370	8207	8050	7899	7753	7611
13	9086	8895	8712	8536	8367	8204	8047	7896	7750	7609
14	9082	8891	8709	8533	8364	8202	8045	7894	7748	7606
15	9079	8888	8706	8530	8361	8199	8043	7891	7745	7604
16	9076	8885	8703	8527	8358	8196	8040	7889	7743	7602
17	9073	8882	8700	8524	8356	8194	8037	7886	7740	7599
18	9070	8879	8697	8522	8353	8191	8035	7884	7738	7597
19	9066	8876	8694	8519	8350	8188	8032	7881	7736	7595
20	9063	8873	8691	8516	8347	8186	8030	7879	7733	7592
21	9060	8870	8688	8513	8345	8183	8027	7877	7731	7590
22	9056	8867	8685	8510	8342	8180	8024	7874	7729	7588
23	9053	8864	8682	8507	8339	8178	8022	7872	7726	7586
24	9050	8861	8679	8504	8337	8175	8020	7869	7724	7583
25	9047	8857	8676	8501	8334	8172	8017	7867	7721	7581
26	9044	8854	8673	8498	8331	8170	8014	7864	7719	7579
27	9041	8851	8670	8496	8328	8167	8012	7862	7717	7577
28	9037	8848	8667	8493	8326	8164	8009	7859	7714	7574
29	9034	8845	8664	8490	8323	8162	8007	7857	7712	7572
30	9031	8842	8661	8487	8320	8159	8004	7855	7710	7570

# LOGARITHMS.

	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
31	9027	8839	8658	8484	8317	8157	8002	7852	7707	7567
32	9024	8836	8655	8481	8315	8154	7999	7849	7705	7565
33	9021	8833	8652	8479	8312	8152	7997	7847	7703	7563
34	9018	8830	8649	8476	8309	8149	7994	7844	7700	7560
35	9015	8827	8646	8473	8306	8146	7991	7842	7698	7558
36	9012	8824	8643	8470	8304	8144	7989	7840	7696	7556
37	9008	8820	8640	8467	8301	8141	7986	7837	7693	7553
38	9005	8817	8637	8464	8298	8138	7984	7835	7691	7551
39	9002	8814	8635	8462	8296	8136	7981	7832	7688	7549
40	8999	8811	8632	8459	8293	8133	7979	7830	7686	7546
41	8995	8808	8629	8456	8290	8130	7976	7827	7683	7544
42	8992	8805	8626	8453	8288	8128	7974	7825	7681	7542
43	8989	8802	8623	8450	8285	8125	7971	7823	7679	7540
44	8986	8799	8620	8448	8282	8122	7969	7820	7676	7537
45	8983	8796	8617	8445	8279	8120	7966	7818	7674	7535
46	8980	8793	8614	8442	8277	8117	7964	7815	7672	7533
47	8976	8790	8611	8439	8274	8115	7961	7813	7669	7531
48	8973	8787	8608	8437	8271	8112	7959	7811	7667	7528
49	8970	8784	8605	8434	8268	8109	7956	7808	7665	7526
50	8967	8781	8602	8431	8266	8107	7954	7805	7662	7524
51	8964	8778	8599	8428	8263	8104	7951	7803	7660	7522
52	8960	8775	8596	8425	8260	8102	7949	7801	7658	7519
53	8957	8772	8593	8422	8258	8099	7946	7798	7655	7517
54	8954	8769	8591	8420	8255	8097	7944	7796	7653	7515
55	8951	8766	8588	8417	8252	8094	7941	7793	7651	7512
56	8948	8763	8585	8414	8250	8091	7939	7791	7648	7510
57	8945	8760	8582	8411	8247	8089	7936	7789	7646	7508
58	8942	8757	8579	8408	8244	8086	7934	7786	7644	7506
59	8938	8754	8576	8406	8242	8084	7931	7784	7641	7503
60	8935	8751	8573	8403	8239	8081	7929	7782	7639	7501



# PROPORTIONAL

	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
0	7501	7368	7238	7112	6990	6871	6755	6642	6532	6425
1	7499	7365	7236	7110	6988	6869	6753	6640	6530	6423
2	7496	7363	7234	7108	6986	6867	6751	6638	6528	6421
3	7494	7361	7232	7106	6984	6865	6749	6637	6527	6420
4	7492	7359	7229	7104	6982	6863	6747	6635	6525	6418
5	7490	7356	7227	7102	6980	6861	6745	6633	6523	6416
6	7488	7354	7225	7100	6978	6859	6743	6631	6521	6414
7	7485	7352	7223	7097	6976	6857	6741	6629	6519	6412
8	7483	7350	7221	7095	6974	6855	6739	6627	6517	6411
9	7481	7348	7219	7093	6972	6853	6738	6625	6516	6409
10	7478	7345	7216	7091	6970	6851	6736	6623	6514	6407
11	7476	7343	7214	7089	6968	6849	6734	6621	6512	6405
12	7474	7341	7212	7087	6966	6847	6732	6620	6510	6404
13	7472	7339	7210	7085	6964	6845	6730	6618	6508	6402
14	7469	7337	7208	7083	6962	6843	6728	6616	6507	6400
15	7467	7335	7206	7081	6960	6841	6726	6614	6505	6398
16	7465	7332	7204	7079	6958	6839	6724	6612	6503	6397
17	7463	7330	7202	7077	6956	6837	6722	6610	6501	6395
18	7461	7328	7200	7075	6954	6836	6721	6609	6500	6393
19	7458	7326	7197	7073	6952	6834	6719	6607	6498	6391
20	7456	7324	7195	7071	6950	6832	6717	6605	6496	6390
21	7454	7322	7193	7069	6948	6830	6715	6603	6494	6388
22	7452	7319	7191	7067	6946	6828	6713	6601	6492	6386
23	7449	7317	7189	7065	6944	6826	6711	6599	6490	6384
24	7447	7315	7187	7063	6942	6824	6709	6598	6489	6383
25	7445	7313	7185	7061	6940	6822	6707	6596	6487	6381
26	7443	7311	7183	7059	6938	6820	6705	6594	6485	6379
27	7441	7309	7181	7057	6936	6818	6704	6592	6484	6377
28	7438	7306	7179	7054	6934	6816	6702	6590	6482	6376
29	7436	7304	7177	7052	6932	6814	6700	6588	6480	6374
30	7434	7302	7175	7050	6930	6812	6698	6587	6478	6372



# LOGARITHMS.

	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
31	7431	7300	7172	7048	6928	6810	6696	6585	6476	6370
32	7429	7298	7170	7046	6926	6808	6694	6583	6474	6369
33	7427	7296	7168	7044	6924	6807	6692	6581	6473	6367
34	7425	7293	7166	7042	6922	6805	6690	6579	6471	6465
35	7423	7291	7164	7040	6920	6803	6689	6577	6469	6363
36	7421	7289	7162	7038	6918	6801	6687	6576	6467	6362
37	7418	7287	7160	7036	6916	6799	6685	6574	6465	6360
38	7416	7285	7158	7034	6914	6797	6683	6572	6464	6358
39	7414	7283	7156	7032	6912	6795	6681	6570	6462	6357
40	7411	7281	7153	7030	6910	6793	6679	6568	6460	6355
41	7409	7278	7151	7028	6908	6791	6677	6566	6458	6353
42	7407	7276	7149	7026	6906	6789	6676	6565	6457	6351
43	7405	7274	7147	7024	6904	6787	6674	6563	6455	6349
44	7403	7272	7145	7022	6902	6785	6672	6561	6453	6348
45	7401	7270	7143	7020	6900	6784	6670	6559	6451	6346
46	7398	7268	7141	7018	6898	6782	6668	6557	6449	6344
47	7396	7266	7139	7016	6896	6780	6666	6556	6448	6342
48	7394	7264	7137	7014	6894	6778	6664	6554	6446	6341
49	7392	7261	7135	7012	6892	6776	6662	6552	6444	6339
50	7389	7259	7133	7010	6890	6774	6660	6550	6442	6337
51	7387	7257	7131	7008	6888	6772	6659	6548	6441	6336
52	7385	7255	7128	7006	6886	6770	6657	6546	6439	6334
53	7383	7253	7126	7004	6884	6768	6655	6545	6437	6332
54	7381	7251	7124	7002	6882	6766	6653	6543	6435	6331
55	7378	7248	7122	7000	6880	6764	6651	6541	6434	6329
56	7376	7246	7120	6998	6878	6762	6649	6539	6432	6327
57	7374	7244	7118	6996	6877	6761	6648	6538	6430	6325
58	7372	7242	7116	6994	6875	6759	6646	6536	6428	6323
59	7370	7240	7114	6992	6873	6757	6644	6534	6426	6322
60	7368	7238	7112	6990	6871	6755	6642	6532	6425	6320

# PROPORTIONAL

"	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51
0	6320	6218	6118	6021	5925	5832	5740	5651	5563	5477
1	6318	6216	6116	6019	5923	5830	5739	5649	5561	5475
2	6317	6214	6115	6017	5912	5838	5737	5648	5560	5474
3	6315	6213	6113	6016	5920	5827	5736	5646	5559	5473
4	6313	6211	6111	6014	5919	5825	5734	5645	5557	5471
5	6311	6209	6110	6012	5917	5824	5733	5643	5556	5470
6	6310	6208	6108	6011	5916	5823	5731	5642	5554	5469
7	6308	6206	6106	6009	5914	5821	5730	5640	5553	5467
8	6306	6204	6105	6008	5912	5819	5728	5639	5551	5465
9	6305	6203	6103	6006	5911	5818	5727	5637	5550	5464
10	6303	6201	6102	6004	5909	5816	5725	5636	5548	5463
11	6301	6199	6100	6003	5908	5815	5724	5634	5547	5461
12	6300	6198	6099	6001	5906	5813	5722	5633	5546	5460
13	6298	6196	6097	6000	5905	5812	5721	5631	5544	5458
14	6296	6194	6095	5998	5903	5810	5719	5630	5543	5457
15	6294	6193	6094	5997	5902	5809	5718	5629	5541	5456
16	6293	6191	6092	5995	5900	5807	5716	5627	5540	5454
17	6291	6189	6090	5993	5898	5805	5715	5626	5538	5453
18	6289	6188	6089	5992	5897	5804	5713	5624	5537	5452
19	6287	6186	6087	5990	5895	5802	5712	5623	5535	5450
20	6286	6184	6085	5988	5894	5801	5710	5621	5534	5449
21	6284	6183	6084	5987	5892	5800	5709	5620	5533	5447
22	6282	6181	6082	5985	5890	5798	5707	5618	5531	5446
23	6281	6179	6080	5984	5889	5796	5706	5617	5530	5444
24	6279	6178	6079	5982	5888	5795	5704	5615	5528	5443
25	6277	6176	6077	5980	5886	5793	5703	5614	5527	5441
26	6275	6174	6075	5979	5884	5792	5701	5612	5525	5440
27	6274	6173	6074	5977	5883	5790	5700	5611	5524	5439
28	6272	6171	6072	5976	5881	5789	5698	5609	5522	5437
29	6270	6169	6071	5974	5880	5787	5697	5608	5521	5436
30	6269	6168	6069	5973	5878	5786	5695	5607	5520	5435



# LOGARITHMS.

	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51
31	6267	6166	6067	5971	5876	5784	5694	5605	5518	5433
32	6265	6164	6066	5969	5875	5783	5693	5604	5517	5432
33	6264	6163	6064	5968	5874	5781	5691	5602	5516	5430
34	6262	6161	6062	5966	5872	5779	5689	5601	5514	5429
35	6260	6159	6061	5964	5870	5778	5688	5599	5512	5727
36	6259	6158	6059	5963	5869	5777	5686	5598	5511	5426
37	6257	6156	6058	5961	5867	5775	5685	5596	5510	5425
38	6255	6154	6056	5960	5866	5773	5683	5595	5508	5423
39	6254	6153	6055	5958	5864	5772	5682	5594	5507	5422
40	6252	6151	6053	5957	5862	5770	5680	5592	5505	5420
41	6250	6149	6051	5955	5861	5769	5679	5590	5504	5419
42	6248	6148	6050	5954	5860	5768	5677	5589	5503	5418
43	6247	6146	6048	5952	5858	5766	5676	5587	5501	5416
44	6245	6144	6046	5950	5856	5764	5674	5586	5500	5415
45	6243	6143	6045	5949	5855	5763	5673	5585	5498	5414
46	6241	6141	6043	5947	5853	5761	5671	5583	5497	5412
47	6240	6139	6041	5945	5852	5760	5670	5582	5495	5411
48	6238	6138	6040	5944	5850	5758	5669	5580	5494	5409
49	6236	6136	6038	5942	5849	5757	5667	5579	5492	5408
50	6235	6134	6037	5941	5847	5755	5665	5577	5491	5406
51	6233	6133	6035	5939	5846	5754	5664	5576	5490	5405
52	6231	6131	6033	5938	5844	5752	5662	5574	5488	5404
53	6230	6130	6032	5936	5842	5751	5661	5573	5487	5402
54	6228	6128	6030	5935	5841	5749	5660	5572	5486	5401
55	6226	6126	6028	5933	5839	5748	5658	5570	5484	5399
56	6225	6125	6027	5931	5838	5746	5656	5569	5482	5398
57	6223	6123	6025	5930	5836	5745	5655	5567	5481	5397
58	6221	6121	6024	5928	5835	5743	5654	5566	5480	5395
59	6220	6120	6022	5927	5833	5742	5652	5564	5478	5394
60	6218	6118	6021	5925	5832	5740	5651	5563	5477	5393



# PROPORTIONAL

	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	h. o	h. c	'
"	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	1.	0	1.
0	5393	5310	5229	5149	5071	4994	4918	4844	4771	4699	
1	5391	5308	5227	5148	5069	4992	4917	4843	4770	4698	
2	5390	5307	5226	5146	5068	4991	4916	4842	4769	4697	
3	5389	5306	5225	5145	5067	4990	4915	4841	4768	4696	
4	5387	5304	5223	5144	5065	4989	4913	4839	4766	4694	
5	5386	5303	5222	5142	5064	4987	4912	4838	4765	4693	
6	5384	5302	5221	5141	5063	4986	4911	4837	4764	4692	
7	5383	5300	5219	5140	5062	4985	4910	4835	4763	4691	
8	5381	5299	5218	5138	5060	4984	4908	4834	4761	4690	
9	5380	5298	5217	5137	5059	4983	4907	4833	4760	4689	
10	5379	5296	5215	5136	5058	4981	4906	4832	4759	4687	
11	5377	5295	5214	5134	5056	4980	4905	4831	4758	4686	
12	5376	5294	5213	5133	5055	4979	4903	4830	4757	4685	
13	5374	5292	5211	5132	5054	4977	4902	4828	4755	4684	
14	5373	5291	5210	5130	5053	4976	4901	4827	4754	4683	
15	5372	5290	5209	5129	5051	4975	4900	4826	4753	4682	
16	5370	5288	5207	5128	5050	4973	4898	4824	4752	4680	
17	5369	5287	5206	5127	5049	4972	4897	4823	4751	4679	
18	5368	5285	5205	5125	5048	4971	4896	4822	4750	4678	
19	5366	5284	5203	5124	5046	4970	4895	4821	4748	4677	
20	5365	5283	5202	5123	5045	4968	4893	4820	4747	4676	
21	5364	5281	5201	5122	5044	4967	4892	4819	4746	4675	
22	5362	5280	5199	5120	5042	4966	4891	4817	4745	4673	
23	5361	5278	5198	5119	5041	4965	4890	4816	4743	4672	
24	5359	5277	5197	5118	5040	4964	4889	4815	4742	4671	
25	5358	5276	5195	5116	5038	4962	4887	4813	4741	4670	
26	5356	5274	5194	5115	5037	4961	4886	4812	4740	4669	
27	5355	5273	5193	5114	5036	4960	4885	4811	4739	4668	
28	5354	5272	5191	5112	5035	4958	4883	4810	4737	4666	
29	5352	5270	5190	5111	5033	4957	4882	4809	4736	4665	
30	5351	5269	5189	5110	5032	4956	4881	4808	4735	4664	

# LOGARITHMS.

"	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	h. °	h. '
"	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	1.	0. 1.
31	5350	5268	5187	5108	5031	4955	4880	4806	4734	4663
32	5348	5266	5186	5107	5029	4953	4878	4805	4733	4661
33	5347	5265	5185	5106	5028	4952	4877	4804	4732	4660
34	5345	5264	5183	5104	5027	4951	4876	4802	4730	4659
35	5344	5262	5182	5103	5026	4950	4875	4801	4729	4658
36	5343	5261	5181	5102	5025	4949	4874	4800	4728	4657
37	5341	5260	5179	5100	5023	4947	4872	4799	4727	4656
38	5340	5258	5178	5099	5022	4946	4871	4798	4725	4654
39	5339	5257	5177	5098	5021	4945	4870	4797	4724	4653
40	5337	5255	5175	5097	5019	4943	4869	4795	4723	4652
41	5336	5254	5174	5095	5018	4942	4867	4794	4722	4651
42	5335	5253	5173	5094	5017	4941	4866	4793	4721	4650
43	5333	5251	5171	5093	5015	4940	4865	4792	4719	4648
44	5332	5250	5170	5091	5014	4938	4864	4790	4718	4647
45	5331	5249	5169	5090	5013	4937	4863	4789	4717	4646
46	5329	5247	5167	5089	5012	4936	4861	4788	4716	4645
47	5328	5246	5166	5087	5010	4934	4860	4787	4715	4644
48	5326	5245	5165	5086	5009	4933	4859	4786	4714	4643
49	5325	5243	5163	5085	5008	4932	4858	4784	4712	4641
50	5323	5242	5162	5084	5006	4931	4856	4783	4711	4640
51	5322	5241	5161	5082	5005	4930	4855	4782	4710	4639
52	5321	5239	5159	5081	5004	4928	4854	4781	4709	4638
53	5319	5238	5158	5080	5003	4927	4853	4779	4708	4637
54	5318	5237	5157	5079	5002	4926	4852	4778	4707	4636
55	5317	5235	5155	5077	5000	4924	4850	4777	4705	4634
56	5315	5234	5154	5076	4999	4923	4849	4776	4704	4633
57	5314	5233	5153	5075	4998	4922	4848	4775	4703	4632
58	5312	5231	5152	5073	4996	4921	4846	4773	4702	4631
59	5311	5230	5150	5072	4995	4919	4845	4772	4700	4630
60	5310	5229	5149	5071	4994	4918	4844	4771	4699	4629



# PROPORTIONAL

	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.	h. o.
"	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
0	4629	4559	4491	4424	4357	4292	4228	4164	4102	4040		
1	4627	4558	4490	4422	4356	4291	4226	4163	4101	4039		
2	4626	4557	4489	4421	4355	4290	4225	4162	4100	4038		
3	4625	4556	4488	4420	4354	4289	4224	4161	4099	4037		
4	4624	4555	4486	4419	4353	4287	4223	4160	4098	4036		
5	4623	4553	4485	4418	4352	4286	4222	4159	4097	4035		
6	4622	4552	4484	4417	4351	4285	4221	4158	4096	4034		
7	4620	4551	4483	4416	4349	4284	4220	4157	4094	4033		
8	4619	4550	4482	4415	4348	4283	4219	4156	4093	4032		
9	4618	4549	4481	4414	4247	4282	4218	4155	4092	4031		
10	4617	4548	4479	4412	4346	4281	4217	4154	4091	4030		
11	4616	4547	4478	4411	4345	4280	4216	4153	4090	4029		
12	4615	4546	4477	4410	4344	4279	4215	4152	4089	4028		
13	4613	4544	4476	4409	4343	4278	4214	4151	4088	4027		
14	4612	4543	4475	4408	4342	4277	4213	4150	4087	4026		
15	4611	4542	4474	4407	4341	4276	4212	4149	4086	4025		
16	4610	4541	4473	4406	4340	4275	4211	4147	4085	4024		
17	4609	4540	4472	4405	4339	4274	4210	4146	4084	4023		
18	4608	4539	4471	4404	4338	4273	4209	4145	4083	4022		
19	4606	4537	4469	4402	4336	4271	4207	4144	4082	4021		
20	4605	4536	4468	4401	4335	4270	4206	4143	4081	4020		
21	4604	4535	4467	4400	4334	4269	4205	4142	4080	4019		
22	4603	4534	4466	4399	4333	4268	4204	4141	4079	4018		
23	4602	4533	4465	4398	4332	4267	4203	4140	4078	4017		
24	4601	4532	4464	4397	4331	4266	4202	4139	4077	4016		
25	4600	4530	4463	4396	4330	4265	4201	4138	4076	4015		
26	4598	4529	4461	4395	4329	4264	4200	4137	4075	4014		
27	4597	4528	4460	4394	4328	4263	4199	4136	4074	4013		
28	4596	4527	4459	4392	4327	4262	4198	4135	4073	4012		
29	4595	4526	4458	4391	4326	4261	4197	4134	4072	4011		
30	4594	4525	4457	4390	4325	4260	4196	4133	4071	4010		



# LOGARITHMS.

	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °
"	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
31	4593	4524	4456	4389	4323	4258	4195	4132	4070	4009		
32	4591	4523	4455	4388	4322	4257	4194	4131	4069	4008		
33	4590	4522	4454	4387	4321	4256	4193	4130	4068	4007		
34	4589	4520	4452	4386	4320	4255	4191	4129	4067	4006		
35	4588	4519	4451	4385	4319	4254	4190	4128	4066	4005		
36	4587	4518	4450	4384	4318	4253	4189	4127	4065	4004		
37	4586	4517	4449	4382	4317	4252	4188	4126	4064	4003		
38	4585	4516	4448	4381	4316	4251	4187	4125	4063	4002		
39	4584	4515	4447	4380	4315	4250	4186	4124	4062	4001		
40	4582	4513	4446	4379	4313	4249	4185	4122	4061	4000		
41	4581	4512	4445	4378	4312	4248	4184	4121	4060	3999		
42	4580	4511	4444	4377	4311	4247	4183	4120	4059	3998		
43	4579	4510	4442	4376	4310	4246	4182	4119	4057	3997		
44	4578	4509	4441	4375	4309	4245	4181	4118	4056	3996		
45	4577	4508	4440	4374	4308	4244	4180	4117	4055	3995		
46	4575	4507	4439	4372	4307	4242	4179	4116	4054	3993		
47	4574	4506	4438	4371	4306	4241	4178	4115	4053	3992		
48	4573	4505	4437	4370	4305	4240	4177	4114	4052	3991		
49	4572	4503	4436	4369	4304	4239	4176	4113	4051	3990		
50	4571	4502	4435	4368	4303	4238	4175	4112	4050	3989		
51	4570	4501	4434	4367	4302	4237	4174	4111	4049	3988		
52	4568	4500	4432	4366	4300	4236	4173	4110	4048	3987		
53	4567	4499	4431	4365	4299	4235	4172	4109	4047	3986		
54	4566	4498	4430	4364	4298	4234	4171	4108	4046	3985		
55	4565	4496	4429	4363	4297	4233	4169	4107	4045	3984		
56	4564	4495	4428	4362	4296	4232	4168	4106	4044	3983		
57	4563	4494	4427	4361	4295	4231	4167	4105	4043	3982		
58	4561	4493	4426	4359	4294	4230	4166	4104	4042	3981		
59	4560	4492	4425	4358	4293	4229	4165	4103	4041	3980		
60	4559	4491	4424	4357	4292	4228	4164	4102	4040	3979		

# PROPORTIONAL

	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o
"	1. 12	1. 13	1. 14	1. 15	1. 16	1. 17	1. 18	1. 19	1. 20	1. 21
0	3979	3919	3860	3802	3745	3688	3632	3576	3522	3468
1	3978	3918	3859	3801	3744	3687	3631	3575	3521	3467
2	3977	3917	3858	3800	3743	3686	3630	3574	3520	3466
3	3976	3917	3857	3799	3742	3685	3629	3574	3519	3465
4	3975	3916	3856	3798	3741	3684	3628	3573	3518	3464
5	3974	3915	3855	3797	3740	3683	3627	3572	3517	3463
6	3973	3914	3855	3796	3739	3682	3626	3571	3516	3463
7	3972	3913	3854	3795	3738	3681	3625	3570	3515	3462
8	3971	3912	3853	3794	3737	3680	3624	3569	3514	3461
9	3970	3911	3852	3793	3736	3679	3623	3568	3514	3460
10	3969	3910	3851	3792	3735	3678	3622	3567	3513	3459
11	3968	3909	3850	3791	3734	3677	3621	3566	3512	3458
12	3967	3908	3849	3791	3733	3677	3621	3565	3511	3457
13	3966	3907	3848	3790	3732	3676	3620	3564	3510	3456
14	3965	3906	3847	3789	3731	3675	3619	3563	3509	3455
15	3964	3905	3846	3788	3730	3674	3618	3563	3508	3454
16	3963	3904	3845	3787	3729	3673	3617	3562	3507	3454
17	3962	3903	3844	3786	3728	3672	3616	3561	3506	3453
18	3961	3902	3843	3785	3727	3671	3615	3560	3506	3452
19	3960	3901	3842	3784	3726	3670	3614	3559	3505	3451
20	3959	3900	3841	3783	3725	3669	3613	3558	3504	3450
21	3958	3899	3840	3782	3725	3668	3612	3557	3503	3449
22	3957	3898	3839	3781	3724	3667	3611	3556	3502	3448
23	3956	3897	3838	3780	3723	3666	3610	3555	3501	3447
24	3955	3896	3837	3779	3722	3665	3610	3555	3500	3446
25	3954	3895	3836	3778	3721	3664	3609	3554	3499	3445
26	3953	3894	3835	3777	3720	3663	3608	3553	3498	3445
27	3952	3893	3834	3776	3719	3663	3607	3552	3497	3444
28	3951	3892	3833	3775	3718	3662	3606	3551	3496	3443
29	3950	3891	3832	3774	3717	3661	3605	3550	3496	3442
30	3949	3890	3831	3773	3716	3660	3604	3549	3495	3441



# LOGARITHMS.

	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °
"	I. 12	I. 13	I. 14	I. 15	I. 16	I. 17	I. 18	I. 19	I. 20	I. 21	
31	3948	3889	3830	3772	3715	3659	3603	3548	3494	3440	
32	3947	3888	3829	3771	3714	3658	3602	3547	3493	3439	
33	3946	3887	3828	3770	3713	3657	3601	3546	3492	3438	
34	3945	3886	3827	3769	3712	3656	3600	3545	3491	3438	
35	3944	3885	3826	3768	3711	3655	3599	3544	3490	3437	
36	3943	3884	3825	3768	3710	3654	3598	3544	3489	3436	
37	3942	3883	3824	3767	3709	3653	3597	3543	3488	3435	
38	3941	3882	3823	3766	3708	3652	3596	3542	3487	3434	
39	3940	3881	3822	3765	3708	3651	3596	3541	3487	3433	
40	3939	3880	3821	3764	3707	3650	3595	3540	3486	3432	
41	3938	3879	3820	3763	3706	3649	3594	3539	3485	3431	
42	3937	3878	3820	3762	3705	3649	3593	3538	3484	3431	
43	3936	3877	3819	3761	3704	3648	3592	3537	3483	3430	
44	3935	3876	3818	3760	3703	3647	3591	3536	3482	3429	
45	3934	3875	3817	3759	3702	3646	3590	3535	3481	3428	
46	3933	3874	3816	3758	3701	3645	3589	3534	3480	3427	
47	3932	3873	3815	3757	3700	3644	3588	3533	3479	3426	
48	3931	3872	3814	3756	3699	3643	3587	3533	3479	3425	
49	3930	3871	3813	3755	3698	3642	3586	3532	3478	3424	
50	3929	3870	3812	3754	3697	3641	3585	3531	3477	3423	
51	3928	3869	3811	3753	3696	3640	3585	3530	3476	3423	
52	3927	3868	3810	3752	3695	3639	3584	3529	3475	3422	
53	3926	3867	3809	3751	3694	3638	3583	3528	3474	3421	
54	3925	3866	3808	3750	3693	3637	3582	3527	3473	3420	
55	3924	3865	3807	3749	3692	3636	3581	3526	3472	3419	
56	3923	3864	3806	3748	3691	3635	3580	3525	3471	3418	
57	3922	3863	3805	3747	3691	3635	3579	3525	3471	3417	
58	3921	3862	3804	3746	3690	3634	3578	3524	3470	3416	
59	3920	3861	3803	3745	3689	3633	3577	3523	3469	3415	
60	3919	3860	3802	3745	3688	3632	3576	3522	3468	3415	



# PROPORTIONAL

	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.
"	1. 22	1. 23	1. 24	1. 25	1. 26	1. 27	1. 28	1. 29	1. 30	1. 31	
0	3415	3362	3310	3259	3208	3158	3108	3059	3010	2962	
1	3414	3361	3309	3258	3207	3157	3107	3058	3009	2961	
2	3413	3360	3308	3257	3206	3156	3106	3057	3009	2961	
3	3412	3359	3307	3256	3205	3155	3105	3056	3008	2960	
4	3411	3358	3306	3255	3204	3154	3105	3056	3007	2959	
5	3410	3358	3306	3254	3203	3153	3104	3055	3006	2958	
6	3409	3357	3305	3253	3203	3153	3103	3054	3005	2958	
7	3408	3356	3304	3253	3202	3152	3102	3053	3005	2957	
8	3407	3355	3303	3252	3201	3151	3101	3052	3004	2956	
9	3407	3354	3302	3251	3200	3150	3101	3052	3003	2955	
10	3406	3353	3301	3250	3199	3149	3100	3051	3002	2954	
11	3405	3352	3300	3249	3198	3148	3099	3050	3001	2954	
12	3404	3351	3300	3248	3198	3148	3098	3049	3001	2953	
13	3403	3351	3299	3247	3197	3147	3097	3048	3000	2952	
14	3402	3350	3298	3247	3196	3146	3096	3047	2999	2951	
15	3401	3349	3297	3246	3195	3145	3096	3047	2998	2950	
16	3400	3348	3296	3245	3194	3144	3095	3046	2997	2950	
17	3400	3347	3295	3244	3193	3143	3094	3045	2997	2949	
18	3399	3346	3294	3243	3193	3143	3093	3044	2996	2948	
19	3398	3345	3294	3242	3192	3142	3092	3043	2995	2947	
20	3397	3344	3293	3241	3191	3141	3091	3043	2994	2946	
21	3396	3344	3292	3241	3190	3140	3091	3042	2993	2946	
22	3395	3343	3291	3240	3189	3139	3090	3041	2993	2945	
23	3394	3342	3290	3239	3188	3138	3089	3040	2992	2944	
24	3393	3341	3289	3238	3188	3138	3088	3039	2991	2943	
25	3393	3340	3288	3237	3187	3137	3087	3038	2990	2942	
26	3392	3339	3287	3236	3186	3136	3086	3038	2989	2942	
27	3391	3338	3287	3236	3185	3135	3086	3037	2989	2941	
28	3390	3338	3286	3235	3184	3134	3085	3036	2988	2940	
29	3389	3337	3285	3234	3183	3133	3084	3035	2987	2939	
30	3388	3336	3284	3233	3183	3133	3083	3034	2986	2939	

# LOGARITHMS.

	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °
"	1. 22	1. 23	1. 24	1. 25	1. 26	1. 27	1. 28	1. 29	1. 30	1. 31	
31	3387	3335	3283	3232	3182	3132	3082	3034	2985	2938	
32	3386	3334	3282	3231	3181	3131	3082	3033	2985	2937	
33	3386	3333	3282	3231	3180	3130	3081	3032	2984	2936	
34	3385	3332	3281	3230	3179	3129	3080	3031	2983	2935	
35	3384	3331	3280	3229	3178	3128	3079	3030	2982	2934	
36	3383	3331	3279	3228	3178	3128	3078	3030	2981	2934	
37	3382	3330	3278	3227	3177	3127	3078	3029	2981	2933	
38	3381	3329	3277	3226	3176	3126	3077	3028	2980	2932	
39	3380	3328	3276	3225	3175	3125	3076	3027	2979	2931	
40	3379	3327	3276	3225	3174	3124	3075	3026	2978	2931	
41	3378	3326	3275	3224	3173	3123	3074	3026	2977	2930	
42	3378	3325	3274	3223	3173	3123	3073	3025	2977	2929	
43	3377	3325	3273	3222	3172	3122	3073	3024	2976	2928	
44	3376	3324	3272	3221	3171	3121	3072	3023	2975	2927	
45	3375	3323	3271	3220	3170	3120	3071	3022	2974	2927	
46	3374	3322	3270	3219	3169	3119	3070	3022	2973	2926	
47	3373	3321	3270	3219	3168	3119	3069	3021	2973	2925	
48	3372	3320	3269	3218	3168	3118	3069	3020	2972	2924	
49	3371	3319	3268	3217	3167	3117	3068	3019	2971	2923	
50	3371	3318	3267	3216	3166	3116	3067	3018	2970	2923	
51	3370	3318	3266	3215	3165	3115	3066	3018	2969	2922	
52	3369	3317	3265	3214	3164	3114	3065	3017	2969	2921	
53	3368	3316	3264	3214	3163	3114	3064	3016	2968	2920	
54	3367	3315	3264	3213	3163	3113	3064	3015	2967	2920	
55	3366	3314	3263	3212	3162	3112	3063	3014	2966	2919	
56	3365	3313	3262	3211	3161	3111	3062	3013	2965	2918	
57	3365	3313	3261	3210	3160	3110	3061	3013	2965	2917	
58	3364	3312	3260	3209	3159	3109	3060	3012	2964	2916	
59	3363	3311	3259	3209	3158	3109	3060	3011	2963	2916	
60	3362	3310	3259	3208	3158	3108	3059	3010	2962	2915	



# PROPORTIONAL

	h. 1. 32	h. 1. 33	h. 1. 34	h. 1. 35	h. 1. 36	h. 1. 37	h. 1. 38	h. 1. 39	h. 1. 40	h. 1. 41
0	2915	2868	2821	2775	2730	2685	2640	2596	2553	2510
1	2914	2867	2821	2775	2729	2684	2640	2596	2552	2509
2	2913	2866	2820	2774	2728	2683	2639	2595	2551	2508
3	2912	2866	2819	2773	2728	2683	2638	2594	2551	2507
4	2912	2865	2818	2772	2727	2682	2637	2593	2550	2507
5	2911	2864	2818	2772	2726	2681	2637	2593	2549	2506
6	2910	2863	2817	2771	2725	2681	2636	2592	2548	2505
7	2909	2862	2816	2770	2725	2680	2635	2591	2548	2504
8	2908	2862	2815	2769	2724	2679	2634	2590	2547	2504
9	2908	2861	2815	2769	2723	2678	2634	2590	2546	2503
10	2907	2860	2814	2768	2722	2678	2633	2589	2545	2502
11	2906	2859	2813	2767	2722	2677	2632	2588	2545	2502
12	2905	2859	2812	2766	2721	2676	2632	2588	2544	2501
13	2905	2858	2811	2766	2720	2675	2631	2587	2543	2500
14	2904	2857	2811	2765	2719	2675	2630	2586	2543	2499
15	2903	2856	2810	2764	2719	2674	2629	2585	2542	2499
16	2902	2855	2809	2763	2718	2673	2629	2585	2541	2498
17	2901	2855	2808	2762	2717	2672	2628	2584	2540	2497
18	2901	2854	2808	2762	2716	2672	2627	2583	2540	2497
19	2900	2853	2807	2761	2716	2671	2626	2582	2539	2496
20	2899	2852	2806	2760	2715	2670	2626	2582	2538	2495
21	2898	2852	2805	2760	2714	2669	2625	2581	2538	2494
22	2898	2851	2804	2759	2713	2669	2624	2580	2537	2494
23	2897	2850	2804	2758	2713	2668	2623	2580	2536	2493
24	2896	2849	2803	2757	2712	2667	2623	2579	2535	2492
25	2895	2848	2802	2756	2711	2666	2622	2578	2535	2492
26	2894	2848	2801	2756	2710	2666	2621	2577	2534	2491
27	2894	2847	2801	2755	2710	2665	2621	2577	2533	2490
28	2893	2846	2800	2754	2709	2664	2620	2576	2532	2489
29	2892	2845	2799	2753	2708	2663	2619	2575	2532	2489
30	2891	2845	2798	2753	2707	2663	2618	2574	2531	2488



# LOGARITHMS.

	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	a. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °
"	1. 32	1. 33	1. 34	1. 35	1. 36	1. 37	1. 38	1. 39	1. 40	1. 41	
31	2890	2844	2798	2752	2707	2662	2618	2574	2530	2487	
32	2890	2843	2797	2751	2706	2661	2617	2573	2530	2487	
33	2889	2842	2796	2750	2705	2660	2616	2572	2529	2486	
34	2888	2841	2795	2750	2704	2660	2615	2572	2528	2485	
35	2887	2841	2795	2749	2704	2659	2615	2571	2527	2484	
36	2887	2840	2794	2748	2703	2658	2614	2570	2527	2484	
37	2886	2839	2793	2747	2702	2657	2613	2569	2526	2483	
38	2885	2838	2792	2747	2701	2657	2612	2569	2525	2482	
39	2884	2838	2792	2746	2701	2656	2612	2568	2525	2482	
40	2883	2837	2791	2745	2700	2655	2611	2567	2524	2481	
41	2883	2836	2790	2744	2699	2654	2610	2566	2523	2480	
42	2882	2835	2789	2744	2698	2654	2610	2566	2522	2480	
43	2881	2834	2788	2743	2698	2653	2609	2565	2522	2479	
44	2880	2834	2788	2742	2697	2652	2608	2564	2521	2478	
45	2880	2833	2787	2741	2696	2652	2607	2564	2520	2477	
46	2879	2832	2786	2741	2695	2651	2607	2563	2520	2477	
47	2878	2831	2785	2740	2695	2650	2606	2562	2519	2476	
48	2877	2831	2785	2739	2694	2649	2605	2561	2518	2475	
49	2876	2830	2784	2738	2693	2649	2604	2561	2517	2474	
50	2876	2829	2783	2737	2692	2648	2604	2560	2517	2474	
51	2875	2828	2782	2737	2692	2647	2603	2559	2516	2473	
52	2874	2828	2782	2736	2691	2646	2602	2558	2515	2472	
53	2873	2827	2781	2735	2690	2646	2601	2558	2514	2472	
54	2873	2826	2780	2735	2689	2645	2601	2557	2514	2471	
55	2872	2825	2779	2734	2689	2644	2600	2556	2513	2470	
56	2871	2824	2778	2733	2688	2643	2599	2556	2512	2470	
57	2870	2824	2778	2732	2687	2643	2599	2555	2512	2469	
58	2869	2823	2777	2731	2686	2642	2598	2554	2511	2468	
59	2869	2822	2776	2731	2686	2641	2597	2553	2510	2467	
60	2868	2821	2775	2730	2685	2640	2596	2553	2510	2467	

# PROPORTIONAL

	h. / o.	h. / o.	h. / o.	h. / o.	h. / o.	h. / o.	h. / o.	h. / o.	h. / o.	h. / o.
"	1. 42	1. 43	1. 44	1. 45	1. 46	1. 47	1. 48	1. 49	1. 50	1. 51
0	2467	2424	2382	2341	2300	2259	2218	2178	2139	2099
1	2466	2424	2382	2340	2299	2258	2218	2178	2138	2099
2	2465	2423	2381	2339	2298	2257	2217	2177	2137	2098
3	2465	2422	2380	2339	2298	2257	2216	2176	2137	2098
4	2464	2421	2380	2338	2297	2256	2216	2176	2136	2097
5	2463	2421	2379	2337	2296	2255	2215	2175	2135	2096
6	2462	2420	2378	2337	2296	2255	2214	2174	2135	2096
7	2462	2419	2378	2336	2295	2254	2214	2174	2134	2095
8	2461	2419	2377	2335	2294	2253	2213	2173	2133	2094
9	2460	2418	2376	2335	2294	2253	2212	2172	2133	2094
10	2460	2417	2375	2334	2293	2252	2212	2172	2132	2093
11	2459	2417	2375	2333	2292	2251	2211	2171	2132	2092
12	2458	2416	2374	2333	2291	2251	2210	2170	2131	2092
13	2457	2415	2373	2332	2291	2250	2210	2170	2130	2091
14	2457	2414	2373	2331	2290	2249	2209	2169	2130	2090
15	2456	2414	2372	2331	2289	2249	2208	2169	2129	2090
16	2455	2413	2371	2330	2289	2248	2208	2168	2128	2089
17	2455	2412	2371	2329	2288	2247	2207	2167	2128	2088
18	2454	2412	2370	2328	2287	2247	2206	2167	2127	2088
19	2453	2411	2369	2328	2287	2246	2206	2166	2126	2087
20	2452	2410	2368	2327	2286	2245	2205	2165	2126	2086
21	2452	2410	2368	2326	2285	2245	2204	2165	2125	2086
22	2451	2409	2367	2326	2285	2244	2204	2164	2124	2085
23	2450	2408	2366	2325	2284	2243	2203	2163	2124	2084
24	2450	2408	2366	2324	2283	2243	2202	2163	2123	2084
25	2449	2407	2365	2324	2283	2242	2202	2162	2122	2083
26	2448	2406	2364	2323	2282	2241	2201	2161	2122	2083
27	2448	2405	2364	2322	2281	2241	2200	2161	2121	2082
28	2447	2405	2363	2322	2281	2240	2200	2160	2120	2081
29	2446	2404	2362	2321	2280	2239	2199	2159	2120	2081
30	2445	2403	2362	2320	2279	2239	2198	2159	2119	2080



# LOGARITHMS.

	h °	/h °	/h °	/h °	/h °	/h °	/h °	/h °	/h °	/h °	/h °
"	1.42	1.43	1.44	1.45	1.46	1.47	1.48	1.49	1.50	1.51	
31	2445	2403	2361	2319	2279	2238	2198	2158	2118	2079	
32	2444	2402	2360	2319	2278	2237	2197	2157	2118	2079	
33	2443	2401	2359	2318	2277	2237	2196	2157	2117	2078	
34	2443	2400	2359	2317	2276	2236	2196	2156	2116	2077	
35	2442	2400	2358	2317	2276	2235	2195	2155	2116	2077	
36	2441	2399	2357	2316	2275	2235	2194	2155	2115	2076	
37	2440	2398	2357	2315	2274	2234	2194	2154	2114	2075	
38	2440	2398	2356	2315	2274	2233	2193	2153	2114	2075	
39	2439	2397	2355	2314	2273	2233	2192	2153	2113	2074	
40	2438	2396	2355	2313	2272	2232	2192	2152	2113	2073	
41	2438	2396	2354	2313	2272	2231	2191	2151	2112	2073	
42	2437	2395	2353	2312	2271	2231	2190	2151	2111	2072	
43	2436	2394	2353	2311	2270	2230	2190	2150	2111	2071	
44	2436	2394	2352	2311	2270	2229	2189	2149	2110	2071	
45	2435	2393	2351	2310	2269	2229	2188	2149	2109	2070	
46	2434	2392	2350	2309	2268	2228	2188	2148	2109	2070	
47	2433	2391	2350	2308	2268	2227	2187	2147	2108	2069	
48	2433	2391	2349	2308	2267	2227	2186	2147	2107	2068	
49	2432	2390	2348	2307	2266	2226	2186	2146	2107	2068	
50	2431	2389	2348	2306	2266	2225	2185	2145	2106	2067	
51	2431	2389	2347	2306	2265	2225	2184	2145	2105	2066	
52	2430	2388	2346	2305	2264	2224	2184	2144	2105	2066	
53	2429	2387	2346	2304	2264	2223	2183	2143	2104	2065	
54	2429	2387	2345	2304	2263	2223	2182	2143	2103	2064	
55	2428	2386	2344	2303	2262	2222	2182	2142	2103	2064	
56	2427	2385	2344	2302	2262	2221	2181	2141	2102	2063	
57	2426	2384	2343	2302	2261	2220	2180	2141	2101	2062	
58	2426	2384	2342	2301	2260	2220	2180	2140	2101	2062	
59	2425	2383	2341	2300	2260	2219	2179	2139	2100	2061	
60	2424	2382	2341	2300	2259	2218	2178	2139	2099	2061	



# PROPORTIONAL

	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$
"	1. 52	1. 53	1. 54	1. 55	1. 56	1. 57	1. 58	1. 59	2. 0	2. 1	
0	2061	2022	1984	1946	1908	1871	1834	1797	1761	1725	
1	2060	2021	1983	1945	1907	1870	1833	1797	1760	1724	
2	2059	2021	1982	1944	1907	1870	1833	1796	1760	1724	
3	2059	2020	1982	1944	1906	1869	1832	1795	1759	1723	
4	3058	2019	1981	1943	1906	1868	1831	1795	1758	1722	
5	2057	2019	1980	1943	1905	1868	1831	1794	1758	1722	
6	2057	2018	1980	1942	1904	1867	1830	1794	1757	1721	
7	2056	2017	1979	1941	1904	1867	1830	1793	1757	1721	
8	2055	2017	1979	1941	1903	1866	1829	1792	1756	1720	
9	2055	2016	1978	1940	1903	1865	1828	1792	1755	1719	
10	2054	2016	1977	1939	1902	1865	1828	1791	1755	1719	
11	2053	2015	1977	1939	1901	1864	1827	1791	1754	1718	
12	2053	2014	1976	1938	1901	1863	1827	1790	1754	1718	
13	2052	2014	1975	1938	1900	1863	1826	1789	1753	1717	
14	2051	2013	1975	1937	1899	1862	1825	1789	1752	1716	
15	2051	2012	1974	1936	1899	1862	1825	1788	1752	1716	
16	2050	2012	1973	1936	1898	1861	1824	1787	1751	1715	
17	2050	2011	1973	1935	1898	1860	1823	1787	1751	1715	
18	2049	2010	1972	1934	1897	1860	1823	1786	1750	1714	
19	2048	2010	1972	1934	1896	1859	1822	1786	1749	1713	
20	2048	2009	1971	1933	1896	1858	1822	1785	1749	1713	
21	3047	2009	1970	1933	1895	1858	1821	1785	1748	1712	
22	2046	2008	1970	1932	1894	1857	1820	1784	1748	1712	
23	2046	2007	1969	1931	1894	1857	1820	1783	1747	1711	
24	2045	2007	1968	1931	1893	1856	1819	1783	1746	1711	
25	2044	2006	1968	1930	1893	1855	1819	1782	1746	1710	
26	2044	2005	1967	1929	1892	1855	1818	1781	1745	1709	
27	2043	2005	1967	1929	1891	1854	1817	1781	1745	1709	
28	2042	2004	1966	1928	1891	1854	1817	1780	1744	1708	
29	2042	2004	1965	1927	1890	1853	1816	1780	1743	1708	
30	2041	2003	1965	1927	1889	1852	1816	1779	1743	1707	

# LOGARITHMS.

	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °
"	1. 52	1. 53	1. 54	1. 55	1. 56	1. 57	1. 58	1. 59	2. 0	2. 1	
31	2041	2002	1964	1926	1889	1852	1815	1778	1742	1706	
32	2040	2001	1963	1926	1888	1851	1814	1778	1742	1706	
33	2039	2001	1963	1925	1888	1850	1814	1777	1741	1705	
34	2039	2000	1962	1924	1887	1850	1813	1777	1740	1705	
35	2038	2000	1961	1924	1886	1849	1812	1776	1740	1704	
36	2037	1999	1961	1923	1886	1849	1812	1775	1739	1703	
37	2037	1998	1960	1922	1885	1848	1811	1775	1739	1703	
38	2036	1998	1960	1922	1884	1847	1811	1774	1738	1702	
39	2035	1997	1959	1921	1884	1847	1810	1774	1737	1702	
40	2035	1996	1958	1921	1883	1846	1809	1773	1737	1701	
41	2034	1996	1958	1920	1883	1846	1809	1772	1736	1700	
42	2033	1995	1957	1919	1882	1845	1808	1772	1736	1700	
43	2033	1994	1956	1919	1881	1844	1808	1771	1735	1699	
44	2032	1994	1956	1918	1881	1844	1807	1771	1734	1699	
45	2032	1993	1955	1918	1880	1843	1806	1770	1734	1698	
46	2031	1993	1955	1917	1879	1842	1806	1769	1733	1697	
47	2030	1992	1954	1916	1879	1842	1805	1769	1733	1697	
48	2030	1991	1953	1916	1878	1841	1805	1768	1732	1696	
49	2029	1991	1953	1915	1878	1841	1804	1768	1731	1696	
50	2028	1990	1952	1914	1877	1840	1803	1767	1731	1695	
51	2028	1989	1951	1914	1876	1839	1803	1766	1730	1694	
52	2027	1989	1951	1913	1876	1839	1802	1766	1730	1694	
53	2026	1988	1950	1912	1875	1838	1801	1765	1729	1693	
54	2026	1987	1950	1912	1875	1838	1801	1765	1728	1693	
55	2025	1987	1949	1911	1874	1837	1800	1764	1728	1692	
56	2024	1986	1948	1911	1873	1836	1800	1763	1727	1691	
57	2024	1986	1948	1910	1873	1836	1799	1763	1727	1691	
58	2023	1985	1947	1909	1872	1835	1798	1762	1726	1690	
59	2023	1984	1946	1909	1871	1834	1798	1761	1725	1690	
60	2022	1984	1946	1908	1871	1834	1797	1761	1725	1689	



# PROPORTIONAL

"	h 2.	h 2.	h 3.	h 4.	h 5.	h 6.	h 7.	h 8.	h 9.	h 10.	h 11.
0	1689	1654	1619	1584	1549	1515	1481	1447	1413	1380	
1	1688	1653	1618	1583	1548	1514	1480	1446	1412	1379	
2	1688	1652	1617	1582	1548	1514	1479	1446	1412	1379	
3	1687	1652	1617	1582	1547	1513	1479	1445	1412	1378	
4	1687	1651	1616	1581	1547	1512	1478	1445	1411	1378	
5	1686	1651	1616	1581	1546	1512	1478	1444	1410	1377	
6	1686	1650	1615	1580	1546	1511	1477	1443	1410	1377	
7	1685	1650	1614	1580	1545	1511	1477	1443	1409	1376	
8	1684	1649	1614	1579	1544	1510	1476	1442	1409	1376	
9	1684	1648	1613	1578	1544	1510	1476	1442	1408	1375	
10	1683	1648	1613	1578	1543	1509	1475	1441	1408	1374	
11	1683	1647	1612	1577	1543	1508	1474	1441	1407	1374	
12	1682	1647	1612	1577	1542	1508	1474	1440	1407	1373	
13	1681	1646	1611	1576	1542	1507	1473	1440	1406	1373	
14	1681	1645	1610	1575	1541	1507	1473	1439	1405	1372	
15	1680	1645	1610	1575	1540	1506	1472	1438	1405	1372	
16	1680	1644	1609	1574	1540	1506	1472	1438	1404	1371	
17	1679	1644	1609	1574	1539	1505	1471	1437	1404	1371	
18	1678	1643	1608	1573	1539	1504	1470	1437	1403	1370	
19	1678	1642	1607	1573	1538	1504	1470	1436	1403	1369	
20	1677	1642	1607	1572	1538	1503	1469	1436	1402	1369	
21	1677	1641	1606	1571	1537	1503	1469	1435	1402	1368	
22	1676	1641	1606	1571	1536	1502	1468	1434	1401	1368	
23	1675	1640	1605	1570	1536	1502	1468	1434	1400	1367	
24	1675	1640	1605	1570	1535	1501	1467	1433	1400	1367	
25	1674	1639	1604	1569	1535	1500	1466	1433	1399	1366	
26	1674	1638	1603	1569	1534	1500	1466	1432	1399	1366	
27	1673	1638	1603	1568	1534	1499	1465	1432	1398	1365	
28	1673	1637	1602	1567	1533	1499	1465	1431	1398	1365	
29	1672	1637	1602	1567	1532	1498	1464	1431	1397	1364	
30	1671	1636	1601	1566	1532	1498	1464	1430	1397	1363	



# LOGARITHMS.

	h o	/h 1	/h 2	/h 3	/h 4	/h 5	/h 6	/h 7	/h 8	/h 9	/h 10	/h 11
"	2.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	
31	1671	1635	1600	1566	1531	1497	1463	1429	1396	1363		
32	1670	1635	1600	1565	1531	1496	1463	1429	1395	1362		
33	1670	1634	1599	1565	1530	1496	1462	1428	1395	1362		
34	1669	1634	1599	1564	1529	1495	1461	1428	1394	1361		
35	1668	1633	1598	1563	1529	1495	1461	1427	1394	1361		
36	1668	1633	1598	1563	1528	1494	1460	1427	1393	1360		
37	1667	1632	1597	1562	1528	1494	1460	1426	1393	1360		
38	1667	1631	1596	1562	1527	1493	1459	1426	1392	1359		
39	1666	1631	1596	1561	1527	1493	1459	1425	1392	1359		
40	1665	1630	1595	1560	1526	1492	1458	1424	1391	1358		
41	1665	1630	1595	1560	1525	1491	1457	1424	1390	1357		
42	1664	1629	1594	1559	1525	1491	1457	1423	1390	1357		
43	1664	1628	1593	1559	1524	1490	1456	1423	1389	1356		
44	1663	1628	1593	1558	1524	1490	1456	1422	1389	1356		
45	1663	1627	1592	1558	1523	1489	1455	1422	1388	1355		
46	1662	1627	1592	1557	1523	1489	1455	1421	1388	1355		
47	1661	1626	1591	1556	1522	1488	1454	1420	1387	1354		
48	1661	1626	1591	1556	1522	1487	1454	1420	1387	1354		
49	1660	1625	1590	1555	1521	1487	1453	1419	1386	1353		
50	1660	1624	1589	1555	1520	1486	1452	1419	1386	1352		
51	1659	1624	1589	1554	1520	1486	1452	1418	1385	1352		
52	1658	1623	1588	1554	1519	1485	1451	1418	1384	1351		
53	1658	1623	1588	1553	1518	1485	1451	1417	1384	1351		
54	1657	1622	1587	1552	1518	1484	1450	1417	1383	1350		
55	1657	1621	1586	1552	1518	1483	1450	1416	1383	1350		
56	1656	1621	1586	1551	1517	1483	1449	1415	1382	1349		
57	1655	1620	1585	1551	1516	1482	1449	1415	1382	1349		
58	1655	1620	1585	1550	1516	1482	1448	1414	1381	1348		
59	1654	1619	1584	1550	1515	1481	1447	1414	1381	1347		
60	1654	1619	1584	1549	1515	1481	1447	1413	1380	1347		

# PROPORTIONAL

	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$	$\frac{h}{o}$
"	2. 12	2. 13	2. 14	2. 15	2. 16	2. 17	2. 18	2. 19	2. 20	2. 21		
0	1347	1314	1282	1249	1217	1186	1154	1123	1091	1061		
1	1346	1314	1281	1249	1217	1185	1153	1122	1091	1060		
2	1346	1313	1281	1248	1216	1184	1153	1121	1090	1059		
3	1345	1313	1280	1248	1216	1184	1152	1121	1090	1059		
4	1345	1312	1279	1247	1215	1183	1152	1120	1089	1058		
5	1344	1311	1279	1247	1215	1183	1151	1120	1089	1058		
6	1344	1311	1278	1246	1214	1182	1151	1119	1088	1057		
7	1343	1310	1278	1246	1214	1182	1150	1119	1088	1057		
8	1343	1310	1277	1245	1213	1181	1150	1118	1087	1056		
9	1342	1309	1277	1245	1213	1181	1149	1118	1087	1056		
10	1341	1309	1276	1244	1212	1180	1149	1117	1086	1055		
11	1341	1308	1276	1243	1211	1180	1148	1117	1086	1055		
12	1340	1308	1275	1243	1211	1179	1148	1116	1085	1054		
13	1340	1307	1275	1242	1210	1179	1147	1116	1085	1054		
14	1339	1307	1274	1242	1210	1178	1147	1115	1084	1053		
15	1339	1306	1274	1241	1209	1178	1146	1115	1084	1053		
16	1338	1305	1273	1241	1209	1177	1146	1114	1083	1052		
17	1338	1305	1272	1240	1208	1177	1145	1114	1083	1052		
18	1337	1304	1272	1240	1208	1176	1145	1113	1082	1051		
19	1337	1304	1271	1239	1207	1175	1144	1113	1082	1051		
20	1336	1303	1271	1239	1207	1175	1143	1112	1081	1050		
21	1335	1303	1270	1238	1206	1174	1143	1112	1081	1050		
22	1335	1302	1270	1238	1206	1174	1142	1111	1080	1049		
23	1334	1302	1269	1237	1205	1173	1142	1111	1080	1049		
24	1334	1301	1269	1237	1205	1173	1141	1110	1079	1048		
25	1333	1301	1268	1236	1204	1172	1141	1110	1079	1048		
26	1333	1300	1268	1235	1203	1172	1140	1109	1078	1047		
27	1332	1300	1267	1235	1203	1171	1140	1109	1078	1047		
28	1332	1299	1267	1234	1202	1171	1139	1108	1077	1046		
29	1331	1298	1266	1234	1202	1170	1139	1107	1076	1046		
30	1331	1298	1266	1233	1201	1170	1138	1107	1076	1045		



# LOGARITHMS.

	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °	h °
"	2. 12	2. 13	2. 14	2. 15	2. 16	2. 17	2. 18	2. 19	2. 20	2. 21	
31	1330	1297	1265	1233	1201	1169	1138	1106	1075	1045	
32	1329	1297	1264	1232	1200	1169	1137	1106	1075	1044	
33	1329	1296	1264	1232	1200	1168	1137	1105	1074	1044	
34	1328	1296	1263	1231	1199	1168	1136	1105	1074	1043	
35	1328	1295	1263	1231	1199	1167	1136	1104	1073	1043	
36	1327	1295	1262	1230	1198	1167	1135	1104	1073	1042	
37	1327	1294	1262	1230	1198	1166	1135	1103	1072	1042	
38	1326	1294	1261	1229	1197	1165	1134	1103	1072	1041	
39	1326	1293	1261	1229	1197	1165	1134	1102	1071	1041	
40	1325	1292	1260	1228	1196	1164	1133	1102	1071	1040	
41	1325	1292	1260	1227	1196	1164	1132	1101	1070	1039	
42	1324	1291	1259	1227	1195	1163	1132	1101	1070	1039	
43	1323	1291	1258	1226	1194	1163	1131	1100	1069	1038	
44	1323	1290	1258	1226	1194	1162	1131	1100	1069	1038	
45	1322	1290	1257	1225	1193	1162	1130	1099	1068	1037	
46	1322	1289	1257	1225	1193	1161	1130	1099	1068	1037	
47	1321	1289	1256	1224	1192	1161	1129	1098	1067	1036	
48	1321	1288	1256	1224	1192	1160	1129	1098	1067	1036	
49	1320	1288	1255	1223	1191	1160	1128	1097	1066	1035	
50	1320	1287	1255	1223	1191	1159	1128	1097	1066	1035	
51	1319	1287	1254	1222	1190	1159	1127	1096	1065	1034	
52	1319	1186	1254	1222	1190	1158	1127	1096	1065	1034	
53	1318	1285	1253	1221	1189	1158	1126	1095	1064	1033	
54	1317	1285	1253	1221	1189	1157	1126	1095	1064	1033	
55	1317	1284	1252	1220	1188	1157	1125	1094	1063	1032	
56	1316	1284	1251	1219	1188	1156	1125	1093	1063	1032	
57	1316	1283	1251	1219	1187	1156	1124	1093	1062	1031	
58	1315	1283	1250	1218	1187	1155	1124	1092	1062	1031	
59	1315	1282	1250	1218	1186	1154	1123	1092	1061	1030	
60	1314	1282	1249	1217	1186	1154	1123	1091	1061	1030	



# PROPORTIONAL

	$\frac{h}{10}$	$\frac{h}{20}$	$\frac{h}{30}$	$\frac{h}{40}$	$\frac{h}{50}$	$\frac{h}{60}$	$\frac{h}{70}$	$\frac{h}{80}$	$\frac{h}{90}$	$\frac{h}{100}$	$\frac{h}{110}$	$\frac{h}{120}$
"	2. 22	2. 23	2. 24	2. 25	2. 26	2. 27	2. 28	2. 29	2. 30	2. 31		
0	1030	0999	0969	0939	0909	0880	0850	0821	0792	0763		
1	1029	0999	0969	0939	0909	0879	0850	0820	0791	0762		
2	1029	0998	0968	0938	0908	0879	0849	0820	0791	0762		
3	1028	0998	0968	0938	0908	0878	0849	0819	0790	0761		
4	1028	0997	0967	0937	0907	0878	0848	0819	0790	0761		
5	1027	0997	0967	0937	0907	0877	0848	0818	0789	0760		
6	1027	0996	0966	0936	0906	0877	0847	0818	0789	0760		
7	1026	0996	0966	0936	0906	0876	0847	0817	0788	0760		
8	1026	0995	0965	0935	0905	0876	0846	0817	0788	0759		
9	1025	0995	0965	0935	0905	0875	0846	0816	0787	0759		
10	1025	0994	0964	0934	0904	0875	0845	0816	0787	0758		
11	1024	0994	0964	0934	0904	0874	0845	0815	0787	0758		
12	1024	0993	0963	0933	0903	0874	0844	0815	0786	0757		
13	1023	0993	0963	0933	0903	0873	0844	0814	0786	0757		
14	1023	0992	0962	0932	0902	0873	0843	0814	0785	0756		
15	1022	0992	0962	0932	0902	0872	0843	0814	0785	0756		
16	1022	0991	0961	0931	0901	0872	0842	0813	0784	0755		
17	1021	0991	0961	0931	0901	0871	0842	0813	0784	0755		
18	1021	0990	0960	0930	0900	0871	0841	0812	0783	0754		
19	1020	0990	0960	0930	0900	0870	0841	0812	0783	0754		
20	1020	0989	0959	0929	0899	0870	0840	0811	0782	0753		
21	1019	0989	0959	0929	0899	0869	0840	0811	0782	0753		
22	1019	0988	0958	0928	0898	0869	0839	0810	0781	0752		
23	1018	0988	0958	0928	0898	0868	0839	0810	0781	0752		
24	1018	0987	0957	0927	0897	0868	0838	0809	0780	0751		
25	1017	0987	0957	0927	0897	0867	0838	0809	0780	0751		
26	1017	0986	0956	0926	0896	0867	0837	0808	0779	0750		
27	1016	0986	0956	0926	0896	0866	0837	0808	0779	0750		
28	1016	0985	0955	0925	0895	0866	0836	0807	0778	0750		
29	1015	0985	0955	0925	0895	0865	0836	0807	0778	0749		
30	1015	0984	0954	0924	0894	0865	0835	0806	0777	0749		

# LOGARITHMS.

	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.
	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.	2.
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
31	1014	0984	0954	0924	0894	0864	0835	0806	0777	0748	
32	1014	0983	0953	0923	0893	0864	0834	0805	0776	0748	
33	1013	0983	0953	0923	0893	0863	0834	0805	0776	0747	
34	1013	0982	0952	0922	0892	0863	0833	0804	0775	0747	
35	1012	0982	0952	0922	0892	0862	0833	0804	0775	0746	
36	1012	0981	0951	0921	0891	0862	0833	0803	0774	0746	
37	1011	0981	0951	0921	0891	0861	0832	0803	0774	0745	
38	1010	0980	0950	0920	0890	0861	0832	0802	0773	0745	
39	1010	0980	0950	0920	0890	0860	0831	0802	0773	0744	
40	1009	0979	0949	0919	0889	0860	0831	0801	0773	0744	
41	1009	0979	0949	0919	0889	0859	0830	0801	0772	0743	
42	1008	0978	0948	0918	0888	0859	0830	0801	0772	0743	
43	1008	0978	0948	0918	0888	0858	0829	0800	0771	0742	
44	1007	0977	0947	0917	0887	0858	0829	0800	0771	0742	
45	1007	0977	0947	0917	0887	0857	0828	0799	0770	0741	
46	1006	0976	0946	0916	0886	0857	0828	0799	0770	0741	
47	1006	0976	0946	0916	0886	0856	0827	0798	0769	0740	
48	1005	0975	0945	0915	0885	0856	0827	0798	0769	0740	
49	1005	0975	0945	0915	0885	0855	0826	0797	0768	0739	
50	1004	0974	0944	0914	0884	0855	0826	0797	0768	0739	
51	1004	0974	0944	0914	0884	0855	0825	0796	0767	0739	
52	1003	0973	0943	0913	0883	0854	0825	0796	0767	0738	
53	1003	0973	0943	0913	0883	0854	0824	0795	0766	0738	
54	1002	0972	0942	0912	0883	0853	0824	0795	0766	0737	
55	1002	0972	0942	0912	0882	0853	0823	0794	0765	0737	
56	1001	0971	0941	0911	0882	0852	0823	0794	0765	0736	
57	1001	0971	0941	0911	0881	0852	0822	0793	0764	0736	
58	1000	0970	0940	0910	0881	0851	0822	0793	0764	0735	
59	1000	0970	0940	0910	0880	0851	0821	0792	0763	0735	
60	0999	0969	0939	0909	0880	0850	0821	0792	0763	0734	







# LOGARITHMS.

	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.
"	2. 32	2. 33	2. 34	2. 35	2. 36	2. 37	2. 38	2. 39	2. 40	2. 41		
31	0720	0691	0663	0635	0607	0579	0552	0525	0497	0471		
32	0719	0691	0662	0634	0607	0579	0551	0524	0497	0470		
33	0719	0690	0662	0634	0606	0579	0551	0524	0497	0470		
34	0718	0690	0662	0634	0606	0578	0551	0523	0496	0469		
35	0718	0689	0661	0633	0605	0578	0550	0523	0496	0469		
36	0717	0689	0661	0633	0605	0577	0550	0522	0495	0468		
37	0717	0688	0660	0632	0604	0577	0549	0522	0495	0468		
38	0716	0688	0660	0632	0604	0576	0549	0521	0494	0467		
39	0716	0687	0659	0631	0603	0576	0548	0521	0494	0467		
40	0715	0687	0659	0631	0603	0575	0548	0521	0493	0466		
41	0715	0686	0658	0630	0602	0575	0547	0520	0493	0466		
42	0714	0686	0658	0630	0602	0574	0547	0520	0493	0466		
43	0714	0685	0657	0629	0602	0574	0546	0519	0492	0465		
44	0713	0685	0657	0629	0601	0573	0546	0519	0492	0465		
45	0713	0685	0656	0628	0601	0573	0546	0518	0491	0464		
46	0712	0684	0656	0628	0600	0573	0545	0518	0491	0464		
47	0712	0684	0655	0627	0600	0572	0545	0517	0490	0463		
48	0711	0683	0655	0627	0599	0572	0544	0517	0490	0463		
49	0711	0683	0655	0627	0599	0571	0544	0516	0489	0462		
50	0711	0682	0654	0626	0598	0571	0543	0516	0489	0462		
51	0710	0682	0654	0626	0598	0570	0543	0516	0489	0462		
52	0710	0681	0653	0625	0597	0570	0542	0515	0488	0461		
53	0709	0681	0653	0625	0597	0569	0542	0515	0488	0461		
54	0709	0680	0652	0624	0596	0569	0541	0514	0487	0460		
55	0708	0680	0652	0624	0596	0568	0541	0514	0487	0460		
56	0708	0679	0651	0623	0596	0568	0541	0513	0486	0459		
57	0707	0679	0651	0623	0595	0568	0540	0513	0486	0459		
58	0707	0678	0650	0622	0595	0567	0540	0512	0485	0458		
59	0706	0678	0650	0622	0594	0567	0539	0512	0485	0458		
60	0706	0678	0649	0621	0594	0566	0539	0512	0484	0458		

# PROPORTIONAL

	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °
"	2. 42	2. 43	2. 44	2. 45	2. 46	2. 47	2. 48	2. 49	2. 50	2. 51	
0	0458	0431	0404	0378	0352	0326	0300	0274	0248	0223	
1	0457	0430	0404	0377	0351	0325	0299	0273	0248	0222	
2	0457	0430	0403	0377	0351	0325	0299	0273	0247	0222	
3	0456	0430	0403	0377	0350	0324	0298	0273	0247	0221	
4	0456	0429	0402	0376	0350	0324	0298	0272	0246	0221	
5	0455	0429	0402	0376	0349	0323	0297	0272	0246	0221	
6	0455	0428	0402	0375	0349	0323	0297	0271	0246	0220	
7	0454	0428	0401	0375	0349	0322	0297	0271	0245	0220	
8	0454	0427	0401	0374	0348	0322	0296	0270	0245	0219	
9	0454	0427	0400	0374	0348	0322	0296	0270	0244	0219	
10	0453	0426	0400	0373	0347	0321	0295	0270	0244	0218	
11	0453	0426	0399	0373	0347	0321	0295	0269	0244	0218	
12	0452	0426	0399	0373	0346	0320	0294	0269	0243	0218	
13	0452	0425	0399	0372	0346	0320	0294	0268	0243	0217	
14	0451	0425	0398	0372	0346	0319	0294	0268	0242	0217	
15	0451	0424	0398	0371	0345	0319	0293	0267	0242	0216	
16	0450	0424	0397	0371	0345	0319	0293	0267	0241	0216	
17	0450	0423	0397	0370	0344	0318	0292	0267	0241	0216	
18	0450	0423	0396	0370	0344	0318	0292	0266	0241	0215	
19	0449	0422	0396	0370	0343	0317	0291	0266	0240	0215	
20	0449	0422	0395	0369	0343	0317	0291	0265	0240	0214	
21	0448	0422	0395	0369	0342	0316	0291	0265	0239	0214	
22	0448	0421	0395	0368	0342	0316	0290	0264	0239	0213	
23	0447	0421	0394	0368	0342	0316	0290	0264	0238	0213	
24	0447	0420	0394	0367	0341	0315	0289	0264	0238	0213	
25	0446	0420	0393	0367	0341	0315	0289	0263	0238	0212	
26	0446	0419	0393	0366	0340	0314	0288	0263	0237	0212	
27	0446	0419	0392	0366	0340	0314	0288	0262	0237	0211	
28	0445	0418	0392	0366	0339	0313	0288	0262	0236	0211	
29	0445	0418	0391	0365	0339	0313	0287	0261	0236	0210	
30	0444	0418	0391	0365	0339	0313	0287	0261	0235	0210	



# LOGARITHMS.

	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °	h. °
"	2. 42	2. 43	2. 44	2. 45	2. 46	2. 47	2. 48	2. 49	2. 50	2. 51	
31	0444	0417	0391	0364	0338	0312	0286	0261	0235	0210	
32	0443	0417	0390	0364	0338	0312	0286	0260	0235	0209	
33	0443	0416	0390	0363	0337	0311	0285	0260	0234	0209	
34	0442	0416	0389	0363	0337	0311	0285	0259	0234	0208	
35	0442	0415	0389	0363	0336	0310	0285	0259	0233	0208	
36	0442	0415	0388	0362	0336	0310	0284	0258	0233	0208	
37	0441	0414	0388	0362	0336	0310	0284	0258	0232	0207	
38	0441	0414	0388	0361	0335	0309	0283	0258	0232	0207	
39	0440	0414	0387	0361	0335	0309	0283	0257	0232	0206	
40	0440	0413	0387	0360	0334	0308	0282	0257	0231	0206	
41	0439	0413	0386	0360	0334	0308	0282	0256	0231	0205	
42	0439	0412	0386	0359	0333	0307	0282	0256	0230	0205	
43	0438	0412	0385	0359	0333	0307	0281	0255	0230	0205	
44	0438	0411	0385	0359	0332	0306	0281	0255	0230	0204	
45	0438	0411	0384	0358	0332	0306	0280	0255	0229	0204	
46	0437	0410	0384	0358	0332	0306	0280	0254	0229	0203	
47	0437	0410	0384	0357	0331	0305	0279	0254	0228	0203	
48	0436	0410	0383	0357	0331	0305	0279	0253	0228	0202	
49	0436	0409	0383	0356	0330	0304	0279	0253	0227	0202	
50	0435	0409	0382	0356	0330	0304	0278	0252	0227	0202	
51	0435	0408	0382	0356	0329	0304	0278	0252	0227	0201	
52	0434	0408	0381	0355	0329	0303	0277	0252	0226	0201	
53	0434	0407	0381	0355	0329	0303	0277	0251	0226	0200	
54	0434	0407	0381	0354	0328	0302	0276	0251	0225	0200	
55	0433	0406	0380	0354	0328	0302	0276	0250	0225	0200	
56	0433	0406	0380	0353	0327	0301	0276	0250	0224	0199	
57	0432	0406	0379	0353	0327	0301	0275	0250	0224	0199	
58	0432	0405	0379	0352	0326	0300	0275	0249	0224	0198	
59	0431	0405	0378	0352	0326	0300	0274	0249	0223	0198	
60	0431	0404	0378	0351	0326	0300	0274	0248	0223	0197	



# PROPORTIONAL

	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o	h. o
"	2. 42	2. 43	2. 44	2. 45	2. 46	2. 47	2. 48	2. 49	2. 50	2. 51	
0	0458	0431	0404	0378	0352	0326	0300	0274	0248	0223	
1	0457	0430	0404	0377	0351	0325	0299	0273	0248	0222	
2	0457	0430	0403	0377	0351	0325	0299	0273	0247	0222	
3	0456	0430	0403	0377	0350	0324	0298	0273	0247	0221	
4	0456	0429	0402	0376	0350	0324	0298	0272	0246	0221	
5	0455	0429	0402	0376	0349	0323	0297	0272	0246	0221	
6	0455	0428	0402	0375	0349	0323	0297	0271	0246	0220	
7	0454	0428	0401	0375	0349	0322	0297	0271	0245	0220	
8	0454	0427	0401	0374	0348	0322	0296	0270	0245	0219	
9	0454	0427	0400	0374	0348	0322	0296	0270	0244	0219	
10	0453	0426	0400	0373	0347	0321	0295	0270	0244	0218	
11	0453	0426	0399	0373	0347	0321	0295	0269	0244	0218	
12	0452	0426	0399	0373	0346	0320	0294	0269	0243	0218	
13	0452	0425	0399	0372	0346	0320	0294	0268	0243	0217	
14	0451	0425	0398	0372	0346	0319	0294	0268	0242	0217	
15	0451	0424	0398	0371	0345	0319	0293	0267	0242	0216	
16	0450	0424	0397	0371	0345	0319	0293	0267	0241	0216	
17	0450	0423	0397	0370	0344	0318	0292	0267	0241	0216	
18	0450	0423	0396	0370	0344	0318	0292	0266	0241	0215	
19	0449	0422	0396	0370	0343	0317	0291	0266	0240	0215	
20	0449	0422	0395	0369	0343	0317	0291	0265	0240	0214	
21	0448	0422	0395	0369	0342	0316	0291	0265	0239	0214	
22	0448	0421	0395	0368	0342	0316	0290	0264	0239	0213	
23	0447	0421	0394	0368	0342	0316	0290	0264	0238	0213	
24	0447	0420	0394	0367	0341	0315	0289	0264	0238	0213	
25	0446	0420	0393	0367	0341	0315	0289	0263	0238	0212	
26	0446	0419	0393	0366	0340	0314	0288	0263	0237	0212	
27	0446	0419	0392	0366	0340	0314	0288	0262	0237	0211	
28	0445	0418	0392	0366	0339	0313	0288	0262	0236	0211	
29	0445	0418	0391	0365	0339	0313	0287	0261	0236	0210	
30	0444	0418	0391	0365	0339	0313	0287	0261	0235	0210	

# LOGARITHMS.

	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
"	2.42	2.43	2.44	2.45	2.46	2.47	2.48	2.49	2.50	2.51	
31	0444	0417	0391	0364	0338	0312	0286	0261	0235	0210	
32	0443	0417	0390	0364	0338	0312	0286	0260	0235	0209	
33	0443	0416	0390	0363	0337	0311	0285	0260	0234	0209	
34	0442	0416	0389	0363	0337	0311	0285	0259	0234	0208	
35	0442	0415	0389	0363	0336	0310	0285	0259	0233	0208	
36	0442	0415	0388	0362	0336	0310	0284	0258	0233	0208	
37	0441	0414	0388	0362	0336	0310	0284	0258	0232	0207	
38	0441	0414	0388	0361	0335	0309	0283	0258	0232	0207	
39	0440	0414	0387	0361	0335	0309	0283	0257	0232	0206	
40	0440	0413	0387	0360	0334	0308	0282	0257	0231	0206	
41	0439	0413	0386	0360	0334	0308	0282	0256	0231	0205	
42	0439	0412	0386	0359	0333	0307	0282	0256	0230	0205	
43	0438	0412	0385	0359	0333	0307	0281	0255	0230	0205	
44	0438	0411	0385	0359	0332	0306	0281	0255	0230	0204	
45	0438	0411	0384	0358	0332	0306	0280	0255	0229	0204	
46	0437	0410	0384	0358	0332	0306	0280	0254	0229	0203	
47	0437	0410	0384	0357	0331	0305	0279	0254	0228	0203	
48	0436	0410	0383	0357	0331	0305	0279	0253	0228	0202	
49	0436	0409	0383	0356	0330	0304	0279	0253	0227	0202	
50	0435	0409	0382	0356	0330	0304	0278	0252	0227	0202	
51	0435	0408	0382	0356	0329	0304	0278	0252	0227	0201	
52	0434	0408	0381	0355	0329	0303	0277	0252	0226	0201	
53	0434	0407	0381	0355	0329	0303	0277	0251	0226	0200	
54	0434	0407	0381	0354	0328	0302	0276	0251	0225	0200	
55	0433	0406	0380	0354	0328	0302	0276	0250	0225	0200	
56	0433	0406	0380	0353	0327	0301	0276	0250	0224	0199	
57	0432	0406	0379	0353	0327	0301	0275	0250	0224	0199	
58	0432	0405	0379	0352	0326	0300	0275	0249	0224	0198	
59	0431	0405	0378	0352	0326	0300	0274	0249	0223	0198	
60	0431	0404	0378	0351	0326	0300	0274	0248	0223	0197	





# EXPLICATION and USE

OF THE

## T A B L E S

Requisite to be used with the ASTRONOMICAL and NAUTICAL EPHEMERIS.

THE Rays of Light in passing through the Atmosphere being bent out of their strait Course into a curved Line, it thence happens that all the heavenly Bodies, except when they are in the Zenith, appear higher than they ought to do, and so much the more, the nearer they are to the Horizon. Hence they appear to rise some Minutes sooner, and set some Minutes later than they would do, if there was no Atmosphere, or if it had not this Power of turning the Rays of Light out of their Course. This apparent Elevation of the heavenly Bodies above their true Height is called the Refraction of their Light, or, in common Speaking, the Refraction of the Objects. The Effect of it is contained in Table Page 2d. and is suited to a mean Temperature of the Air at Greenwich; the Height of the Barometer being  $29\frac{5}{8}$  Inches, and that of the Thermometer of Fahrenheit's Construction 50 Degrees; or, which comes to the same Thing, 30 Inches of the Barometer, and 55 of the Thermometer. It is deduced from a Rule invented by Dr. Bradley, and by him adapted to his Observations, that the Refraction at any Altitude, is to 57", the Refraction at the Altitude of  $45^\circ$ ; as the Tangent of the apparent Zenith Distance lessened by three times the

S

Refraction

Refraction taken out of any common Table, is to the Radius. To allow for the Variations of Refraction in different Temperatures of the Air, he has stated another Rule, derived also from or confirmed by his Observations, that the true Refraction is to that expressed by his first Rule, or contained in this Table, in a direct Ratio of the Altitude of the Barometer to  $29\frac{1}{8}$  Inches; and in an Inverse Ratio of the Altitude of the Thermometer increased by 350, to the Number 400.

It is evident that all observed Altitudes of the heavenly Bodies ought to be diminished by the Numbers taken out of this Table, particularly the Meridian Altitudes of the Sun and Stars, &c. the Altitudes of the Sun and Stars designed for computing the apparent Time of the Day, and the Altitudes of the Sun taken for computing his Azimuth. The Time for taking an Amplitude of the Sun is not when he appears in the Horizon, but when his Centre appears  $29'$  high, or his lower Limb  $15'$ , or upper Limb  $43'$  above the true Horizon; but the Quantity of the Dip, p. 14. is to be added to these Numbers to find the apparent Altitudes above the visible Horizon of the Sea.

The Moon's Parallax is the Difference between her Place in the Heavens seen from the Surface of the Earth, and that in which she would be seen from the Centre, which last is called her true Place, and is that which is given directly by Astronomical Tables. On this Account the Moon, except when in the Zenith, always appears lower than her true Altitude; the Quantity of this Depression, called the Moon's Parallax in Altitude, is contained in Table p. 3, 4, 5. and is to be added to all observed Altitudes of the Moon. It is useful in finding the Latitude from the Moon's Meridian Altitude, the apparent Time from the observed Altitude of the Moon at a Distance from the Meridian, and in computing her apparent Altitude from her right Ascension and Declination, the Hour being given; but in this last Case the true Altitude being first found, the Parallax must be subtracted from it to obtain the apparent Altitude.



It is likewise useful in computing the second Correction of Parallax delivered in the Preface to the British Mariner's Guide, which may also be consulted for the Application of the abovementioned Uses of the Moon's Parallax. Mr. Lyon's Tab. IV. of Parallax, designed for facilitating the Computation of the second Correction of Parallax, requires also the Table of the Use of the Moon's Parallaxes.

The Table, p. 6, 7, and 8, serves to turn Degrees and Minutes of the Equator into Time, and the contrary; it is of frequent Use, as has been shewn already in the Explanation of the Ephemeris. It is also useful to find the true Difference of Longitude between Greenwich and any Place, from the Difference of Meridians found in Time by the Observation of the Moon's Distance from the Sun or a Star, as will be explained hereafter.

Page 9th contains the Longitudes and Latitudes of 19 of the brightest Stars and nearest the Ecliptic, being such as are most proper to take the Moon's Distance from for finding the Longitude at Sea; and therefore it would be better in general not to use any others. The 10 marked with Asterisks are the only ones made use of in the Distances of the Ephemeris. This Table is derived from a larger Table of 40 Stars communicated to me by Mr. Gael Morris, deduced from Dr. Bradley's Observations, and adapted to the Year 1760. The Longitude of the Stars in this Table being adapted to the Beginning of the Year 1767, must be increased by the proportional Part of  $50''\frac{1}{3}$ , the annual Variation, for any Day of the Year, according to the Number of Days from the Beginning of the Year, which may be found in the last Column of the mean Motion of the Sun for the Days of the Month, p. 13—18 in Mayer's Tables: They must also be increased at the Rate of  $50''\frac{1}{3}$  for every Year after 1767; and must further be corrected by the Number of Seconds taken out of the following Table, intitled, Table to find the Aberration of a Zodiacal Star in Longitude, communicated also by Mr. Gael Morris. To find the Argument or Number for entering this Table with, subtract the Longitude of the Star from the Longitude of the Sun, borrowing 12 Signs if neces-



fary; where note, that the Character + affixed to the Sign of the Argument, shews that the Number of Seconds is to be added; and — shews that it is to be subtracted; and when the Number of Signs is found at the Bottom of the Table, the Degrees are to be looked for to the right Hand of the Table. The Aberration of Light is an apparent Motion to which all the fixed Stars are subject, the Period of which is completed in a Year. It was first discovered by Dr. Bradley in the Year 1727, and shewn by him to arise from the successive Propagation of Light, and the Motion of the Earth in its Orbit, compounded together. Lastly, the Longitudes of the Stars must be corrected by the Equation of the Equinoctial Points, which is set down for every three Months at the Beginning of the Ephemeris, whence it may be taken at Sight, and applied according to its Sign. This Equation arises from the Nutation of the Earth's Axis, which is owing to the Action of the Moon upon the protuberant Parts of the Earth about the Equator, combined with the Inclination of the Moon's Orbit to the Ecliptic, and the entire Revolution of its Nodes in  $18\frac{1}{2}$  Years. This was also discovered by Dr. Bradley, by the like Observations by which he found the Aberration, continued for a Series of twenty Years.

The Moon's Velocity of Access or Recess being greatest with Respect to a Star posited near the same Parallel of Latitude, it is proper to chuse one out of the 24 Stars contained in Table Page 9th, as near this Situation as possible, from which to observe the Moon's Distance for finding the Longitude at Sea: For, if a Star be taken from which the Moon varies her Distance too slowly, the unavoidable Errors of Observation will produce a proportionably greater Error in the Result. The two following Tables, intitled, A Table for chusing proper Stars for observing the Moons Distance from, and a particular Table of Limits for,  $\alpha$  Aquilæ, are designed for this Purpose, and were accordingly used for chusing the proper Stars for the Moon's Distances in the Ephemeris. The Use of the

the Tables is this, the Difference of the Latitudes of the Moon and Star, if of the same Denomination, viz. both North or both South, or their Sum, if of contrary Denominations, or one North and the other South, being found in the first Column, the Difference of the Longitudes of the Moon and Star should not be less than is shewn against it in the second Column: Or, the Difference of Longitude being found in the second Column, the Difference or Sum of the Latitudes should not be greater than is shewn in the first Column. I have adapted the first Table, so that the Velocity of the Moon's Access to or Recess from a Star may be never less than Seven Eighths of her proper Motion; but, in order to take in so fine a Star as  $\alpha$  Aquilæ, in some Cases where there may be a Defect of other bright Stars proper for the Purpose, I have extended the Limits a little further in the second Table, yet so that the Velocity of the Moon's Access to, or Recess from,  $\alpha$  Aquilæ, may never be less than  $\frac{1}{5}$  of her proper Motion.

The Use of the following Table of Corrections of the Moon's Longitude and Latitude found by even Proportion from the Ephemeris, on account of the second Differences of the Motion in twelve Hours, has been shewn in the Explanation of the Ephemeris, under the Articles of the Moon's Longitude and Latitude.

The next Table of the right Ascensions and Declinations of the principal fixed Stars, is useful for finding the Time and the Latitude by Altitudes taken in the Night; also for computing the Altitude of a Star from which the Moon's Distance was observed, in case it was not observed. The Method of finding the Time from the observed Altitude of a Star will be shewn in the Precepts for finding the Longitude at Sea by the Help of the Ephemeris. It is also shewn in the British Mariner's Guide, Chap. iii. Page 19, which also consult at Page 57 and 92, for the two other Uses of the Catalogue of right Ascensions and Declinations, mentioned above.



If the right Ascensions of the Stars are required for any Year after 1767, the right Ascensions in the Table must be increased in proportion to the Number of Years after 1767, according to the Increase of right Ascension in Ten Years set down in Column the fourth: In like manner the Declinations must be corrected according to the Variation of Declination into Years, set down in the last Column, the Sign + denoting when the Correction is to be added, and the Sign — when it is to be subtracted.

If the right Ascension and Declination are required for any Year before 1767, they are found by diminishing the right Ascension contained in the Table, according to the Number of Years which precede 1767, and by applying the Correction of Declination with a contrary Sign to that shewn by the Table.

This Table, as well as the Table of Multipliers, p. 14, is taken from the British Mariner's Guide, which consult at Page 49 for the Use of the latter Table.

The following Table of the Depression or Dip of the Horizon of the Sea is more correct than the common Tables, the Numbers in it being One Tenth Part less than in them. This Correction is owing to the Refraction of the Rays of Light in passing from the Horizon through the Air to the Eye; and I find it confirmed by Experiment, as well as by Theory. All Altitudes taken from the apparent Horizon of the Sea are to be lessened by the Numbers taken out of this Table, according to the Height of the Eye above the Sea.

The Tables of the right Ascensions, Declinations, Longitudes, and Latitudes of 21 principal fixed Stars, deduced from Dr. Bradley's Observations, were communicated by the Reverend Mr. Hornsby, Savilian Professor of Astronomy at Oxford. They may be presumed to be very exact, being settled from Ten Years Observations, made between the Years 1750 and 1760; and are fit for the nicer Inquiries of Astronomy. The Longitudes and Latitudes of 24 Stars, contained p. 9, are mostly the same with these p. 16. to the nearest Second, being both carried on from



From the same Settlement of the Stars made to the Beginning of the Year 1760.

Next follow Mr. Lyon's Tables and Rules, and Mr. Dunthorne's Tables, for correcting the apparent Distance of the Moon from the Sun or a fixed Star, on account of Refraction and Parallax, the Explanation and Use of which, with Examples, is immediately subjoined to the Tables themselves.

## EXPLICATION

If the Two first Terms in the Proportion are common Numbers, and the Third a Sexagesimal, add the proportional Logarithm of the Third Term to the common Logarithm of the First Term, and the arithmetical Complement of the common Logarithm of the Second Term, the Sum will be the proportional Logarithm of the Fourth Term required.

Or, if the Two first Terms are Sexagesimals, and the Third a common Number to the common Logarithm of the Third Term, add the proportional Logarithm of the First Term, and the arithmetical Complement of the proportional Logarithm of the Second Term, the Sum will be the common Logarithm of the Number required.

To multiply a Sexagesimal by any common Number, or by a Sine, Tangent, &c. to the proportional Logarithm of the Sexagesimal, add the arithmetical Complement of the Logarithm of the common Number, or of the logarithmic Sine, Tangent, &c. the Sum will be the proportional Logarithm of the Product required.

The Division of a Sexagesimal will be performed by adding together the proportional Logarithm of the Sexagesimal and the common Logarithm of the Divisor, the Sum will be the proportional Logarithm of the Quotient required.

The proportional Logarithms were found by subtracting the Logarithm of any Number of Seconds from 4.03342, the Logarithm of 10800, the Number of Seconds contained in  $3^{\circ}$  or Three Hours.

I shall now shew, and illustrate by an Example, the Manner in which the Moon's Longitude or Latitude may be readily found from the Ephemeris by the Help of this Table. Take half the Increase of the Moon's Longitude in Twelve Hours, or the Motion in Six Hours, and again take its Half or the Motion in Three Hours. To the proportional Logarithm of the Moon's Motion in Three Hours, add the proportional Logarithm of the Excess of the Time, reckoned from Noon or Midnight, above Three, Six, or Nine Hours, which ever is the next below it, the Sum will

will be the proportional Logarithm of the Degree, Minutes, and Seconds, which added to the Moon's Longitude at the preceding Noon or Midnight, together with the Motion in Three Hours, Six Hours, or the Motions in Three Hours and Six Hours, taken together, gives the Moon's Longitude at the given Time by even Proportion: This must be corrected on account of the Second Differences in the Manner shewn in treating of the Article of the Moon's Longitude.

### EXAMPLE.

Let it be required to find the Moon's Longitude and Latitude July 16th 1767, at 16 H. 22 M. 16 S. by the Help of the Ephemeris. July 16th at 12 H. the Moon's Longitude is 0. S. 6°. 40'. 25". and July 17th at Noon, 0. S. 13°. 47'. 48". the Difference 7°. 7'. 23". is the Moon's Motion in 12 Hours; its Half, or 3°. 33'. 41"<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>. is the Motion in 6 Hours; and its Half again, or 1°. 46'. 51". is the Motion in 3 Hours. The Time reckoned from Midnight, is, 4 H. 22'. 16", from which subtracting 3 Hours, there remains 1 H. 22 M. 16 S. Now to 0.2265 the proportional Logarithm of 1°. 46'. 51". adding 0.3400, the proportional Logarithm of 1 H. 22 M. 16 S. the Sum 0.5665 is the proportional Logarithm of 0°. 48'. 50". which, together with 1°. 46'. 51". being added to 0 S. 6°. 40'. 25". gives 0 S. 9°. 16'. 6". the Moon's Longitude found by even Proportion: To which add 25". on account of the Second Differences, and the true Longitude of the Moon will be 0 S. 9°. 16'. 31". In like manner, to find the Moon's Latitude at the same Time, July 16th at Midnight, by the Ephemeris, it is 4°. 49'. 36". N. and July 17th at Noon 5°. 3'. 26". N. Therefore the Motion in 12 Hours is 13'. 50". and in 3 Hours is 3'. 27". whose proportional Logarithm is 1.7175, which added to 0.3400, the proportional Logarithm of 1 H. 22'. 16" gives 2.0575, the proportional Logarithm of 1'. 34". which added to 3'. 27". gives 5'. 1". but this must be corrected by adding



should rather advise, in examining the Error of the Adjustment, for it is liable to alter, and allowing for it. The Method of doing it is this; turn the Index of the Quadrant till the Horizon of the Sea, or the Moon, or any other proper Object appears as One, by the Union of the reflected Image with the Object seen directly; then the Number of Minutes by which 0 on the Index differs from 0 on the Arch is the Error of Adjustment. If 0 on the Index stands advanced upon the Quadrant, before, or to the left Hand of 0 on the Arch, that Number of Minutes is to be subtracted from all Observations; but if it stands off the Arch behind, or to the right Hand of 0 on the Arch, it must be added to the Observations. But the Sun himself is incomparably the best Object for this Purpose: Either the Two Suns may be brought into One, or, which is a still better Method, the Sun's Diameter may be measured twice, with the Index placed alternately before and behind the Beginning of the Divisions: Half the Difference of these Two Measures will be the Correction of the Adjustment, which must be added or subtracted from all Observations, as the Diameter measured with the Index upon the Arch, that is to say, before or to the left Hand of the Beginning of the Divisions is less or greater than the Diameter measured with the Index off the Arch, behind, or to the right Hand of the Beginning of the Divisions. Thus, suppose I had measured the Sun's Diameter with the Index upon the Arch, or to the left Hand of the Beginning of the Divisions, to be 30', and the contrary Way to be 33'; I should conclude that the Correction of Adjustment is  $1\frac{1}{2}$ , or Half the Difference 3', additive to the Observations. In the Practice of this Method the Telescope must be used, and a dark Glass must be applied at the Eye, or at least on the hither Side of the little Speculum, to darken both Suns at once. It will also be convenient to provide an Umbrella of Pasteboard, about Six Inches square, with a Hole in the Middle to receive the Telescope, in order to defend the Eyes from the direct Light of the Sun, as well as from the ambient

ambient Brightness of the Sky, which would otherwise render this Practice in many Cases too painful and difficult.

It will conduce to greater Exactness to take Two or Three Measures of the Sun's Diameter each Way, Half the Difference of the Means each Way will be the Correction of the Adjustment, to be applied as before. Thus I have often assured myself of the exact Quantity of Correction of my Quadrant within a Quarter of a Minute.

There is another Adjustment of the Quadrant, which is not commonly regarded so much as it ought to be, that of setting the little Speculum parallel to the great one by the Screws on the Fore-part of the Instrument. The Manner of doing it is this; hold the Plane of the Quadrant parallel to the Horizon, and the Index being brought near to 0, if the Horizon of the Sea seen by Reflection in the little Speculum is higher than the direct Horizon seen by the Side of it, unscrew the nearest Screw a little, and screw up the opposite one till the direct and reflected Horizons agree. On the contrary, if the reflected Horizon is lower than the true one, unscrew the Screw furthest from you, and screw up the nearest one; and take care to leave the Screws both tight, by screwing them up equally if they are slack. If this Adjustment is not above 4' or 5' erroneous, it will not be necessary to correct it; and it will probably never err more, unless the Instrument meets with some Accident. But for the Sake of Caution it will be proper to examine it from time to time.

The Observer being now assured of the Adjustment of his Quadrant, or the exact Correction of it, may proceed safely to the necessary Observations for ascertaining the Longitude. The first Observation to be made, is that of the Altitude of the Sun or some bright Star, if the Horizon be fair enough, for computing the apparent Time at the Ship, and correcting the Watch by which the other Observations are to be made. These Altitudes must not be taken nearer to the Meridian than Three or Four Points; but the nearer they are taken due East or West the better, provided the Objects be not less than 50. high. The next Observation to be made is that of the Distance of a Star from

from the Moon's enlightened Limb, or the Distance of the nearest Limbs of the Sun and Moon. The Two other requisite Observations are the Altitudes of the Moon and Star, or of the Moon and Sun, to be taken by Two Assistants at the very Instant, or at the utmost within a Minute of the Time at which the principal Observer gives Notice of the completing his Observation of the Distance of the Moon from the Sun or Star. At the same Instant, or at the utmost within a Quarter of a Minute, and before the Observers attempt to read off the Degrees and Minutes from their Quadrants, somebody must note the Hour, Minute, and Quarter Part of a Minute (if there is no second Hand) of the Watch used in taking the Sun or Star's Altitude for computing the Time; and the Observations requisite for ascertaining the Longitude are completed.

If the Moon's Distance be taken from the Sun, and the Sun be not nearer to the Meridian than Three Points, and his Altitude be well taken within  $15''$ . or  $20''$ . of the Observation of the Distance, this Altitude will serve to compute the apparent Time, without requiring the Use of the separate Observation first mentioned, except it be used by way of Confirmation and Check both upon Observation and Calculation.

In taking the Moon's Distance from the Sun, the Observer must look at the Moon directly through the unfoiled Part of the little Speculum, and observe the Sun by Reflection, letting down One of the dark Glasses used in taking his Meridian Altitude. In taking the Moon's Distance from a Star, he must look at the Star directly, and see the Moon by Reflection, using the dark Glass that is lighter than the Rest, and designed for this particular Purpose. The Plane of the Quadrant must be always made to pass through the Two Objects whose Distance is to be observed, and must be put into various Positions according to the Situations of the Objects, which will be rendered familiar by a little Experience.

In order to attain the greater Degree of Exactness, it will be better to repeat the Observations till at least Three Distances and their corresponding Altitudes are obtained;

but



but the more that are taken the better. The Sum of the Distances divided by the Number of them is the mean Distance: in like manner the mean Altitudes, and the mean Time by the Watch are obtained; which then are to be used as a single Observation would be, only they may be relied upon with greater Assurance. But these Observations must be all included within the Space of Half an Hour.

The Manner of finding the Star, whose Distance from the Moon is set down in the Ephemeris, has been mentioned among the Uses of the Distances contained in the Ephemeris.

Whoever would see more concerning the necessary Instruments and Observations, may consult the Two first Chapters of the British Mariner's Guide, from which most of the foregoing Instructions are borrowed.

## ARTICLE II.

To compute the apparent Time from the observed Altitude of the Sun or a known Star, and thence to find the apparent Time of the Observation of the Distance of the Moon from the Sun or a Star.

From the observed Altitude of the Sun's lower Limb, subtract the Sum of the Dip and Refraction, taken out of Page 2d and 10th of requisite Tables, and to the Remainder add 16'. for the Sun's Semidiameter (or if you have a mind to be more exact, make use of the Sun's Semidiameter, shewn Page 3d of the Month in the Ephemeris) and you have the true Altitude of the Sun's Centre. If the Sun's upper Limb was observed, his Semidiameter must be subtracted instead of being added. If the Altitude of his Centre was taken, it is only necessary to subtract the Sum of the Dip and Refraction. Subtract the true Altitude of the Sun thus found from  $90^{\circ}$ . and you have his true Zenith Distance.

U

The

The Sun's Declination is to be found from the Ephemeris, Page 2d of the Month; but being there set down for apparent Noon at Greenwich, Proportion must be made to find what it should be at the given Time reduced to the Meridian of Greenwich. Turn your Longitude by Account from London or Greenwich into Time, by Table Page 6, 7, and 8, which add to, or substract from, the Time at the Ship, estimated nearly according as you are to the West or to the East of Greenwich: This gives the Time at Greenwich. Then say, as 24 H. is to this Time, so is the daily Variation of the Sun's Declination in the Ephemeris to a Number of Minutes, &c. which added to, or substracted from, the Sun's Declination, at the preceding Noon in the Ephemeris, according as his Declination is increasing or decreasing, gives his true Declination required. Note, that the Sun's Declination may be found in the same Manner for computing his Azimuth, to compare with his observed Azimuth in order to find the Variation of the Compass. The Sun's Declination, if of the same Denomination with the Latitude of the Place (viz. both North or both South) must be substracted from  $90^\circ$ . but if of a contrary Denomination to the Latitude of the Place (viz. one North and the other South) must be added to  $90^\circ$ . the Sum or Difference is the Distance of the Sun from the Pole of the World which is above the Horizon. Find also the Latitude of the Ship, at the Time of taking the Altitude of the Sun, by allowing for the Ship's Run from the Latitude determined at the nearest Meridian Observation before or after: The Complement to  $90^\circ$ . is the Co-Latitude.

Now add together the Zenith Distance, Polar Distance, and Co-Latitude, and take Half the Sum, and the Difference between the Half Sum and the Zenith Distance: Then add the Sines of the Half Sum and the said Difference, together with the arithmetical Complements of the Sines of the Polar Distance and Co-Latitude, Half the Sum of these Four Logarithms is the Cosine of Half the horary Angle; which therefore doubled gives the horary Angle or true Distance of the Sun from the Meridian. This being turned into  
Time

Time by Table Page 6, 7, and 8, gives the apparent Time if it be Afternoon; but, if it be Forenoon, the Complement to Twenty-four Hours is the apparent Time reckoned from the preceding Noon. Five Places of Logarithms, besides the Index, will be sufficient for this Computation.

The Difference between the apparent Time thus found, and the Time shewn by the Watch at the Instant of taking the Altitude, shews how much the Watch is too fast or too slow; which Difference being applied as a Correction to the Time shewn by the Watch when the Distance of the Moon from the Sun or Star was taken, being added thereto, if the Watch is too slow, or subtracted therefrom, if the Watch is too fast, gives the apparent Time of the Observation of the Distance.

#### EXAMPLE.

Suppose the apparent Altitude of the Sun's lower Limb above the Horizon of the Sea should be observed April 4th 1767 to be  $47^{\circ}. 13'$ . the Height of the Eye above the Sea being 18 Feet; the Latitude of the Ship at the same time corrected for the Run from the preceding Noon, being  $16^{\circ}. 24'$ . North, the Longitude to the same Time by the Ship's Reckoning  $43^{\circ}. 37'$ . West of Greenwich, and the Time at the Ship estimated nearly 2 H. 41 M. It is required to find the apparent Time?

Observed Altitude of the Sun's lower Limb	$47^{\circ}. 13'$	
Sum of Dip $4'$ . and Refract. $1'$ . subtract		5
	$47.$	8
Sun's Semidiameter, add	—	16
	$47.$	24
True Atitude of Sun's Centre	—	
Subtract from	—	90
		$42^{\circ}. 36'$
True Zenith Distance of the Sun	—	

U 2

Time



	H.	M.
Time from Noon estimated nearly	2	41
Long. W. of Greenwich <i>per</i> Acc. $43^{\circ} 37'$	$= 2$	54 28
App. Time at Greenwich nearly	5	35

The Sun's Declination April 4th at Noon by the Ephemeris is  $5^{\circ} 42' 51''$  N. and April 5th is  $6^{\circ} 5' 39''$  N. The Difference or daily Increase is  $22' 48''$ . Say then, as 24 H. is to 5 H.  $35'$ . so is  $22' 48''$ . to  $5' 18''$ . which added to  $5^{\circ} 42' 51''$ . the Sun's Declination in the Ephemeris for the preceding Noon, gives  $5^{\circ} 48' 9''$  N. the Sun's true Declination at the Time required, or rejecting the Seconds,  $5^{\circ} 48'$  N. the Complement to  $90^{\circ}$ . (because the Latitude and Declination are of the same Denomination) gives  $84^{\circ} 12'$ . for the Sun's true Distance from the North or elevated Pole.

The Latitude of the Ship carried on by Account from the preceding Noon is  $16^{\circ} 24'$  N. the Complement of which to  $90^{\circ}$ . is  $73^{\circ} 36'$ . the Co-Latitude.

Zenith Dist. of the Sun	42.	36	
Polar Dist. of the Sun	84.	12	Ar. Com. Sine 0.00223
Co-Latitude	—	—	73. 36 Ar. Com. Sine 0.01804

Sum	—	—	—	200.	24	
Half Sum	—	—	100.	12		Sine 9.99308
Half Sum — Zenith Dist.	57.	36				Sine 9.92651

Sum of 4 Logarithms	—	—	19.93986
Half Sum Cosine of $21^{\circ} 4\frac{1}{2}'$ .			9.96993

Sun's horary Angle —	42.	9	
	H.	M.	S.
Therefore app. Time	2.	48.	36.

Suppose the Watch at the Sun's Altitude shewed 2 H.  $56' 48''$ . the Difference is  $8' 12''$ . by which the Watch is too fast for apparent Time. Now if the Moon's Distance  
from

from a Star was observed afterwards at 8 H. 27'. 18". by the Watch, subtract 8'. 12". and the apparent Time of Observation of the Distance is 8 H. 19'. 6".

**To find the apparent Time from the observed Altitude of a known fixed Star.**

The observed Altitude of the Star above the Horizon of the Sea must be lessened by the Sum of the Dip and Refraction, the Remainder is the true Altitude of the Star, and the Complement to  $90^\circ$ . is the Zenith Distance. The Declinations of the principal fixed Stars are contained in Table p. 12 and 13, which must be corrected for the Increase or Decrease for any Year after 1767, according to the Variation in Ten-Years set down in the last Column. The Declination subtracted from or added to  $90^\circ$ . as the Declination of the Star and the Latitude of the Ship are of the same or contrary Denominations, gives the polar Distance of the Star.

The Zenith Distance and Polar Distance of the Star and Co-Latitude being found, the Distance of the Star from the Meridian is found by the very same Method or Process of Logarithms as was before shewn for finding the Time by the Sun. Then subtract the Distance of the Star East of the Meridian from its Right Ascension (found by Table p. 12 and 13, corrected for any Number of Years after 1767, according to the Increase in Ten Years, set down in 5th Column) or add the Distance of the Star West of the Meridian to the right Ascension of the Star, the Difference or Sum is the right Ascension of the Mid-heaven: which turn into Time by Page 6, 7, and 8. From this (borrowing 24 Hours if necessary) subtract the Sun's right Ascension in Time at the preceding Noon at Greenwich standing in the Ephemeris, the Remainder is the apparent Time nearly. To which adding or subtracting the Longitude of the Ship from Greenwich, turned into Time, according as it is to the West or to the East of Greenwich, you will have the apparent Time nearly by the Meridian of Greenwich. Then say, as 24 H. is to this Time; so is the daily Variation of the Sun's right Ascension in Time by

by the Ephemeris, to a Number of Minutes and Seconds; which subtracted from the apparent Time at the Ship, found nearly above, leaves the apparent Time correct.

## EXAMPLE.

Suppose the Altitude of the Star Procyon above the Horizon of the Sea, should be observed Sept. 7th 1767 in Latitude  $7^{\circ}.45'$ . South, Longitude  $30^{\circ}.10'$ . East of Greenwich *per* Account, to be  $28^{\circ}.16'$ . the Height of the Eye above the Sea being Eighteen Feet. Required the apparent Time?

Observed Alt. of Procyon	—	—	$28^{\circ}.16'$ .
Sum of Dip $4'$ . and Refraction $2'$ . subst,			<u>6</u>
True Alt. of Procyon	—	—	$28. 10$
Complement to $90^{\circ}$ . or Zenith Distance			$61. 50$
Declination of Procyon by Page 12th.			$5. 49$ N.
Increased by $90^{\circ}$ . is	—	—	$95. 49$
the Distance of Procyon from the South or elevated Pole.			
The Latitude is	—	—	$7. 45$ S.
Therefore Co-Latitude	—	—	$82. 15$
Zenth Distance			$61^{\circ}.50'$ .
Polar Distance	—	$95. 49$	Ar. Comp. Sine $0.00224$
Co-Latitude	—	$82. 15$	Ar. Comp. Sine $0.00398$
Sum	—	$139. 54$	
$\frac{1}{2}$ Sum	—	$119. 57$	Sine — $9.93775$
$\frac{1}{2}$ Sum — Zen. Dist.	$58. 7$	Sine	<u><math>9.92897</math></u>
Sum of Four Logarithms	—	—	$19.87294$
Half Sum, is Cosine of	—	$30. 14\frac{1}{2}$	$9.93647$
Doubled is horary Angle or			
Distance of Procyon from the	} $60. 29$		
Meridian to the West			
Therefore substn. from right	} $111. 47$		
Afc. of Star Page 12th			
Right Afc. of Mid-heaven		$51. 28$	
Or			



	H. M. S.
Or, in Time by Page 6th —	3. 25. 12
Subtract Sun's right Asc. in	} 11. 3. 7
Time Sept. 7th at Noon by	
the Ephemeris — —	
Apparent Time nearly	16. 22. 5
Long. 30°. 18'. East of Green-	} 2. 1. 12
wich in Time, subtract	
Leaves apparent Time at	} 14. 20. 53
Greenwich nearly —	

The Sun's right Ascension in Time, Sept. 7th at Noon being 11 H. 3'. 7". and Sept. 8th 11 H. 6'. 42". the daily Variation is 3'. 35". Then say as 24 H. is to 14 H. 21 M. so is 3'. 35". to 2'. 8". which subtracted from 16 H. 22'. 5". the apparent Time at the Ship found nearly above, leaves 16 H. 19'. 57". the apparent Time correct.

Note, If the Longitude of the Ship East of Greenwich in Time is greater than the apparent Time at the Ship, it will be necessary to borrow 24 Hours, in order to find the apparent Time at Greenwich; but if the Longitude West of Greenwich in Time, added to the apparent Time at the Ship, makes more than 24 Hours, 24 H. must be subtracted from the Sum to have the apparent Time at Greenwich: And in the first Case the Sun's right Ascension in Time must be taken out of the Ephemeris for one Day of the Month less than that reckoned at the Ship; and in the other Case it must be taken out for one Day more. The Sun's right Ascension thus found in either of these Cases, is to be subtracted from the right Ascension of the Mid-heaven, to find the apparent Time nearly, which must be corrected by the proportional Part of the Sun's daily Variation of right Ascension, in like manner as has been shewn before.

## ARTICLE III.

To reduce the observed Distance of the Moon's Limb from a Star, or from the Sun's Limb to the true Distance of the Centres.

The apparent Time of the Observation of the Moon's Distance from the Sun or a Star being found by the preceding Article, add to it or subtract from it the Longitude from Greenwich by Account turned into Time, according as the Ship is to the West or to the East of Greenwich, and you will have the apparent Time at Greenwich nearly; with which take out of the Ephemeris, from Page 8th of the Month, the Moon's Semidiameter, horizontal Parallax, and its logistic Logarithm for 1767, or proportional Logarithm for subsequent Years; also the Sun's Semidiameter, from Page 3d of the Month, if the observed Distance was that of the Moon from the Sun. But the Articles, contained Page 8th of the Month, being set down in the Ephemeris only for Noon and Midnight, it will be necessary to make Proportion to find them for any intermediate Time.

Take the Difference of the Two Semidiameters of the Moon, &c. standing in the Ephemeris against the Noon and Midnight, which immediately precede and follow the given Time reduced to the Meridian of Greenwich, and you have the Variation of the Semidiameter, &c. in 12 Hours: Then say, as 12 H. is to the apparent Time reduced to Greenwich, reckoned from the preceding Noon or Midnight, so is the Variation of the Semidiameter, &c. in 12 Hours, to the proportional Part required; which added to the Moon's Semidiameter, &c. at the preceding Noon or Midnight, if it is increasing, or subtracted from it, if it is decreasing, gives the Moon's Semidiameter, &c. at the given Time. The Moon's Semidiameter thus found is to be augmented according to her Altitude, as follows, to obtain the apparent Semidiameter.

D's Alt.

Alt.  $5^{\circ}.10^{\circ}.15^{\circ}.20^{\circ}.25^{\circ}.30^{\circ}.35^{\circ}.40^{\circ}.45^{\circ}.50^{\circ}.55^{\circ}.60^{\circ}.65^{\circ}.70^{\circ}.75^{\circ}$  & above  
 Int. D  $1''.3''.4''.6''.7''.8''.9''.10''.11''.12''.13''.14''.15''.16''$ .  
 Semid.

to the logistick Logarithm of the Moon's horizontal Parallax, found from the Ephemeris of the Year 1767, add the constant Logarithm 0.4771, rejecting 1, when it arises in the Place of the Index, and you will have the proportional Logarithm of the horizontal Parallax, which must always have the Cypher 0 prefixed in the Place of the Index.

### EXAMPLE.

Suppose it was required to find the Moon's apparent Semidiameter, horizontal Parallax, and proportional Logarithm of the same, Nov. 5th 1767, at 10 H. 27 M. apparent Time in the Longitude  $78^{\circ}.13'$ . West of Greenwich. The Longitude turned into Time is 5 H. 12 M. 52 S. which added to 10 H. 27 M. (because the Longitude is West) gives 15 H. 40 M. (to the nearest Minute) for the apparent Time at Greenwich, or 3 H. 40 M. after Midnight. Now the Moon's Semidiameter Nov. 5th at Midnight, by the Ephemeris, is  $16'.28''$ . and Nov. 6th at Noon, is  $16'.24''$ . therefore the Decrease in 12 Hours is  $4''$ . Then say, as 12 H. is to 3 H. 40 M. so is  $4''$ . to  $1''$ . which subtracted from  $16'.28''$ . because (Moon's Semidiameter is decreasing) leaves  $16'.27''$ . the Moon's horizontal Semidiameter at the given Time. In like manner the Moon's horizontal Parallax will be found  $60'.25''$ . —  $5''$ . =  $60'.20''$ . and the logistick Logarithm of the same  $9970 + 5 = 9975$ , because it is increasing. Add 0.4771, and the Sum, rejecting 1 in the Place of the Index, is 0.4746, the proportional Logarithm of the Moon's horizontal Parallax. Suppose the Moon's Altitude to be  $52^{\circ}$ . the Increase of her Semidiameter, answering to this Altitude shewn above, is  $12''$ . which added to her horizontal Semidiameter  $16'.27''$ . found above, gives her apparent Semidiameter  $16'.39''$ .

Now add the Moon's apparent Semidiameter, just found, to the observed Distance of the Moon's Limb from a Star.



if it was the Limb nearest the Star; but subtract the Moon's apparent Semidiameter from the observed Distance, if the Limb observed was that furthest from the Star, and you will have the apparent Distance of the Moon's Centre from the Star. But to the observed Distance of the Sun and Moon's nearest Limbs add the Sum of the apparent Semidiameters of the Moon and Sun, and you will have the apparent Distance of their Centres.

Subtract the Quantity of the Dip of the Horizon of the Sea from the observed Altitude of the Star; and add 16'. lessened by the Dip to the observed Altitude of the Sun or Moon's lower Limb; but subtract the Sum of the Dip and 16'. from the observed Altitude of the Moon's upper Limb, and you will have the apparent Altitudes of the Moon and Star or Sun.

Lastly, with these Altitudes, and the apparent Distance of the Moon's Centre from a Star, or the Sun's Centre found before, and the Moon's horizontal Parallax, or its proportional Logarithm, found in Manner shewn above, compute the Corrections necessary to be made on account of Refraction and Parallax, either by Mr. Lyons' or Mr. Dunthorne's Tables, being Part of this Work, in the Manner explained immediately after the Tables themselves; which being applied, according to those Directions, to the apparent Distance of the Moon's Centre from a Star, or the Sun's Centre, will give the true or reduced Distance of the Moon from the Star or Sun.

#### ARTICLE IV. and last.

To find the Longitude from the observed Distance reduced, by the Help of the Ephemeris.

Take the Difference of the next less and next greater Distances, standing in the Ephemeris, then the reduced Distance, gives the Variation of Distance in Three Hours.

Take the Difference between the reduced Distance and the next preceding Distance in the Ephemeris, namely, the  
next

next less Distance when it is increasing, or next greater Distance if it is decreasing; this call the Difference of Distance.

Subtract the proportional Logarithm of the Variation of Distance in Three Hours from the proportional Logarithm of the Difference of Distance, gives the proportional Logarithm of the Hour with Minutes and Seconds; which added to the Hour at Greenwich of the next preceding Distance, gives the true Time of the Observation of the Moon's Distance from the Sun or Star by the Meridian of Greenwich; the Difference between this and the Time of the Observation at the Ship is the Longitude of the Ship from the Meridian of Greenwich in Time; and is East or West, as the Time at the Ship is greater or less than that at Greenwich. This is to be turned into Degrees and Minutes of Longitude, at the Rate of One Hour to  $15^{\circ}$ . or more briefly by the Table Page 6, 7, and 8th.

#### EXAMPLE.

Suppose the Moon's Distance from Regulus to the East of her observed and reduced Distance should be found Jan. 13th 1767 at 10 H. 27 M. 13 S. apparent Time at Sea to be  $46^{\circ}. 32'. 24''$ . Look in the Ephemeris against Jan. 13th for the next greater and next less Distances than the reduced Distance, and you will find  $47^{\circ}. 20'. 18''$ . at 6 H. and  $45^{\circ}. 48'. 52''$ . at 9 Hours by the Meridian of Greenwich: the Difference of these is  $1^{\circ}. 31'. 26''$ . which is the Variation of Distance in Three Hours, whose proportional Logarithm is 2942.

Take also the Difference of the reduced Distance  $46^{\circ}. 32'. 24''$ . and  $47^{\circ}. 20'. 18''$ . the next Distance preceding the reduced one (namely the next greater, because the Distance in this Case is decreasing) and you will have  $47'. 54''$ . for the Difference of Distance, whose proportional Logarithm is 5749; from which subtract 2942 the proportional Logarithm of the Variation of Distance in Three Hours found above, and there will remain 2807, the proportional Logarithm of 1 H.  $34'. 19''$ . This added to Six Hours, the Hour of the next preceding Distance in the Ephemeris,

gives

gives 7 H. 34'. 19''. apparent Time by the Meridian of Greenwich; the Difference of which and 10 H. 27'. 13'', the apparent Time at the Ship, or 2 H. 52'. 54'', is the Longitude of the Ship, reckoned from the Meridian of Greenwich in Time, which by the Table, p. 6, 7, and 8, gives the Longitude 43°. 13'. 30''. East, because the Time at the Ship is greater than that at Greenwich.

N. B. The Longitude thus found is that of the Ship, when the Altitude of the Sun or Star was taken for regulating the Watch, and not when the Distance of the Moon from the Star was observed, unless the Altitude made use of for computing the Time was made at or very near the Time of the Observation of the Distance.

The Longitude is to be carried on to the following Noon, and so on from Day to Day, by the Ship's Reckoning in the usual Manner, until it is again ascertained by subsequent Observations.

END of the Instructions for finding the Longitude at Sea by the Help of the EPHEMERIS.

Here follow two Examples of the Calculation of the Longitude by the Help of the Ephemeris, one from the Distance of the Moon from the Sun, and the other from the Distance of the Moon from a Star.

#### EXAMPLE I.

Suppose the following Observations should be taken at Sea, April 4, 1767.

April 4, 1767. Time by the Watch.	Observed Dist. of the Sun and Moon's nearest Limbs.	Observed Alt. of Sun's L. L. from Horizon of Sea.	Observed Alt. of Moon's L. L. from Horizon of Sea.
h. m. s.	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
4. 47. 14	73. 41. 53	22. 50	80. 17
4. 50. 11	73. 43. 55	22. 12	80. 36
4. 55. 26	73. 47. 33	21. 6	81. 9
Mean of the Time	Mean Distance	Mean Alt. Sun's lower Limb.	Mean Alt. Moon's lower Limb.
4. 50. 57	73. 44. 27	22. 3	80. 41



Suppose also that at  $5^h. 4'. 38''$ . by the Watch; a little after the foregoing Observations, the apparent Altitude of the Sun's lower Limb above the Horizon of the Sea was observed  $19^\circ. 13'$ , in order for computing the Time, the Height of the Eye above the Sea being 18 Feet, the Latitude being  $34^\circ. 17' N.$  and the Longitude by Account  $17^\circ. 46'$  West of Greenwich.

### Computation of the apparent Time by Article II.

The Sum of the Dip  $4'$ , and Refraction  $3'$  or  $7'$  being subtracted from the observed Altitude of the Sun's lower Limb  $19^\circ. 13'$  leaves  $19^\circ. 6'$  to which  $16'$  being added for the Sun's Semidiameter, the true Altitude of the Sun's Centre is  $19^\circ. 22'$ , and his zenith Distance,  $70^\circ. 38'$ . The Time of this Altitude by the Watch, is  $5^h. 4'. 38''$ . and suppose the Watch is estimated to be 20 Minutes too fast for apparent Time, then 20 Minutes subtracted leaves  $4^h. 44'$ . apparent Time estimated nearly; to which add  $1^h. 11'$  for the Longitude by Account West of Greenwich in Time, and you have  $5^h. 55'$  for the Time at Greenwich estimated nearly.

Therefore the Sun's Declination by the Ephemeris is  $5^\circ. 48' N.$  and the polar Distance  $84^\circ. 12'$ . The Latitude being  $34^\circ. 17' N.$  the Colatitude is  $55^\circ. 43'$ .

Zenith Distance of the Sun	70. 38	Ar. com. Sine	0, 00223
Polar Distance of the Sun	84. 12	Ar. com. Sine	0, 08288
Colatitude	55. 43		
Sum	210. 33		
$\frac{1}{2}$ Sum	105. 16	Sine	9, 98449
$\frac{1}{2}$ Sum—Zen. Dist.	34. 38	Sine	9, 75459
Sum—4 Logarithms			19, 82419
$\frac{1}{4}$ Sum, Cosine of	35. 15		9, 91205
	2		
Sun's horary Angle	70. 39		

There

	<sup>h</sup>	<sup>m</sup>	<sup>s</sup>
Therefore apparent Time	4.	42.	0
But Time by Watch was	5.	4.	38
	<hr/>		
Therefore Watch is too fast	22.	38	

Subtract from  $4^h. 50^m. 57^s$ . the Mean of the Times by Watch at the Observations of the Distance of the Moon from the Sun, and there remains  $4^h. 28^m. 19^s$ . apparent Time.

### Reduction of the observed Distance of the Moon from the Sun according to Article III.

The Mean of the 3 observed Altitudes of the Sun's lower Limb above the Horizon of the Sea is  $22^\circ. 3'$ . to which adding  $16' - 4'$  or  $12'$ . for the Sun's Semidiameter lessened by the Dip, and the apparent Altitude of the Sun's Centre is  $22^\circ. 15'$ .

The Mean of the 3 observed Altitudes of the Moon's lower Limb is  $80^\circ. 41'$ , to which  $12'$  being added, the apparent Altitude of the Moon's Centre is  $80^\circ. 53'$ .

The apparent Time at Greenwich estimated nearly being  $5^h. 55'$ , the Moon's Semidiameter by the Ephemeris, is  $15'. 19''$ , the Moon's horizontal Parallax  $56'. 12''$ , and the logistic Logarithm of the same 0283, to which add 0.4771, and the proportional Logarithm is 0.5054. To the Moon's Semidiameter  $15'. 19''$ , adding  $16''$  for her Altitude  $81^\circ$ , the apparent Semidiameter of the Moon is  $15' 35''$ ; The Sun's Semidiameter by Page 3d of the Month is  $16'. 1''$ ; therefore the Sum of the apparent Semidiameters of the Sun and Moon is  $31' 36''$ ; which added to  $73^\circ. 44'. 27''$ . the mean of the 3 observed Distances of the nearest Limbs of the Sun and Moon, gives  $74^\circ. 16'. 3''$  for the apparent Distance of the Centres.

The principal Effect of Refraction will be found from Tab. I. of Mr Lyons  $176''$ , from which  $32''$  found by Table II. being subtracted, leaves  $144'' = 2'. 24''$ . for the

the Effect of Refraction, which added to  $74^{\circ}. 16'. 3''$  gives  $74^{\circ}. 18'. 27''$ : the Distance cleared of Refraction. Arches the first and second for Parallax by Mr. Lyon's Rules are  $22'. 5''$ . and  $15'. 36''$ ; the Difference  $6'. 29''$ . substracted from  $74^{\circ}. 18'. 27''$ . (because Arch the first is greatest) leaves  $74^{\circ}. 11'. 58''$ . the reduced Distance :

Table IV. for Parallax in this Case gives 0.

By Mr. Dunthorne's Tables the reduced Distance will be found  $74^{\circ}. 11'. 59''$ .

#### Determination of the Longitude from the reduced Distance by Article IV.

The Distance of the Moon from the Sun, April 4, 1767, standing in the Ephemeris next preceding the reduced Distance  $74^{\circ}. 11'. 58''$  is  $73^{\circ}. 1'. 27''$ , at  $3^h$ . and the Distance next following it at  $6^h$ . is  $74^{\circ}. 28'. 50''$ ; therefore the Variation of Distance in 3 Hours is  $1^{\circ}. 27'. 23''$ , whose proportional Logarithm is 0,3138. The Difference of the reduced Distance  $74^{\circ}. 11'. 58''$ . and the next preceding Distance  $73^{\circ}. 1'. 27''$  is  $1^{\circ}. 10'. 31''$ , whose proportional Logarithms is 0,4070 : The Difference of these two proportional Logarithms is 0,0932, the proportional Logarithm of  $2^h. 25'. 14''$ . Add  $3^h$ . standing over the next preceding Distance, and  $5^h. 25'. 14''$  is the apparent Time at Greenwich; but the apparent Time at the Ship was found before  $4^h. 28'. 19''$ : The Difference  $0^h. 56'. 55''$  converted into Degrees, &c. by Table Page 6, 7, and 8, gives  $14^{\circ}. 13'. 45''$ . the Longitude from Greenwich at the Time when the Altitude of the Sun was taken from which the Time was computed, and it is West because the Time at the Ship is least.

#### EXAMPLE



## EXAMPLE II.

Sept. 5. 1767. At 4<sup>h</sup>. 59<sup>m</sup>. 32<sup>s</sup>. by Watch, let the observed Altitude of the Sun's lower Limb above the Horizon of the Sea be 10°. 29'. The Height of the Eye above the Sea 12 Feet, the Latitude at the same Time 17°. 30' S. and the Longitude by Account 64°. 32'. East of Greenwich.

Time by Watch.	Observed Distance of Moon's remotest Limb from a Pegast	Apparent Altitude of Moon's L. L. above Horizon of Sea.	Apparent Altitude of Star above Horizon of Sea.
h m s	° ' "	° ' "	° ' "
14. 50. 30	44. 53. 48	15. 22	35. 22
14. 55. 35	44. 50. 49	14. 11	34. 15
15. 00. 0	44. 48. 14	13. 8	33. 17
15. 5. 50	44. 44. 48	11. 46	32. 1
15. 11. 15	44. 41. 37	10. 30	30. 50
Mean of Times	Mean of Distances	Mean Altitude of Moon's L. L.	Mean Altitude of Star.
15. 0. 38	44. 47. 51	12. 59	33. 9

The Sum of the Dip 3', and Refraction 5 or 8' subtracted from 10°. 29'. the observed Altitude of the Sun's lower Limb, leaves 10°. 21', to which 16' being added for the Sun's Semidiameter, the true Altitude of the Sun's Centre is 10°. 37', and his zenith Distance 79°. 23'. The Time at Greenwich estimated nearly being 0<sup>h</sup>. 41', the Sun's Declination by the Ephemeris is 6°. 49' N. and his Distance from the South or elevated Pole 96°. 49'. The Latitude being 17°. 30'. the Colatitude is 72°. 30'. Hence the apparent Time will be found 5<sup>h</sup>. 6'. 16". But the Time by the Watch was 4<sup>h</sup>. 59'. 32". Therefore the Watch is 6'. 44" too slow. Add this to 15<sup>h</sup>. 0'. 38", the Mean of the Times by the Watch at the Observations of the Distances, and the apparent Time of those Observations will be 15<sup>h</sup>. 7<sup>m</sup>. 22<sup>s</sup>.

To

To  $12^{\circ}.59'$  the mean Altitude of the Moon's lower Limb observed, add  $16' - 3'$  or  $13'$  for the Moon's Semidiameter lessened by the Dip, the apparent Altitude of the Moon's Centre will be  $13^{\circ}.12'$ . From  $33^{\circ}.9'$  the observed Altitude of the Star, subtract  $3'$  for the Dip, and the apparent Altitude of the Star is  $33^{\circ}.6'$ . The Longitude East of Greenwich in Time by Account  $4^h.18^m.8^s$  (answering to  $64^{\circ}.32'$ ) subtracted from  $15^h.7'.22'$ , leaves  $10^h.49^m$  the apparent Time at Greenwich estimated nearly. Hence the Moon's Semidiameter, by the Ephemeris, is  $16'.29''$ , the horizontal Parallax  $60'.32''$ , and its logistic Logarithm 9962, and consequently the proportional Logarithm 0,4733. The Increase of the Moon's Semidiameter for the Altitude  $13^{\circ}$  is  $4''$ , whence the Moon's apparent Semidiameter is  $16'.33''$ , which subtracted from  $44^{\circ}.47'.51''$ , the Mean of the observed Distances of the Moon's remote Limb from  $\alpha$  Pegasi, leaves  $44^{\circ}.31'.18''$ , the apparent Distance of the Moon's Centre from the Star.

Hence the Effect of Refraction will be found by Mr. Lyons' Tables  $+1'.50''$ , and the apparent Distance cleared of Refraction  $44^{\circ}.33'.8''$ . Arches the first and second for Parallax will be found  $47'.6''$  and  $13'.56''$ , and the principal Effect of Parallax or Parallax in Distance  $33'.8''$  to be subtracted. The Number corresponding to this by Table 4th for Parallax is  $9'$ , and that corresponding to  $58\frac{1}{2}'$ , the Moon's Parallax in Altitude, is  $30''$ , the Difference  $21''$  is the second Correction of Parallax to be added; and  $44^{\circ}.33'.8'' - 33'.8'' + 21'' = 44^{\circ}.0'.21''$  the Distance reduced. The same comes out by Mr. Dunthorne's Tables  $44^{\circ}.0'.23'$ . The next preceding Distance in the Ephemeris is  $45^{\circ}.6'.40''$  at  $9^h$ , and the next following Distance at  $12^h$  is  $43^{\circ}.24'.24''$ ; whence the Difference or Variation of Distance in 3 Hours is  $1^{\circ}.42'.16''$ , whose proportional Logarithm is 2455: The Difference of the reduced Distance  $44^{\circ}.0'.22''$ , and the preceding Distance  $45^{\circ}.6'.40''$ , is  $1^{\circ}.6'.18''$ , whose proportional Logarithm is 4338: The Difference of these Logarithms is 1883 the proportional Logarithm of  $1^h.56'.40''$ .

Add  $9^h$ , and the apparent Time at Greenwich is  $10^h, 56^m, 40^s$ . But the apparent Time at the Ship was  $15^h, 7^m, 22^s$ : The Difference  $4^h, 10', 42''$  converted into Degrees gives  $62^\circ, 40', 30''$  for the Longitude from Greenwich at the Time when the Altitude of the Sun was taken for computing the Time, and it is East, because the Time at the Ship is greatest.

N.B. An Altitude of the Sun for computing the Time might have been taken early in the Morning after the Observations of the Distance, which would have had the Advantage of the Altitude taken in the Afternoon by being nearer the Time of the Distance, so that there would be Occasion to depend upon the going of the Watch for a less Interval of Time; besides that, the Longitude would be thereby carried on for a longer Time.

F I N I S.



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Page 17. Mr. Lyons's first Table for refraction.

N<sup>o</sup> answering to     $5^{\circ}$  and  $.5^{\circ}$  for 0069 read 0169  
                               9 and 21 for 1975 read 1795  
                               7 and 23 for 2711 read 2811  
                               5 and 25 for 4106 read 4206  
                               27 and 44 for 0927 read 0947  
                               19 and 69 for 2542 read 2592  
                               25 and 75 for 1864 read 1884

Page 22. line 13 and 15. for 9214 read 7764

Page 23. line 4. for 30 + 15 read 50 + 25

Page 24. line 12. for prop. log. of 15'. 32'' 0.0653 read prop.  
 log. of 15'. 29'' 1.0653

Mr. Dunthorne's Tables.

Page 58. againft  $29^{\circ}$  under 53' for 303,5 read 305,5

Page 63. in title (hor. par.  $\Delta$ ) over the last column, for 61'  
 read 62'

In the Table of proportional logarithms.

Log. of  $29^{\circ} 13'$  for 7996 read 7896  
           29. 14 for 7994 read 7894  
           56. 28 for 5735 read 5035  
           57. 30 for 4656 read 4956

Page 157. line 24 and 25. the two ar. com. fine are each put  
 one line too high.



# A D D I T I O N

T O

Mr. DUNTHORNE's Solution of the Problem for  
finding the Effect of Refraction and Parallax.

Communicated by Mr. DUNTHORNE.

**I**F we have the distance of the Moon from the Sun, instead of a star (and great exactness be required) his parallax in altitude, taken from the following table, must be subtracted from his refraction, and only the difference used in the room of the refraction of a star.

A TABLE of the SUN's Parallax in Altitude.

Altitude of the Sun.	Paral- lax.	Altitude of the Sun.	Paral- lax.	Altitude of the Sun.	Paral- lax.
°	//	°	//	°	//
0	9	30	8	60	4
5	9	35	7	65	4
10	9	40	7	70	3
15	9	45	6	75	2
20	8	50	6	80	2
25	8	55	5	85	1
30	8	60	4	90	0

28  
H m



1  
2  
3  
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